"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Local showers today; tomorrow, partly cloudy; moderate south and southwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,619. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 8, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

SAYS WOMAN PAID BAILEY MURDERER

Gunman Asserts Friend Was Hired for $50, but Did Not Fire Shot.

COMMITTED CRIME HERSELF

Officials Attach Little Importance to Story and Mrs. Carman Calls It a Lie.

ECCENTRIC WOMAN IS HELD

Meets Sheriff to Bare Mystery, but Talks Erratically—Grand Jury Subpoenas Out.

Special to The New York Times.

FREEPORT, L. I., July 7.—District Attorney Lewis J. Smith late tonight admitted that he was investigating a story which had been brought to him in the midst of the inquest yesterday to the effect that a hired gunman had been procured by a jealous woman to come to Freeport on Tuesday last with the revolver that killed Mrs. Louise Bailey in the private office of Dr. Edwin Carman. The story, according to the District Attorney, was told him by a man who said he was a disgruntled comrade of the gunman, and who said he was led to "squeal" because the gunman in question, after receiving the money agreed upon as his hire, refused to divide the pay with him.

Just how much credence he placed in the man's story, the District Attorney was unwilling to say. He allowed it to be inferred there was a possibility that the informer, despite his self-implication, might be telling a falsehood, perhaps for no better reason than to procure temporary free board. Pending the outcome of the investigation, the man was being kept in custody under surveillance of the local authorities in Freeport, the District Attorney said.

The District Attorney indicated what his attitude in the Bailey murder case at present was when he told the newspaper men, after a conference with Chief of Police Roland B. Lamb and County Detective Thomas Murray at the Elks' Club tonight:

"This case will go before the Grand Jury the first thing after the jury convenes on Thursday morning. It will be carried through before this Grand Jury, and if not completed by it will be brought before the next Grand Jury, and the next, and so on, for ten years, if necessary, to get at the bottom of this mystery. There will be no let up until it is cleared up absolutely."

Says Woman Fired Shot.

The story told to the District Attorney and admitted by him tonight, was that yesterday, while the inquest was in progress, a shabbily dressed man applied at the Elks' Club and asked who was the chief investigator of the Bailey shooting. He was taken before District Attorney Smith, to whom he said that six or seven weeks ago he acted as a go-between in bringing about a meeting between a Freeport woman and one Joe Andreson, who, he said, was a gunman of New York. The woman, he said, told Anderson that she was suspicious of a man and of Mrs. Bailey, and after talking the thing over a proposition was made whereby Anderson was to go to Freeport and shoot the man.

According to the man now under surveillance, the woman went to New York on Tuesday, met Anderson there, and arranged for him to go to Freeport that evening. For doing so, the informer said, the woman gave Anderson $50. When Anderson arrived here he went to the Carman home, where, according to the informer, the woman by a signal showed him that Mrs. Bailey was in the office.

Anderson, according to the story, went to the window of the doctor's office, where presently the woman came out and joined him. Anderson raised the screen outside the window and shattered the window glass with the butt of his revolver. Thereupon, the man said, the woman, glaring through the window, became so enranged with jealousy that she snatched the revolver out of Anderson's hand and herself fired the shot that killed Mrs. Bailey.

The gunman, the informer continued, snatched back the revolver from her, jumped over the fence separating the Carman home from the grounds of the Black family on the west, and escaped to New York.

Prosecutor Doubts Story.

It was not until the next morning, according to the "squealer," that Anderson learned Mrs. Bailey had been killed, and then, becoming alarmed, he fled to Kansas City. His friend, who was to have shared in the proceeds of the murder rental, received nothing, and that was why, he explained, he had decided to retaliate by revealing all th circumstances of the affair to the District Attorney.

If any record of the man's revelation was taken down at Police Headquarters, as some said this evening, it was subsequently removed. There nothing was known of the matter.

The man's story also had it that Anderson and the woman in question first met in some way through the woman's visit to a dictograph concern in New York City.

District Attorney Smith refused to reveal the name of the man who had told the story. He himself was unwilling to attach too much significance to the tale until it had been investigated further.

At the Carman home, Dr. Carman, when reached on the telephone, said he had never heard of any man named Joe Anderson.

"Does your wife know any one of that name?" he was asked.

"Wait, I'll call her to the telephone," said the doctor.

Mrs. Carman was informed that a

Continued on Page 3.

SIMPLON TUNNEL FLOODED.

American Tourists Stalled — Many Cross the Pass by Motor Car.

BRIGUE, Switzerland, July 7.—The Simplon Tunnel was inundated today by a subterranean stream which burst through the retaining wall and flooded the tunnel to a depth of two feet.

A train was derailed in the middle of the tunnel, but no one was hurt. The passengers, however, were obliged to walk several miles to Iselle.

A large number of American tourists were stalled at Brigue and Domodossola. Many of them telephoned for automobiles and crossed the Pass, and others went around by way of the Pass of St. Gothard.

Workmen are now engaged in repairing the tracks and pumping out the water, and it is hoped that traffic will be re-established tomorrow.

The work of boring the Simplon Tunnel through the Alps was started on Aug. 13, 1898, and the last rock partition between the two boring galleries fell on Feb. 24, 1905. Enormous difficulties were overcome in its construction. The temperature at times was so high that it was almost impossible for the workmen to carry on their operations, and the soft, crumbling character of the rock was a further hindrance. But the worst and most dreaded foe was the tremendous flood of hot and cold water streams which poured out of the inmost recesses of the mountain, bringing destruction in their course and annihilating everything that came their way. The tunnel is the lowest of those already bored through the Alps. Trains started to run through the tunnel in 1906. After a train passes into the tunnel doors are closed behind it.

DENIAL BY MR. CARNEGIE.

Says He Never Heard of the $100,000,000 Rural Libraries Plan.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ABERDEEN, July 7.—Andrew Carnegie, who is on a visit to Aberdeen, was seen by a NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today in regard to the statement of United States Commissioner of Education Claxton at St. Paul yesterday that he (Mr. Carnegie) was considering a plan to endow rural libraries throughout the United States at a cost of $75,000,000 to $100,000,000.

Mr. Carnegie said he had never heard of the scheme and did not know what Mr. Claxton meant.

In regard to the Mexican situation, Mr. Carnegie said:

"I am greatly pleased that the Mexico danger is less imminent. Peace will work wonders."

Mr. Carnegie tomorrow will attend the installation of the Earl of Elgin as Chancellor of Aberdeen University. He will also be a guest at a dinner given to the university dignitaries by the general body of graduates.

This, it is understood, will be Mr. Carnegie's farewell visit to Aberdeen. He will return to Skibo Castie by automobile.

CHICAGO-N. Y. AUTO RECORD

Ellmore C. Patterson Makes Non-Stop Trip in 41 Hours.

Ellmore C. Paterson, Vice President and General Manager of P. F. Collier & Son, the publishers, arrived at the Vanderbilt Hotel last night in his automobile after a non-stop run of forty-one hours from Chicago. He was too tired to lift his baggage from the car, but seemed elated to have established an amateur record. He had not had a wink of sleep since he left the Windy City, and had taken all of his meals in his car.

The run was made under the auspices of the Chicago Automobile Club, and Mr. Patterson said that the record would stand as official. With him were his relief driver, E. W. Imms of Detroit; J. E. Williams, and William Gollan, official observers for the Chicago Automobile Club, and a pilot. Six pilots guided them along the route through South Bend, Toledo, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, Syracuse, Ithaca, and Albany, and thus there were always five passengers in the car.

The car left Michigan Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street, Chicago, at 3:48 A. M. Monday, Chicago time. It reached 242d Street, Manhattan, at 9:48 last night, eastern time. The trip from there to the Vanderbilt was made in about forty minutes.

The distance, according to the official route book, is 1,032 miles, but Mr. Patterson estimated that with detours he had covered 1,050 miles.

The car used by Mr. Patterson was his own seven-passenger Packard, 1913 model.

MISSING CASHIER ARRESTED

Thaddeus Stone Taken as Defaulter in Home at 3 A. M.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., July 7.—Thaddeus Stone, for twenty years Cashier of the brokerage firm of Moore & Terry, 111 Broadway, New York, was arrested at his home in Dumont, N. J., by Detective Daniel Claire of the New York Police Department at 3 o'clock this morning and locked up in the Hackensack Jail. He is charged with forgery in the third degree and grand larceny in the first degree, having been indicted in Manhattan a week ago. It is alleged that he disappeared with $3,000 of his firm's money.

Stone is 39 years old, and bore a good reputation in Dumont. Residents of Dumont were astonished at his arrest, and his wife, overcome, could not believe the charges. Detective Claire showed a warrant issued by Justice James Bratt of this city before Mrs. Stone would yield to the arrest.

The firm of Moore & Terry reported Stone's disappearance on June 29. An investigation showed, it was alleged, that irregularities appeared on the books since June 1 of this year. Because of his long service, Stone was not suspected until he failed to appear for business. The disappearance was reported in the newspapers in the first instance as a mystery. Mrs. Stone said she thought her husband had met with foul play. He had given $150 to her on the morning of his disappearance, and it was known that he carried considerable money in his pockets. No publicity was given to the fact of his return.

WILSON FIGHTING TO RETAIN WARBURG

Invites the Reserve Board Nominee to a Conference at the White House.

COMMITTEE TURNED DOWN

Warburg Notifies Hitchcock by Wire of His Withdrawal and Resents Discrimination.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—President Wilson and his secretary, Mr. Tumulty, today talked over the long-distance telephone with Paul M. Warburg of New York in an attempt, thus far unsuccessful, to induce the banker to reconsider his request that the President withdraw from the Senate Mr. Warburg's nomination as a member of the Federal Reserve Board. The President still hopes to dissuade Mr. Warburg, and to this end has invited him to come to the White House for an informal talk. The date for this meeting has not been fixed.

A telegram today from Mr. Warburg to Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, Acting Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, in which he declined to appear before the committee for interrogation on his record and financial relations, disclosed the fact that Mr. Warburg had written to the President on Friday asking that his nomination be withdrawn. Mr. Warburg's telegram showed clearly that he was deeply wounded at the committee's questioning attitude, and that he had decided to decline the post rather than submit himself to cross-examination. Mr. Warburg's telegram follows:

New York, July 7, 1914.

The Hon. G. M. Hitchcock, Acting Chairman Committee on Banking and Currency, United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

I acknowledge receipt of your telegram of yesterday inviting me to appear before your comittee. I cannot comply with this request because, feeling that the action of the committee last Thursday in withholding action regarding my name while favorably reporting the names of three of the nominees, created a situation, which might impair my usefulness as a member of the Federal Reserve Board. I wrote the President on Friday respectfully requesting the withdrawal of my nomination.

Furthermore, while I should have been glad to appear before your committee if it had deemed conference with all of the nominees necessary to guide its action, I feel that I should not do so after one other nominee and myself had been singled out for examination, inasmuch as my willingness to serve upon the Federal Reserve Board was based upon the hope that the Senate would appreciate my motives in accepting the office and would unreservedly extend to me that full support and confidence which should be enjoyed by all members of the board if it is to effectively fulfill its mission.

PAUL M. WARBURG.

Confident of Confirmation.

Despite opposition to Mr. Warburg in the Senate, friends of the President have assured him that the New York banker's nomination can be confirmed. The President himself is said to believe that he will have a hard time finding another man as familiar with foreign banking conditions who will accept the place.

No action has been taken by the Senate committee on the nomination of Thomas D. Jones of Chicago, who appeared yesterday to tell of his connection with the International Harvester Company and the so-called Zinc Trust. The President is insistent on confirmation and there has been no suggestion that Mr. Jones's nomination will be withdrawn.

A number of letters from farmers in the Middle West have reached the committee protesting against the confirmation of Mr. Jones. While the suggestion was entertained in some quarters that these letters from men not accustomed to correspondence might have been inspired from a common source, it was pointed out that the general hostility of Western farmers to the Harvester Trust, of which Mr. Jones was a Director, would amply explain the steady inflow of criticism.

In only one instance is it known that information against Mr. Jones came to Washington at the request of a Senator here. That was in regard to Mr. Jones's connections with the Zinc Trust. In that case Senator Nelson of Minnesota, who had some knowledge of the matter, wrote to a friend of his in Chicago for the details. This letter, or the substance of it, Mr. Nelson later laid before the committee.

Will Wait for a Full Board.

While no decision has been made, it is not likely that the Committee on Organization of the Federal Reserve Bank will ask the three members of the new board who have been confirmed by the Senate to qualify and enter upon their official duties until the remaining two members have been confirmed. With the confirmation of Charles S. Hamlin of Massachusetts for a term of two years, W. P. G. Harding of Alabama for eight years, and A. C. Miller of California for ten years, those members of the board, with Secretary McAdoo and the Controller of the Currency, John Skelton Williams, constituting a legal quorum of the full board, would be able to proceed at once to organize the new banking system.

Under the law, the members of the board have fifteen days after notification of their appointment and confirmation within which to qualify and enter upon their duties. All preparations have been made for the new board in the Treasury Department. Offices have been fitted up for the board along the west side of the building, between the office of the Secretary and that of the Controller, and a force of clerks, numbering upward of 100, has been busy on the many details connected with the preliminary organization under the Organization Committee.

The disposition of Secretary McAdoo is to wait until the President shall have nominated another member of the board for the place Mr. Warburg has declined, and, if necessary, also for the place to which Thomas D. Jones of Chicago was nominated, if these two men should be eliminated. No serious delay or detriment would occur to the new system by waiting until a full board should be secured, it was said today, for in the meantime the Organization Committee was performing every function under the law that would devolve upon the Federal Reserve Board.

Foreign U. S. Banks.

One of the matters which would be expedited with the organization of the full board would be the regulations under which branch banks connected with the Federal reserve system could be organized in foreign countries and in the dependencies of the United States. There has been great interest in the phase of the new system, and many inquiries are coming to the Organization Committee in regard to it. Under the bank law any national banking associa-

Continued on Page 2.

Modern Womanhood Sadly Shirks Its Duties.

So says Mrs. Simon Baruch, prominent in women's clubs. Distressing politics in woman's organizations proves her unfitness to have the ballot. Read it IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

WILSON TO MAKE APOLOGY TO EUROPE

Voluntary Expression of Regret at George Fred Williams's Outbursts About Albania.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—President Wilson today accepted the resignation of George Fred Williams of Massachusetts from the office of Minister to Greece and Montenegro. A cable message was sent to Mr. Williams by Secretary Bryan informing him that the resignation would take effect at Mr. Williams's early convenience.

This action virtually ends the international flurry caused by Mr. Williams's strictures on conditions in Albania. It will serve as evidence of the sincerity of the United States in the expression of regret which President Wilson has directed Secretary Bryan to make to the European powers.

This expression will be entirely voluntary. No complaint in regard to Minister Williams's indiscreet utterances was made to this Government by any of the nations concerned. The understanding here is that they regarded the statements of Mr. Williams concerning Albanian conditions as amusing.

ALBANIA'S TRAGIC COMEDY.

Berliner Morgenpost Asks How Long It Is to Last.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 7.—A section of the German press unreservedly agrees with Minister George Fred Williams that conditions in Albania can only be described as a "scandal." The Berliner Morgenpost, a great local popular daily, in an article headed "The Albanian Scandal—How Long Is It Yet to Last?" says today:

"The Albanian fiasco evidently is to go on without end. This new State, the grandiose creation of the great powers, is a lovely country. Europe from day to day is regaled with a scandal which is growing more grotesque and miserable every hour.

"The latest from the scene of this international tragic comedy is the fighting between the German and Austrian volunteers. The Germans seem to regard themselves as the bodyguard of the Mpret with the right to beat up any other heroes who dispute their privileged position. The Southern Albanians seem to be tired of having their cattle and horses stolen today by the Mpret's troops and tomorrow by the rebels, and are about to throw their lot with the Epirotes.

"Meanwhile Prenk Bib Doda wants more money, and theatens to take his army back home unless he gets 100,000 francs a week. Having stolen 60,000 head of cattle en route from Scutari to the south, he probably will steal what's left on his way back."

STRIKERS FEEL HUNGER.

Free Food Distributed to Former Westinghouse Employes.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., July 7.—There was no rush of the 10,000 strikers for their old jobs at the plants of the Westinghouse industries this morning, although a hundred men were added to the working force in the electric shops. It had been said that the action of the companies in advertising for men to take the strikers' places would cause a great break in their ranks. State troopers and strike pickets were numerous, but there was no disorder. Leaders of the men said that the new workers were brought from Pittsburgh, but representatives of the companies said that they were from the ranks of the strikers.

Many applications for food were received today at the strikers' commissary, and all demands were met promptly. A free lunchroom for single men, which opened today, was thronged at the breakfast hour. A number of radical labor leaders have asked the General Committee for permission to address the strikers, but when they were told that they must not advocate violence it was said that they withdrew their requests.

The application of the strikers for an injunction restraining Sheriff Richards from keeping Deputy Sheriffs in East Pittsburgh will not be heard until Thursday. Judge Brown decided that the petition was not in accordance with the law, and gave the strikers two days in which to file an amended petition.

80,000 THREATEN TO STRIKE

Western Railway Operatives Demand an Eight-Hour Day.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 7.—More than eighty thousand Western railway operatives announced today through their accredited representatives their determination to strike unless the railroads agreed to change the working day from ten to eight hours without a reduction in pay.

The unions represented were the Railway Clerks, Freight Handlers and Warehouse Men, Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, Engineers, Maintenance of Way Men, Oilers, Engine Wipers, and Trainmen.

In a conference in the offices of Lawrence Curran, International President of the Freight Handlers, resolutions were adopted that provide for a strike vote by the unions that have not already voted, with the delivery of an ultimatum to the railroads not later than July 14 that a strike will immediately follow unless the eight-hour day is granted.

The sentiment for a strike was reported to be overwhelming throughout the entire West. The roads involved are sixty-seven trunk lines and subsidiaries west of Chicago.

'A B C' ALLIANCE IS NOW PROPOSED

Project for Agreement Limiting Armies Among Argentina, Brazil, and Chile.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIO JANEIRO, July 7.—An important treaty project has been presented to the Brazilian Chamber of Deputies.

It is proposed that Brazil shall begin negotiations with Argentina and Chile for an offensive and defensive alliance.

The treaty would guarantee the territorial integrity of the countries concerned and their political independence, and would also deal with the question of selling dreadnoughts and reducing and thereafter limiting armies and navies. Arbitration of all questions between the States concerned would become obligatory.

It is reported that Argentina and Chile approve the proposed treaty.

MALONE PROTESTS ARREST.

Collector, Entertaining Karolyi, Goes to Station for Chauffeur.

Collector Dudley Field Malone appeared in the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station last night to protest against the arrest of his chauffeur, who rounded a corner contrary to rules at Forty-second Street and Seventh Avenue, according to Policeman Zorn on duty there.

When he found that his man had been sent to the Men's Night Court, Mr. Malone said the chauffeur should not have been hurried to the court, as it was an exceptional case.

"In what way is this case different from others of its kind?" asked Lieut. Fry.

Then Collector Malone explained that he was entertaining Count Karolyi and the Hungarian delegation on the roof of the Amsterdam Theatre, and, though his guests were high and dry while on the roof, they were left cold when they came down to the street to get into the car.

Policeman Zorn of Traffic C asserted that the chauffeur drove the car and made an improper turn at the corner, and that when cautioned he became abusive, saying he would have the policeman dismissed from the force. Quite a crowd gathered, and Policeman Zorn took Brosch to the station.

The Collector said his chauffeur should not have used profane language nor should he have handled the machine as was charged, but he regretted the inconvenience to his distinguished guests.

Magistrate Levy discharged Brosch, who left the court with Mr. Malone to take charge of the automobile.

BAN ON SUFFRAGE PARADES.

Bill Passed Forbidding Them in Fifth Ave. in Business Hours.

As the result of an ordinance passed yesterday by the Aldermen the suffragists will not be allowed to parade in Fifth Avenue or Broadway hereafter except on holidays or on Sunday. The Fifth Avenue Association has been trying for months to get such an ordinance passed.

Under the new plan all organizations wishing to parade on any street or avenue must apply for a permit to the Police Commissioner at least thirty-six hours before the time for starting the parade, and no parades will be allowed during business hours in greatly congested sections of the city, except by those organizations which have held parades during the past ten years.

While Fifth Avenue or Broadway are not mentioned in the ordinance, they are covered by the term "greatly congested" thoroughfares. The discretion is still left with the Police Commissioner to grant or refuse permits for parades on all other streets. In the past suffragists have held their parades in Fifth Avenue during ordinary business hours, and as they do not come under the ten-year exception they will have to make different arrangements for next year.

MOOSE INDORSE DEMOCRAT.

For Kendrick for Governor of Wyoming on "Progressive Principles."

Special to The New York Times.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., July 7.—John B. Kendrick of Sheridan, Democratic candidate for Governor of Wyoming, is the choice of the Wyoming Progressives. This was announced today by State Chairman H. N. Gottlief, in the form of a resolution adopted by a committee appointed at the State Progressive conference, reciting that Kendrick is indorsed "not as a Democrat, but as the individual through whom the greatest measure of fulfillment of Progressive principles in Wyoming can be secured."

Petitions nominating Kendrick are being circulated. For every other State office, except Justice of the Supreme Court, the Progressives have a candidate of their own.

DESERT TO PROGRESSIVES.

Louisiana Democratic Committee Loses Six of Its Members.

Special to The New York Times.

THIBODAUX, La., July 7.—When the Third Congressional District Democratic Central Committee met today a majority of the members present, or represented by proxy, resigned to join the Progressive Party. This action had been expected for several days, although the case is by itself in Louisiana history.

The committee, which is to fix the date for a primary election, consists of fourteen members. Four were not represented. Of the four several are said to have Moose leanings. Six of those present, including the Chairman, resigned—W. H. Price, L. C. Roger, Edwin Broussard, John Marks, Sam Leblanc, and W. T. Peterman.

The Third District was one of the sections of Louisiana hit hardest by the removal of the duty on sugar.

Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS—SS Cedric, (White Star Line,) Liverpool to New York, was 1,195 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:30 P. M.; due 11th, forenoon.

LANDS WIFE SAFE IN 3,000-FOOT DIVE

Burnside Volplanes to River After Motor Goes Dead High Over the Palisades.

JUST CLEARS THE CLIFF

Hydroaeroplane Makes Fine Landing on Water — Forgot to be Frightened, Says Mrs. Burnside.

Mrs. Frank Burnside, who has made many flights with her aviator husband, hung with him for a moment at a height of 3,000 feet above the Palisades yesterday with the prospect of being dashed to death on the rocks below. Then Burnside righted the machine and sent it volplaning to the surface of the river, while hundreds of people held their breath in suspense.

Burnside's machine is a 90-horse power Thomas hydro-aeroplane. Since Saturday he had been waiting at the Atlantic Yacht Club at Sea Gate for the right kind of weather to make the trip up the Hudson to Dobbs Ferry. Yesterday afternoon he decided to make the attempt.

Mrs. Burnside was determined to go with him. Amid gay farewells they took the air at 2:30 P. M. The powerful machine skimmed up off the water and climbed steadily until, as it reached the Palisades, it had risen to almost 3,000 feet. The crackle of the motor drew the attention of thousands to the speeding plane that moved above the horizon as if drawn by an unseen hand along the border of the gray sky.

In a few minutes after they had left Sea Gate behind the Burnsides were darting high over the Palisades abreast of Yonkers. In the ribbon of river beneath them they could see motor boats moving about, like little waterbugs, and Mrs. Burnside waved her handkerchief and laughed. Then came a crack. A rod had broken and the motor stopped. The machine tilted. The big plane then wavered, as if it were going to flop backward.

But Burnside gave it a wrench and bent its course toward the earth. Watchers on the Yonkers shore gasped in horror. The hydroaeroplane's nose seemed headed straight for the rocks of the Palisades. With his wife clinging to the framework beside him, Burnside kept his head and managed to guide his craft just clear of the cliff, and volplaned at tremendous speed to the river below.

The spectators looked to see it sink out of sight. Instead it sent up a splash of spray and then bounced on the water like a skipping pebble until finally it came to a halt. Before it began to drift motor boats were racing to its rescue. Ray Brown of the Yonkers Yacht Club got a line to Burnside, and there were other willing skippers ready to lend him a tow. In a few minutes Mr. and Mrs. Burnside were again on their way to their home at Dobbs Ferry, their destination, traveling now by water.

Mrs. Burnside seemed more elated than scared by her narrow escape.

"It was so exciting I didn't have time to get afraid," she said at the Livingston Inn in Dobbs Ferry last night. "At a moment like that you forget to be frightened. My one thought was a sort of vague hope that we'd get back to earth whole. I could see my husband thought we were in a pretty bad pickle. But he brought us down safely. That tells the story. He made a beautiful landing. I didn't get a bit wet. We floundered around a bit until the motor boat reached us. And then we crawled up the river."

Mrs. Burnside's enthusiasm for flying isn't dampened by her plunge. She feels that she would rather fly than crawl along, even with the prospect of being impaled on the jagged rocks of the Palisades.

Mr. and Mrs. Burnside flew down to Sea Gate from Dobbs Ferry last week hoping to enter the city's Fourth of July races. Owing to the roughness of the water he could not get his plane in the air on that day. He is an airman of experience. On July 26, 1913, he broke the then American altitude record by reaching a height of 12,575 feet at Bath, N. Y. It is at Bath that he makes his headquarters and he intends to ship his machine back there today.

FORTUNE FOR CITY UPLIFT.

Cleveland Eventually to Get Whole of T. H. White's Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 7.—Four sons and one daughter of Thomas H. White will receive the whole of the proceeds of the estate of the millionaire sewing machine manufacturer while they live, then their children will receive one-half of the proceeds for 21 years, after which the entire estate will be devoted to the cause of education, charity, and science in Cleveland. The terms of Mr. White's will were made public by President F. S. Gofr of the Cleveland Trust Company today. The amount of the estate was not given.

"It is my present thought," says the will, "that the income shall be used for education, scientific research, care of the sick, aged, or helpless, to improve living conditions or provide recreation for all classes. It is my purpose and desire that such income will be expended in ways that will make for the moral and physical improvement of the inhabitants of the City of Cleveland regardless of race, color, or creed, according to the unfettered discretion of the trustee."

THE STORSTAD SOLD.

Ship That Sank Empress of Ireland Brings $175,000—Verdict Saturday.

MONTREAL, July 7.—The collier Storstad, which rammed and sank the Empress of Ireland on May 29, was sold today in the Admiralty Court for $175,000.

The purchaser was Charles Cornell of the Prudential Trust Company, acting for O. Wicksburg of Norway, of the Hull Indemnity Company. Her former owners had nothing to do with the purchase.

The Storstad was held as security for damages in the $2,000,000 action brought by the Canadian Pacific Railway, owners of the Empress of Ireland, against the collier's owners.

The judgment of the commission which inquired into the wreck will be delivered on Saturday morning, according to advices received today from Quebec.

Dry Baled Shavings. Griffin Lumber Co., Hudson Falls, N. Y.—Adv.

MEXICANS KILL VELASCO.

Band of Zapatistas Had Demanded Large Ransom for Him.

VERA CRUZ, July 7.—Delay in the payment of a ransom of one million pesos has resulted in the execution by Zapatistas of Juan Velasco, the manager of a cotton manufacturing concern, who was taken prisoner near Atlixco, State of Puebla, according to Velasco's brother, who left Vera Cruz yesterday for the purpose of obtaining his release, but returned tonight from his unsuccessful mission.

The prisoner Velasco was compelled to send to the officials of the company in Puebla the demand for the ransom, and Velasco's brother started out immediately to aid him. He proceeded as far as Apizaco, near Puebla, where he was going to get in touch with the Zapatistas, when he was informed that the captive had already been killed.

When he related the story to his aged mother and sister they fainted. The circumstances of the case have been placed on record at the French Consulate, with the claim that Velasco was a Frenchman, not a Spaniard, as was previously thought.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 7.—Juan Velasco was owner and manager of the Spanish Cotton Manufacturing Company at Puebla and of a sugar plantation of 20,000 acres there. According to John E. Furnans of this city, Velasco's agent in this country, who sought the good offices of the United States Government in his behalf today, Velasco was rated as several times a millionaire.

Mr. Furnans said tonight that Velasco's brother-in-law and business associate died mysteriously several months ago.

Velasco had communicated to Furnans his fear that he would be captured by Zapata and his followers, who, he said, were endeavoring to extort his fortune from him. Recent advices, Furnans said, were that the Zapatistas had demanded a ransom of 1,000,000 pesos for Velasco's release, threatening torture if the money were not forthcoming.

BEATS "OLD-TIME CHAISE."

Miss Taylor, 96, Likes Her First Ride in Automobile.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITEHOUSE, N. J., July 7.—Miss Mary Ann Taylor, 96 years old, had her first automobile ride today when she went in the machine of Abram V. Honeyman to a cemetery to visit the graves of relatives. Miss Taylor agreed some time ago to take a ride in Mr. Honeyman's car and today on the way back from the burying ground she insisted that he put on full speed.

"A big improvement on the old-time chaise, Abram," she remarked as she alighted. "Kinda think I wouldn't mind riding a little oftener in one of them."

ROCKEFELLER IS 75 TODAY.

I. W. W. Agitation Influences Him to Forego Celebration.

TARRYTOWN, July 7.—Although John D. Rockefeller will be 75 tomorrow, he will not celebrate. It was said authoritatively tonight that tomorrow will be just as any other day to Mr. Rockefeller. He will play golf, but he won't even have an organ recital, for his organist is in Europe.

It was explained that Mr. Rockefeller does not seek unnecessary publicity on account of the I. W. W. trouble.

Mr. Rockefeller's health is good, and he plays golf every day, rain or shine. He told friends recently that it was hard to believe he was more than 60.

Many congratulatory telegrams have been received, and more are expected tomorrow. Mrs. Rockefeller and her sister are not well, and John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and his family are at Seal Harbor, so Mr. Rockefeller will have no family dinner tomorrow.

The Rockefeller estate is still strongly guarded, and tomorrow there will be an extra guard to keep away strangers whose curiosity might be whetted by the birthday.

OCEAN LANES CHANGED.

Routes of Atlantic Liners Moved a Little Northward Today.

Capt. J. T. W. Charles of the Cunarder Mauretania, which sailed for Liverpool at 10 o'clock last night with a big list of cabin passengers, said that the ice patrol had been withdrawn and commencing today the routes of the Atlantic steamship lines would be moved a little to the northward. The Mauretania, he said, would go over on the old eastbound course of 40 degrees latitude on 47 longitude. Ships sailing today, however, will cross on 40.30 latitude on 47 west longitude.

The westbound course will be 41.30 latitude on 47 longitude, instead of 40.40 latitude on 47 longitude, Capt. Charles said. He added that the weather was very changeable for midsummer and fog seemed to hang around Nantucket shoals this year more than for many years.

W. A. M. Goode, Special Commissioner for the British manufacturers who are sending exhibits to the Panama-Pacific Exposition, sailed on the Mauretania. He said everything was working satisfactorily, and that the International Committee in New York would soon give out a statement regarding the plans for the British exhibit.

JULY WEATHER HOLDS OFF.

Yesterday Was Coldest Day for Month in Forty-one Years.

New York experienced yesterday the coldest July day in forty-one years. There is no great rise in temperature expected, according to Forecaster Scarr. It may be warmer, but there is no real July weather in sight.

The first week in July has been the coldest in forty-four years. The mean temperature for the seven days ended yesterday was 65.3 degrees, with a low mark of 54 degrees, reached at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. This is the coldest July day on record since July 15, 1873, when the mercury sneaked down to 50 degrees. The average for the record cold July week in 1873 was 57 degrees. The nearest approach to the present mark was in 1882 and in 1891, when the average for a July week was 68.4.

The total rainfall for the week was 2.76 inches. This is the second rainiest week in forty-four years. The record week was the first week in July, 1901, when 3.32 inches of rain fell.

The immediate weather prospect is for local showers and partly cloudy.

THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At the Schulte stores.—Adv.

MEXICAN CAPITAL EXPECTS BIG MOVE FOR PEACE TODAY

Niagara Protocols Likely to Go to Senate with Proclamation for End of War.

TO QUIET ALL FACTIONS

Republic at Last Believed to be on the Eve of Settling Its Internal Troubles.

HUERTA'S FAMILY IN FLIGHT

Washington Has a Report That Members of His Household Are at Vera Cruz.

ENVOYS GET HOPEFUL NEWS

Chilean Minister Hears That Rebels Are About to Join the Peace Conference.

MEDIATORS TO MEET HERE

Rebels and Huerta Forces Fighting Near American Lines at Vera Cruz—Mutiny in Federal Army.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 7.—Tomorrow is expected to be a day of decisive political development in Mexico. It is thought not only that the Niagara Falls peace protocols will go before the Senate, but also that a statement will be forthcoming from high official quarters in Mexico, which will go far to clear the political situation, and pave the way for a definite understanding among the contending factions and the re-establishment of internal peace in Mexico.

Gen. Angel Garcia Pena, commanding the Mexican forces at Cordoba, arrived here today to confer with the Government. Importance is attached to the visit, as Pena was Madero's War Minister.

Huerta's Family at Vera Cruz.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The Administration received information today that members of Gen. Huerta's family had arrived at Vera Cruz. For some reason this information was guarded rather carefully and the full significance of the advices received in connection with it could not be ascertained from any authoritative source. There is no doubt, however, that well informed officials of the Government regard the presence of the Huerta family at Vera Cruz as merely preliminary to the flight of the dictator from the capital.

The advices received here were coupled with the information that the wife of Señor Mohena, former Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Huerta Cabinet, was with the Huerta party and would wait at Vera Cruz for the arrival of her husband before sailing away from Mexico. From this it is inferred that Huerta and Mohena will leave Mexico City together and join their families at Vera Cruz.

There is a growing feeling here that with Huerta removed as a factor in the Mexican situation the chief obstacle to a peaceable adjustment of Mexico's troubles will disappear. But the Wilson Administration has found it difficult to convince the Constitutionalist leaders that its interest in a speedy settlement is born of a desire to do what is best for Mexico's welfare. As long as the revolutionists found the United States Government willing to help along the anti-Huerta cause by its attitude concerning shipments of arms and ammunition into Mexico, they showed an extremely friendly disposition toward the Administration. Now, however, they are disposed to forget. At most, all that the Constitutionalists are willing to acknowledge is that the refusal of President Wilson to recognize Gen. Huerta as the Provisional President de jure of Mexico has been of indirect benefit to their cause.

Our Aid a Detriment.

According to the position of the Constitutionalists, the fact that the United States is a virtual ally of theirs is a detriment instead of a help. Their attitude is that, as all parties in Mexico regard this Government with disfavor, knowledge that it was giving active assistance to the Constitutionalists' cause would make that party unpopular. This was one of the reasons for the unwillingness of the revolutionary leaders to recognize the efforts the Washington Government was making to support the Constitutionalist side of the issues presented in the Niagara Falls negotiations.

The Administration has been tolerant of this attitude. It has been willing to overlook the seeming lack of gratitude involved. The present set purpose of the Administration is to bring the troubles in Mexico to an end through peaceful means, and it is not particular as to how that outcome is achieved so long as the danger of intervention is removed. In every possible way it seeks to show the Constitutionalists that it has no desire to interfere in the adjustment of the internal problems of Mexico. It was this spirit that caused the American peace delegates to leave Niagara Falls. Through that course the revolu-

tionary leaders were made to understand that their delegates were free to confer with the plenipotentiaries of Huerta without even the suggestion that the American Government was putting its finger in the Mexican pie.

The attitude of the mediators has been in line with this spirit. When they sent their suggestion to Gen. Carranza to appoint delegates to meet the Huerta delegates it was the intention of the mediators to keep up the appearance that the Board of Mediation was still in session. The plan was to have at least one of the negotiators remain in Niagara, where his services as adviser would be available should the Carranza element agree to appoint Commissioners to confer with the Mexican plenipotentiaries.

After mature consideration, however, the mediators decided that it would be better in the first phase of the mediation negotiations to leave Niagara Falls. There was some objection to this, the Mexican delegates in particular feeling that the give-and-take aspects of the mediation movement would be removed if the mediators went away, and the representatives of Huerta would be left at the mercy of the Constitutionalist emissaries. But the ultimate decision was that the departure of the mediators and the American delegates would be additional evidence that they were anxious to show that they had no desire or intention to attempt to influence the agents of the Mexican factions in their effort to adjust the internal affairs of their country.

There is a hopeful feeling here that the Constitutionalist leaders have not been unmindful of the motives that have actuated the United States Government and the South American Governments and there is a growing expectation that Carranza will soon appoint delegates to meet the representatives of the Huerta Government.

MEDIATORS ARE HOPEFUL.

Suarez of Chile Thinks Mexican Factions Will Get Together.

Eduardo Suarez, Chilean Minister at Washington, who was one of the mediators at the Niagara Falls conference, arrived from Albany last night and said he had received a telegram from Romulo S. Naon, Minister from Argentina, informing him that the prospects were most hopeful for a conference between representatives of the Huerta and Constitutionalist Governments. On the strength of the information received from Mr. Naon, Mr. Suarez said he would meet Ambassador da Gama of Brazil in New York today and discuss new ideas and plans for bringing about the conference of the opposing Mexican Governments. Mr. da Gama is at his home at Long Branch, N. J.

"If we can only bring this conference about, I believe that the representative of Gen. Huerta and Gen. Carranza will reach an agreement," said Mr. Suarez at the Hotel Astor. "The representatives of the Huerta Government at the Niagara Falls conference impressed me most of all with the fact that they were patriots. They had at heart the good of their country, and, in no sense of the word were they merely Huertistas. I believe any men that Gen. Carranza would select to represent the Constitutionalists at a conference with representatives of the Federal Government would be men of the same type. They most assuredly would be able to get together on some kind of plan."

When Mr. Suarez was asked who was taking the initiative in the effort to bring about the conference, he said the mediators themselves were making the greatest effort. He was asked if he thought either or both Mexican factions had prepared definite proposals anticipating such a conference, and he said he thought both had. Because he assumed that both sides had prepared specific statements of the terms on which they would consider a settlement, Mr. Suarez said he was the more hopeful of good results.

"Once get them together," he said, "and they will only have to make little concessions. The success of mediation has been proven by the result of the Niagara Falls conference. I say that the conference was a success because war was averted. The United States practically has been withdrawn from the situation, and I think my belief is reflected by the President and the Secretary of State."

Ambassador Da Gama said over the telephone from his Summer home in Long Branch, N. J., last night that he didn't care to discuss developments in the situation at this time.

MEXICO'S FUTILE ELECTION.

Officials at Polling Places Played Chess to Pass the Time.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 7.—El Independiente is the only newspaper in the capital which has referred editorially to last Sunday's elections. It says in part:

"In 1911 the power of the revolution forced on the country the Madero-Pino Suarez ticket, but was the election of 1911 a genuine and effective election? Partisans of the triumphant Madero-Pino Suarez ticket said it was, but the Reyistas, Vanquistas and various other istas were very far from sharing that opinion, and the new Government was from the start the object of a hostility which presaged its death.

"Extraordinary elections for President and Vice President were fixed by law for July 5, 1914. The elections took place and—oh! irony of politics—our people seem to have realized the phenomenon of abstention for which the Legalists signed before the elections of 1876. And those who do not know the secrets of our politics will ask themselves how this abstention has come about in the case of a people who have sacrificed thousands of lives for the sake of effective suffrage and no re-election.

"Will this abstention inure to the peace of Mexico? Who knows? Never has our political horizon been so sombre as at present. Nevertheless, let us hope that the pilot to whom the nation has entrusted its destinies will not run the ship on rocks when the longed-for port seems to be so near."

It developed today that the electoral officials in some of the polling places last Sunday, having nothing else to do, whiled away the time playing chess.

According to a statement given out by the Interior Department, however, advices from the States of Guanajuato, Tabasco, and Queretaro show that Huerta and Blanquet were elected, respectively, President and Vice President by large majorities.

Enrique Shultz, Director of the Normal School, has arranged a mass meeting tomorrow in honor of the mediating powers, and has initiated a popular subscription to replace the Washington Statue dragged from its pedestal by the populace soon after the landing of the marines at Vera Cruz.

MEXICAN ELECTION VOID.

Senor Rabasa Says It Must Be So Declared by Chamber of Deputies.

Señor Rabasa, the Chairman of the Mexican delegation to the peace conference at Niagara Falls, who is in New York waiting for a possible conference with delegates representing Carranza, said last night that having heard various comments upon the election held in Mexico last Sunday, comments which, he thought, were based on an erroneous conception of the circumstances surrounding the election, he desired to issue a statement to clear up some of the points in dispute.

"According to the constitution and laws of Mexico," said Señor Rabasa, "the person occupying the provisional Presidency at the time of the election cannot be elected President. Therefore, if after a complete count of the election held last Sunday the returns should show that Gen. Huerta had been elected, these elections will be declared void by the Mexican Chamber of Deputies. The election had been called several months ago and July 5 had been set as the day on which they were to be held. The Chamber of Deputies could not have postponed them legally, hence the fact that they were held under the present circumstances. They will be declared null and void and their result will not affect in any way the present situation. Neither will these elections affect the agreement reached at Niagara Falls, the execution of which is dependent upon the establishment of a provisional government."

HUERTA MEN CLASH NEAR OUR OUTPOSTS

Federal Officer Warns Funston That Mutineers May Attempt Attack on American Forces.

REBELS WOULD AID REVOLT

But U. S. Commander Refuses to Allow Carranza Agents to Pass Out Through Lines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Official advices received at the War Department from Gen. Funston show that the mutiny among the Mexican Federal troops near Vera Cruz is much more serious than appears from the press dispatches from that place. Gen. Funston's last message on the subject said that fighting was in progress between loyal troops and the mutineers.

The first news of the trouble came to the War Department in a dispatch from Gen. Funston dated yesterday, the substance of which was made public by Secretary Garrison this afternoon. In that telegram Gen. Funston said the commander of the Mexican Federal troops outside Vera Cruz reported that part of his forces had mutinied and might attack the American outposts last night. Gen. Funston issued orders that the American troops must not consider the movement an attack and should act only on the defensive.

The fears of the Mexican commandant were not verified, and nothing has since occurred to indicate that the mutinous troops contemplated a hostile movement against the American outposts. This morning Gen. Funston cabled to the Secretary of War that soon after midnight a representative of the revolutionary junto at Vera Cruz asked for passes for himself and others to go out and direct the mutiny. Gen. Funston refused to grant the request. In the same dispatch Gen. Funston said the American outposts did not report any incidents bearing on the rumors that they were to be attacked. To indicate that the mutiny had not caused any unusual disturbance, Gen. Funston added that the regular train left Vera Cruz this morning for Tembladeras, and arrived at its destination.

It was in a subsequent telegram that Gen. Funston reported that fighting between the mutineers and the loyal troops was in progress. He said that an estimate that there were 1,500 mutineers was probably exaggerated. It was said that the troops that remained loyal numbered 2,000.

Gen. Funston informed the War Department that Private Heinrich Thobe, a marine, who recently disappeared, was within the Mexican lines and unharmed, but he gave no details.

FEDERALS REPORT MUTINY.

American Outposts on Alert—Rebels Try to Aid Revolt.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, July 7.—The Mexican Federal commander outside Vera Cruz telegraphed to Gen. Funston last night that trouble was expected because of a mutiny and the reported presence of rebels. This afternoon it was reported that the Federals had searched all night for the rebels without finding them, while all the mutineers except a Second Lieutenant had returned and reported for duty.

The general opinion here tonight was that the loyal Federals would be able to repulse the rebels and the mutineers. Although these are still believed to be near the Federal positions, it is known that reinforcements are being rushed southward from Soledad and other points west of here.

Such information as is available here tonight indicates that both the rebel attack and the Federal revolt were engineered from Vera Cruz by a rebel agent. It is known that the Federal officer who led the mutiny made several visits to Vera Cruz recently in civilian clothes without the knowledge of the police. His probable purpose was to confer with members of the rebel junta here. It is also known that members of the rebel junta were well informed regarding the revolt and the presence of the rebel forces. Some of them asked Gen. Funston for permission to go out and give instructions to the mutineers. This Gen. Funston refused emphatically.

Considerable excitement existed last night along the American outposts, since it was feared that either one or the other side would be forced back toward Vera Cruz and would seek American protection. Should the rebels drive the Federals from their positions facing the American positions conditions would change rapidly. This was evidenced last night when the rebel agents said the Americans had served their purpose and the time had arrived for them to withdraw and leave the whole question to the rebels, who were now able to handle the situation without outside assistance.

By The Associated Press.

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, July 7.—Brig. Gen. Funston made public today copies of the telegrams exchanged last night between the American army headquarters and Lieut. Col. Izunza, commander of the Mexican Federal outposts. In his dispatch Izunza said:

"A portion of my infantry outpost has revolted, and I am about to go out to reduce them to order."

The Mexican commander said he notified Gen. Funston because he desired to prevent alarm among the American outposts in the event of the mutinous troops seeking to enter the American lines or of an action occurring in their vicinity. Gen. Funston replied, thanking Gen. Izunza for his information and saying that the American outposts had been warned. He also assured Izunza that the Federal deserters would be arrested promptly if they approached the American outposts or would be taken into custody by the police if they entered Vera Cruz. Col. Izunza then thanked Gen. Funston for his message.

No unusual activity was reported by the American outposts during the night and no firing was heard. The extent of the revolt was unknown to headquarters here, but it was believed that it affected only a small portion of the Mexican force in front of the American lines.

Col. Izunza got close enough to the fleeing outpost to the southwest of Tejeria this morning to warrant him in attacking the mutineers, but instead of stopping to resist the deserters replied to their pursuers only with a scattering fire. The Mexican commander has with him 200 men and has asked for reinforcements from Cordoba, on whose arrival he expects to continue the pursuit.

Only a handful of rural guards are at Tejeria, which is near the point where the daily exchange of passengers on the railroad takes place.

Capt. Aguilar and two Lieutenants led the mutinous infantry post of sixty men. They had been in communication with a body of Constitutionalists troops estimated at 1,000 men who moved northward from a point near Boca del Rio just south of Vera Cruz. This organization worked its way along the lines of the Americans and Mexicans until near Tejeria. The outpost sent forward an emissary to notify the Constitutionalists that Capt. Aguilar was ready to do his part. The Captain then seized the mounts of the Rural Guards and all the ammunition in the vicinity.

The Constitutionalists had organized themselves only a few days ago after receiving a consignment of ammunition and arms from Tuxpan which had been landed near Boca del Rio and they were directed by agents from the Tuxpan headquarters.

REBEL FACTIONS AT PEACE.

Carranza Recognized as Chief and as Villa's Superior.

TORREON, Mexico, July 7.—Gen. Carranza has been recognized as First Chief of the Constitutionalist revolution, and Gen. Villa is subordinate to him. This confirmation of the relative positions of Carranza and Villa was regarded as the most important step taken at the internal peace parley here to reunite the Villa and Carranza factions.

In settling this point the question of supplying the Division of the North, which Villa commands, with ammunition probably will find an automatic solution. While Villa is subordinate to Carranza, on the other hand, Carranza is obliged to meet the wants of the Villa troops. The conference is ended so far as vital points are concerned, and it was announced that the result of the meetings were satisfactory. Gen. Villa said today:

"I hope that the outcome of the conference will be beneficial to Mexico and that the patriotic motives will cause the compact to be kept."

Villa had little to say on the election held last Sunday in the territory controlled by Huerta, except that it was a matter of secondary importance, or an attempt to wash out one stain with another.

"It is not the practice of men to buzz around like mosquitoes and sting others when they least expect it," said Villa, referring to accusations of misconduct made against him by Carranza followers along the border. "I am adverse to personalities," he added.

While the conference was in session brigades of the Northern Division were being sent north through Torreon to go into quarters in the country districts of Chihuahua. In these districts the cavalry horses will recuperate from the hard campaigns of Paredon and Zacatecas. Coupled with this movement is the desire to maintain the army more economically. Food and forage have reached tremendous prices and since Villa's purchasing agents buy at current quotations it sometimes has been a problem to supply the troops with necessities. Most of the army will be concentrated near Chihuahua City until the advance on Mexico City is resumed.

SALTILLO, Mexico, July 6, via Laredo, Texas, July 7.—Gen. Villa will come to Saltillo and by a personal visit seal a bond of friendship and allegiance to Gen. Carranza, according to a report received today by high officials at Carranza headquarters.

It was asserted here that the conferences of the commissions representing Villa and Carranza, which met at Torreon to smooth out the difficulties which existed between the two chiefs, had been entirely successful and that Gen. Villa would accompany the Carranza commission on its return to Saltillo. This report could not be confirmed officially, but was believed to be true.

It was reported that regular traffic between Saltillo and Torreon would be resumed within the next few days.

DENY WAR ON ANGELES.

Rebel Junta Knows Nothing of Plan to Oust Artillerist.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Charles A. Douglas, the attorney of the Constitutionalist envoys in Washington, was reported by several afternoon newspapers in Washington as having said that Gen. Felipe Angeles, former sub-Secretary of War in the Carranza Government, now Villa's Chief of Artillery, must be removed from the Constitutionalist situation before peace could be brought about between Carranza and Villa. When Mr. Douglas was asked about it, he said:

"I have never made any such statement. I wish you could deny that I ever said any such thing."

No official confirmation had been received here up to a late hour tonight of the reported demand of Gen. Carranza for the resignation of Gen. Angeles from the Constitutionalist ranks. Capt. Alfredo Breceda, a member of the staff of Gen. Carranza, said soon after his arrival in Washington that Gen. Carranza had deposed Gen. Angeles as sub-Secretary of War, but that no information had been received showing that Gen. Carranza had demanded that Gen. Angeles resign from the Constitutionalist army. Villa and Angeles have been the closest friends and Angeles has been in charge of the artillery of Villa's army. This is the only branch of the Constitutionalist forces that has anything like an artillery equipment. Soon after Capt. Breceda's departure from Washington he issued a statement in which he alleged that Gen. Angeles was ambitious to become Provisional President of Mexico and that Angeles was using Villa as a tool for that purpose. The Breceda statement was resented by Villa's friends in this country and especially by Felix Sommerfeld, Villa's personal representative in the United States.

Friends of Gen. Villa were notified today that word had been received from him asserting that the conferences of the Villa-Carranza Commission at Torreon were progressing satisfactorily, and were expected to result in a solution of the differences between the two men. This information was based on a telephone message from Felix Sommerfeld, who is now in New York City. Sommerfeld was in communication late last night with Gen. Villa in a telegraphic conference between New York City and Torreon.

The removal of Gen. Felipe Angeles as Chief of Artillery under Gen. Villa has not been made an issue at the Carranza-Villa conference at Torreon, reports to the contrary notwithstanding, and Felix Sommerfeld, a close friend of Gen. Villa, now in this city, makes an authoritative denial. Mr. Sommerfeld, who has been in New York for several weeks as the confidential agent of Villa, from whom he receives telegraphic messages almost daily, said he had just received a long communication from Gen. Villa. He added:

"Gen. Villa informs me that the conference at Torreon between the delegates of Gen. Carranza and his own is progressing very satisfactorily. An agreement will be reached very soon, he hopes. Thus far the representatives of Gen. Carranza have not demanded the removal of Gen. Angeles."

TO REPAIR VERA CRUZ LINE.

Order Regarded in Mexico City as a Move Toward Peace.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 7.—It is reported that orders have been given or are soon to be given for filling up the gap in the Mexican railway between the port just beyond Tejeria and Templaderas, where the American control of the railway begins, thus re-establishing direct rail communication between the capital and Vera Cruz, which was cut when relations between Mexico and the United States were severed last April. This is regarded as a good symptom, and the general impression here today is that the prospects are greatly improved for the fulfilment of the basic conditions of the protocol, namely the setting up of a Provisional Government acceptable to all of the contending political groups.

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Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.

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NO IMPORT FLOOD UNDER NEW TARIFF

Secretary Redfield Reports a Gain of Only 8.8 Per Cent. of Finished Products.

CALLS FEARS GROUNDLESS

Says Figures Show Well Sustained Competing Power in Manufacture in Depressed Period.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce said tonight that foreign manufacturers sent into the United States during the first eight months of the new tariff system just 8.8 per cent. more of their finished product than they did under the old law. This, Secretary Redfield said, was ample demonstration that there was no ground for the fears of American factory owners that they would be driven from business by the Democratic tariff.

Importations of foodstuffs showed a large percentage of increase in the eight months, which ended with May, while foodstuff exports fell of substantially. There was a relatively small reduction in the amount of completed manufactures exported.

"The figures," said Secretary Redfield, "show, as it is normal they should, the results of the world-wide depression in commerce as modified by our own shortage of foodstuffs, arising from the inadequate crops of last year, which condition is rapidly passing away. They indicate also that our competing power in manufacturing is well sustained, because at a time when our commercial rivals are eager to sell and unwilling to buy, the item of exports of fully finished manufactures is depressed relatively little, and the item of imports of finished manufactures increases relatively little."

The total increase of importations of foodstuffs, the department's figures showed, was $56,750,437, while the total increase in importations for the period was only $55,136,685, because of the decrease of other imports.

In the line of finished manufactures Mr. Redfield said the United States was maintaining its foreign business well.

"The decrease of exports of foodstuffs," the Secretary added, "amounts in the eight months to $97,573,558, a fact sufficiently explained by our not having the foodstuffs to sell. The present promise of fine crops already has begun to alter this situation. A further decrease appears in manufactures for further use in manufacturing.

Total imports for the eight months were $1,288,656,041, compared with $1,233,519,365 for the same period last year. Free merchandise for the two periods was, respectively, $800,214,038 and $683,015, 455. Total exports were $1,640,367,305, as compared with $1,786,070,945 last year.

Imports for May, 1914, amounted to $164,209,515, compared with $133,723,718 a year ago. Exports were $161,732,619, a decrease of 16.9 per cent. since the previous May.

ANSWERS BORAH'S ATTACK.

Nicaraguan Agent Makes Curious Blunder in Citing Examples.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Pedro Rafael Cuadra, financial agent of Nicaragua in Washington, issued a statement today replying sharply to recent remarks of Senator Borah of Idaho denouncing the proposed Nicaraguan treaty. Mr. Cuadra denied emphatically that the present régime in Nicaragua was seeking an American protectorate to maintain itself in power, though in the next sentence he declared that he and his partisans desired the treaty "to give stability to the democratic institutions in Nicaragua." This stability, it has repeatedly been charged, would be destroyed the moment American marines withdrew from Managua.

The remarks of Mr. Borah and other Senators about Nicaragua, Mr. Cuadra said, "are simply a direct affront to the dignity and decorum of his Government. He and his associates had not come to Washington looking for judges, of which they needed none, but in search of a country that would take the attitude of an older brother toward Nicaragua.

By a curious mental error he argued that if they only wanted continuance in power "it would be sufficient to follow the examples and lessons taught by Diaz in Mexico, Zelaya in Nicaragua, Castro in Venezuela, and many others, who have remained and continue in power without the aid of the United States to the ruin of their countries." As a matter of fact every ruler he mentioned has been expelled by his own countrymen.

CHECK REBELS AT GUAYMAS.

Federals Repulse Them with Aid of Gunboat's Shells.

ON BOARD U. S. S. CALIFORNIA, Mazatlan, July 6, by Wireless Via San Diego, July 7.—In the fighting yesterday outside of Guaymas, the Constitutionalists were repulsed with considerable loss, according to a dispatch received at Federal headquarters here. The Federal gunboat Guerrero shelled the enemy's position near Cruz de Piedras. Skirmishing continues today. Rear Admiral Howard exchanged today official calls with Gov. Amezcua Lapaz at Mazatlan.

The German cruiser Nuernberg returned today to Mazatlan from Panama.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—A wireless message to Capt. Frederick Jebsen of this city, owner of the Mexican schooner Salvador, notified him that the Salvador had been seized by the Federals at Guaymas and that Sheriff Gilberto Alamedo was loading her with his own merchandise, supposedly consigned to Salina Cruz, the Pacific terminus of the Tehuantepec Railway.

Capt. Jebsen interprets the message as strong evidence that the evacuation of Guaymas cannot be far distant.

TIMES SQUARE SEES STIRRING RUNAWAY

Sightseers in Big Auto Barely Saved from Crash by Plucky Policeman.

FIRE AND GAS FIGHTERS OUT

Luncheon-Time Loungers Get a Thrill as Maddened Animal Dashes Down 7th Avenue.

Firemen, policemen, and employes of the Consolidated Gas Company swarmed into Times Square and up Seventh Avenue about 1:30 yesterday afternoon to deal with a situation created by a runaway horse, which in a few minutes set that part of town on edge and gave the passengers in a sightseeing automobile a visual demonstration of the terrible things that happen in New York.

The horse, attached to a delivery wagon belonging to an Eighth Avenue grocer, had been left standing at the curb at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-second Street. It took fright and started to run down Seventh Avenue, scattering the crowds as it went. Patrolman Herman of the West Forty-seventh Street Station ran into the street and tried to stop it, but the horse swerved to one side, throwing Herman down, and ran for a red fire alarm lamppost. The animal itself just missed the post, but the wagon hit it and broke it off, which automatically sent in an alarm.

The horse continued down Seventh Avenue at full speed, the noise of its going drawing hundreds from breakfast and luncheon tables, and emptying stores and offices into the streets, to join the social gatherings already on the curbs.

At Forty-seventh Street Patrolman Egan of the Traffic Squad caught the bridle and hung on. Horse, wagon, and policeman headed straight for a sightseeing automobile in the Times Square safety zone, and it looked for a moment as if there would be a grand smash, fit for any moving-picture camera. The driver of the sightseeing car hastily abandoned it, and the passengers began to jump off on the other side in terror.

Their worst fears were not realized, however. The horse was strong, but he could not carry Egan very far, and the policeman pulled him to a standstill at the side of the automobile.

Just as the throngs were recovering from their alarm there was a wild clanging, a clatter of hoofs, and a shrieking of whistles, and a battalion of fire apparatus, summoned by the breaking of the post, raced up from all directions. Egan and Herman, who were wiping blood from their uniforms, explained what was the matter, and sent three engines, a fire patrol, and two hook and ladder companies back to their quarters.

About the time the fire apparatus was leaving some one discovered that gas was leaking from the pipe in the broken post, and a repair wagon was summoned from the gas works. The passengers in the sightseeing car thought another fire was imminent when the red wagon, with the banging gong rolled up, and it was a long time before they could forget their glimpse of the horrors of metropolitan life and give undivided attention to the guide's "On the left we behold."

Meanwhile Egan and Herman hunted up the driver of the wagon, Abraham Harrison of 537 West Forty-sixth Street, and summoned him to appear in court and tell why the horse was not hitched.

DOG CLAIMED BY TWO.

Woman Wants Animal in Maid's Charge, but Police Rule Against Her.

Mrs. Marie Kennedy of 203 West 108th Street was walking on Broadway last night when, at 108th Street, she met a maid employed by Jacob Scheer of 322 West 108th Street leading on a leash a white French bulldog. Mrs. Kennedy gave a cry and pounced on the dog, telling the maid she had no right with it. Mrs. Kennedy got hold of the dog's front legs and endeavored to get immediate possession, a move which the maid frustrated by pulling equally as hard in the opposite direction by the hind legs. The dog did not part in the middle, but it got a severe scratch on its breast from a pair of feminine finger nails, and Patrolman Tracy, who interfered just about the time it became evident the tug-of-war was going to be a draw, took the dog to the West 100th Street Station bleeding from the wound.

At the police station Lieut. McCormack was about to try the time-honored way of having the contesting owners call the dog separately to see which it would go to, when each side put in a plea of proxy ownership. Mrs. Kennedy said the dog had been intrusted to her care three months ago by a friend when he left the city, and Mr. Scheer, who had been called, said he was keeping the animal for a Mr. Jeffries. Thereupon the Lieutenant ruled that the dog should be left in Mr. Scheer's care, while Mrs. Kennedy could get out a summons for him to appear in a civil action if she wanted to.

Paid $20 for Pistol Permit.

Vincent Marott of 168 Waverly Street, Yonkers, was charged yesterday in the City Court with selling a permit to carry a pistol to T. D. Romano for $20. The permit was issued to Romano by Judge Madden. Marott, learning that Romano had no permit, represented to him that he must give him $20 for a court employe, the complaint said. City Judge Beall adjourned the case until today.

WILSON FIGHTING TO RETAIN WARBURG

Continued from Page 1.

tion having a capital and surplus of $100,000,000 or more may apply to the Reserve Board for authority to establish branch banks in foreign countries, the Philippines, or Porto Rico. Banks desiring to establish such branches must satisfy the board that they will set aside a sufficient amount of capital for the purpose and comply with regulations as to banking, reports, circulation, methods of doing business, examinations and such other conditions as are imposed on all banks in the reserve system.

The Organization Committee has appointed a committee of experts on foreign methods of banking to prepare a report on banking methods in all the Latin-American countries and the dependencies, together with a plan of bookkeeping suited to the conditions of branch banks. This committee has been engaged on this task for the last two weeks, with a prospect that it will be several months before a complete plan can be recommended. No permanent steps in the organization of the system of foreign branch reserve banks will be taken until the full Reserve Board has been appointed. It is regarded as a matter of such importance that the preliminary Organization Committee does not desire to anticipate the judgment of the board that will be charged with the administration of the new banking system.

It is believed at the Treasury Department that there will be great advantage to the foreign commerce of the United States in the establishment of foreign branch banks, especially in the Latin-American countries, with which now the great bulk of bank exchanges are accomplished through European banks. Secretary McAdoo holds that there is little doubt of the necessity for the success of the new system of foreign United States banks. The plan on which they are to be organized and the safeguards which will be thrown around them will give them great strength in their particular fields of influence and business. They will act in large measure as representatives of American interests, and it is believed they will vastly increase the volume of our foreign trade as time passes.

There is hardly a commercial organization in the United States that has not manifested interest in the extension of the reserve banking system to foreign countries, and there has been a determined appeal to the Organization Committee to expedite this part of the work of organization.

DREW LINE AT SELF-RESPECT.

Warburg Would Sacrifice Income, but Not That, the New York View.

Paul M. Warburg yesterday declined to comment on his action in asking President Wilson to withdraw his name as one of the nominees for membership on the Federal Reserve Board or on the efforts Mr. Wilson was making to get him to reconsider. Nor would Mr. Warburg comment on the telegram he sent to Senator Hitchcock, Acting Chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee, declining to appear before that committee for cross-examination as to his qualifications for membership on the Reserve Board, and as to business transactions of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., of which he is a member.

In the financial district the general sentiment was that while it was unfortunate that the services of the man pre-eminently qualified to consider problems of the new banking system concerned with international finance and the establishment of a broad discount market should be lost to the Federal Reserve Board, no other course would have been compatible with the maintenance of his self-respect. One of the most prominent men in national banking circles summed the matter up as follows:

"Mr. Warburg did not seek the office. He was solicited to accept it, and, in accepting, he was obliged to make a great personal sacrifice. He would make that sacrifice as a patriotic duty and devote himself solely to the success of a banking experiment. But he would not submit to impertinent inquisition into his private affairs by a lot of politicians. He would sacrifice his private business interests; he would not sacrifice his self-respect."

The President of another national bank said Mr. Warburg's withdrawal was nothing short of a national calamity, but that it had been made inevitable by the petty spirit in which the members of the Senate Committee had acted.

Some bankers expressed the hope that President Wilson would yet find some way out of the difficulty, although it was not expected that this could be accomplished in any way that would involve a change of attitude on Mr. Warburg's part.

From the time the Owen-Glass bill first came before Congress it had been agreed among financial men in this city that Mr. Warburg was by all odds the best fitted man in the entire country to assist in the establishment of the proposed system. It was pointed out that he not only had had a broad experience in the banking centres of Europe, on the practices of which many of the features of the Federal reserve system are predicated, but had spent more time and thought than any other one man in the exhaustive investigation by a part of the National Monetary Commission, which prepared the so-called Aldrich plan and laid the foundation for the Federal Reserve act.

In this preliminary discussion the only doubtful point was as to whether Mr. Warburg would accept the appointment if it should be offered him. When it was announced that he had accepted President Wilson's invitation to serve on the board there was almost as much surprise as gratification, because it was realized how large was the financial sacrifice he would have to make to take a $12,000-a-year place.

Mr. Warburg not only resigned his Directorship in the National Bank of Commerce, but also let it be known that he intended to retire from the boards of State banks and trust companies and from the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. These further resignations were not required by the letter of the law, but Mr. Warburg construed its spirit as making them a matter of propriety.

Nothing ever has been made known as to the proportionate shares of the six partners constituting the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., but it always has been understood that Mr. Warburg's interest was substantial. By selling his interest he would not only cease to participate in the profits of the firm, but would sacrifice opportunities that frequently arise for individual members to take part in profitable underwritings and reorganizations.

The profits of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. were not disclosed even in the Pujo investigation, but some figures indicative of the large business done by it were brought out. From 1907 to 1912, inclusive, it was shown the firm purchased alone security issues of corporations amounting to $530,862,000 and, in conjunction with other bankers, issues amounting to $704,777,708. From 1897 to 1906, inclusive, it purchased, with other bankers, issues amounting to $821,289,000.

The firm was shown to be a substantial stockholders in the National Park Bank, the Bank of the Manhattan Company, the Merchants National Bank, the Union Exchange National, the Equitable Trust Company, the National Bank of Commerce, and the Fourth National, since absorbed by the Mechanics and Metals' National.

With Speyer & Co., the firm managed the reorganization of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and its subsidiary, the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern, and from 1897 to 1911 marketed for the Baltimore & Ohio twenty-one security issues aggregating $345,000,000. In 1912 the firm alone marketed for this road an issue of $5,000,000. Mr. Warburg is a Director in the railroad company.

The firm also served as bankers in conducting the reorganization of the Union Pacific, purchasing alone from it between 1907 and 1911 securities issues aggregating $103,000,000, and, in conjunction with other bankers, one issue of $7,500,000 and another of $40,000,000 from a subsidiary, the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company, and in 1897 one of $5,390,000 from another subsidiary, the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company.

Similar affiliations, with the purchase of securities aggregating many millions, have existed with the Southern Pacific, the Chicago & Alton, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, the Pennsylvania, the Wabash, the Atchison, the Chesapeake & Ohio, the St. Paul, and a number of other railroads, and with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, Armour & Co., and other producing and trading corporations.

Mr. Warburg held Directorships in the American Surety Company, the National Railways of Mexico, the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, and the Wells Fargo Company.

CHICAGO UPHOLDS WARBURG.

Did Right in Rebuking Petty Politicians, Say Reynolds and Others.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Bankers of this city, irrespective of political affiliations, express regret that Paul M. Warburg has asked the President to withdraw his name from the list of reserve board members sent to the Senate. There is a general disposition here to blame petty politics and a wrong conception of the kind of men needed for the Federal board for Senatorial hostility to Mr. Warburg.

"It is a loss to the country," said George M. Reynolds, President of the Continental and Commercial Banak, discussing Mr. Warburg's withdrawal, "and I am sorry, though I do not see how Mr. Warburg could have done anything else. It is merely another illustration of the methods which politicians at Washington are pursuing. Two of the very best men whom the President has chosen—Warburg and Jones—have been subjected to criticism and abuse merely for having been connected with big business. It looks as though the Senate would make that which should be the chief reason for membership on the Federal Reserve Board an actual cause for elimination. Speaking mildly, I am disgusted."

"I shall regret it very much if Mr. Warburg decides definitely to withdraw," said William T. Fenton, Vice President of the National Bank of the Republic, a man who at one time was prominently mentioned as a possible member of the Reserve Board. "Mr. Warburg probably is the best student of international banking that we have in the country, and he certainly is needed on the board. The fight made against him and against Mr. Jones seems simply to show what a task the President has in selecting men who have the ability and who will consent to accept the positions, a task made doubly hard by the action of some of the Senators."

C. F. Childs of C. F. Childs & Co., bond dealers, said: "If this report is true I am very sorry, for I consider that the failure of Paul Warburg to be on the Federal Reserve Board will be a distinct loss. He is by far the best man who could have been selected to determine questions on international banking which may arise. I do not blame him, however, for a refusal to submit to the catechism of the members of the Banking Committee of the Senate."

ORDER GEN. EVANS TO TEXAS COMMAND

His Reprimand, Says Secretary Garrison, Will Go Through Regular Channels.

GEN. WOOD TO COME HERE

Dinner Utterances, Evans Asserts, In No Way Were Responsible for Change of Post.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Under orders made public by the War Department today Brig. Gen. Robert K. Evans, detached from command of the Military Department of the East, was ordered to proceed to Laredo, Texas, and assume command of the Second Brigade of regular troops engaged in guarding the Mexican border.

Secretary Garrison said today that the reprimand which would be given to Gen. Evans for his indiscreet remarks at the dinner of the Sons of the American Revolution in New York would not be communicated to him privately. When President Wilson was at Philadelphia last Saturday, announcement was made there that Gen. Evans would be reprimanded, and it was said that the admonition would not be given in a public way.

Secretary Garrison explained, however, that the reprimand would be sent to Gen. Evans through official channels. He added that although the War Department was inclined to accept Gen. Evans's explanation of what he said, it was necessary to take action in order that the attitude of the Government might not be misunderstood in foreign countries.

The assignment of Gen. Evans to the Second Brigade was at his own request. He had applied for leave to go abroad for three months, but this was denied.

Brig. Gen. Robert K. Evans will be succeeded by Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff of the Army, as commander of the Department of the East at Governors Island.

"I will leave on Saturday," Gen. Evans said yesterday. "Gen. Wood will reach here on Friday and take charge immediately. I will rejoin my brigade at Laredo. It is only natural that I should not remain in command at Governors Island. This is too big a command for a Brigadier General, and I was only placed here last March as a stop-gap. Gen. Wood was then needed in Washington, and after that it was expected he would be sent to Mexico. Hence the delay and the reason for my remaining here.

"The recent discussion over my utterances at a dinner has nothing to do with my transfer, and, furthermore, I am not going to take a furlough or retire. My leaving New York is only in accord with the orders of the War Department and the customs of the army."

Major Gen. Leonard Wood was to have taken command at Governors Island last December, according to announcement from the War Department. He was delayed at Washington, and then, on April 20, it was announced that he was to take command of the army in Texas.

ASKS ABOUT BOND ISSUE.

Made by Government on Kansas Railroad, Says House Resolution.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Information concerning a $1,600,000 bond issue made by the Government for 100 miles of railroad between Atchison and Waterville, Kan., is sought from the Secretary of the Treasury in a resolution passed today by the House. Particularly, the House wants to know what part of the interest and principal is unpaid, and what steps have been taken to collect it. The Secretary was directed to furnish the information, "if not incompatible with the public interest." Democratic Leader Underwood insisted upon having these words inserted.

"The House has no more right to direct the Executive Department of the Government what to do," he declared, "than the Executive Department has to direct the Legislative Department."

SIFTING TOBACCO DATA.

Government Investigation Into Dissolution Decree Not Ended.

Assistant United States District Attorney Claude E. Thompson has returned to this city with a mass of information he has gathered concerning the tobacco trade, in a trip through the Southern States, and it is possible that when this has been tabulated it may lead to further proceedings on the part of the Government.

The inquiry on which Mr. Thompson is engaged, is the result of the investigation which Attorney General McReynolds ordered some time ago into the way in which the Supreme Court decree dissolving the Tobacco Trust was working. He has under him a staff of accountants ,who will sift the facts he has gathered. The report will be sent to Mr. McReynolds in September probably.

New Minister from Venezuela.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The State Department was notified today that Dr. Santos A. Dominica has been appointed Minister of Venezuela to the United States, Mexico, and Cuba. He was formerly President of the National University of Venezuela and was Minister to Germany, Belgium, and Great Britain.

Subway, Elevated & Surface Lines to the DEGNON TERMINAL

IN LONG ISLAND CITY via New Dual Subway System—Queensboro Bridge

ROOSEVELT 'AT HOME' IN POLITICS TODAY

Up-Staters at the Progressive Headquarters Will Urge Him to Run.

ROBINSON HOPES HE WILL

Eastman of Kodak Fame Will Bring Democrats and Republicans from Rochester to Coax.

Col. Roosevelt's first "at home" at the headquarters of the Progressive National Committee in the Forty-second Street Building today promises to be lively and eventful. The Progressive leaders, who have not by any means abandoned hope that Col. Roosevelt will run for Governor, either on the Progressive ticket or as a Fusion candidate, will take advantage of the Colonel's first appearance at headquarters to bring strong pressure to bear on him.

The suggestion that an alliance might be brought about between the Progressives and the independent Democrats who are opposed to the continued sway of Tammany in the State organization is laughed at by many politicians. The Republicans scoff at any combination of such incongruous forces in politics. The leaders in the Democratic organization who would have most to fear from an alliance between the Bull Moose and the insurgents in their own ranks are openly declaring that the Colonel's Pittsburgh speech in which he attacked President Wilson's policies would place such an alliance out of the question because the anti-Tammany Democrats in this State are Wilson Democrats, too.

When the Colonel appears at headquarters today there will be on hand to meet him Progressive leaders from all parts of the State and not a few independent Democrats and Republicans who are anxious to have the Colonel run for Governor and eager to give him their support. Horace S. Wilkinson, member of the Progressive State Committee from Onondaga County and prominent in the affairs of the Crucible Steel Company of America, will come down from Syracuse today at the head of a delegation about equally divided between prominent men who voted for Taft and prominent men who voted for Wilson in 1912, but who will pledge their support to the Colonel if he should be a candidate for Governor this Fall.

George Eastman of Rochester, head of the big camera concern that bears his name, will head another delegation of independent Democrats and Republicans from Monroe County which will call on the Colonel with a similar mission. Mr. Eastman has not been prominently identified with the Progressive movement recently. Of late the Wilson Administration has begun litigation against the so-called "Kodak Trust," with which Mr. Eastman is identified. In Monroe County the Republican machine, under the leadership of George W. Aldridge, is said to be wavering in its allegiance to the present leadership in the Republican State organization and prepared to oppose the present programme to nominate District Attorney Whitman for Governor.

Col. Roosevelt is still unwilling to become a candidate, according to Theodore Douglas Robinson. It is not the campaign, it is not the prospect of possible defeat, but fear on the Colonel's part that he may be compelled to occupy the Governor's chair at Albany for two long years which is responsible for the Colonel's unwillingness, according to Mr. Robinson.

"I don't think the Colonel has settled the matter in his own mind," said Mr. Robinson, when asked whether he thought there was any chance of the Colonel running for Governor. "I am just as strongly in favor of his running as I can be. I hope the Colonel will see his way clear to accept our nomination. I, for one, shall strongly urge him to do so when I see him tomorrow."

In the meantime, it is known that the Colonel has urged the Progressive leaders to look about for another candidate to head the Bull Moose ticket. Ex-Senator Frederick M. Davenport of Oneida County is one of the men spoken of. Bainbridge Colby and William H. Hotchkiss are others. Mr. Davenport will be at Progressive headquarters today, in response to a summons from Col. Roosevelt. He was candidate for Lieutenant Governor on the Progressive ticket in 1912.

ROOSEVELT COMING TO LISTEN.

Many Progressives Will Ask Him Just What to Do in State.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 7.—Col. Roosevelt received word today that Progressive Party leaders from many sections of the State were hurrying to New York to confer with him on the State situation when he goes to national headquarters in the Forty-second Street Building tomorrow. Many of the leaders, he has been told, feel that things have come to the point where some definite stand should be taken. It is said there has been dissatisfaction in some quarters over the agitation about amalgamation with the Republicans and fusion with independent voters of both the Democratic and Republican parties. The Progressives, it is said, want to know exactly where they stand and what is to be done.

The situation, so far as the Colonel is concerned, is a difficult and delicate one. It is understood he would like to see a fusion-anti-boss movement started in the State above all things, and would prefer not to commit himself until he has further opportunity to see how the situation is shaping itself. Therefore, it is believed, he will give no definite answer tomorrow as to his own candidacy, but will endeavor to satisfy the leaders by listening to what they have to say and promising his answer upon the various questions which have come up to complicate matters.

Among those who have sent word that they will be on hand to meet the Colonel are George W. Perkins, Theodore Douglas Robinson, Francis W. Bird, Chauncey J. Hamlin, ex-Senator Frederick M. Davenport, and Horace S. Wilkinson.

It is probable that the question of Mr. Wilkinson's succeeding Mr. Robinson as State Chairman will come up at tomorow's conference. Mr. Robinson has expressed a desire to get out and it is known that Mr. Wilkinson has been asked by many Progressives to take the place. He says he would keep away from the office unless Col. Roosevelt decided to run as the candidate of the party for Governor. Mr. Robinson, who is a nephew of Col. Roosevelt, has said that he would under no consideration remain as State Chairman if the Colonel was the candidate.

An interview published today quoting Mayor Mitchel as saying that he favored fusion if a good, clean, capable man could be found to head the ticket, has added interest to the situation. When it was called to the attention of Col. Roosevelt he put it aside by saying that he did not want to discuss politics. In connection with the recent visit of Mayor Mitchel at Sagamore Hill it is considered highly significant here.

The Congressional situation will be taken up today, as the Colonel is much interested in that phase of the coming election. He is anxious to elect a sufficient number of Congressmen to hold the balance of power in the House, realizing the importance such strength would be to his prospects in 1916. Admittedly one of the big things which the Colonel is fighting for is to keep the Republicans from rebuilding their party.

Col. Roosevelt spent the day quietly at Sagamore Hill. He will motor to New York with his son Archie early tomorrow morning.

WHITMAN STRONGER SCHNEIDER'S OPINION

County Clerk Tells Why He Disagrees with Some Other Democrats.

WHY NOMINATE ROOSEVELT?

Colonel's Election as Governor Would Make Him Formidable Rival to Wilson.

County Clerk William F. Schneider said yesterday that there appeared to be an impression that he was personally interested in procuring the nomination of District Attorney Whitman for Governor.

"I have no personal interest in the matter whatever," said Mr. Schneider, "unless my wish to see some man nominated strong enough to beat the Tammany candidate can be described as personal. At the luncheon in the rooms of the Down Town Association last week I spoke strongly for Mr. Whitman, as THE TIMES accurately reported, and I explained that my desire to beat Tammany was responsible for my attitude."

Concerning the published statement that Deputy County Clerk William B. Selden had conceived the idea of going around the State in order to learn the feeling among independent Democrats, Mr. Schneider said:

"No such idea has been conceived by Mr. Selden or by any one else having anything to say in the matter. I know what the sentiment of the independent Democrats is. It is unanimous that Tammany must be defeated. If the Mayor or any of his friends, or the friends of President Wilson, can find a Democrat strong enough to appeal as strongly to the independent vote throughout the State as Mr. Whitman, I should be glad to join with them in putting such a man in the field."

"Isn't it a fact that the friends of the President in this city are anxious to have Col. Roosevelt nominated?"

"They seem to be. And that is one of the things that I find it difficult to understand. Col. Roosevelt is not trying to get the nomination for Governor, so far as I know, but he is surely playing to be the candidate for President in 1916. If he should be nominated for Governor and elected, no power on earth could prevent him from getting the nomination for President. In that event he would be an formidable opponent to President Wilson, who may again be the Democratic candidate. And that is the reason I cannot understand why some prominent Democrats who are posing as the friends of the national Administration are expressing sentiments favorable to the Colonel."

Mr. Schneider said that if the good word he spoke for Mr. Whitman had embarrassed any of the influential Democrats who are seeking the overthrow of Tammany, he was sorry for it. He said the attack made upon President Wilson by Col. Roosevelt ought to make it plain that any attempt to force the Colonel into the field would give comfort and aid to the Tammany machine by scattering the independent Democratic forces.

"All personal feelings and ambitions should be put aside," said Mr. Schneider, "and every voter interested in good government should use all his power to see that a man receives the anti-Tammany nomination for Governor who can win, and not one who will only use the nomination for the gratifying of some personal ambition. The time for unselfish, patriotic action on the part of all good citizens is always here, and so no opportunity should ever be neglected to serve the people and to drive out the men who look upon public office as the means for the satisfying of personal or party ambitions."

WADSWORTH OUT FOR SENATE.

Ex-Speaker Wires He Will Be a Candidate for Root's Seat.

James W. Wadsworth, Jr., former Speaker of the Assembly and Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor two years ago, made it known yesterday that he would enter the Republican primaries as candidate for the nomination for United States Senator to succeed Elihu Root. The announcement came in a telegram from Mr. Wadsworth to William A. Brodie, Chairman of the Republican County Committee of Livingston County, where Mr. Wadsworth resides. The telegram was sent by Mr. Wadsworth from Clarendon, Texas, where he owns a large ranch, to Geneseo, N. Y., where Mr. Brodie lives, and was later transmitted by the latter to this city.

Here is the message from Mr. Wadsworth, which came in answer to a telegram sent by Mr. Brodie after a meeting last Saturday night, at which a number of Mr. Wadsworth's Republican neighbors in Livingston County, adopted a resolution urging him to become a candidate:

Clarendon, Texas, July 7, 1914.

William A. Brodie, Chairman, Geneseo, N. Y.:

Your telegram of the 5th received. Senator Root's retirement is a matter of genuine regret to all who prize the prestige of New York and the dignity of the United States Senate. I had earnestly hoped for a different decision on his part. The action taken by my neighbors in the meeting at Geneseo indicates a degree of friendship which I deeply appreciate and implies a compliment which I am not conscious of deserving. I accept their generous offer of support and shall be a candidate in the direct primaries for the Republican nomination for United States Senator. Within a short time I shall terminate some important business matters here and return to take an active part in the campaign.

JAMES W. WADSWORTH, Jr.

Mr. Wadsworth will have as rivals Congressman William M. Calder of Brooklyn and ex-Senator Harvey D. Hinman of Binghamton, unless Mr. Hinman runs for Lieutenant Governor.

LIKELY TO OPPOSE MORRIS.

Some Senators Suspicious of Nominee's Beef Trust Connections.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—There were indications today that the nomination of Ira Nelson Morris for Minister of Sweden would be opposed. The nomination was sent to the Senate by President Wilson yesterday. Mr. Morris is a son of the late Nelson Morris, the Chicago packer, and the opposition will be based on his alleged association with the Beef Trust.

Allegations affecting Mr. Morris in connection with the Government's prosecution of the Beef Trust were investigated by the Administration before the selection of Mr. Morris for the Swedish post was made, and Secretary Bryan is understood to have been convinced that they were baseless. The inquiry disclosed that Mr. Morris was a Director in a holding company of the beef packing combination, but did not take any part in the business affairs of the concern. When the prosecution was begun Mr. Morris sent a representative to the prosecuting authority to explain that he had resigned his directorship as soon as any question was raised as to the legality of the directorate's operations. His name was included among those indicted, however, but the indictment was subsequently quashed.

Mr. Morris inherited a large portion of his father's wealth and is reputed to have invested it in concerns other than the packing companies. He has never been active in business, it is said, but has devoted himself to literary and critical pursuits and has spent much of his time abroad.

MAY USE PONTOONS FOR THE AMERICA

Council of Aviation Experts Favors Change if Planing Board Tests Fail Today.

PORTE REFUSES LIFE BELTS

Says if Transatlantic Flyer Sinks at Sea He'll Go Down with It —New Compasses Received.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMMONDSPORT, N. Y., July 7.—Both trials of the America today were disappointing. The new hydroplaning boards did not have the necessary power to lift the air boat swiftly from the surface of the water, and a conference of aviation experts was held tonight on the advisability of substituting the Langley pontoons.

At the meeting were Lieut. Porte, Glenn H. Curtiss, George Hallett, Dr. A. F. Zahm of the Smithsonian Institution, Lieut. John H. Towers, instructor at the Navy School of Aviation; Capt. Osborne, and Dr. C. M. Olmsted of Buffalo, inventor of the America's propellers. It was decided that because of the pressure of time on Lieut. Porte the Langley pontoons should be placed on the America unless successful hydroplaning surfaces were developed during the next few trials.

Therefore, unless the experiments tomorrow show a great deal of improvement the pontoons will be used and, according to present plans, Lieut. Porte will leave Hammondsport at once in order to catch the steamer from New York for St. Johns on July 11.

The pontoons weigh ninety pounds apiece, and besides adding so much to the great load which the America will have to carry they would materially increase the head resistance. For these reasons Mr. Curtiss does not want to use them if he can avoid it, although they have proved themselves able to sustain the America's transatlantic load. Mr. Curtiss insists that it is merely a matter determining the necessary size, position, and angle of the hydroplane surfaces.

Lieut. Porte this morning flew the America for a few hundred yards with a load of 1,400 pounds. He made a number of attempts to plane, but without satisfactory results. Because the tail of the airboat's long body had dragged and interfered with some of the attempts to plane, a larger tail fin was added. The afternoon trial was made when the water on Lake Keuka was somewhat choppy under a fifteen-mile breeze. After a trial in which the America cruised most of the time as a motorboat and did not fly at all, Lieut. Porte returned to land, saying the water was too rough for planing with the present hydroplane boards.

Tonight workmen were busy fitting two fins fourteen inches wide and three feet long under the hydroplane boards. These fins are expected to enable the America to remain on the surface after rising, but recent trials it has been dropping back into the water after beginning to plane.

Lieut. Samuel P. Edwards, a retired revenue marine officer, offered today to supply Lieut. Porte and George Hallett with life preservers. "No," said Lieut. Porte, "I'll go down if the ship does. What steamer would see two men in midocean? They might see the America, but if it went down our chances would be gone.

Capt. Creigh Osborne, Superintendent of compasses of the British Admiralty, arrived here today with Sumner Hollander and Frederick Kruger, a brother-in-law of Rodman Wanamaker. Capt. Osborne brought with him the special compasses of the America which were released yesterday after being held up by the customs officials in New York. The power of the compasses to resist vibration was put to a severe test today when Capt. Osborne and George Hallett, assistant pilot of the America, placed them in a small motor boat and made a trip over Lake Keuka.

RABBIS DISCUSS MARRIAGE.

Committee Will Seek Harmony Between Mosaic and Civil Law.

DETROIT, July 7.—The Central Conference of American Rabbis at the closing session here today authorized the appointment of a committee which will endeavor to harmonize the civil law of the States with the Mosaic law relating to marriage and divorce.

It was also decided by the conference that the bodies of Christians could be buried in Jewish cemeteries if there was no sectarian service at the grave and no Christian symbols were placed on the monument or gravestone.

Vaderland Comes, Vaterland Goes.

The Red Star liner Vaderland arrived yesterday from Antwerp and waited until the outgoing Vaterland of the Hamburg-American Line got clear of the Hudson River before starting from Quarantine for her pier. Among her cabin passengers was Prof. Herbert Houghton of Amherst College, who was in Rome during the recent strike. He said streets were deserted and stores closed, with windows barred. Heinrich Ringle, 17 years old, on his way to an uncle at 237 Grey Street, Buffalo, was on the Vaderland. He was sent to Ellis Island because he was without funds.

DREXEL GOVERNESS SUES.

Demands $50,000 for Alleged Injuries in Automobile Accident.

Miss Alice Gordon Drexel, daughter of John R. Drexel, has been made a defendant in a suit brought against her by Marie Louise Laglenne, her former governess. Mme. Laglenne asks $50,000 damages for injuries she received when she was thrown from Miss Drexel's automobile in Newport two years ago.

Justice Greenbaum consented yesterday to have the summons served upon Miss Drexel by publication, when it was pointed out to him that the Drexel family has been traveling abroad since October, 1912.

The automobile accident in which the governess was injured occurred on Aug. 2, 1912. Miss Drexel was driving the machine along Bellevue Avenue in Newport. Her governess was sitting beside her, and George Koschny, the chauffeur, was standing on the running board. A delivery wagon came along, and Miss Drexel ran her machine into a hedge, after colliding with the delivery wagon.

Miss Drexel was uninjured, but her governess was bruised and, according to her complaint, spent eight months in a sanitarium. The chauffeur was believed at the time to be crippled for life. Following this accident, which the Drexel family always maintained was unavoidable, a series of damage suits began. The governess sued for $10,000, later changing the amount of damages to $50,000; the chauffeur sued for $10,000, the chauffeur's father sued for $2,000 for the loss of his son's services, and the owner of the delivery wagon sued for $1,000 for the damage to the wagon.

Two months after the accident the Drexel family sailed for Europe to be gone for several years. When last heard from they were traveling in India. A process server submitted an affidavit that it was impossible to serve a summons upon Miss Drexel except by publication. Newton Adams, attorney for Miss Drexel, and Floyd K. Diefendorf, attorney for Mme. Laglenne, once considered a settlement of the case. At Miss Drexel's request her own physician examined the governess, but no settlement was made.

MRS. ANGLE IS HOPEFUL.

Believes the Coroner Will Exonerate Her of All Blame.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., July 7.—Mrs. Helen M. Angle expects Coroner Phelan to exonerate her when he resumes the inquest into the death of Waldo R. Ballou. She expressed this belief to Mrs. Seraphina Klahre, the police matron, today.

"I hope the Coroner will finish his inquest soon," said Mrs. Angle. "I want my exoneration to be complete, and I expect to be able to leave here when he winds it up."

Mrs. Angle said that next to her father she regarded Mr. Ballou as the best friend she had. She denied emphatically that there was any other person in her apartment on the night of Mr. Ballou's death. She also insisted that Ballou had no cause to be jealous.

Mrs. Angle has not been removed to the county jail yet, and Chief Brennan, before he left here this afternoon to attend the State Convention of the Police Association, said that if her friends and relatives continued to observe the regulations as they had since yesterday he might not insist on her removal from the police station.

Mrs. Angle is now confined in the steel-barred cage and cellroom at all times, except during her two daily intervews with her father. Chief Brennan granted her request to be allowed to see her father in the dormitory.

"I can't bear to have him see me behind bars," she said.

FALSE STATEMENT CHARGED

Realty and Commercial Company Treasurer and Two Others Arrested.

On an order signed by Supreme Court Justice Giegerich, three men were arrested yesterday charged with being implicated in the filing with the State Controller of a false statement in regard to the Realty and Commercial Company of 30 Church Street. Salomon M. Schatzkin, Treasurer of the concern, was charged with having made the statement, and Joseph H. Rudiger and Otto H. Albanesius were charged with complicity. Because of the statement certain investors were led to exchange their stock in the Phoenix Realty Company for stock in the Realty and Commercial Company, it is charged, and the investors say they were thus defrauded out of their original investment.

It was said at the Sheriff's office yesterday that the assessed valuation of New York properties supposed to be owned by the Realty and Commercial Company was $1,655,600 and that the properties are mortgaged for $1,671,900.

No Reflection on Receiver Ross.

In the matter of a report made by Louis Ross, receiver in an action begun by Minna G. Goddard against the Marvel Baking Company, Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum reduced the charges of Thomas J. Bannon, a lawyer, from $100 to $35 and fixed the commission at 5 per cent. The justice also referred to the common practice of receivers who themselves are attorneys at law to engage other attorneys where no occasion exists for such employment." He added that "these observations are not intended as a reflection upon the receiver (Mr. Ross) in this case." The remarks were meant to apply to all receivers given to the practice complained of.

LITIGATION REVEALS PROFITS IN CURIOS

Partner Says Voron Raised Purchase Prices from 30 to 1,000 Per Cent.

HAWTHORN VASE AT $15,000

Chait Alleges Customs Records Show It Cost Less Than $1,000—Firm's $100,000 Stock Tied Up.

Actions and counter-actions in the Supreme Court in which Isaac Voron and Sabbaita Chait, former partners in business at 418 Madison Avenue, figure have revealed much of the adventure and profit to be derived by dealing in Chinese porcelains, bric-a-brac, and antiques. Chait's suit against Voron is now before Henry S. Hooker, as referee. Voron's suit against Chait is to be tried shortly. In addition, Voron is defending an action brought by L. Moore & Co. of London.

Voron has been around the world and back again in pursuit of the lares and penates of various nations, particularly of the Chinese. When living on the other side of the globe in 1907 he spelled his name backward. At that time Voron, or Norov as he was then known, was connected with the curio firm of L. Moore & Co. of London and Shanghai, and went to Japan in their interests with a consignment of goods.

Voron asserts in answer to the suit of L. Moore & Co. that he acted in the capacity of a partner on this expedition, but the firm accuses him of holding two sales, one in Yokohama in June, 1907, and one in Hongkong in November, and says he then disappeared with 12,000 tales, or some $6,000 of the proceeds. Voron claims that as a partner he had a right to take the goods, and that the firm still owes him money as a share of the profits in Shanghai.

Voron was raced to India, the London firm says, but there they lost track of him, and they did not hear of him again until he got into legal difficulties with his partner on Madison Avenue. Their partnership was established in 1911, and in the Fall of 1912 they incorporated with Voron as an officer and Director and holder of half the stock. Last year Chait began suit against him.

Voron purchased large quantities of porcelains, ivories, and antiques of various kinds, and, Chait says in his complaint that he collected prices far in excess of what he paid for many of these articles. Chait alleges that Voron systematically defrauded the corporation by inflating the purchase prices from 30 to 1,000 per cent. This case is now pending before Henry S. Hooker, referee. A motion is also pending before Justice Weeks to punish Voron for failing to show where he bought the goods and what he paid for them. The plaintiffs are represented by Cass & Apfel.

A Custom House receipt was introduced in evidence which showed that Voron purchased some Chinese lanterns from a London dealer for £12 and entered them for sale at $1,000. A certain black hawthorn vase also figures in the testimony. It was sold to a wealthy collector for $15,000. Reference to the Custom House records showed that it cost Voron only a few hundred dollars, according to the testimony.

Voron is represented by Louis T. Grossfield, who says that false accusations are being made against the dealer because he is suing Chait for $20,000, which, it is alleged, Chait obtained from customers and failed to account for. The firm's goods to the value of $100,000 are in storage, awaiting the outcome of the involved litigation.

RUBBER BOOTS SAVE LIFE.

Wore Them as Gloves and Rescued Shocked Boy from Current.

A group of boys hunting birds' nests yesterday afternoon in the Bronx picked out a large pole at Webster Avenue and 204th Street carrying electric current wires as a likely place to find some. Twelve-year-old Oranzo Gustino, Jr., of 409 East 204th Street, started up the pole. His companions shouted to him to be careful of the wires, and just as he was saying there was no danger he placed one hand into an aperture on the pole and got a shock that made him scream. He grasped with the other hand at what he thought was supporting wodwork and found he had that hand in a current centre. Linemen said afterwards that 3,200 volts were passing through his body.

The boy's companions ran screaming to his father in his shop near by. The father rushed up a pair of rubber boots and John Sheehan, a blacksmith near by, grabbed them and, putting his hands in them, climbed the pole to where the boy hung helpless. He brought the unconscious boy to the street. Dr. Palzman of Fordham Hospital treated him and took him to his home, where he is ill from the shock and burns on his hands and chin.

LEAVES OUT MISS McGILL.

Wife's Divorce Suit Naming Her Co-respondent Withdrawn.

Mrs. Mary Mayer of Jersey City yesterday withdrew the cross suit for divorce she had filed against her husband, Walter Mayer, in the Hudson County Court of Chancery. This ends the connection with the case of Miss Eleanor McGill, who had been named as co-respondent in Mrs. Mayer's suit, and against whom Mrs. Mayer, on June 29, obtained a verdict of $6,500 in a $50,000 suit for alienation of her husband's affections. It is reported that the withdrawal of the suit was due to a settlement out of court, by which Miss McGill paid Mrs. Mayer $2,000, in addition to the $6,500, on condition that her name be removed from the case.

Several months ago Mrs. Mayer filed her alienation suit, and immediately afterward Mayer sued for divorce, naming as co-respondent Otto Dickow, a boarder at the home of his mother, Mrs. Louise Mayer, at 107 Charles Street, Jersey City. Mrs. Mayer then filed her cross suit. Miss McGill, who divorced Dr. William Carr, U. S. A., in 1911, inherited over $500,000 from her father, the late Dr. John D. McGill. She is a niece of the late Chancellor Alexander McGill. While the jury brought in a verdict for Mrs. Mayer in the alienation suit, it found Miss McGill not guilty of misconduct.

The hearing of Mayer's suit for divorce was resumed yesterday. It was expected that the cross suit would be continued, but when the case came up Peter Bentley, counsel for Mrs. Mayer, asked on behalf of his client to withdraw the cross bill, giving as his reason the acquittal of Miss McGill on the second charge of his client's suit. Vice Chancellor Lewis assented.

Stanley Mayer, the plaintiff's brother, was the only witness heard today for Mayer, who then closed his case. He testified that on an evening last August he had seen Dickow kiss Mrs. Mayer in his mother's parlor. On cross-examination he admitted that several persons were in the room at the time the kiss was said to have been given and taken, and otherwise he became quite tangled up.

Mrs. Mayer was put on the stand in her own defense, and said that none of these charges had been made till after she had filed her own suit for divorce. Mrs. Louise Mayer, mother of the plaintiff, was helped into the courtroom on the arms of her two sons, Stanley and Leon, who had testified in their brother's interests. Mrs. Mayer herself, however, defended her daughter-in-law warmly. Several other witnesses were called for the defense. The case will be continued today.

GET NEW MURDER CLUES.

Police to Question Prisoner in Hamilton County Jail.

SCHENECTADY, July 7.—In an attempt to solve the Mohawk River murder mystery the police are following many clues. A theory is advanced that the person who threw the dismembered body of the woman victim into the river owned an Airedale dog. The hairs of an Airedale were found on the handkerchief which was knotted about the head of the woman victim of the murder.

A man who was arrested in Hamilton County on June 22 may know something about the murder, the police were informed today. The Hamilton County officials informed the police here that the prisoner answered the description of the man who hired a boat at a Mohawk River landing about the time it is thought the murder was committed. The police will question this prisoner.

The police today received from Thomas H. Kane of 105 Waverly Street, New York, a letter informing them that he thought the victim might be his wife, as she had been absent from home since early in June.

Inquiries made last night showed that there was no Thomas H. Kane living at the above address.

CARETAKER OUSTS POLICE.

Slams Gate of Butler's House on Inquisitive Patrolman.

Policeman McGovern of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, while on duty in Seventy-second Street between West End Avenue and Broadway at 10 o'clock last night, saw a light in the basement of 230, the home of James Butler, the grocer and sportsman. The house is closed for the Summer and suspecting thieves were at work McGovern went to the basement and rang the bell. After a short delay the policeman was greeted by a woman who seemed very angry at the summons McGovern asked who she was.

"None of your business," she said as she slammed the gate in his face.

He called up the precinct and Detective McCormack was sent to the house where he joined McGovern and two police men. The appearance of the four representatives of the law made quite a stir in the neighborhood. In the meantime the woman had telephoned the police station and given her version of being bothered at that hour. She informed the desk Lieutenant she was the caretaker of the house, and this Detective McCormack verified.

Gallinger Files for Renomination.

CONCORD, N. H., July 7.—United States Senator Jacob H. Gallinger, Republican, filed a declaration of his candidacy for renomination with the Secretary of State today. Other declarations included that of Rufus N. Elwell of Exeter for the Republican nomination for Congress in the First District.

SAYS WOMAN PAID BAILEY MURDERER

Continued from Page 1.

rumor was current concerning a man named Joe Anderson, and was asked if she knew any man of that name.

"No, I do not know any one of that name," she replied.

"Did you meet any one at all in New York on Tuesday when you went there?" she was asked.

"A Lie," Says Mrs. Carman.

"It is a horrible lie!" she exclaimed.

"What is?"

"Anything implying that I met some man," cried Mrs. Carman in an emphatic tone. "It is a most villainous outrage and lie, and I think it is terrible!"

It was explained to her that the question had been addressed to her because she had protested to the reporter against the publication in sensational afternoon papers of false rumors without investigation, which, she said, wrought her incalculable distress and harm that never, despite any belated retraction or correction, could be undone.

"Did you ever meet a man named Anderson at the dictograph company's office?" the reporter asked.

"No. I met no one there except the persons I mentioned in my testimony at the inquest," she replied. "This is the first time I ever heard of the name."

"Did you meet any one in New York at all on Tuesday?"

"No one. I was with my mother and little girl every minute of the time I was away from home. Please," she pleaded in an earnest tone, "make this emphatic: "I never met any man or men. I am not that kind of woman. It is enough to bear this horrible calamity that has burst around us without such fabrications so false and so terrible."

Mrs. Carman was asked also about a report published today that as long ago as 1904 she had manifested a jealous suspicion toward her husband by boring a hole in the floor of her bedroom just above his office and listening to conversations carried on there.

"That, too, is a dreadful lie," she replied. "It is wholly a fabrication. This is the only thing that ever happened." She was referring to the scene she had testified to at the inquest, wherein she slapped the face of a nurse she found in the doctor's office. "Why cannot they stop these terrible falsehoods? We have troubles enough."

Burns Calls Report False.

Her mother'c condition, Mrs. Carman said, was slighly improved. The aged woman is suffering from a heart attack. Mrs. Carman said her sister, Mrs. Powell, was at work in the office of the First National Bank all day, but that she, too, as well as all members of the household was suffering under the terrible strain of "this dreadful affair."

William J. Burns, the detective who has been called in by District Attorney Smith to handle the Bailey murder case, was seen at his office in New York today, before the District Attorney had admitted here that the "hired gunman" story was being investigated. Mr. Burns said the story had absolutely no basis in fact.

"There is nothing to the story at all," he added. "It is just another unfounded rumor that gets nowhere."

Mr. Burns also denied that he had been called into the case because of the Joe Anderson clue.

"I have been in the case for some time," he said. "District Attorney Smith engaged my firm to solve the mystery of Mrs. Bailey's death, and he made no suggestions as to particular clues or lines we should follow. As a matter of fact, there is no mystery to the case. I expect to make my report to Mr. Smith within a short time, and with it to clear up the case completely."

Gaston Boissonault of the General Acoustic Company said that no one connected with his firm had introduced Joe Anderson, or any one else, to Mrs. Carman.

"None of the officers of our company did so," he said, "and I am sure that the only workman we sent to Dr. Carman's house, a man named Burnell, did not do so. Mrs. Carman was in New Jersey the whole time he was employed in the house."

Negro's Evidence Recalled.

The story of the gunman hired by a woman to do the murder may have been invented to agree with the story of Charles Adams that he saw a man jump over the fence between the Carman and Black homes and escape by way of the Merrick Road, going toward Baldwin. At Baldwin, the Sheriff learned today, a man had been seen running toward the station, and had been heard to inquire the time of the next train leaving for New York.

District Attorney Smith, in announcing that the Bailey murder case would be taken up by the Grand Jury as its first work on Thursday morning, said that several witnesses had been subpoenaed. These included Drs. Runcie, Grimer, and Phipps, who performed the autopsy on the body of Mrs. Bailey, and who will establish the facts of the actual slaying and the condition of the body. There will be called also Miss Hazel Combs, the stenographer who was in the waiting room of the doctor when Mrs. Bailey first entered there, and Mrs. Elizabeth Variance, the nurse Mrs. Carman slapped.

The District Attorney explained that he would bring up his evidence before the Grand Jury in piecemeal sequence, "just as in a trial." He asked whether there was any single thing found by him up to date which might indicate actual legal evidence of murder. Mr. Smith explained at some length the difficulties of establishing legal evidence, the need of physical evidence, establishment of motive, premeditation, and the like.

Asked whether it was not true that the only motive shown so far pointed in one direction, to a jealous woman, he replied:

"Yes, but what is the good of a motive? We have no physical evidence—no weapon, no knowledge of where a weapon was purchased, nor by whom, nor when."

Mr. Smith, despite the current rumors here of a split between him and Sheriff Pettit on the one hand and Coroner Norton on the other, said he would conduct the questioning of witnesses at the inquest which is to be resumed tomorrow morning. He seemed to consider that the investigation of the case before the Grand Jury was of more importance than the inquest.

At the inquest there will be called Boissonault, from whom Mrs. Carman bought the dictograph for her husband's office, and Francis Calvin Burnell, the operative who installed it. Several witnesses from Brooklyn also are to be called, but their names could not be learned tonight. Mrs. Variance also may be called. It is known that she has been subpoenaed before the Grand Jury. She attended a conference with Dr. Carman and his lawyer, George M. Levy, in the latter's office this afternoon. Mrs. Variance is 48 or 50 years old apparently. She is thin and has brown hair, a dark complexion, and a worn look.

Mrs. Variance Reticent.

"I have a pretty good reason for refusing to talk," she said to a reporter. "I cannot tell you why now."

Asked whether it was because she feared she might involve herself, she said she did not fear that.

"Or because it might involve any one in the Carman family?" she was asked.

"I won't answer that," she replied first. Then she added: "I don't know the family."

She admitted that Mrs. Carman had slapped her, but said she had never heard anything from Mrs. Carman before to indicate that she was disliked by her. Asked how she accounted for Mrs. Carman's violence in that incident, she answered blankly:

"You've got me."

All day today strangers in town, believed to be detectives, wandered about looking and listening. There were even two who turned reporters, until the reporters talked to them and gave them their walking papers. Two surveyors from Mineola were busy all day in the Carman grounds and house, taking measurements of the scene of the shooting and its surroundings for the Grand Jury hearing.

Detective Burns himself was not in Freeport today, but is expected to return here tomorrow. He called up THE TIMES tonight to deny a published report of what purported to have been his actions at the Carman home last night.

That report, given out also by George M. Levy, lawyer for the Carmans, had it that Mr. Burns, on calling at the Carman house, "acted in a bullying and bellowing fashion," that he shook his finger in the face of Mrs. Carman, before he was introduced to her, shouting that he was "going to find the person who did this thing."

"That story is a tissue of the most outrageous falsehoods," said Mr. Burns. "It is a lie from beginning to end. It is equally false that Dr. Carman threatened to throw me out of the house, or that I returned the movements of the murder in such particulars as to thrust a revolver through the office window and go through the motions of a mock murder again."

Report from Philadelphia.

At Philadelphia, John Howe, formerly of Freeport, admitted that it was he who yesterday called up David Kennedy here and told of a threat against Dr. Carman made by a woman who had been his (Howe's) companion in a boat ride in the Summer of 1912. Mr. Kennedy said he had heard from Mr. Howe to this effect, but said he did not remember the woman's name.

A Freeport woman, who said she was out on a boat trip with Mr. Howe, recalled that she had expressed animus against Dr. Carman. She explained that she looked upon him as responsible for financial and political reverses of her husband, and that she might have "said something rash" at the time.

"But I don't think I used words as strong as 'I will murder him if it takes all my life,'" she said.

It had been gossip here that the woman in question felt herself and her husband injured as a result of Dr. Carman's political influence, and that Dr. Carman once threatened to "drive her husband out of town."

The local authorities were not inclined to regard the woman's "rash words" at all seriously.

A woman in black was conveyed by Sheriff Pettit in his automobile from Hempstead to Freeport tonight. A little later he announced that he had a woman who professed to have seen the person who shot Mrs. Bailey and to have seen the shooting. When the reporters arrived they found the Sheriff seated as Judge with the woman before him. She had come out on the 10 o'clock train, after telephoning Mr. Pettit that she would meet him at the Hempstead station. She wore a black fur coat, a white straw hat, and black ribbons. She said she was Mrs. Archie Barbour of Greensborough, N. C., now living at 347 West Fourteenth Street, New York City.

"My occupation is that of an independent woman," she said. "Yes, Sir, my husband supports me. He is R. G. Barbour of Vicksburg, Va., and my name is Grace Elliott Barbour."

The woman said that on Tuesday night she happened to pass through Freeport and stop here, for a good reason, and that she stopped in front of Dr. Carman's office. She said she saw a woman fire the shot that killed Mrs. Bailey, and that she could prove it. Thereupon she showed a mark near her left forehead, which she said had been made by the woman's revolver. She said she could identify the woman.

Archie Wallace, a former Judge of this place, happened to be in the station at the time. Sheriff Pettit pointed to him and asked if she knew who he was.

"Yes," she said. "You're Dr. Carman. And I saw your wife shoot Mrs. Bailey. You'll suffer for it. That was your wife who shot Mrs. Bailey and hit me with her revolver. You were talking to Mrs. Bailey."

Judge Wallace denied the charge, and the Sheriff ordered that the woman be locked up for investigation as to her mental condition.

The woman was taken away insisting that she was "the mysterious woman in white," and that "she could absolutely identify the murderess."

There was a rumor that a Mrs. Schofield could tell about a dance at which Mrs. Carman and Mrs. Bailey had had an altercation. An effort was made to run this down, but no one of the name Schofield could be found. Miss Suzanne Field of Roosevelt, who had formerly conducted a tango club at the Freeport Club here, said Dr. and Mrs. Carman had been members of the tango club, but she could remember nothing of Mrs. Bailey being a member, and did not believe Mrs. Bailey was ever a member.

The local authorities did not attach much importance to the story told by Dr. Carman on Sunday night of an alleged attack on the road, wherein three shots were fired at him in his automobile by a left-handed man on a bicycle. An investigation of the story led to frequent changes in its aspect. Dr. Carman himself, when asked about it, said:

"Maybe it is true that no attempt was made on my life. But the shots were fired."

The actor, Gaden, who accompanied him at the time and who said he had also seen the shooting, applied for permission to carry a revolver today. The permit was not granted.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 7.—J. L. Ghent, Chief of Detectives, said tonight that he had not been asked by the police to find Joe Anderson, and that Anderson was not known to the police here.

LIVED HERE WITH HUSBAND.

Mrs. Barbour Has Room in West Fourteenth Street.

The address at 347 West Fourteenth Street mentioned by Mrs. Barbour, who was detained at Freeport in the Bailey murder mystery for observation, is a rooming house kept by a Mrs. Louise Willis. Early this morning Mrs. Willis said that at 5 o'clock yesterday Mr. and Mrs. Rufus G. Barbour appeared there, saying the place had been recommended to them, and engaging a room on the second

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In dainty glass jars.....45c—25c

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Fine quality soft lambs' wool powder puff in a heavy white kid case, which contains reducing mirror and folds to fit purse. Price..... 25c

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A large assortment of dainty rubber-lined traveling cases with separate compartments for all the needed toilet articles. Variety of colors. Of cretonne, 59c. Of silk, in all popular shades, 98c. up.

Delicious, refreshing Root Beer easily made at home with

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LACK MONEY FOR PHONE APPRAISAL

$100,000 Given to Utilities Board Will Not Even Pay for Examining the Books.

THE COMPANY MAY AID

Public Service Commission May Use Its Fund to Check Appraisal Made by Telephone Experts.

Notwithstanding the decision of the Public Service Commission of the Second District to limit its valuation of the telephones to those of this city, the committee of experts appointed by the New York Telephone Company, with F. B. H. Paine as Chairman, is going on with its own programme in appraising the property of the company throughout the State. This is an investigation entirely separate from that undertaken by the commission, but its results will be at the service of the commission, and the company, it is said, is glad to cooperate with William McClellan, the commission's engineer.

The commission has had put at its disposal for the purposes of this investigation only $100,000, and it has been informed by more than one firm of public accountants that it would be quite impossible with such a sum to make an examination of the books of the New York Telephone Company alone, without going into the physical appraisal of its property. In the City of New York there are 24,881,981 units to be valued, differing from a parcel of real estate to a telephone receiver or a mile of wire, and even when these have been appraised there will still remain the apportionment of their cost to the local and the long-distance service, and a consideration of all the intangible values, which have been held by the courts recently as entering into the value of the property of a company.

It is believed, however, that the $100,000 which the Public Service Commission has to spend might be adequate for its task if its investigators would take the appraisal made by the company as its base and be content with testing its results to see that it has been carried out accurately. For example there are in this city 4,000 blocks, in each one of which the telephone apparatus must be appraised separately. If the commission were to check the results of the company's committee by making its own count of only such blocks as it might select it could then adopt the company's own count as approximately correct.

In answer to the objection made by the commission that any attempt to make an appraisal of the entire State would result in delay, the company takes the view that as the work in the city is far more complicated and difficult than that in the country, and as its investigators will be at work in the districts outside the city at the same time as another corps is at work here, the count may actually be completed up-State before it is finished in New York. In the Woolworth Building alone, and in several other of the large office buildings downtown, it is reckoned that there is more telephone apparatus than in the whole City of Elmira, and so the work here is likely to be proportionately difficult.

It has also been represented to the commission by the New York Telephone Company that apart from this question of time experience has shown that it is impossible to appraise satisfactorily the telephone system of the single city. In the last three years five rate cases have come before the commission dealing with single localities, and not one of them has been brought to a satisfactory conclusion on the evidence presented. For as the object of the inquiry is, as far as the commission is concerned, to decide what is a fair rate to charge the consumer, it is necessary to differentiate between the amount of the company's investment to be charged up against the local service of the company, and the amount against its long distance service, and also to discover the unit costs of each class of materials in different districts of the State.

This the company has hoped to accomplish by dividing the State into seven districts, and by conducting the investigation of costs in each of these separately. It is also assisted considerably in this by the fact that for the last three years its accounts have been so kept that it can tell precisely how much the additions and changes of its equipment during that time have cost.

In order to recruit men fitted for the appraising work and to give them the knowledge which it will need, the New York Telephone Company has set up in Brooklyn a school where its corps of field appraisers may be trained. There they will be instructed in the use of an instrument, which has been specially designed for the purpose, to show quickly the height of telephone poles, and a number of other technical points will be taught them. The organization and recruiting of the company's accounting and bookkeeping force has hardly begun. It has, however, to be worked out with extraordinary care, so that the results of the observations may be tabulated properly.

GOLD EXPORTS AT AN END.

Great Wheat Sales to Europe Responsible, Says Director Roberts.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Gold shipments to Europe are practically at an end for this year, in the opinion of George E. Roberts, Director of the Mint. Two weeks ago Mr. Roberts said the excellent grain crop in this country, coupled with the bad crop condition in Europe, soon would swing the balance of trade back toward the United States and check the outward movement of gold. This prediction was realized, the exchange rate falling to a point where the further exportation of gold would be unprofitable.

July and August promise to be record months for wheat exportation. St. Louis, Kansas City, and Chicago have reported great sales of wheat for export. Engagements for September and October are also reported. It is estimated that at least 75,000,000 bushels of Winter wheat will be exported this month and next. Government reports on Spring wheat also are favorable. Treasury Department officials expect the movement of grain toward Europe to continue for some time, with a steadying effect on the gold market.

BOY KILLS PLAYMATE.

Victim Accidentally Shot with Gun Bought for the Fourth.

Daniel Boniort, 14 years old, an errand boy of 525 West Forty-ninth Street, died in the Polyclinic Hospital last night, shot through his abdomen, as the result of careless handling by a boy companion of a revolver bought to celebrate July 4. The boy met his friend Asa Molloy of 544 West Forty-ninth Street yesterday afternoon at Forty-fifth Street and Tenth Avenue.

"I've got a new gun," said Asa, extending his hand holding a revolver with his finger on the trigger.

Daniel reached for it when a report was heard and he fell hit in the stomach. Molloy was placed under arrest by Detectives Owen and Fitzpatrick of the West Forty-seventh Street Station. He told the police that he bought the revolver and cartridges in Jersey City some days before July 4.

LOYAL FILIPINO DOCTOR.

Yields Promotion to an American for Good of the Service.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Because of his loyalty to American health service in the Philippines, Vincente de Jesus, a Filipino doctor, has yielded his chance at succeeding Dr. Victor G. Heiser, the present director who has obtained leave of absence. Dr. Edward L. Munson of the United States Army Medical Corps will take the place which would have fallen to Dr. Jesus.

Dr. Munson was the unaimous choice of both Americans and Filipinos, the latter justifying Jesus's sacrific with the explanation that the American people felt the international responsibility of the post and the preference they would naturally have for keeping the work in the hands of an American.

The work of the board has been highly praised by the natives.

BUILT FOR PANAMA TRADE.

Royal Mail Ship Just Launched May Ply Through Canal.

The agents of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company at 22 State Street received a cable message from Belfast yesterday which said that the steamer Essequibo, the first of the new fleet for the New York-Panama trade, has been launched safely at the yard of Harland & Wolff and would be ready to leave Southampton for New York on Oct. 21.

The Essequibo is 467 feet long, 58.9 feet beam, and is of 9,000 gross tons. She will have an average of 16 knots. She will have accommodations for 250 first cabin passengers, and among the chief features of her equipment will be a veranda café, electric elevator, a social hall with overhanging bay windows, a gymnasium, and bedsteads in every cabin instead of berths. The Essequibo will make her first trip to Panama and the West Indies from New York on Nov. 21.

CARE OF DRUG USERS TAXES CITY CHARITY

Room for Only About 100 Cases in Hospitals and as Many More at Farm Colony.

MAY USE INEBRIATE FARM

Aldermen Urged to Sanction Appropriation for Buildings on Vacant Land at Warwick.

Plans for caring for those who, under the Boylan anti-drug law, are adjudged habitual drug users were announced yesterday, following a conference in the chambers of Judge Edward Swann, in General Sessions, at which were present Assistant District Attorney Wilmot, J. F. Thomas, Secretary of the New York City Visiting Committee of the State Charities Aid Association; Ernest K. Coulter, who represented Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt in the drug crusade, and Miss Mary E. Wadley, Executive Secretary of the Social Service Bureau of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals.

Under the Boylan law a Magistrate may, upon complaint, commit any person addicted to the use of a habit-forming drug to a State, county, or city hospital. One such case, that of Michael Flaherty, a magazine writer, has already resulted in such a commitment by Magistrate Herbert in the Tombs Court.

It was announced at the conference that there are at present accommodations in the New York hospitals for not more than 100 cases. Moreover, it was explained, these provisions are merely temporary, for, because of the crowded conditions, patients may be kept only two weeks. As Miss Wadley pointed out, two weeks is too short a time in which to make any headway in breaking a drug habit. The law provides that a person be detained until the chief medical officer of the hospital certifies that the patient has been "sufficiently treated."

The Department of Charities, Mr. Thomas said, can care for 150 cases at the city farm colony on Staten Island, which is used primarily for almshouse cases. This arrangement was favored by all who attended the conference, all agreeing that the drug habitués were to be treated rather as patients than as prisoners.

The question of a permanent home for the cure of drug users was discussed at length, and following the discussion letters were sent to the Board of Alderman urging them to sanction a ten-thousand-dollar appropriation made by the Board of Estimate for structures on the city's inebriate farm in Orange County, near Warwick. The city owns 350 acres there, which are not at present in use. some members of the conference took the view that $10,000 would not be adequate for the purpose. It was suggested that temporary shacks might be erected with that amount, and that the permanent quarters could be built with the labor of the patients who are sent there.

Mr. Coulter said that from investigations which he had made he believed that a long course of treatment in the farm colony would not be necessary, and the other members agreed with him that a course of treatment at the hospitals first would be beneficial.

Miss Wadley said that for cases which may come up before other provisions are made there are beds in Bellevue, the City Hospital, and the Metropolitan Hospital for seventy-five patients. With the accommodations at the Staten Island Farm Colony, room is made for about 200 cases. Mr. Wilmot believed that this arrangement would be entirely adequate for present requirements.

George Long Song, a Chinese laundryman, of 22 Pell Street, arrested under the Boylan law for having opium, was convicted yesterday in Special Sessions, and sentenced to pay a fine of $50 or serve ten days in the Workhouse. He went to the Workhouse.

John Joseph, an undertaker, of 115 West 150th Street, pleaded guilty to the possession of cocaine and was sent to the penitentiary for nine months. Mena Crockett, 29 years old, of 111 East Ninth Street, pleaded guilty to the possession of cocaine, and was sentenced to six months in the penitentiary.

GAVE KING WRONG SPEECH.

Minister's Blunder at Glasgow Function Amuses the Royal Family.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—A visit of the King and Queen to Glasgow today provided an amusing incident. In the City Council Chamber the King received a series of addresses. One address was from the corporation. McKinnon Wood, the Minister in attendance on the King, handed his Majesty the royal address in reply.

For two minutes the King continued reading, then came to a sentence which could not possibly have anything to do with the City Council. He turned to McKinnon Wood and laughed heartily. The Queen, Princess Mary and everyone else joined in the laughter.

Mr. Wood was the only person who did not appear to appreciate the joke. Very solemnly he handed another document to the King, and his Majesty began again.

KUBELIK'S HEIR A WONDER.

Just Born, but Already Shows "Distinct Talent for the Violin."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 7.—Telegraphing from Bohemia today to his American concert manager, Howard E. Potter, who will sail for New York tomorrow on the Imperator, Jan Kubelik announced the birth of his sixth child and first son.

Kubelik told Mr. Potter that his heir "revealed distinct traces of talent for the violin."

DUKE'S ESTATE $10,000,000.

Daily Mail's Version of Price Paid for Covent Garden Property.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 8.—The Daily Mail says it learns from an authoritative source that the price paid the Duke of Bedford for the Covent Garden estate by Sir Joseph Beecham is about £2,000,000 ($10,000,000.)

A deposit of $1,250,000 has already been paid to the Duke. It had been rumored that the price for the property was as much as $20,000,000.

SHE WALKED TO NEW YORK.

Philadelphia Girl Now Awaiting the Arrival of Father.

Marie Lynch, 15 years old, was put in the care of the Children's Society last night by the police of the West Twentieth Street station to await the arrival of her father from Philadelphia.

The girl said yesterday that she had left her home in Philadelphia on May 6 with just enough money to cross the ferry and had walked through the State of New Jersey to New York. She said the journey took her four days, and that at night she crept under such shelter as she found.

The police were notified yesterday that a young girl who seemed to be a stranger was living at 462 West Twenty-fifth Street. Mrs. Anna Wilson, who lives there, said the girl had been found asleep on her stoop two months ago and that she took her in and aided her. Yesterday the police found her working in an envelope factory in West Twenty-seventh Street.

She said she had lived in Philadelphia with an aunt, Mrs. Mary Mitchell, until she grew tired of that, and, not wishing to go to her parents' home, had decided to come to New York.

The Philadelphia police when notified responded that the girl's father would come for her.

ALLEGES ABUSES IN CUSTOMS HERE

Charges Made in French Chamber by Reporter of the Commerce Committee.

SPEAKS OF 'OCCULT' POWER

Foreign Producers at Its Mercy—Appropriatio nfor Panama Fair Is Nevertheless Urged.

PARIS, July 7.—The Commerce Committee of the Chamber of Deputies, through its Reporter, Georges Gerald, recommends the adoption of the measure for an appropriation for an adequate representation by France at the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Deputy Gerald, in announcing this decision, delivers at the same time an attack against American customs methods, particularly at New York. He says that the manner in which the customs are administered is responsible for the differences which have arisen between the French Government and commercial and industrial interests on the exposition question.

"The procedure of the American customs authorities," he adds, "is not only an insolent defiance to the world of civilized industry, but seems to constitute, unknown to the Washington Government, and contrary to the interests of the American people, an occult and ill-omened power over all foreign producers and home consumers, acting above the laws and outside the regulations, which are twisted for the sole benefit of certain interests, for whom the courtesies shown by the customs officials offer indisputable guarantees of security and certainty of profits against foreign competition.

"Nevertheless, confident of the spirit of equity of the Washington Government and with a sense of duty to the French people, the committee favors the appropriation for reasons of economic interests, general policy and sentiment."

Anticipating tomorrow's debate in the Chamber of Deputies on the appropriation for the exposition, the semi-official Temps today in its leading article urges France to participate officially.

The paper says the American public is not responsible for the faults of the customs authorities of the United States, nor for the organized surveillance under their direction in France, on both of which points it is desirable and necessary for France to obtain satisfaction. The subject, however, the Temps declares, should not be confounded with the question of participation in the exposition. It points out that statistics show the exportations from France to the United States to have almost doubled since 1902.

The paper says the United States has always participated in French expositions, and concludes that if France abstains from exhibiting at San Francisco it will leave the field to its rivals, among them Germany, which is arranging a formidable exhibit.

The extreme Socialists in the Chamber of Deputies today voted in a solid body against an appropriation of $80,000 to cover the expenses of President Poincaré's approaching visit to the Czar. In spite of this, however, the appropriation was adopted by 428 against 106 votes, as all the other parties in the Chamber united to support it.

Jean Jaurès, the Socialist leader, said the French Socialists were not opposed to the alliance between France and Russia, but considered the long and expensive visits of President Poincaré overdone. Besides, he added, the Russian Duma no longer had any influence on Russian policy, which now was a policy of reaction.

A customs official to whom the foregoing dispatch was shown last night said that the criticism of the American Customs Service by Deputy Gerald evidently referred to the protests made by French porcelain manufacturers.

Last January the United States Government started suit to recover $1,220,849 said to be due for undervaluations. In all, sixteen suits were brought and the defendants filed demurrers.

The French china manufacturers complained of the methods of procedure of the Treasury Department, which sent a commission to Limoges to investigate the charges. The commission, it was said, did not go to the manufacturers themselves and ask to look at their books, but got its information through other channels.

Recently six of the principal suits were settled and the remainder were dropped.

DOUBT

If a man going to Chicago had the slightest doubt about his eventually getting there safe and sound, he would never leave Broadway.

And if any owner has any doubt about his building operation being conducted on a sound, efficient and economical basis, we strongly urge him to use his money in other channels.

But with an organization like ours at his command, no Owner has any excuse for "doubting."

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 AND 568 Fifth Avenue, 46TH AND 47TH STS.

ARE OFFERING, IN THEIR

Complete Disposal of Summer Stock
At Mere Fractions of Former Prices

$45 & $50 Capes & Coats—$19 & $25

Fashionable Scotch Plaid Steamer Capes (with vests)—White and Navy Serge Capes—English and Scotch Mixture Motor Coats—Sports and Utility Coats in numerous models.

$55 to $85 Tailleur Suits—$18

Not all sizes nor all colors—a good selection nevertheless.

$65 to $125 Costume Suits—$30

Ultra-fashionable styles in fine silk and cloth materials.

$35 to $50 Tailleur Dresses—$15

For travel and seashore wear, including fashionable combinations of silk-and-serge.

$75 to $145 Gowns—$35 & $55

For "Bridge," calling and dance wear; satins, taffetas, crepes.

Alexander's Shoe Sale

Women's Low Shoes

Smart Colonials and various types of pumps suitable for dancing—patent leather, white buckskin, gunmetal and tan Russian calf. Sizes slightly depleted in some styles. Formerly $5, now

$3.65

Our Summer clearance of women's, children's and men's shoes at deep reductions.

Sixth Avenue, corner Nineteenth Street

HANAN'S
Summer Reduction Sale

The Oxfords and Colonial Pumps that we offer in this Sale are taken from our regular stock, and are exceptional values (they are not goods purchased for sales purposes).

MEN'S

$11.00	Imported Russia Calf, Hand Sewed Bench Made.	$8.75
$7.50	Russia Calf.	$5.95
	Reduced to	
$7.00	Mahogany Russia Calf and Black Calf.	$5.45
$6.00	Dark Russia Calf and Gun Metal Calf.	$4.85
$5.00	Russia Calf.	$4.45
$4.50	Dark Russia Calf, Gun Metal Calf and Patent.	$3.95

WOMEN'S

$7.00	Patent Vamp with Matt Kid Quarters and Spanish Heels.	$5.45
$6.00	All Patent, turn and welt sole, Colonial Pumps, with Spanish Heel—also Patent and Gun Metal Calf, Ribbon Ties, with Leather Heels.	$4.85
$5.00	All Patent and Gun Metal Calf Colonial Pumps, with Spanish Heels.	$4.45
$4.50	All Patent and Gun Metal Calf Colonial Pumps, with Military Heels.	$3.85
$6 & $7	Patent Vamp, Brocaded Quarter Colonial Pumps with Spanish Heels.	$3.85

Hanan & Son

Eight New York Stores

Broadway, corner 31st St.
Broadway, corner 38th St.
1095 Broadway, near 23d St.
Broadway, corner Canal St.
Broadway, corner Fulton St.
297 Broadway, near Duane St.
35 Nassau St., corner Liberty St.
In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton St.

DOUBLE S&H STAMPS MORNINGS—SINGLE S&H STAMPS AFTERNOONS

GREENHUT'S
J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

Usual Complimentary S&H Stamps Free Today. Distribution in Our Main Building.

As many sets of these stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given. Only 100 Complimentary Stamps good in any one book, but you may start as many books as you please.

By saving the Complimentary Stamps distributed here weekly you get 1-10 of a filled book for nothing.

Save these stamps and bring the filled books to our PREMIUM PARLORS on the FOURTH FLOOR OF OUR ANNEX BUILDING, and make your selection from hundreds of beautiful and useful articles for personal or home use.

MAIN BUILDING

The Entire Stocks of the Famous

"Nofade" Negligee Shirt Co.,

At an Average of Less Than 50c on the Dollar, Grouped in 2 Immense Lots, at...

80¢ & $1.20

Greenhut's Will Hold the Greatest Sale of Men's Shirts of the Year, Today

A dissolution of partnership in the "Nofade" Negligee Shirt Co. brought about this most remarkable of transactions. So immense were the stocks—that NO OTHER STORE IN NEW YORK FELT ITSELF CAPABLE OF PUTTING THE DEAL THROUGH. GREENHUT'S DID! And the benefit—the wonderful bargains, ARE YOURS—TODAY.

Now, notice this, please:

ATTACHED TO EVERY SHIRT IS THE LABEL, SHOWN BELOW, WHICH IS YOUR SAFEGUARD AND POSITIVE GUARANTEE AGAINST FADING FROM ANY CAUSE WHATSOEVER.

"Nofade" Silk Striped Madras Shirts
"Nofade" Silk and Linen Shirts
"Nofade" Tub Silk Bosom and French Cuff Shirts
"Nofade" Satin Stripe Silk Bosom and French Cuff Shirts
"Nofade" Plaited-Bosom Shirts
"Nofade" Plain-Bosom Shirts Laundered or French Soft Cuffs
"Nofade" French Silk Striped Flannel Shirts

WE GUARANTEE THIS NOFADE REMINGTON SHIRT NOT TO FADE OUT FROM WASH OR PERSPIRATION. IF IT DOES RETURN IT TO YOUR DEALER AND YOU WILL GET A NEW SHIRT WITHOUT CHARGE.
THE COMMERCIAL SHIRT CO.
MAKERS
NEW YORK CITY
NEW YORK

And last, but by no means least:

"NOFADE" PERCALE SHIRTS WITH EXTRA CUFFS READY TO BE SEWN ON WHEN THE ORIGINAL CUFFS ARE FRAYED—THE MOST POPULAR SHIRT IN THE COUNTRY.

When you COME IN, TODAY, TO BUY A SIX MONTHS' OR A YEAR'S SUPPLY (because that's what you WILL do), you will be SIMPLY DELIGHTED WITH THE BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS. They are here in HUNDREDS—striking patterns, dainty patterns, conservative patterns—A DESIGN TO PLEASE EVERY MAN. All sizes, too, from 13½ to 19. And every shirt PERFECT. BEAR IN MIND THAT YOU ARE GETTING THESE SHIRTS AS THE BIGGEST BARGAIN OF THE YEAR. YOU ARE MAKING AN AVERAGE SAVING OF 50c ON THE DOLLAR.

Make up your mind to come to GREENHUT'S EARLY TODAY, and take as many of these beautiful shirts as you want, at..... 80c and $1.20

J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY—FORMERLY GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER COMPANY

DAILY TRANSATLANTIC CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

MORE RARE BOOKS COMING TO AMERICA

G. D. Smith the Biggest Buyer at the Sale of the Huth Collection in London.

GETS ALL THE JONSONIA

English Dealers Try Hard to Keep Some of the Treasures — Smith Buys 66 Out of the 168 Lots Sold.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—George D. Smith, the New York dealer, was again today the biggest buyer at the sale of the fourth part of the Henry Huth collection of printed books, illuminated manuscripts, and autographs at Sotheby's. He obtained sixty-six out of the 168 lots sold and gave the highest price of the day. The total of his purchases exceeded $18,500.

Mr. Smith's greatest feat today was the securing of the complete set of Ben Jonsonia, numbers 4,059 to 4,069 in the catalogue inclusive. The Englishmen fought hard to retain these examples of "Rare Ben" in this country, but Mr. Smith, despite the fact that he was suffering from illness, was not to be denied.

For nine volumes of Ben Jonson's works, published in 1816 by G. & W. Nicol, he paid $75; for the first collected edition of Jonson's "Workes," in three volumes, dated 1616, 1631, and 1640, respectively, he gave $125; for the first folio edition, dated 1616, which was printed on large paper and is believed to be unique, he bid $500. An almost perfect and excessively rare first edition of "Every Man in His Humor" was knocked down to Mr. Smith for $725, and a first edition of the masque Ben Jonson wrote for the reception of King James I. in London was awarded to him for $880.

There was a struggle between Mr. Smith and Quaritch before the former could secure a fine copy of the large paper first edition of Jonson's "Sejanus, His Fall" for $4,500, but he was able to obtain the next lot, an extremely rare copy of Jonson's "The Masque of Queenes Celebrated from the House of Fame," for $1,225. A first edition of "The New Inne, or the Light Heart," printed in 1631, cost Mr. Smith $145, and a first edition of "The Widdow" $150. Altogether he paid for the Jonsonia $7,877.

Among the other lots purchased by Mr. Smith were I. R.'s "Nova Britannia," a black letter first edition printed in 1609. For this he paid $400. The Hoe Library copy of the same work fetched $500. For the next lot, I. R.'s "The New Life of Virginia," being the second part of "Nova Britannia," published in 1613 by authority of "His Maiestie's Counsell of Virginea," he gave $1,050. The Crane copy of the same work sold for $1,000.

For Ibrahim Effendi's description of America, written in Turkish and published at Constantinople in 1770, Mr. Smith paid $120, and a curious specimen of block printing, a broadside, "Indulgence," he gave $127. Another Indulgence, printed as a broadside on vellum in Gothic letters, he purchased for $105. Then for $300 he became the owner of "The Strange and Dangerous Voyage of Captaine Thomas Iames in His Intended Discovery of the Northwest Passage into the South Sea," published in 1633, and he gave $180 for a very rare and fine copy of Lucas Jansz's "Spieghel der Zeevaerdt."

Mr. Smith bought for $3,800 a finely bound folio from Gutenburg's Maintz press. It is the editio princeps of Janua's "Catholicon," the fourth book printed without a date. Mr. Smith purchased the Pembroke copy of this work for $2,200, but the Huth copy is a finer specimen. For the rare second edition of the same work Mr. Smith bid successfully $445.

For $410 Mr. Smith bought "A Banqvet of Jests," printed in London in 1639, and "A Banquvet of Jests; or Change of Cheare," printed in 1633, as a second part of the first volume. This is the only known copy of the second part. Another collection of jokes, "Jests, the Complaisant Companion," published in 1674, was knocked down to Mr. Smith for $152.

Then, for $850, Mr. Smith secured a book a copy of which had not appeared at any auction sale for fifteen years. It is an excessively rare quarto, "The First and Second Part of the Troublesome Raigne of John, King of England."

For $120 Mr. Smith became the owner of John Johnson's "A Description of Love," published in 1629, and he gave $110 for a first edition of Josselyn's "New-Englands Rarities Discovered," printed in 1672. A first edition of the same author's "Two Voyages to New-England" was knocked down to him for $155.

Among the books which fell to other purchasers were a rare and fine copy of the "Itinerarium Beatae Mariae Virginis," printed with Gothic letters, which went to Leighton for $200; an extremely rare "Itinerarius Siue Peregrinarius Beatissime Virginis Marie" in Gothic type, for which Quaritch paid $350, and Jacopone da Todi's "Laude di Frate Iacopone da Todi," which became the property of Leighton for $170.

Pickering gave $405 for a fine copy of the first edition of "James the First, His Maiesties Poeticall Exercises at Vacant Houres," which brought $350 in the Hoe sale. Quaritch gave $235 for Thomas Jenner's "A Work for None but Angels and Men That Is, to be Able to Look Into, and to Know Ourselves," and $190 for a very rare Josephus, dating from 1517.

The total of the day's sale was $24,849.

The Daily Telegraph, referring to Mr. Smith's purchases at the sale, says that America in the person of "that voracious collector" rendered unusual homage to Ben Jonson in paying $4,500 for "Selanus His Fall," and points out that at the sale of the Rev. John Field's library the book was supposed to be well sold when it brought $112.50. The Daily Telegraph proceeds:

"The Quaritch of America was evidently determined to prove his mettle and he swept the board. 'Your books will cost you more' is evidently going to be the mot d'ordre in New York, and some of Mr. Smith's defeated opponents will derive some satisfaction from being able to write up the values of their stocks."

The Telegraph also refers to Mr. Smith's purchases as "American loot."

OUSTED BY MRS. PANKHURST

Mrs. Lawrence Tells Why She and Her Husband Quit Militants.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—Mrs. Pethick Lawrence has broken her long silence and explained why she and her husband left the Women's Social and Political Union, the reason being that Mrs. Pankhurst could bear no rival near her throne.

Mrs. Lawrence, at a meeting in London tonight, said that after hunger striking she and her husband took a long holiday to recruit their health. At New York they received a letter from their colleagues of the Women's Social and Political Union asking them not to return to England, but to remain abroad indefinitely. They, however, returned by the next boat, and found that the decision of their colleagues to exclude them from further work in the union was absolute.

Action taken during their absence, with regard to which they had not been consulted, had initiated a new development in the militant policy that would ultimately, they were told, necessitate the union going underground. In these circumstances it was necessary, in the opinion of their colleagues, to dissolve the committee and invest all control and all finance in one sole leader, who should direct the movement from Paris.

All possible arguments were swept away by an ultimatum from Mrs. Pankhurst that she would not appear with them on the platform of the Albert Hall meeting. The Lawrences came to the conclusion that to create a crisis in this way would be to throw the union to the wolves, so they agreed to quit without appeal.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, July 7.—Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Pethick Lawrence, who for a long time have held aloof from active suffragette movements on account of their disapproval of militancy, have decided to resume their activities by joining the United Suffragists, a strong society occupying an intermediate position between the militants and the constitutionalists.

Mrs. Lawrence, in making this announcement at a meeting in Kingsway Hall tonight, explained that the attempts at suppression had driven militancy into underground channels and had crippled the peaceful campaign. Hence had arisen the necessity of creating a determined intermediate party, "politically militant."

CHINESE LOAN NOT REJECTED

Ch'en Chin-Tao Denies Hitch Has Occurred in Negotiations.

The Far Eastern Bureau yesterday received from the Hon. Ch'en Chin-tao, China's financial representative abroad, who is now in London, a cablegram denying absolutely the telegraphed news statement to the effect that the group bankers have rejected the $40,000,000 quintuple loan unless China pledges herself to certain specified constructive provisions, including currency reforms. The press story purported to be based upon a telegram from Mr. Ch'en to Peking, reporting the alleged rejection of the loan to the Chinese Government. Mr. Ch'en denies that he sent any such telegram to his Government, and he announces that the loan negotiations are proceeding as before.

Mr. Ch'en Chin-tao has just been appointed by President Yuan Shih-kai special representative to the United States in connection with the celebration of the completion of the Panama Canal. He will visit this country shortly before returning to Peking.

Dr. George E. Morrison, political adviser to the President of the Chinese Republic, who is in London on leave of absence, declares that recent attacks on China's financial position are not warranted by facts. The salt gabelle, under the able guidance of Sir Richard Dane, is showing unexpected surpluses. Large amounts of surplus revenue, after the retention in the foreign banks of sums sufficient to meet all obligations for six months, are being returned to the Chinese Government. For the first year Sir Richard Dane estimates a collection of $24,000,000.

Cristobal Post Office Shortage.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, July 7.—A shortage of $3,000 has been discovered at the Cristobal Post Office. A former clerk is suspected.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

GIBRALTAR, July 7.—The American squadron, consisting of the battleships Missouri, Illinois, and Idaho, with the naval cadets from the academy at Annapolis on board, arrived here today from Italy on their way to England. The warships were ordered to put in here and await orders, which were expected tonight.

COLON, July 7.—William H. Gale of Leesburg, Va., the newly appointed American Consul here, arrived last evening to take the place of the retiring Consul, James C. Kellogg of Louisiana.

BERLIN, July 7.—The Emperor has issued orders for the disbandment of the Atlantic Squadron, which has just returned after a visit to South America.

COAL KING'S HEIRESS SEEKS A DIVORCE

Daughter of von Friedlaender-Fuld to Bring Proceedings Against Husband.

REASON STILL A MYSTERY

Mr. Freeman-Mitford Back in Berlin and Will Defend the Suit—Hearing Likely to be Private.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 7.—THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that no secret is any longer made of the fact that divorce proceedings between the daughter of the German "Coal King," Herr von Friedländer-Fuld, and her husband of six months, the Hon. John Freeman-Mitford, son of Lord Redesdale, are now imminent.

Both sides have already placed their cases in the hands of counsel. The divorce is sought by the bride.

Reasons of many kinds are being gossiped about in Berlin society, but the actual grounds of the forthcoming suit have not yet become public. The "Coal King," when asked in regard to them, simply replies that his daughter decided to leave her husband.

Mr. Freeman-Mitford returned to Berlin from England a few days ago, evidently for the purpose of defending the suit, which will, of course, be tried before the German courts. A "sensational divorce" case from the point of view of the public is not likely, because it is usual on the request of either side for the court to decide to hold the proceedings in camera. Under such circumstances it is illegal for the newspapers to publish any account of the testimony or even to give the verdict.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent last week happened to be sitting at an adjoining table to that occupied by the "Coal King" and his wife at a hotel in Unter-den-Linden. Mr. Freeman-Mitford chanced also to be lunching there. He passed by his parents-in-law with a chilly bow.

RUSH FOR THE FRENCH LOAN

Applications for It Amount to More Than the National Debt.

PARIS, July 7.—Although the Bank of France has not made any official announcement, it was reported on the Bourse today that the public had applied for more than forty times the amount of the issue made today of $161,000,000 of the new Government 3½ per cent. loan. If this should prove true, the applications have amounted to more than the entire national debt of France.

The loan upon its admission to the Bourse today immediately rose from 91, the price of issue, to 91.92.

The general market did not respond sympathetically, as is usual when Government loans are so well received, probably because capital in France is under the apprehension that heavy special taxes are likely to be imposed.

So great was the eagerness of the public, especially among small investors, that crowds assembled at dawn and formed lines outside the Bank of France and other public offices where subscriptions were received.

As it was known that many persons would be disappointed by not being able to get part of the new issue, a considerable trade was driven in selling positions near the doors. Some of the places sold for as much as from 60 cents to $1.

The Government, as usual, gave preference to persons desiring small amounts.

FRENCH SUBMARINE LOST.

Sinks in the Course of Manoeuvres —The Crew Saved.

TOULON, July 7.—The French submarine Calypso was sunk today by the destroyer Mosqueton in the course of manoeuvres.

The crew of the Calypso were saved.

It is thought that it will be impossible to save the submarine on account of the great depth of water at which she is lying.

The Calypso was navigating on the surface at the time of the collision, and most of the men were on deck. The shock was severe, and a great hole was torn in the submarine's side. The boat sank in a few minutes. A heavy sea was running at the time, but other warships carried out the rescue work with great skill and daring.

The Mousqueton was badly damaged, and put into port.

The Admiral in command has ordered a court of inquiry to investigate the disaster.

Woolwich Arsenal Strike Ended.

WOOLWICH, July 7.—The strike at the Government's arsenal here, which began yesterday and involved 12,000 men, ended tonight. The men will resume work on Thursday, the Government having promised to investigate their grievances.

Kaiser Starts for Norway.

KIEL, July 7.—Emperor William today went on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern and immediately started for his annual cruise along the coast of Norway.

OUR AMBASSADOR FIGURES IN DEBATE

Premier Asquith, Dining with Him, Attacked for Not Being in Parliament.

GOVERNMENT NEAR DEFEAT

A Budget Motion Is Carried by Only 23 Majority—Government Defeated in the Lords.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 8.—A crisis developed in the House of Commons yesterday, when Premier Asquith's motion allocating the time for the remaining stages of the budget was carried by a majority of only 23 votes, the lowest figure that a Government majority had reached since May 14.

A strange incident occurred in the House later in the evening. Shortly before 11 o'clock Walter Long and Lord Robert Cecil drew attention to the absence of the Prime Minister from the debate on the budget which was going on. Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd George explained that Mr. Asquith was keeping an engagement with the American Ambassador.

Lord Robert Cecil then taunted the Premier with merely "dining with the American Ambassador," whereupon William Redmond rose amid uproar and cried, "You've no right to sneer at the American Ambassador."

Lord Robert retorted: "You wilfully misunderstand me. I like to dine with the American Ambassador myself."

But, Lord Roberts said, he deemed it perfectly ludicrous for the Chancellor of the Exchequer to tell the House that because the Prime Minister was dining with somebody, however exalted, he could not be present at ten minutes to eleven. Such an excuse was scandalous and an insult to the House.

The Unionist leader, Mr. Bonar Law, in supporting Lord Robert Cecil, said Mr. Asquith had an engagement with the American Ambassador, and if it were a question of peace or war there would be an excuse, but as it was there was no excuse.

The Government was also defeated today in the House of Lords, where the India Council bill, on the motion of Lord Curzon, was rejected by 96 votes to 38.

in the House of Lords, where the India Council bill, on the motion of Lord Curzon, was rejected by 96 votes to 38.

Discussing the smallness of the majority in the Commons, A. P. Nicholson, The Daily News's Parliamentary correspondent, says that a number of Liberal members who have "passing malaise" on the subject of the budget abstained from voting, as did several others who have a quarrel with the Government over its attitude regarding the Ulster gun-running episode.

Another cause for resentment among the Liberals was the fact that no intimation was given to them last Friday that the House would adjourn on Monday as a tribute to the late Joseph Chamberlain. The result was that Liberals came to London from all parts of the country on Monday to support the Government on this very division, to find themselves not wanted for that purpose. Mr. Nicholson adds:

"The Premier and the rest of the Cabinet must keep in closer touch with their supporters, or the Liberal Party and all the causes it stands for may one of these days be wrecked before the harvest has been reaped."

Pittier Resigns Panaman Post.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, July 7.—Prof. Pittier, Agricultural Adviser to the Panaman Government, has resigned owing to difficulties with the authorities.

THE WEEK FOR CHEERING UP

By Booth Tarkington

PENROD

The story about a boy who didn't know he was bad.

Net $1.25

All Bookshops

FOR STEERAGE INSURANCE.

Liverpool Chamber Approves Plan to Make It Compulsory.

LIVERPOOL, July 7.—The Chamber of Commerce here today started a movement with the object of making the insurance of steerage passengers on ocean liners compulsory.

The advocates of this policy contend that there would be no difficulty in slightly increasing the passage rates for emigrants in order to cover the cost of the insurance, and that such a step would obviate the necessity of making appeals to the public for funds in case of disaster.

The members of the Chamber heartily approved the proposal and decided to urge the Board of Trade to take the necessary action to put it into force.

Big Decrease in British Exports.

LONDON, July 7.—The June statement of the Board of Trade shows decreases of $187,000 in imports and $12,817,500 in exports.

TOWERS TO FIGHT AIRCRAFT.

Coasts of the British Isles to be Dotted with Them.

LONDON, July 7.—As a defense against attacks by aircraft the Government today decided to dot the coasts of the British Isles with a series of towers, each armed with two quick-firing guns of special design.

A complete circle of towers is to be erected around naval stations such as Portsmouth and Rosyth, and at other specially vulnerable points.

AUSTRIAN ARMY ACTIVE.

"Feverish Energy" on the Border of Servia, It Is Reported.

PARIS, July 7.—A dispatch to the Temps from Belgrade says extraordinary military activity is being displayed in Austria-Hungary.

The telegram says that forty carloads of artillery are known to have left Budapest today for the frontier and that feverish energy is being shown along the whole northern border of Servia.

Arnold Constable & Co.

Will Continue Throughout the Month of July Their

UNPRECEDENTED CLEARANCE SALE

of a stock valued at $1,159,000 00/100 of most desirable merchandise

The various stocks represented in this sale and the approximate value of each are about as follows:

CARPETS—	$250,000	LEATHER GOODS—	$2,000	UNDERWEAR—	$10,000	WAISTS—	$20,000
RUGS—	$250,000	HANDKERCHIEFS—	$5,000	SUITS—	$40,000	FURNISHINGS (Women's)—	$40,000
UPHOLSTERY—	$150,000	WASH GOODS—	$25,000	PARASOLS—	$2,000	FURNISHINGS (Men's)—	$50,000
SILKS—	$100,000	LACES—	$50,000	NECKWEAR—	$25,000	LINENS—	$75,000
DRESS GOODS—	$10,000	HOSIERY—	$40,000	DRESSES—	$5,000	GLOVES—	$10,000
Total.....	$760,000	Total.....	$122,000	Total.....	$82,000	Total.....	$195,000

Being positively the largest amount of merchandise ever offered at any one clearance sale.

Today's and Thursday's Quota of Remarkable Reductions

Summer Hosiery

For Women and Children

WOMEN'S FRENCH SILK HOSE, finest quality in black or white, insteps elaborately hand embroidered. *Formerly $4.00 to $10.50 pair* 2.00 to 3.50

WOMEN'S PURE THREAD INGRAIN SILK, in black. Double thickness splicing. *Formerly $1.50 pair* 95c

WOMEN'S PURE THREAD SILK, black, white and tan. Double tops and soles. *Formerly $1.00 pair* 68c

WOMEN'S SILK LISLE, black, white and tan; very lustrous and durable. *Formerly 50c pair* 33c

WOMEN'S MERCERIZED LISLE, black, white and tan. *Formerly 35c pair* 23c

CHILDREN'S FIBRE SILK PLAITED HOSE—Sizes 6 to 9½. Black, white and tan. *Formerly 35c pair* 29c

CHILDREN'S FINE RIBBED COTTON—Sizes 6 to 9½. Black, white and tan. *Formerly 20c pair. 6 pairs for* 85c

CHILDREN'S FINE RIBBED COTTON—Sizes 6 to 10. Linen heels and toes. *Formerly 25c pair. 6 pairs for* 95c

CHILDREN'S WHITE SOCKS—Imported; extra fine quality. Sizes 4 to 9. *Formerly 25c pair. 6 pairs for* 95c

New Prairie Grass Rugs

Extremely durable but inexpensive floor coverings. Admirably suited for Bungalow use. The designs include many novel effects in harmonious tones of brown, yellow, blue, green and red.

Sizes.	Formerly.		Sizes.	Formerly.	
3x6	$1.50	1.20	8x10	$7.50	6.25
4.6x7.6	$3.00	2.45	9x9	$7.50	6.25
6x6	$3.25	2.75	9x12	$9.00	7.50
6x9	$4.75	3.75	9x15	$12.00	10.00
Size 12x15		Formerly $17.50			14.00

Women's Bathing Suits

New Models, Attractively Priced.

A particularly fortunate purchase enables us to offer today at unusually low prices another exceptional collection of smart Bathing Costumes, made of high grade materials and embodying the very latest styles and color combinations.

BLACK MOIRE, draped skirt; trimmings of Roman striped silk. *Specially priced* 9.75

BLACK SATIN—Smart new model, with vestee of black and white striped silk. *Specially priced* 8.25

BLACK SATIN—An especially desirable bathing dress in all black or with the newest color combinations. *Specially priced* 4.50

The Needful Sweater

For Women and Misses.

Two most serviceable models offered today at considerable reduction in prices.

KNITTED SWEATER COATS—Pure wool, smart, high collar model in all white and attractive colors. *Formerly $5.00* 3.50

KNITTED SWEATER COATS—Pure wool, belted back, roll collar, in white and the most desirable of this season's colors. *Formerly $7.00* 5.65

Men's Shirts

TENNIS OR SPORT SHIRTS—Collars attached; detachable sleeves; also adjustable to any length arm; white mercerized pongee, light weight. Specially priced 1.50

WHITE SILK DRESS SHIRTS—medium fine tucks; double silk or double linen cuff; splendidly made. *Formerly $6.00* 4.25

Men's Pajamas

PURE SILK—Tailored from our fine satin striped silk shirtings; V neck; silk frogs. *Formerly $8.50* 4.95

MERCERIZED MADRAS—Silk striped and lustrous summer fabrics; V neck; silk frogs. All sizes. *Formerly $2.95* 1.95

Summer Underwear

For Women and Misses.

SWISS RIBBED GAUZE VESTS—Plain or crocheted fronts. *Formerly 35c each* 23c

EXTRA FINE SWISS RIBBED VESTS—Hand crocheted or plain fronts, V or regular neck. *Formerly 50c each* 33c

GAUZE UNION SUITS—Fine ribbed, band top. *Formerly 50c each* 39c

SILK LISLE UNION SUITS—Extra fine Swiss ribbed; reinforced; band top. *Formerly $1.50 each* 95c

MERCERIZED GAUZE UNION SUITS—Extra fine ribbed; band top. *Formerly $1.50 each* 95c

Important Sale of

Sheets and Pillow Cases

From our regular stock high-grade, imported Cotton Sheets and Pillow Cases; embroidered, scalloped and hand hemstitched.

Sheets.

72 x 108 Formerly $4.75 pair 3.25
90 x 108 Formerly $5.75 pair 4.25

Pillow Cases.

22½ x 36 Formerly $1.50 pair 90c
25 x 36 Formerly $1.65 pair 1.00

Washable Fabrics and Dress Patterns

Another choice lot of fine white and colored summer fabrics, decisively reduced and presenting unusual economies for smart tailored suits, separate skirts, afternoon frocks and children's dresses and coats.

FRENCH LINEN SUITINGS—In crepe and canvas weaves. *Formerly 75c and $1.00 yard* 45c & 0c

ENGLISH PIQUE—White only; in the new, large cords. *Formerly 65c yard* 38c

LINEN SUITINGS—36 in.; the balance of the season's stock in desirable plain colors. *Formerly 45c yard* 20c

STRIPED COTTON VOILE—White and colored grounds. *Formerly 35c yard* 18c

BORDERED DRESS PATTERNS—Made in France. Exquisite colorings and novel designs on fine, sheer fabrics; admirable for the fashionable long tunic dress. *Formerly $10.00 to $25.00 pattern* 5.00 to 12.50

David and John Anderson's

Celebrated and Genuine

Scotch Ginghams

Consisting of 4500 yards in a desirable assortment of Styles and Colors and other makes that were formerly 50c to 75c

Special 25c yard

10,000 Yards

Dress Goods

Placed on Sale Today at Most Decisive Reductions.

The finest imported and domestic dress fabrics, including the extremely fashionable French serges, English mohairs and shepherd checks, for tailored suits and separate skirts. Following is a partial list of these remarkable offerings:

NAVY BLUE SERGE—Fine English quality with narrow, medium and wide white stripes; 54 inches wide. *Formerly $2.75 yard* Reduced to 1.50

ENGLISH MOHAIRS — Navy brown and gray stripes, gray diagonal, plain black and diagonal ideal fabric for Women's and Men's Summer Suits. 54 inches wide. *Formerly $2.50 and $2.75 yard* Reduced to 1.45

BLACK AND WHITE SHEPHERD'S CHECKS—1,000 yards; remainder of stock in various size checks; all wool, superior grades. *Formerly $1.75 and $2.00 yard* Reduced to 1.25

FRENCH SERGE—All wool, soft finish. Navy blue only. 50 inches wide. *Formerly $1.50 yard* Reduced to 90c

FIGURED CHALLIES — Closing out 3,000 yards finest all wool qualities, at ½ former prices. *Formerly 55c to 75c yard* 28c and 33c

Men's Bathing Suits

Large Size Bathing Suits—Averaging from 40 to 46; navy, black and dark gray; plain or trimmed. *Formerly $3.50* 2.35

Women's Gloves

Superior quality and correct styles for dressy occasions, traveling and general summer wear.

GLACE—16 button length, white only. *Formerly $3.00* 1.95

CHAMOIS LISLE—16 button and 2 clasp; in white, gray and pongee. *Formerly $1.25* 85c

PURE SILK—16 button. The celebrated "La Sylphe" gloves, made expressly for us; double finger tips and perfect in every detail; wearing quality much above the ordinary. Black and white only. *Formerly $1.25* 85c

Misses' Apparel

To Close at Half Original Prices.

30 TAILOR SUITS—In a variety of models; black and colors. *Formerly $19.50 to $48.00* 12.50 and 19.50

25 WHITE DRESSES — Cotton crepes and lace trimmed net. *Formerly $18.5 to $24.50* 7.50 to 12.50

20 DRESSES—Cotton Tissue and ratine. *Formerly $6.00 to $15.00* 2.50 to 7.50

Children's Apparel

65 ORGANDIE DRESSES—*Formerly $6.00 to $22.50* 3.00 to 9.00

30 PIQUE DRESSES—*Formerly $3.75 to $8.50* 1.95 to 4.50

30 GINGHAM DRESSES—*Formerly $3.00 to $7.25* 1.50 to 4.50

35 COATS—Spring weight, in a variety of materials and styles. *Formerly $10.50 to $28.50* 5.00 to 14.50

House Furnishing Specials at Clearance Sale Prices

Upholstery

Lace Curtains, Tapestries, Armures, Damasks, Cretonnes — ⅓ to ½ Off

Carpets

$100,000.00 Stock. Best Brussels and Wilton. From $1.10 to $2.75 per yard. — Averaging ⅓ Off

Oriental Rugs and Carpets

$50,000.00 Stock. $8.00 to $100.00 Rugs. / $100,000.00 Stock. $300.00 to $8,000.00 Rugs. — ¼ to ½ Off

Domestic Rugs

Odd sizes made up in our workrooms from best Brussels and Wilton Carpets; special lot valued at $10,000.00. At ⅓ Off

NOTE—These offerings will remain in force throughout July and August. Purchases made now will be delivered and charged on Fall bills. Estimates and specifications given for the furnishing of clubs, hotels, restaurants and apartments, affording a price saving opportunity not to be overlooked.

Broadway & 19th Street

SHAMPOO WITH SYNOL SOAP!

The Antiseptic Liquid Soap.

¶ Synol Soap is a *clean* soap; it is antiseptic and destroys germs. The hair catches all the dust and dirt of the air.

¶ Germs fly around everywhere, settle into this fertile breeding ground, and cause dandruff and many other Scalp Diseases.

¶ A Shampoo is intended to *cleanse* the hair and scalp. Ordinary soap, no matter how perfumed, cannot do it. Synol Soap gets right down to the bottom of the scalp—into every pore and leaves the hair and scalp *absolutely clean* and healthy. Synol Soap lathers freely, does not injure the most delicate skin surface, and is economical to use. The shaker bottle allows you to touch only what you use.

¶ Doctors have used it for 12 years. It's just as good for you.

¶ You never had a proper shampoo until you have tried Synol Soap.

AT ALL DRUG STORES

Johnson & Johnson
Manufacturing Chemists
The house that enjoys the confidence of your doctor.

B. Altman & Co.

Women's Summer Shoes

at special prices to take effect this day (Wednesday).

During the current month Women's Low Shoes, Pumps and Colonial Ties, heretofore marked at $7.00, $8.00 and $9.00 per pair, will be offered at decided price concessions.

(Department on the Second Floor)

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Investments.

Compare the time you spend earning money with the time you devote getting the best value for that money.

Money wisely invested provides most of our future enjoyments.

Permit us to make suggestions for the best disposal of the money you have to invest.

H. F. Smithers & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1857.
44 Exchange Place
New York.

Women Show Their Ankles

NOW that it is the style for women to wear their dresses just short enough to show their ankles, you have to be more careful than ever about the kind of ties you wear.

Dress your feet up smartly in a new pair of Oxford—Mayfairs. You'll be proud of how they look and glad that they are going to be seen.

Rice & Hutchins Shoes for men, women and children — Educators, All Americas, Signets, Mayfairs.

SIGNET SHOE CO

Bronx Store: 3rd Ave. & 149th St.
Harlem: 112 W. 125th St.
Brooklyn: 557 Fulton St.

Who's Who?
in the Automobile

The "SHERLOCK HOMES" of the Automobile. Not a detective story or novel—but the handiest automobile book ever published. Locate the license number of any machine—then a glance in the book will give you name of the owner and make of car.

Adopted by Police Departments, Detective Agencies, Insurance Companies, Automobile manufacturers and the general automobile trade. Latest revised edition now on the press. A limited number will be sold to the general public, where cash, money order or cheque for $2.00 is accompanied by request for copy to Dept. D.

J. R. Burton & Co.
Publishers,
1 Madison Ave., N. Y. C.

CHEER UP
With
PENROD
The boy who made his family wiser.
By Booth Tarkington
Net $1.25
All Bookshops

CARPET CLEANSING

RUGS AND ALL FLOOR COVERINGS. Largest in the World. Every detail. 44 years' experience.
THE THOS. J. STEWART CO.
B'way, cor. 46th St., N.Y. Phone 3896 Bryant.
Erie, cor. 5th Sts., Jersey City. Phone 3400.
STORAGE WAREHOUSE AND MOVING VANS.

Durable and reliable second-hand automobiles advertised daily in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times.—Adv.

NOMINATIONS MADE FOR RESERVE BANK

Ballots Received Here for the Election of Six of the Nine Directors.

INSURGENTS GAIN GROUND

Press Regular Candidates in Second and Third Groups — Walkover for William Woodward.

Number of Nominations Received.

GROUP 1—LARGE BANKS.

CLASS A.		CLASS B.	
Wm. Woodward	97	Henry R. Towne	72
Scattering	5	Eugenius H. Outerbridge	28
		Scattering	4

GROUP 2—MEDIUM BANKS.

CLASS A.		CLASS B.	
Robert H. Treman, regular	48	F. F. Peabody, regular	37
J. C. Leggett, insurgent	34	W. B. Thompson, insurgent	34
Scattering	9	William Brewster, regular	11
		Scattering	7

GROUP 3—SMALL BANKS.

CLASS A		CLASS B.	
F. D. Locke, regular	40	William Vary, regular	45
D. D. Woodard, insurgent	35	L. R. Palmer, insurgent	33
Scattering	9	Scattering	6

The 476 national banks in this State that constitute the membership of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York received yesterday from the Organization Committee in Washington the ballots on which they were to vote for six of the nine Directors of the new institution.

The banks are divided into three groups according to size, without regard to geographical location, and the members of each group are to elect two Directors, one a banker and the other a person engaged in agricultural, commercial, or other industrial pursuits. Each bank, therefore, received two ballots, one for the election of a Class A, or banking, Director, and another for the election of a Class B, or non-banking, Director.

Each ballot gave the names of the persons nominated and those of the banks by which they were nominated, so that it was possible to count up the number of banks that favored each individual, at least to the extent of putting him in nomination. In some cases banks will vote for others than the men they nominated, so that the result of the nominations is not conclusive as to the election, but it affords a pretty clear indication of how sentiment stood while the nominations were in progress and in some cases the preponderance of nominations for an individual was so great as to leave no doubt of his election.

This is the case in respect to William Woodward, President of the Hanover National Bank, as a candidate for the Class A Director by election of the 157 large banks. Mr. Woodward was the sole choice of the regular Nominating Committee, and in this group there was no insurgent movement, so that there was every reason to look for a walkover by Mr. Woodward. The ballots received showed that Mr. Woodward had been nominated by 97 of the 102 banks that made any nominations for Class A. The other rive votes were scattered.

For Class B Director by election of the large banks the regular Nominating Committee named Henry R. Towne and Eugenius H. Outerbridge, and there was no insurgency. Mr. Towne received 72 nominations, Mr. Outerbridge 28, and 4 were scattered. This confirmed the previous impression that Mr. Towne was almost certain to be elected.

In the second group, that of medium-sized banks, a vigorous contest is being waged by William B. Thompson, the insurgent candidate for Class B Director, against the two regular nominees, William Brewster and F. F. Peabody of Troy. The nominations indicated that Mr. Thompson had made great headway, although he fell slightly below Mr. Peabody. Mr. Peabody's total was 37, Mr. Thompson's 34, and Mr. Brewster's 11. One bank named John Wanamaker, and there were six other scattering nominations.

Harry M. Carpenter of Ossining, Chairman of the Insurgent Campaign Committee in this group, was in New York yesterday, and, after checking up the results with his card index of banks pledged to vote for Mr. Thompson in the election, he expressed entire confidence that Mr. Thompson would be elected. He pointed out that many of the nominations were made before the insurgent movement arose, and a large proportion of the banks that made these early nominations already had switched to Mr. Thompson, he said. There were also more than sixty banks that made no nominations, and from these he predicted many votes for Mr. Thompson.

Mr. Carpenter said that nearly all of the banks pledged to Mr. Thompson were pledged also to J. C. Leggett of Cuba, the insurgent candidate for Class A Director in this group, and that he also would win at the election. Mr. Leggett did not make so good a showing in the nominations as Mr. Thompson. He had the support of thirty-four banks against forty-eight for Robert H. Treman of Ithaca, the regular candidate. On this ballot there were nine scattering nominations.

In the group of small banks, also, the insurgents found encouragement, as they ran very close up on the regulars, and the result was likely to depend on the banks that made no nominations. For Class A Daniel D. Woodard of Granville, with thirty-five nominations, was only five behind the regular candidate, Franklin D. Locke of Buffalo. The scattering nominations numbered nine. For Class B Director in this group Leslie R. Palmer of Croton-on-Hudson, insurgent, received thirty-three nominations to forty-five for William Vary, regular, who is Master of the State Grange, and lives in Watertown. There were six scattering nominations.

The electors chosen by the banks have fifteen days in which to mark their ballots for first, second, and third choice and return them to the Organization Committee, which will declare the result. The other three Directors of the Federal reserve bank are to be appointed by the Federal Reserve Board.

MARKS PRESIDENT'S PATH.

Underwood Denies Executive Control and Fixes Boundaries.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Representative Gillett, Republican, of Massachusetts, in the House today suggested that Representative Underwood, the Democratic leader, who now wants Congress to adjourn, twice had asked the House to do a thing merely because the President desired it.

Mr. Underwood promptly took issue with Mr. Gillett.

"I do not know," he said, "whether he is indulging in real recollection of the fact or whether he is confusing me with somebody else. When the resolution was before the House authorizing the President to move troops into a foreign country I did state that this House should uphold the hands of the Executive, and I am willing to stand by that at this time."

Mr. Underwood said that he did not recall a second instance.

Generous applause from the Democratic side greeted his statement, although the members of the President's party in the House, with their campaigns for re-election upon them, are impatient to get away from Washington.

"But the gentleman," insisted Mr. Gillett, "went much further than that. He stated that his reason was that the President wished it."

"Oh, no; the gentleman does me an injustice," said Mr. Underwood.

"I do not wish to do that," said Mr. Gillett.

"I did not think that after serving for twenty years in the House with the gentleman he would accuse me at this late date of having to think through somebody else's intellect."

Mr. Underwood then explained that it was impossible, at the time the Mexican resolution was pending, for the House to be informed about the facts in Mexico, where American troops were being shot down, and that there was every reason why the Congress at that time should uphold the President's hands.

"It was one of those cases," he continued, "where we cannot have parties, where each branch of the Government must stand up behind the Executive, but I do not say that when it comes down to merely legislative matters. I believe in respecting the authority of the Executive within the sphere fixed for it by the Constitution, as much as I desire the Executive to respect the authority of the legislative branch within the scope and line fixed for it by the Constitution."

YARD TO BUILD WARSHIP.

Construction of One of the New Dreadnoughts Awarded to Brooklyn.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Secretary Daniels made known today that one of the three superdreadnoughts which the Government is about to build will be constructed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The others will be constructed at private shipyards. Names for the three vessels will not be selected until after the sale of the battleships Idaho and Mississippi to the Greek Government has been consummated. This suggests that the names of these States are to be given to two of the new armorclads.

Secretary and Mrs. Daniels, Mrs. Newlands, wife of the senior Senator from Nevada, and Senator and Mrs. Key Pittman of Nevada will go to Quincy, Mass., to witness the launching of the battleship Nevada at the works of the Fore River Shipbuilding Company on Saturday. Most of the party will make the trip from Washington on the dispatch boat Dolphin, but Secretary Daniels will go by train. He will lecture before the Naval War College at Newport on Monday before returning to Washington.

PIG IRON RATES TOO HIGH.

Commerce Commission Rules Against Railroads in Birmingham Case.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—In the Birmingham pig iron case, the Interstate Commerce Commission today held that the existing rates on pig iron from the Birmingham district to Louisville, St. Louis, Chicago and Boston by rail and water were unreasonable. No change was ordered on proportional rates to Ohio River crossings, but it was ordered that they be revised so as not to throw all the reduction on the Southern lines.

Existing rail and water rates to interior New England were pronounced unreasonable, and reasonable rates to Portland, Me., Springfield, Mass., and Lowell, Mass., were prescribed, with reductions to interior New England points.

UBERROTH REACHES GOAL.

Arrives at Wife's Bedside After 5,000-Mile Race from Alaska.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—Capt. P. H. Uberroth of the Revenue Cutter Service ended a 5,000-mile race from Unalaska today when he arrived at the bedside of his wife in this city. Mrs. Uberroth was stricken several weeks ago, and a serious operation became necessary. Her husband, who was in command of the revenue cutter McCulloch in Alaskan waters, was notified, and left on his long journey fourteen days ago. His son, Lieut. F. F. P. Uberroth, who was on the battleship Vermont at Vera Cruz, was also summoned, and arrived home Saturday night.

Mrs. Uberroth's condition today was unchanged. She refused to undergo the operation until her husband and son should arrive.

WILSON SUPPORTS WATERWAY REFORM

Giving Active Assistance to Newlands Amendment to Stop "Pork Bar'l" Appropriations.

PROVIDES FOR COMMISSION

Projects to be Co-ordinated, Investigated and Regulated—$43,000,000 Bill to be Accepted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—President Wilson and his Cabinet have taken a definite step to put a stop in the future to the log-rolling system of appropriations for improving waterways, a system that is held to have made the Rivers and Harbors bill a glaring example of "pork bar'l" legislation. For many years Senator Newlands of Nevada has sought to establish a national commission to co-ordinate the various improvements, regardless of the local sentiment that has been a determining factor in the shaping of bills of this kind. The President is now lending his active assistance to Mr. Newlands, and the provision for a commission probably will be appended to the present Rivers and Harbors bill.

The Senate Committee on Commerce, which appears to have done little to improve the "dribbling system" of the Rivers and Harbors bill as passed by the House, has agreed to a slightly modified draft of Mr. Newlands's proposed amendment to the pending bill, and this amendment will be added on the floor of the Senate. But the committee, which had attached to the House bill ten new projects of local interest to the members of the committee, did not take this action until the President and the Cabinet had indicated approval.

As agreed to by the Committee on Commerce, Mr. Newlands's amendment provides for the creation of a river regulation commission, consisting of the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Commerce, and two members each of the Senate and House appointed by the Vice President and the Speaker. This commission, which would have for its initial expenses an appropriation of $200,000, would be charged with the duty of preparing comparative plans for the improvement and regulation of inland navigation, its adjustment to railroad transportation, and such related subjects as flood control, irrigation, and the reclamation of swamp lands.

The position taken by the President against the piecemeal appropriations that have made general plans for improving waterways secondary to the need of distributing the appropriations so as to command a maximum of local support does not mean that he will veto the present bill with its $43,000,000 in cash to be distributed under the old system. The President seems to have found himself confronted by much the same situation as prevented President Taft from vetoing a similarly-drawn bill. The plan approved by the Administration seems to be for the present bill with all its extravagances to go through, but with the provision for the commission attached to it so as to render unnecessary such careless legislation in the future.

The Newlands amendment looks to the complete co-operation of Federal, State, and municipal Governments. The amendment recognizes that the activities of the Federal Government are limited to the navigability of streams and to interstate commerce in general. But where needed improvements along a given river go beyond the needs of navigation and commerce, the commission will be empowered to investigate all the needs and recommend an apportionment of cost among the proper Governments. It goes without saying that there is no provision under contemplation for forcing local Governments to assume their share of the burden except through public opinion and the demonstration of the local advantage involved.

The Rivers and Harbors bill will come up intermittently when the more pressing appropriation bills are out of the way, and the Newlands plan will be presented as a committee amendment at an early date. It is believed that the President's influence, which is greater in the House than in the Senate, will be able to force the amendment through conference, once it is adopted in the upper chamber.

Eight Gowanus Terminal Bids.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 7.—For the construction of the New York City Barge Canal Terminal, at Gowanus Bay, Brooklyn, eight bids were received by the Public Works Department today. The State Engineer's estimate of the cost of the work was $365,707. The bids ran from $313,130 by George W. Rogers, Inc., of 29 Broadway, New York, to $746,719 by John Monks & Sons, 82 Beaver Street, New York. The award will be announced later.

Fulton Street
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Frederick Loeser & Co. INC.
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STORE CLOSES AT 5 P. M.—SATURDAYS AT NOON

Paris Clothes—A Clearance

Chance to Buy Beautiful Gowns and Suits
The Genuine Product of Great French Dressmakers

For a Fraction of Their Import Cost

THIS JULY CLEARAWAY brings opportunity to add to your wardrobe a handsome Paris Gown or Wrap at a small fraction of what it cost to bring it into New York.

There is also opportunity to buy American-made Gowns and Suits of exceptional beauty and quality for a fraction of their former prices.

The occasion is the most radical clearance yet made of these very high class and exclusive garments. It is time they were in use and we have made the prices extremely low to hurry them out.

We invite every woman who likes beautiful Clothes (even though she has considered her summer wardrobe completed) to inspect this special offering. We believe it will interest every woman who views it and notes the small prices.

At $25

SUITS

$49 Callot Suit of black velvet and black satin.
$97.50 copy of Bernard, terra cotta gaberdine Suit.
$75 copy of Premet in brown duvetyn Suit.
$95 copy of Paquin Suit in navy blue silk, plaid trimmed.
$95 copy of Bernard in brown ripple crepe Suit.
$95 copy of Paquin Suit, navy blue serge, plaid trimmed.

GOWNS

$40 Goupy evening Gown, shaded gunmetal, taffeta slip.
$59 copy of Premet afternoon Dress, taupe taffeta.
$75 copy of Callot black taffeta afternoon Gown.
$69 copy of light blue chiffon dancing Dress by Agnes.
$69 copy of Drecoll brown charmeuse evening Gown.
$75 copy of Martial Armand black faille mourning Dress.
$59 copy of Callot afternoon Dress in green changeable taffeta.
$165 copy of Drecoll silver brocade evening Gown.
$69 copy of Bernard tan taffeta and flowered crepe afternoon Gown.
$69 copy of Drecoll plum colored silk poplin afternoon Gown.

At $45

SUITS

$65 Lanvin black serge and blue velvet Suit.
$75 Cheruit light tan serge Suit.
$75 Groult dull black silk poplin Suit.
$185 Cheruit gray ratine Suit.

GOWNS

$50 black velvet Gown by Tollmann.
$150 black net and charmeuse Gown by Beer.
$75 Drecoll Gown in green voile and blue satin.
$150 russet silk crepon Gown by Beer.
$125 Cheruit Gown in peacock blue serge.
$69 copy of Agnes, blue and black changeable silk dinner Dress.
$129 copy of Premet flesh pink dancing Dress with lace tunic.
$135 copy of Drecoll evening Gown; brilliant and jet tunic over silver, taupe flounce.
$89 copy of Worth white brocade evening Dress.
$115 copy of Worth gold and silver brocade evening Dress.
$79 copy of Agnes Dress in gold lace and chartreuse tulle.
$150 copy of Callot light blue velvet dinner Dress, gold and silver lace.
$150 copy of Premet dinner Dress in gold charmeuse.
$95 copy of Drecoll dinner Dress in ultramarine taffeta.
$75 copy of Maurer evening Gown in flesh charmeuse, long tunic.

At $75

SUITS

$195 brick colored duvetyn Suit by Doucet.
$175 mole velveteen Suit by Callot.

GOWNS

$175 gold thread and silk Pompadour Gown by Poiret.
$149 copy of evening Gown by Callot in pink chiffon.
$115 copy of lace and flowered taffeta Gown by Callot.
$95 copy of flowered taffeta and tulle dancing Gown by Premet.
$185 copy of flowered chiffon and gold embroidered Gown by Callot.
$95 copy of black charmeuse Gown, jet trimmed, by Worth.
$117.50 copy of black silk taffeta moire Gown by Georgette.

WRAPS

$110 beetroot duvetyn Wrap.
$110 beetroot ratine Coat by Cheruit.

Second Floor.

NOTE

In addition to these handsome Gowns and Suits, there are hundreds of dainty summer Dresses of less expensive sorts on which prices are probably lowest they ever were in any July.

The Equitable is an assured success

The Equitable Building can prosper as a business proposition only in so far as its service promotes, stimulates and accelerates the prosperity of its tenants.

And if that is true, then the Equitable Building is an assured success, for it has left no stone unturned in bringing its service and facilities up to the topmost notch of efficiency.

Leases now being made from May 1, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed 2 or 3 months ahead of that date.

Equitable Building
Temporary Office, 27 Pine Street

The Semi-Annual
Sale of Saks Suits
for Men & Young Men

¶ Wherein, at the uniform price stated below, you will find a range of selection such as no other clothing sale ever equals—assortments which, having been kept at the top notch of replenishment, are practically unbroken—every conceivable kind of fabric, weight and coloring, tailoring which is our own, and models which are the style mentors of Metropolitan fashions.

FORMERLY $45, $40, $38, $35, $30 and $28

at $23

A small charge will be made for alterations.

For the balance of the week

Men's $2, $2.50 & $3 Negligee Shirts at $1.30

Shirts of domestic and imported Madras, with smart printed and woven patterns.

Shirts of soft mercerized cloth, in colorful single and double stripes.

Shirts of silk striped fabrics, as lustreful and handsome as pure silk.

Shirts of Oxford silk, in a selection of rich colorings and beautiful designs.

And last—the sensation of the sale!!

Blazer Stripe Shirts, made of silk and linen, in blue & white, lavender & white, gray & white, black & white, and pink & white.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

$100
FOR FOUR
PHOTOGRAPHS

THE NEW YORK TIMES will pay $25.00 each for the best four photographs suitable for reproduction by The Times's new process of printing, rotogravure, as separate supplements.

The first essential is that the photographs have human interest and a wide appeal. Preferably they should be taken out of doors, for the rotogravure process is peculiarly well adapted to reproduce the intricacies of foliage and the lights and shadows of the open.

Whatever story the photographs tell, the figures should be naturally, not stiffly, posed.

Photographs offered for this contest must reach this office before July 18, 1914. If it is desired to have pictures returned stamps should accompany them.

Besides the four prize-winning photographs, The Times will select other photographs for publication, and will pay $5.00 for each one used. All photographs offered in this contest should be addressed, The Rotogravure Editor, care of

The New York Times
Times Square, New York

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Young Men's Clothing
All the English & American Sack Suits
That were formerly
$25.00 to $45.00
Reduced to
$21.50 & $27.50
Fourth Floor

To Every Manufacturer of Building Materials and Appliances:

Read the July number of the Journal of the American Institute of Architects.

It contains the decision of the Institute as to standard sizes of catalogues and other printed matter intended for the real service of architects.

A copy of the Journal will be sent free to every manufacturer of building materials and appliances—as long as the supply lasts—on request to—

Journal of the American Institute of Architects,
The Octagon, Washington, D. C.

APPROVED RESPONSIBILITY

Our business operations and financial condition are subject to the inspection of two separate State departments—The Insurance and Banking Departments. Their supervision adds security to our entire service.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY

160 B'way, N.Y. 188 Montague St., Bkn.
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367 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.
120 Main St., White Plains, N. Y.

Values Ignored

Every commodity has its value. The MARMON and other high-grade used cars now in stock have as definite and positive value as the TEN DOLLAR BILL in your pocket.

We have forgotten values and are ready to quote you prices on the few we have left which any sane man will quickly recognize as **far less than they are worth.**

This seemingly sensational statement is a fact. We MUST have the space these cars occupy. If YOU don't look into this the other fellow will. BE WISE.

1911 MARMON 32 Touring
1912 MARMON 32 "
1913 MARMON 32 "
1913 MARMON 32 Town Car
1913 MARMON 41 Roadster
1912 MARMON 32 Landaulet

These cars overhauled and guaranteed. All fully equipped.

MARMON N. Y. CO. Inc.
1855 Broadway
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ROUND TICKET STOCKING 4 THREAD HEELS & TOES Gordon REG. U.S. PAT. OFF. Hard TO WEAR OUT

Look for this ticket on every pair.

Gordon ROUND TICKET Socks-25c

GOOD to look at, long in wear and the choice of the man who knows *real* values.

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A BOON TO SUFFERERS FROM HERNIA

Consultation and examination absolutely free of charge. No obligation or expense to you whatever. Call and physician will gladly examine and diagnose your case and advise you without any charge. If you can't call, write for free book, "Valuable Advice to the Ruptured," by Dr. Morris.

Weiss Truss Co., 223 W. 34th St., N. Y. C.

MAY WON'T INDORSE WOMAN SUFFRAGE

Secretary of State Promises to Advertise Amendment, but Won't Commit Himself.

HE STANDS BY HIS PARTY

Tells Women He Takes His Politics Like His Religion and Doesn't Dictate to Either.

Secretary of State May told representatives of the Women's Political Union yesterday afternoon that he would see that their proposed amendment to the State Constitution asking for the enfranchisement of women was advertised properly, as that was his duty, but he said he would not put his name to a paper promising to stand by the women in the convention and further their cause.

Miss Caroline Lexow, Miss Alberta Hill, Miss Eleanor Brannon, Mrs. Joseph Griswold Dean, and Mrs. Thomas W. Hotchkiss called on the Secretary of State at his office in the Woolworth Building after a meeting in Wall Street, at which Miss Brannon spoke. The guests were received in the Secretary's private office, where he apologized for not having chairs enough to go around, and the entire party stood throughout the interview. In refusing to indorse woman suffrage the Secretary said:

"I'm an organization man. I take my politics as I take my religion. I take the things I like, and the things I don't like I take anyway. What is in the platform I stand for. But I don't want to put my name to anything in a semi-public way and seem to dictate to my party. I may be called into conference. I am not anxious for it, but if I should be called I want to go in with a free mind. There are some in sympathy, some are passive, and some opposed. The thing that seems best is decided upon.

"I do not consider suffrage an unquestionable right for either men or women. The men did not get it for a long time, and not until they had demanded it in the right way. They had to come across the water to get it, and then they gave it to every one, and I don't know whether that was the best thing or not. The women are sure to get it when they have demanded it long enough in the right way."

Miss Lexow suggested that as 4,000,000 women were now voting they should be considered, and their vote would be effective in national elections.

"A question of expediency would not affect me at all," said the Secretary, "I don't expect to run for President or Congress."

"There are 1,000,000 clubwomen who have just come out for suffrage," said Miss Lexow, "and all the trades unions and the Granges are for it."

"That reminds me," said Mr. May, "of a man who came to me for something and said he had 300,000 men back of him. I didn't doubt his veracity. If you have all those women back of you you will get the franchise when you have asked for it long enough and in the right way."

"What is the right way?" asked one of the women in the party as they were leaving.

"It is not polite to heckle the Secretary of State," said Miss Alberta Hill, and the party left with an exchange of courtesies on both sides. Mr. May did not think women should be considered inferior to men.

"Men are physically superior to women," he said, "but women have everything else. They are the power in society, and society is the foundation of everything."

Adrift in Rowboat All Night.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 7.—After being buffeted about on the waters of Long Island Sound all night in a small rowboat, a man named Gillis, who said his home was in New Haven, was picked up off Branford by the tug Fred Richards today and put ashore here. Gillis reported that a companion named Johnson was washed overboard from the rowboat and drowned.

WILL PENALIZES WEDDING.

Seaman Offers Inducement to Daughter Not to Marry Fassler.

Egbert B. Seaman, who died on June 27, left his entire estate in trust to Maria P. Seaman, his wife. After her death the estate, which was estimated to be worth more than $150,000, was to be divided into three equal shares. One share was to be paid to Egbert B. Seaman, Jr., Mr. Seaman's son, and another share to Mrs. Carrie L. Eidlitz, a daughter.

"The third share," Mr. Seaman said in his will, "I give, devise and bequeath unto my daughter, Frances P. Oakley, widow of John B. H. Oakley, provided, however, that at the time of my decease my said daughter, Frances P. Oakley, shall be married to some person other than one Leo Fassler, who now resides in the City of New York and is there engaged in the practice of law, or provided that at the time of my death the said Leo Fassler is dead."

Mr. Seaman then provided for various contingencies. If Mrs. Oakley was unmarried and Mr. Fassler was living, or if Mrs. Oakley was married to Mr. Fassler, the trustees must retain Mrs. Oakley's share and pay to her only the income of her share in her lifetime. If she married Mr. Fassler and predeceased him, her part was to be given to Mr. Seaman's other children. If Mrs. Oakley, however, married Mr. Fassler and survived him, she was to receive the principal of her share as soon as he died.

Mrs. Oakley, according to the petition filed yesterday with the will, has not become Mrs. Fassler. She said last night at the Hotel Majestic, at Seventy-second Street and Central Park West, that she was not acquainted with the provisions of her father's will, and did not care to discuss them.

NEW MOVE IN CHURCH FIGHT.

Travis, Ousted as Superintendent by Pastor, Elected Trustees Head.

The trouble in the Nostrand Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Brookiyn, has been aggravated by a move on the part of the Trustees, who have elected ex-State Senator Eugene M. Travis President of the board. About two weeks ago, following a controversy, Mr. Travis was ousted as Superintendent of the Sunday school through the efforts of the pastor, the Rev. Dr. A. F. Campbell. The dispute was over contemplated repairs in the Sunday school room. M. Travis opposed the idea of laying a hardwood floor in the room, saying, among other things, that some of those favoring the plan wished the floor for dancing.

Yesterday the supporters of the pastor learned with surprise that Mr. Travis had been elected President of the Board of Trustees to succeed Charles H. Rutherford, who resigned some time ago. The ex-Senator was chosen to head the board at a special meeting held on Monday night, which was attended by a majority of the Trustees. Dr. Campbell was not at the meeting. It was said yesterday that he was away on a vacation.

TRAIN WILD IN STATION.

Smashes Bumper Block and Hurts Six Women Excursionists.

Slippery rails are said to have been responsible for a train on the Central Railroad of New Jersey backing into the Broad Street Station in Newark yesterday and injuring six women. The train ran into a bumping block, ripped it from its foundation and hurled the débris into a crowd of excursionists of the United German Presbyterian churches of Newark.

The injured women removed to the City Hospital were Mrs. Matilda Baker of 28 Dickerson Street and Mrs. Dora Alexander of 35 Geneva Street. Both were badly bruised. Mrs. Lena Boempner of 650 South Eighteenth Street and Mrs. Edna Liepold of 94 Wallace Street went to their homes. They were tumbled down a flight of stairs and suffered from shock and slight bruises. Two other women were painfully hurt, but they refused to tell their names to the police.

There were 300 persons in the station and on the platform when the accident occurred.

MRS. HAMILTON PUT IN CONTEMPT

Ex-Actress Ordered to Appear Before Court for Failure to Pay $3,291 Debt to Brokers.

QUIZZED ABOUT PORTRAIT

At Examination Defendant Balked at Questions About Picture for Which She Posed.

Mrs. Virginia Marshall Hamilton has been ordered to appear before Supreme Court Justice Blanchard on Friday and show cause why she should not be punished for contempt for failing to pay a judgment of $3,291 obtained against her in 1911 by the brokerage firm of F. W. Duryea & Co. The complaint was that Mrs. Hamilton had lost the money in buying stocks on a margin.

Mrs. Hamilton is the wife of Schuyler Van C. Hamilton, who is the son of the Baroness von Graffenried. Testimony taken in supplementary proceedings has been submitted to the court. It was barren of any information showing that Mrs. Hamilton is financially able to pay the debt, but it was interesting in another way.

Mrs. Hamilton was quizzed about a picture for which she posed and now in the possession of Isaac D. Fletcher, who lives at 2 East Seventy-ninth Street. Louis D. Quasha, counsel for the plaintiffs, said last night that he believed that Mr. Fletcher intended returning the picture to Mrs. Hamilton. He also said that Mr. Fletcher was a very wealthy man and had been intimate with the Hamiltons for many years. In the examination Mrs. Hamilton was asked if she posed for the picture. She replied that she did.

"When was the last time you posed for this portrait?" asked the lawyer.

"About two weeks ago," she replied, "but I was just a model."

"Where is the portrait now?"

"I object to telling."

"Isn't it in the home of a Mr. Fletcher, at Fifth Avenue and Seventy-ninth Street?"

"I object to telling."

Asked who owned the portrait Mrs. Hamilton replied that it was the property of the person who paid for it. She said she posed for the portrait because she wanted to. Asked for whose benefit she posed, she replied that it was for the benefit of the artist. Asked if she got any money for her part of the work, she replied that she had not received any so far, but that she might get some soon. When Mrs. Hamilton was questioned as to whether Mr. Fletcher had paid for the portrait, Mrs. Hamilton at first refused to answer, but she finally replied:

"That is a fact so far as I know."

Mrs. Hamilton admitted that she frequently visited Mr. Fisher at his home. Asked what artist painted the portrait, Mrs. Hamilton had difficulty in remembering, but finally she spelled the name like this:

"E-x-s-u-r-g-u-m."

Mrs. Hamilton said that her husband got some money from his mother, the Baroness, but she said it was not very much, and did not come very often. Mrs. Hamilton used to be an actress. Her mother-in-law, the Baroness, got a divorce from her first husband, Schuyler Van Courtlandt, in 1894, and then she married the Baron in 1901 in Paris.

"Open Air to Everywhere"

The Morgan Collection

AMONG the most remarkable gatherings of art ever gotten together.

It is only a transient guest at the Metropolitan Museum.

Better see it now—and by 'bus is the pleasantest way to get there.

Fifth Ave. Coach Co.

TEN BOY STEALERS HELD.

Bail for Frank Longo's Kidnappers Aggregates $144,000.

Strongly guarded by police, the ten alleged kidnappers of little Frank Longo were arraigned before Magistrate McQuade in Jefferson Market Court yesterday. The greatest precautions were taken to prevent any one communicating with either the prisoners or the witnesses. The courtroom was cleared of spectators before the prisoners were brought in, and no one was allowed inside except those known to have business there. Detectives Tunney, Grieco, Cavone, Fennelly, and the others who made the arrests were in court.

Francisco Longo of 190 Bleecker Street, the father of the kidnapped boy, told the story of the stealing of his son and the paying of the ransom. He said that he had received six threatening letters. The first was dated May 13 and the last June 27. One letter indicated the tone of all. In this the kidnappers wrote: "Do business with honest people. If you go to the police your son will die, and we are ready with our guns. If you do not send the money we will send your son's head by parcel post as a remembrance. This done and we will attend to you."

After hearing Longo's testimony Magistrate McQuade adjourned the examination until tomorrow. The prisoners are Tachino La Rosa, 255 Elizabeth Street; Francesco Macaluso, 364 East Seventy-sixth Street; Antonio Siraguso, 221 East Twelfth Street; Vincenzo Acena and Mrs. Katrina Acena, 237 Avenue B; Cologero Molone and Pasquale Malone, 242 East Seventy-fifth Street; Nicolo Rotolo, 33 Bedford Street; Antonio Damico, 267 Coney Island Avenue, Brooklyn, and Paladino Lunzio, 3 Goerck Street.

Bail for Rotolo was continued in $23,000, that for Siraguso was increased to $25,000, and for the eight others bail was fixed at $12,000 each.

WOULD PARDON FIREBUG.

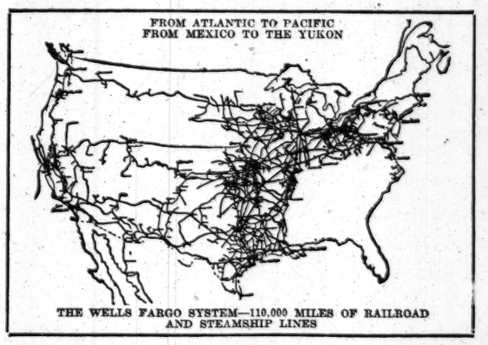
Whitman Says Stein Helped Expose Arson Syndicate.

District Attorney Whitman has recommended that Gov. Glynn should grant a pardon to Izzy Stein, who is serving a sentence of from twelve and a half to twenty-four and a half years in Sing Sing on his conviction in 1912 for arson. After his conviction Stein confessed to Assistant District Attorney Weller and implicated fire insurance brokers and adjusters in an arson "syndicate." As a result of the information three adjusters were convicted and twenty others were indicted, many of whom pleaded guilty.

WELLS FARGO EXPANDS

THE addition of 12,000 miles of highly improved new lines, formerly operated by the United States Express Company, has greatly strengthened WELLS FARGO & COMPANY EXPRESS in its ability to SERVE THE PUBLIC.

It now has TWO lines between New York, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, and all points in the WEST and enters Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore for the first time.



THE WELLS FARGO SYSTEM—110,000 MILES OF RAILROAD AND STEAMSHIP LINES

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TELEPHONE "WELLS FARGO"

A Wells Fargo auto-truck or wagon will respond promptly to your request. A Wells Fargo routeman—courteous, alert, intent—will be at your service—to take your packages or to give you information as to the rates or qualities of our service.

A personal visit or a request by post to our nearest office will bring the same response—efficient Wells Fargo Personal Service.

Wells Fargo *Reaches From* New York TO

Wilmington	Baltimore	Washington	Annapolis
Frederick	Hagerstown	Cumberland	Pittsburgh
Binghamton	Syracuse	Rochester	Buffalo
Cleveland	Toledo	Detroit	Chicago
Wheeling	Cincinnati	Indianapolis	St. Louis
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Wells Fargo & Company Express
CARRIES TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Oak and Walnut Furniture for the Living Room

BY their time-worn furnishings even more than by their characteristic architecture do those oak-panelled rooms of the typical Tudor Manor House make so strong an appeal to the cultured sympathies.

Our Hampton Shops Reproductions of Oak and Walnut include the very pieces which will introduce this identical note of Poetry and Romance into the modern home—the Priory Table, with its quaintly carven legs, the Stately Arm-Chair or the comfort offering Settee drawn so invitingly before the log-fire flickering on the hospitable hearth.

Hampton Shops

34 and 36 West 32d St., New York
Between Fifth Ave., and Broadway

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Lawyers Mortgage Company

JULY 1, 1914

RICHARD M. HURD, President

To the Board of Directors:

Gentlemen:

The notable feature in the history of the Lawyers Mortgage Company for the past six months is the striking increase in its net profits for that period over its net profits for the corresponding six months of 1913,—**$508,729** against **$397,156.**

At the beginning of the year the Lawyers Mortgage Company ceased to be affiliated with any one Title Company and became an independent Mortgage Company, making loans direct to real estate owners. This added service—to borrowers as well as lenders—has not only facilitated the conduct of the Company's business, but has also greatly increased its profits.

The total of mortgage sales amounts to—**$21,322.697**—and the Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages—**$141,514,149**—are the largest on record.

The comparative figures for the first half of recent years are as follows:

First Six Months of	Mortgages Sold	Net Gain in Outstanding Guaranteed Mtges.	Outstanding Guaranteed Mtges., July 1st.
1903	$4,633,264	$2,922,277	$14,926,525
1904	7,643,910	4,490,660	22,458,408
1905	12,732,840	7,774,265	35,884,662
1906	12,629,387	7,405,296	48,282,077
1907	12,105,512	5,888,821	60,342,971
1908	12,942,259	5,351,443	69,031,168
1909	16,897,501	9,628,029	86,905,963
1910	21,740,285	8,319,307	103,021,787
1911	18,250,331	5,736,243	113,956,667
1912	22,016,629	7,634,615	125,666,118
1913	17,530,240	4,849,645	136,018,258
1914	21,322,697	3,787,236	141,514,149

The Gross Earnings and Net Profits of the Company for the first half of recent years are as follows:

EARNINGS

	First Half 1914	First Half 1913	First Half 1912	First Half 1911	First Half 1910
Premiums for Guarantees	$343,229	329,432	298,542	275,200	243,308
Interest on Mortgages	177,210	162,461	166,524	124,943	125,101
Fees, Rent, etc	132,014	10,172	8,180	7,913	11,109
Gross Earnings	$652,453	502,065	473,246	408,056	379,518

EXPENSES

	First Half 1914	First Half 1913	First Half 1912	First Half 1911	First Half 1910
Rent	$12,500	8,833	9,000	9,000	9,500
Salaries	92,755	67,051	62,518	55,047	50,898
Advertising and Stationery	11,970	11,562	11,097	9,314	7,851
Taxes and General Expenses	26,499	17,463	17,981	14,161	9,709
Expenses	$143,724	104,909	100,596	87,522	77,958
Net Earnings	$508,729	397,156	372,650	320,534	301,560

The rates of Earnings and Dividends on the Capital Stock have been as follows:

	Capital	Earnings	Dividends
1902	$1,000,000	6 per cent	5 per cent
1903	2,500,000	7 per cent	5 per cent
1904	2,500,000	8 per cent	6 per cent
1905	2,500,000	11 per cent	7 per cent
1906	2,500,000	13 per cent	8 per cent
1907	2,500,000	16 per cent	10 per cent
1908	2,500,000	18 per cent	10 per cent
1909	*3,250,000	15½ per cent	12 per cent
1910	4,000,000	15½ per cent	12 per cent
1911	4,000,000	16½ per cent	12 per cent
1912	**5,500,000	14½ per cent	12 per cent
1913	6,000,000	13¼ per cent	12 per cent
1914	6,000,000	17 per cent	12 per cent

*Average Capital $3,250,000. July 1, 1909, Capital increased from $2,500,000 to $4,000,000. **Average Capital $5,500,000. April 1, 1912, Capital increased from $4,000,000 to $6,000,000.

UNEARNED PREMIUMS

In addition to the cash earnings are the Unearned Premiums, which consist of the Company's contract profit of one-half per cent. per annum on outstanding mortgages from the date of this statement to the maturity of the mortgages. These future profits—which are not carried as assets—amount to **$1,267,848.**

The Assets and Liabilities of the Company on June 30th, 1914, were as follows:

ASSETS

New York City Mortgages	$7,775,198.75
Accrued Interest Receivable	361,112.78
Company's Brooklyn Building, cost	175,000.00
Real Estate	279,747.07
Cash	920,527.95
	$9,511,586.55

LIABILITIES

Capital	$6,000,000.00
Surplus	2,750,000.00
Undivided Profits	197,720.59
Mortgages sold, not delivered	501,325.13
Reserved for Premiums, etc	62,540.83
	$9,511,586.55

The Assets and Liabilities of the Company have been verified and the Company's accounts certified as of June 30th, 1914, by THE AUDIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

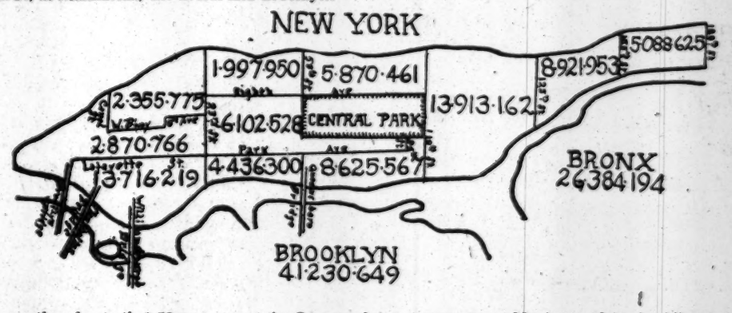
There are **10,800** mortgages outstanding, classified as follows:

Borough	No. of Loans	Amt. Outstanding	Average Loan
Manhattan	2,268	$73,899,306	$32,500
Brooklyn	7,309	41,230,649	5,600
Bronx	1,223	26,384,194	21,500
	10,800	$141,514,149	$13,000

An analysis of the Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages of the Company shows that these are divided among the customers of the Company as follows:

48 Savings Banks	$16,579,690
1227 Trustees	36,693,151
2937 Individuals	55,393,693
183 Charitable Institutions	12,108,550
14 Insurance Companies	13,775,900
30 Trust Companies	6,963,165
4439	$141,514,149

The following map shows the distribution of the total Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages of the Company on July 1st, 1914, in Manhattan, the Bronx and Brooklyn:



It is worthy of note that **52** per cent. of the Company's mortgages are on Manhattan Island, while **29** per cent. are in Brooklyn, and **19** per cent. in the Bronx.

VALUATIONS OF LAND AND BUILDINGS AND FIRE INSURANCE.

	Value of Land	Value of Buildings	Total	Mortgage Loans	Fire Insurance
Manhattan	$61,195,578	$51,025,439	$112,221,017	$73,899,306	$61,987,207
Brooklyn	22,494,745	46,357,205	68,851,950	41,230,649	44,705,208
Bronx	13,102,071	26,475,075	39,577,146	26,384,194	26,096,121
	$96,792,394	$123,857,719	$220,650,113	$141,514,149	$132,788,536

The average amount loaned by the Company is **64** per cent. of the Company's own appraisal.

For the absolute protection of the holders of Guaranteed Mortgages, the Board of Directors have adopted By-Laws as follows: limiting the amount of Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages to not over twenty times the Capital and Surplus of the Company; limiting the mortgages to be guaranteed to improved business or residence property in the City of New York; limiting the mortgages to be guaranteed to not over two-thirds of the Company's appraisal of the real estate security; limiting the charge of the Company for guaranteeing mortgages to one-half of one per cent. per annum.

These limitations—which are far stricter than those adopted by any other Mortgage Company in New York—have been for many years in use by the Company and their effectiveness in safeguarding the Company's mortgage investments is clearly evidenced by its unusually clean record in the matter of delinquent interest and foreclosures. On January 1 last the Company had under foreclosure 51 mortgages amounting to $1,118,000. The Company now has under foreclosure 81 mortgages amounting to $1,177,700, many of which will probably be paid off or settled prior to foreclosure sale. The foreclosed real estate owned by the Company on January 1 last amounted to $147,343, and since then real estate amounting to $303,354 has been added, making a total of $450,697. However, during the past six months, the Company has sold real estate amounting to $170,950, so that the foreclosed real estate now owned amounts to only $279,747. The Company adheres to its policy of forcing the sale of foreclosed real estate, even at low prices, in order to keep the Company's assets clean at all times. The amount of interest delinquent for more than one month is $7,630.

The steady growth of the Company's business in the past nineteen and one-half years, bringing the Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages up to over ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-ONE MILLION DOLLARS, evidences the public confidence in the stability of the Company's mortgage investments.

The Company will continue to adhere to its present sound and cautious methods and to its policy of unequalled publicity, under which it reveals every detail of its business. It is believed that the confidence of the most careful investors may be thus deserved and obtained.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 8, 1914.

MR. WARBURG'S RETIREMENT.

It will be regretted if Mr. WARBURG cannot serve the country in connection with the Federal Reserve Bank. The reason will be that he retires before treatment by the Senate which is an innovation in its practice regarding the confirmation of Presidential nominations. It was not enough that he responded to the series of questions which the Senate put to him on a wide range of subjects other than banking, or his personal qualifications. That alone is unusual. Ordinarily nominations are considered in executive session, and are confirmed or rejected without direct communication unless information is sought upon specific subjects in connection either with the personal record of the nominee, or with his views upon his duties in the office if confirmed. A general quiz upon the state of the Union is a novelty, but Mr. WARBURG submitted to it. He answered personal questions and theoretical questions. He discussed ethics and politics and the business of Wall Street, in which he had no part. But there he drew the line. He would not present himself before Senators to be cross-examined and heckled by Senators wandering far beyond their constitutional functions.

It would not be possible to approve Mr. WARBURG'S procedure if he sought to conceal anything the Senate ought to know. If there were any charges made regarding either mental or moral character the last secret ought to be exposed. In Mr. WARBURG'S case there is no suggestion of that sort. The Senators' action shows that they were not seeking information upon his qualifications as a member of the Federal Reserve Board, but as to how he might vote, if he were a Senator, upon many of the subjects now pending, and upon which the Senate is not arousing the admiration of the country. The office to which Mr. WARBURG was nominated is one of importance, but its scope is not so wide as that. Mr. WARBURG'S activities would be within the Federal Reserve act, and are defined with all the strictness within the power of our lawmakers. He would have no opportunity, were he so inclined, to water stock, or to underwrite corporation security issues, or to act in what may be called a "Wall Street" way. He not only would be limited by the law. He would be under the constant observation of the full board, none of whom can stray far from the narrow path without detection. In short, the questions were insulting in their suggestions, not directed to anything the Senate had a right to ask, and were followed by a demand for a personal presentation of "claims," as though Mr. WARBURG were a politician seeking reward, instead of a distinguished banker accepting a summons to his patriotism to serve his country at a sacrifice.

Mr. WARBURG'S procedure is to be approved on wider than personal grounds. This action by the Senate cannot be allowed to be established as a precedent. The sort of man who will submit to such indignity is not the sort of man to impress desirable character upon the national banks. With all modesty, Mr. WARBURG has rather rebuked the Senate than suffered a rebuff himself. Mr. WARBURG no doubt remains ready to serve his country, but that is something different from placing himself at the service of the Senate in a matter and way contrary to the country's interests. Mr. WARBURG was drafted and has not yet been formally discharged. Perhaps, if the Senate Committee should discover after all that it can get along without a personal conversation with a gentleman who is not disposed toward controversy or insult, all might yet be forgiven on both sides. There would be advantage in the Senators' appreciation that there is a distinction between bankers and politicians, and that some bankers are superior to some politicians.

PARK POLICEMEN NEEDED.

Dr. HORNADAY'S complaint of disorder and vandalism in the Bronx Zoological Park might be made with equal force of every other park in the city. Not one of them is properly policed. Central Park has an assignment of eighty-eight patrolmen, but under the three-platoon system not more than thirty are on duty at any one time. As the park has an area of 1,200 acres, this means an average beat to each policeman of forty acres. In the Zoological Park, according to Dr. HORNADAY, only five policemen are on duty. In the smaller parks there is seldom more than one.

It is useless for the Park Commissioners to spend thousands of dollars in cultivating landscapes and replanting lawns if their improvements are not protected from harm. The present plan of park supervision divides responsibility between the park authorities and the Police Department. It has not worked well. The original plan devised by Mr. OLMSTED provided for a special force of keepers or guards directly responsible to the Department of Parks. As long as this plan was in effect the parks were well cared for. A return to it now would seem to be advisable.

STOP THE PUBLIC FUNERAL.

The proposed funeral pageant to glorify the three men who were killed by the premature explosion of a murderous bomb they were making with intent to destroy others is an insult to the public intelligence. The Board of Health has ordered that the bodies shall be buried or burned not later than 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, but the friends of anarchy, determined not to be thwarted in their plan to have a disturbance of the peace on Saturday, now intend to have the ashes of the dead anarchists carried in procession through the city streets. The Board of Health has done its duty. It is to be hoped that the Mayor and the police will now do theirs.

A public funeral service of this sort should not be tolerated. The right to "free speech" is not involved. Proof of the murderous intention of CARON and his associates is ample. If these persons had been adjudged guilty of murder, and executed by law, a parade at their funeral would have been prohibited. The prohibition applies equally to the proposed anarchistic display of Saturday. The demonstration planned is intended to be a defiance of law, order, and decency. The pretense that free speech has been suppressed is no excuse for lawlessness.

A REAL REFORM.

It is a mistake for the Senate to authorize the Committee on Foreign Relations to investigate the leakage of news from its secret sessions. The Senate is always passing resolutions and making investigations to find out how its executive sessions become public property, but it never finds out, and now it should take a new tack. It might accomplish something of real importance if it would appoint a committee to investigate and report upon some method by which unoffending newspaper correspondents can keep Senators from forcing reports of the secret sessions upon them. The executive sessions of the Senate are always dull and uninteresting, because the Senators have not the inspiration of reporters gazing down upon them from the gallery and taking notes of their bright sayings. Because of this dullness the sessions would go unreported if it were not that Senators, as soon as they escape from a secret session, pursue the fleeing correspondents, force them into corners and compel them to listen to their accounts of what went on.

True, the correspondents should have more backbone and sternly refuse to accept the contributions imposed upon them by Senators. But what is a correspondent to do? He may resolve within himself that never again will he inflict the report of a secret session upon his readers, but along comes some Senator whom he knows personally and likes and begs him to break his resolution just this once. Being human, the correspondent weakly yields. Let the Senate pass a self-denying ordinance for the relief of the sufferers in the gallery.

TIMES SQUARE.

The passing of 200,000 people at Times Square in a single hour, as calculated by Mr. DRUM, the Chicago engineer, must be something like a record. If there are any other "four corners" which can duplicate that for a single hour it is an approximate certainty that none of them can show twenty-four hours of continuous business to equal the Times Square business. Even that does not fully state the case, for Times Square is busy every day in the year, as well as every hour in the day. There are variations in the Times Square crowds, of course, but not such variations as occur elsewhere.

The accommodation of that traffic is a problem only to be solved by underground stories of railways and streets as remarkable as the skyscrapers above ground. When the theatres and the office buildings empty themselves together, as is the rule rather than the exception, there arise surface conditions of congestion and danger making it necessary to reduce them in the interest of both foot passengers and wheeled vehicles. Each obstructs the other, with danger to the walkers and delay for the drivers.

The only way of making it easier and safer to get about in that neighborhood is to enable foot traffic to cross the streets underground either east and west, or north and south. The only way to accomplish that is to extend the Subway platforms in all directions, and to multiply entrances and exits. This has been done already elsewhere with less necessity, and can be done more cheaply and with better results at Times Square, in connection with the Subway work now in the planning stage. It is rather street work than Subway work to make underground connections to hotels and theatres for pedestrians rather than for trains, but it is a city interest in either aspect.

Enormous tax values have been created at Times Square, and it would be waste not to consolidate them. The tax values have risen because of the facility of access to the many places of public business and amusement, and the increase of that facility would preserve those which exist, and enlarge the area thus favored. Property owners alive to their own interest would seek direct access from the Subway to their premises, and would support means for enabling their patrons to move about in the neighborhood without umbrellas or overshoes, and without escort across the tides of travel. Already the proposals are in some degree blemished by the letting of contracts not consistent with the complete development of that neighborhood, but it is possible still to avail of an opportunity which will not recur.

HE IS NEVER CALLED "POP."

The gentleman who has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Congress against JOSEPH G. CANNON says he does so because the ex-Speaker is no longer in touch "with the younger element in his district." If he means that Uncle JOE is not a Progressive, a radical, a reformer, or an uplifter he is right. But if he means that there is nothing youthful left about that universal uncle, he is himself a solemn old hunks, whatever his age.

Being in touch with the young is not a matter of age; as a man thinketh so is he. The years have not dried up Uncle JOE, they have not stiffened his intellectual joints. They have not frozen in him the springs of youth. He has still the inexhaustible interest in everything human, the joy of mere life, and the love of fight that characterize the eagerest boy just out of college. He can shake a leg at a dance with any young sprig in Danville, if they let him waltz and don't insist on his doing one of these new-fangled things with the Argentine names, and neither the lateness of the hour nor the smallness of his pile of chips can drag him away from the great American game. His cheek is as rosy as a girl's, his step as nimble as a boy's. There is no diminution in the clear common sense with which he confronts a public question. Time has left the fire of youth in him, and the only thing it has done is to ripen his judgment and keep his feet from the path of foolishness.

Most of the uplifters were born old and will never be young, but Uncle JOE was dipped in the Fountain of Youth at his birth. They need a youngster like him in a Congress full of men with intellects prematurely aged and solemn. He is everybody's uncle because "uncle" implies affection and does not suggest senility, but nobody ever dreamed of calling him "Pop."

HOME RULE AND HOT BLOOD.

Lord CREWE'S suggestion that Sir EDWARD CARSON, JOHN REDMOND, and WILLIAM O'BRIEN, with a few other influential Irishmen, should get together in conference to settle the Irish problem which has threatened national calamity, seems practical. The formal Parliamentary conference proposed between supporters of the Government and members of the Opposition is all very well, but only Irishmen can actually settle Irish questions, and now that the House of Lords has shown itself disposed to be moderate in regard to the home rule law, and Mr. ASQUITH'S Ministry has given signs of a willingness to compromise still more in the matter of Ulster, it is surely time to stop all the talk of the imminence of civil war and accept the situation as it stands.

Ireland, out of Ulster, is going to have home rule. The world believes that the time is not distant when Ulster will be anxious to have its share of home rule. Meanwhile, the hot blood of the Ulsterites and the National Volunteers must be cooled. Parliament, as a body, can do little to that end, but a sensible conference of prominent Irishmen representing both factions might do much.

PHILIPPINE INDEPENDENCE.

Our island contemporary, The Manila Daily Bulletin, laments not so much the plans supposed to be laying for Philippine independence as the perpetual uncertainty in the matter which it believes tends to keep business in the islands in a depressed condition. With the view of the Manila newspaper that complete independence for the islands should be deferred until the Filipinos are ripe for it, until they are capable of developing the great natural resources of their own country and bear a fair share of its commerce, until they have a common language for the exchange of ideas, most of the intelligent people of the United States heartily agree. If the Jones bill ever comes up for discussion in Congress we have an idea that that opinion regarding its provisions will prevail. Meanwhile, we do not regard the inevitable postponement of debate upon it as an evil. Probably the business depression in the Philippines will disappear when better business conditions are established elsewhere. The whole world is suffering more or less from bad business. In Argentina and Brazil trade is very dull and merchants are disheartened, although a revival may be near at hand. France and nearly all the other nations of Europe complain of business depression. The Filipinos are victims of an epidemic of pecuniary uncertainty, which might not be lessened if their doubts concerning the future were suddenly relieved. In this country better times are surely in sight and the common trade depression may give way to active and spirited markets, before another year, all over the world. Meanwhile, let the people of the Philippines rest assured that whatever is done at Washington in regard to the government of the islands will be done carefully, without prejudice, and for the common good rather than the benefit of any faction.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Decrease Easily Explained.

Attention has been called by an esteemed but somewhat incautious neighbor to the fact that there has been in the past year a slight decrease of automobile advertising in THE TIMES. Yet explanation of the phenomenon might be more interesting to the general public than is the phenomenon itself, and as to give it will present for consideration a very pretty problem under the postal laws we are moved to do so.

Certain advertisers, including some makers and dealers in automobiles, think that when they buy space in the advertising columns of a newspaper they also buy, or at least can fairly expect to get, in addition, the insertion as news of such bits of information as to their achievements and operations as they obligingly bring to that paper's attention. One should not, and we do not, blame the advertisers for wanting to obtain as much as they can for their money, or criticise them for spending it where they please. We may have an opinion as to the sort of judgment they show in withholding their patronage from papers that accept or reject matter for the news columns on other grounds than that of getting or losing an advertisement. To express that opinion, however, is not necessary, but there is point—and right here the reader of these remarks will begin to get light on the use above of the word "incautious"—in asking this question: When the getting of an advertisement depends on giving some additional space in the news columns, and it has been accepted on those terms, explicit or implicit, is not what appears as news a real and essential part of the advertisement and, therefore, illegal unless so marked?

This inquiry deserves an answer, and if it does not get one from the able mathematician who has been measuring the automobile advertisements in THE TIMES, perhaps some official in the Post Office Department will devote a part of his powerful intellect to the satisfying of our keen and surely legitimate curiosity on the subject. Whether he does or not, the dear public will now know exactly why some papers get some automobile advertisements and why some others do not. Also, why certain facts are not explained by those who promulgate them.

Restitution Is Still in Order.

As suggested by FREDERICK MCCORMICK, the Secretary of the Asiatic Institute, this is a late day—a day perhaps too late—for the open selling and not less open buying, in a country that pretends to be civilized, of art objects that can be and are described as "loot."

When the allied nations of the West sent their small but sufficient armies to Peking, it was on a justifiable, even commendable, errand—that of protecting the various legations from treatment properly considered intolerable. Perhaps there was some excuse for the punitive operations by which certain of the allies, unlike the United States, deemed it judicious to teach the Chinese—or such of them as chanced to hear of the operations in question—that the diplomatic representatives of foreign powers must be held sacred from attack. What the circumstances did not justify was that individuals in either the diplomatic or the military service should take advantage of the conditions they partly found and partly created to make private profit for themselves by robbing the palaces of the Chinese capital, or, when anticipated in this form of enterprise, by buying stolen property at bargain prices from native thieves.

According to reports that nobody has ventured to deny, both of these reprehensible things were done by the foreigners who happened to be in Peking at the time, and the quantity of precious loot thus secured was enormous. Incidentally, a good many ancient monuments were destroyed. As a result of all this, observant and reflective Chinamen may have been less impressed by the enormity of China's sins as a violator of international law than by the slightness of difference between acknowledged bandits of home production and the more or less distinguished exponents of Occidental morals and manners.

Of course the European museums are rich with loot similarly taken, but most of it was acquired when pretensions of common honesty were hardly made by Governments, as such, and the crimes were committed so long ago that colorable rights have been created by what lawyers call adverse possession. This is not yet true of the loot from Peking, and the American collectors, public and private, who exhibit it show a surprising indifference when they hear themselves charged by Mr. MCCORMICK and others with being receivers of stolen goods.

A Possibility Truly Dubitable.

It is little wonder that an English Judge has suspected something wrong about the waivers of rights which have been presented to him as coming from certain American heritors under the will of a recently deceased Londoner. As the will is the sound production of a competent testator, and as no explanation has been offered by or in behalf of the heirs in far-away Texas, their renunciation seemed to him more than mysterious.

And so it was. To be sure, detectives of the more intelligent sort know how unsafe, generally speaking, it is to treat as a fact on which theories may be based any assumption whatever as to what a given human being would or would not do in a given situation, the possibilities being well-nigh infinite. Really infinite they are not, however. There are a few things beyond human capacity and another few so contrary to our known construction that the probability of our doing them is so small as to be negligible.

Certainly, as the English Judge evidently thinks, it is negligible both as a probability and as a possibility that legitimate heirs would knowingly refuse property legally coming to them from a close relative with whom they are on good terms. And that is the situation in this case, so far as the Judge knows it.

Of course the waivers may be all right, for circumstances can be imagined that would make them comprehensible—an agreement with other heirs, for instance, under which recompense for abandoned rights was assured. But the papers don't look right, as presented; on the contrary, they look wrong, and the English Judge did well to shy at them in frightened amazement.

Increasing, but at a Slower Rate.

While the figures of the last German census show an increase of population both for the last year and for the last decade that may well excite satisfaction at home and apprehensive envy in France, still the increase is in both cases itself a decrease as to rate. This explains and justifies the recent assertions by German statisticians that in their country as almost everywhere else the birth rate is declining.

That is a fact of little significance, and of none that is dangerous, where death rates are going down still faster, as they are in most countries. When Germany turned her energies so largely from agriculture to manufacturing, she at once became able to support a much larger population than before. As always in such circumstances, emigration practically stopped, and the new sources of sustenance were utilized. A new "saturation point" will be reached in time, and the slowing down of the increase rate hints that if not yet in sight it is not far below the horizon.

Whether a country is crowded or not, is not a matter of population per square mile, but depends upon the ingenuity of its inhabitants in devising means of earning a livelihood.

CENTENARY OF "WAVERLEY."

A Commemoration of Scott's Celebrated Novel Suggested.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems to have escaped general notice that we have arrived at the centenary of an event in English literature the importance of which deserves to be marked by more than passing comment. On July 7, 1814, there was published anonymously in Edinburgh a novel entitled "Waverley; or, 'Tis Sixty Years Since." The book was in three volumes, 12mo, and was printed by James Ballantyne & Co. for Archibald Constable & Co., Edinburgh, and Longman, Hurst, Rees, Orme, and Brown, London. No author's name appeared upon the title page, but the first edition of 1,000 copies was sold within five weeks, and three more impressions, amounting to 5,000 copies, had disappeared by November, 1814. Such, in brief, was the modest but enthusiastic reception of the first of the Waverley novels—that series of historical romances which captivated and entranced the whole reading world, until the author of "Waverley" attained a degree of popularity hitherto unknown.

A century has rolled by, but the genius of Sir Walter Scott remains undimmed. His works stand out and mark an epoch in our literature; for what Cowper and Burns did for poetry in emancipating it from the conventionality and dry classicism of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, that Scott did for prose, and more. By treating historical facts and legends in a democratic manner he made the novel popular, raising it from a provincial to an international plane, so that he became, so to speak, the first universal writer of English fiction. It is safe to predict that "Kenilworth," "The Heart of Midlothian," "Rob Roy," and the rest of the Waverley novels will be eagerly read by countless thousands as long as paper and ink hold out.

The statue of Sir Walter Scott in Central Park was presented to the City of New York on Aug. 15, 1871, the one hundredth anniversary of his birth, by "resident Scotsmen and their sons." Would it not be appropriate for their descendants in our day to commemorate the first publication of "Waverley" by a tablet, perhaps inserted on the base of the statue, or in some other suitable locality; or, better still, to plant an oak near by, dedicating it with the following couplet from Flora MacIvor's famous lines to an oak tree in "Waverley":

Be thine the Tree whose dauntless boughs
Brave Summer's drought and Winter's gloom.

New York, July 6, 1914. JOHN JAY.

Col. Lampton's Choice.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I do not know why your Poetry Editor did not ask me—he must certainly have heard of me—when he asked those other poets to state which was the best short poem on earth, as set forth in TIMES of Sunday, July 5, but if he had asked me—why in the name of the Muse, didn't he?—I should unhesitatingly have informed him that this one was—listen:

NE JUPITER QUIDEM OMNIBUS PLACET.

Once on a time an editor
Sent forth a stock request
To various poets, asking
Which poem was the best.

Once on a time an editor
Sent forth a stock request
To K—y Colonels, asking
Which whisky was the best.

Once on—but, no; no other
Worked off the hopeful hunch—
The Safe and Sane Committee
Broke up the whole darn bunch.

I do not know the author of these noble and beautiful lines which like a wreath of golden glory crown a sentiment not less noble and beautiful, but the great work stands forth resplendent, even though the master-builder be unknown. W. J. LAMPTON.

New York, July 5, 1914.

Mt. Vernon's Garment of Roses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Hanging Gardens of Babylon are a thing of the past, in fact many centuries past, but today one may see on the outskirts of the city, a half mile billow of roses—beautiful pink Dorothy Perkins—tumbling down in glorious profusion along the north side of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad cut in Mount Vernon. They are now in full bloom and present a most pleasing sight as one journeys either on the New Haven trains or the trolley cars operating along First Street, Mount Vernon, between the New Haven Depot and the New York City line.

From the top of the high stone wall on the north side of the railroad cut, which they cover and overhang six to ten feet or more, they sway gracefully to and fro with each eddying breeze, refreshing the tired commuter on his way home with their beauty and filling Mount Vernonites with a feeling of pride in their picturesque little city. It is well worth a trolley trip to Mount Vernon to see them.

WILLIAM A. ROWAN.
Mount Vernon, July 6, 1914.

THE COUNTRY'S REVENUE.

City Population in Twelve States Pays Nearly the Whole of It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are twelve States which have a majority of the population of the United States, and they have a majority of 30 in the House of Representatives. These States are Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, and California. According to the figures made public by the Secretary of the Treasury, these twelve States paid $33,525,918.47 of the total of $43,079,819.42 collected as a corporation tax, and $24,278,442.62 of the $28,306,356.69 collected as an income tax. The other thirty-six States were credited with $9,553,900.95 corporation tax and $4,027,894.07 income tax, or a total of $13,681,795.02 of the total $71,388,156.11 collected from both taxes, while the twelve States paid $57,704,361.09 of that total.

It will be found that the preponderance of the internal revenue is also collected in these larger States, and according to President Garfield's statement in 1880, that the internal revenue is from a voluntary tax paid by the consumers of alcoholic beverages and tobacco, these taxes were paid by the people who live in the urban territory. It would not be difficult to show that the larger part of the customs revenue is also paid by the people in the urban territory.

Four-fifths of the people of Massachusetts, seven-tenths of the people in New York, two-thirds of those in New Jersey, one-half of those in Pennsylvania and Ohio, three-fifths of those in Illinois, nearly one-half those in Michigan and Missouri, more than one-third of those in Indiana, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, and three-fifths of those in California live in cities of more than 8,000 population. These twelve States, which have the majority of the population and wealth and pay more than three-fourths of the corporation tax and six-sevenths of the income tax, have a majority of 30 in the House of Representatives, and if the urban population of those States should insist upon being represented they could prevent Congress from continuing to legislate largely for the people living in the rural districts. Isn't it about time the city man asserted himself and let Congress know that he has grown to equal stature and importance with the farmer?

Washington, D. C., July 6, 1914. B.

COUNTRY-WIDE PROHIBITION

Not Justified on Grounds of Religion or Social Welfare.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Whether prohibition is a right and effective remedy for the removal of the evils of the liquor traffic is a question the American public is called upon to answer. The prime plea of the advocates of prohibition is that it makes for moral reform. The acknowledged Divine Teacher of the Christian Church never declared immoral and sinful the imbibing of alcoholic beverages, but most undeniably stamped with His divine approval the drinking of wine for other than medicinal purposes at the wedding feast of Cana, by His own use, and by prescribing its use in one of the sacraments instituted by Him for His disciples and for all ages to come.

It is universally admitted that liquor can be easily abused, and that in the hands of men of weak and low character the saloon is sure to be of the same character. Hence reason and experience dictate the employment of measures guarding against the saloons becoming nuisances by falling into the hands of worthless characters. This is the basis and warrant for the license law, and of those other regulations and restrictions established by law with reference to the saloon and the dispensing of intoxicants elsewhere.

The Prohibitionists often plead in justification of local option or prohibition bills the principle of home rule. But how can they sincerely make this plea and then demand not only State-wide but even country-wide prohibition? All American citizens believe in home rule down to the right of each man determining for himself what is beneficial or harmful to himself or of an indifferent nature. Conceding that the saloon may affect property, peace, and comfort of those living within the radius of its influence, the radius of that influence must also determine the extent and limits of the district whose inhabitants shall have the right of granting or withholding the privilege to establish a saloon. Liberty in its true and full sense we will only retain if we insist that civil government shall protect all in the free exercise of their own judgment and choice, and shall only proceed against him who interferes with the peace and comfort, the equal rights and liberties of his fellow-citizens. This is the real issue in the prohibition movement.

WILLIAM F. SCHOENFELD,
Pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran Immanuel Church.

New York, July 6, 1914.

Roosevelt and the Bosses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When Roosevelt was Governor, Thomas C. Platt was in the heyday of his power as a boss politician. In the exercise of this power some time prior thereto he had bluntly refused Gov. Black a renomination, and so made way for his new-found protege, Theodore Roosevelt. Then, in 1900, this same "easy boss" refused Gov. Roosevelt a renomination he very much desired, and virtually forced him to accept the nomination for Vice President, which he did not want.

At this time Barnes was already a potential factor in the Republican Party—a recognized machine politician then as now. But Platt was the wily, bargaining boss pre-eminent, and in this distinction his memory holds the record to this day. Yet I cannot bring to mind any denouncement of either Barnes or Platt on the part of Roosevelt during all this period. He appears to have been subservient, obedient, and politically friendly.

Again, in 1904, Roosevelt was elected President, and he thereupon wrote a letter of effusive thanks to Penrose of Pennsylvania, (the Republican boss who holds a reputation in that State only less opprobrious than that of Murphy in his,) complimenting him upon his efficient help in securing for the Republican ticket an almost unprecedented majority.

This glance at the record of Roosevelt's attitude toward boss politicians tells its own story. The candidate who is seen cheek by jowl with bosses in the day of his need has shorn himself of power to dethrone them in the day of his strength.

You are right; Roosevelt is a clever politician—too clever by far. SAM TEST.

Flushing, July 6, 1914.

A Widowed Mother's Nine Children.

There are nine children in a home where the father died not long ago, and only two of them are able to help their mother. Their aunt has taken as large a share of the responsibility as she could, but now she is ill with heart trouble and must not attempt even to look after the younger children. The home is kept immaculate and the youngsters are well cared for, and when such home duties are met the mother's day is full. Ten dollars a week, what the two lads earn, leaves nothing for the rent. In fact, it doesn't cover the entire cost of food for so large a family. The church is helping the widow with fuel and groceries. The Charity Organization Society asks for $96 to pay the rent for six months.

Gifts may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

The society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions sent in response to previous appeals in THE TIMES:

"E. G. M.," $5; "California," $1; "G. E. S.," $1; "H. M. H.," $3; M. R. Murphy, $1; "Cash," $10; "J. H. M.," $6; "M. G. M.," $2; Mrs. Samuel Lord, $10; Mrs. T. J. Radford, $5; Mrs. A. S. Downs, $1; "In Memory of My Mother," $2; "E. M. L.," $1; "Cash," $1.

SKYSCRAPER A "FACTORY."

New Law Affects Large Office Buildings.

The Industrial Board of the New York State Department of Labor began its hearings yesterday, at 381 Fourth Avenue, on changes in the regulations affecting elevators and fire protection in factory buildings.

S. G. De Kay, representing realty owners in the financial district, asked if the board considered as a factory building an office structure in which a tailoring establishment employing six men was situated, and the answer was, "We certainly do." Mr. De Kay said that under this ruling such a structure as the City Investing Building must be classified as a factory building and that the large downtown interests were banded to fight the matter and would take steps to have the law repealed at Albany next session.

Representatives of real estate corporations contended that the regulations would compel the reconstruction of nearly all the factories in this city.

Rudolph Miller, former Superintendent of Buildings, and Miss Frances Perkins of the Committee on Safety, organized after the Triangle fire, protested against the proposed repeal of "Regulation No. 2," which required the installation of fireproof stairways and exits in all but the smaller factories. G. G. Laurens, an engineer, characterized the proposed substitute for this regulation as "foolish."

The board will hold a final hearing today on the proposed rule defining fireproof and fire-resisting materials and establishing certain specifications relating to construction.

T. J. Clark, representing a concern making safety appliances for elevators, was the only morning witness to favor the new law. Among those who opposed it were C. H. Chumway of the American Real Estate Company; Richard Berger, architect; John Bolin of the Building Department, Lawrence J. Mead of the Fire Building Corporation, George Pugh, Edward J. Conklin, and J. A. Rogers of the Rogers Plunger Elevator Company.

TO BEGIN $100,000 Y. M. C. A.

Work to Start on Greenwich Memorial of Mrs. Witherell.

Work on a $100,000 Y. M. C. A. building in Greenwich, Conn., the money for which was given two years ago by Mrs. Nathaniel Witherell as a memorial to her husband, will be started in a few days, according to Jacob A. Zimmerman & Son of 18 East Forty-first Street, this city, who signed the contract yesterday afternoon for the construction. The building is to be completed within a year. It will be a four-story structure, with two wings, forming an obtuse angle. At the angle there will be a dome and tower. The building is to contain a swimming pool, gymnasium, reading and lounging rooms, and dormitories.

Mrs. Witherell already has erected a $40,000 tubercular pavilion for the Greenwich General Hospital, and she has liberally supported the Boys' Club of the United Workers of Greenwich. Her husband, to whom she builds the Y. M. C. A. memorial, died in Bad Nauheim, Germany, in May, 1906. He organized the Kansas City Smelting and Refining Company in 1880 and was President of the International Metal Company until its consolidation with the American Smelting Company, of which he was a Director at the time of his death. In his will he provided for a manual training school for boys in Greenwich, and then in a codicil to the will withdrew the gift, saying that his wife was fully aware of his wishes and intents.

REFERS PARKWAY CASE.

Gov. Glynn Will Ascertain His Authority to Act.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 6.—Gov. Glynn today referred the complaint of certain citizens who ask for the removal from office of the Bronx Parkway Commissioners to his legal adviser. Gov. Glynn has authority in the premises, and if the complaint warrants it he probably will appoint a commission to take testimony or will give a public hearing. There is a question whether the Governor can act judicially in the matter.

The Commissioners were appointed to acquire and develop into a park a fifteen-mile strip of land along the shores of the Bronx River from Bronx Park to the Kensico Reservoir.

Henry Willard Denison.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is with very great satisfaction that the few Americans who have been in touch with the personality and the career of the late Henry Willard Denison, adviser in international law to the Government of Japan, have read in your columns the tributes to the quite extraordinary career of an extraordinary man—in a political responsibility and station also little short of the extraordinary. Foreign residents of all nationalities in Japan, and in China especially, the major diplomatic corps of all Europe and of the East, the special Commissioners and delegations in the slow or swift exigencies of treaty making and of treaty renewals, the boards of foreign commercial interests in relations with Japan the world around, the students of organized measures for Oriental peace, and many other classes of practical and theoretical workers—all have had during nearly a generation the profoundest admiration and respect for the personal character and the truly enormous legal and commercial knowledge of this wonderful New Englander. If ever an American, by sheer native gifts, by adaptive temper, by a vast technical learning, and by a personality that invited deference from both Oriental and Occidental, rose through merit solely to be a power behind a great Eastern throne, and to be a pivotal influence often in the prosperity and peace of nations, it was Henry Willard Denison. X. M.

New York, July 6, 1914.

"Safe and Sane" Driving.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Judging from the press reports from throughout the country, the movement for a safe and sane Fourth of July seems to have been eminently successful this year; the list of dead and injured was very small as compared with that of previous years.

By the same token, the list of dead and injured chargeable to unsafe and "unsane" automobile driving last Saturday and Sunday (no doubt, going to or returning from safe and sane Independence Day celebrations) would compare favorably with the death list of a modern battlefield.

Now that the "little" children have been made "safe and sane," is there not an excellent opportunity to commence on the "big" children? W. E. BROWN.

White Plains, N. Y., July 6, 1914.

WOULD IT TROUBLE HUMANITY?

Would it trouble humanity if all the birds
Held captive in cages were free?
If all of the elephants were left at home
In their jungles far over the sea?
If all the cute monkeys with faces so sad
That peer from the depths of their woe
Were back to their forest homes, playing their tricks
With the birds where the wild flowers grow?
If all of the lions and tigers that roar
In their dens till it gives you the chills
Were prowling again in their dark, hidden lairs
In the wilds of their own native hills?
If all of the polar bears, troubled and sore,
Who rock there in anguish and plight,
Were back to their icy-bound regions where
Their world is a world that is white?
Would it trouble humanity if we were kind
To these as we are man to man—
And left them alone where the Maker has placed
Each one in accord to His plan?

HORACE SEYMOUR KELLER.

TEACHERS TAKE UP PROBLEMS OF PAY

Question of Equal Remuneration to be Thrashed Out at National Convention.

COMMITTEE IS IN FAVOR

Psychological Tests of Children Interest Delegates—Dr. Jordan to be the Next President.

ST. PAUL, July 7.—The Resolutions Committee of the National Education Association agreed today to report to the convention resolutions favoring woman suffrage and equal pay for teachers regardless of sex. The committee will report on Thursday. Miss Grace C. Strachan, District Superintendent of Schools of New York City, argued in favor of equal pay for men and women teachers. The Resolutions Committee will make many recommendations to the convention. The conservative teaching of sex hygiene in the schools will be indorsed, and Federal aid for vocational training in public schools will be recommended.

The matter of teachers' pay was discussed at some length at the open session of the convention.

"In making up a school budget it usually happens that everything else is provided for before any provision is made for increasing teachers' salaries," said John W. Carr, Superintendent of Schools, Bayonne, N. J. "The result is that other school expenses are increased far more rapidly than teachers' salaries."

Marked progress in establishing retirement funds for teachers has been made by this country, W. I. Hamilton of Boston said in an address on pensions.

"Seven years ago," he said, "two States were paying retirement allowances to teachers out of State funds. Now twelve have made more or less satisfactory provision for such payment."

There was much discussion today of kindergarten problems. P. P. Claxton, United States Commissioner of Education, warned mothers who restrain their children from playing with other children, particularly those whom they call "bad." He advocated "the great big out of doors" as the most wonderful kindergarten in existence.

"The child that is raised in the environment of brick walls and paved streets and noises, will not," he said, "develop as the child who is taken into the open air and left to study out the little problems confronting him."

Miss Mary R. Campbell of Chicago conducted some psychological tests which interested the delegates greatly.

"A child," she said, "may be 10 years in age, 5 years old physically and 3 mentally. When this is understood the entire system of education will be changed to fit the conditions."

The first child, a six-year-old girl, satisfied the requirements for a child of 7½ years old both physically and mentally. The tests are to show the wide range of difference in children of the same age and environment.

Radical changes in the courses of study of high schools were advocated by speakers before the Department of Manual Training and Art Education. President Arthur L. Williston, Principal of Wentworth Institute of Boston, advocated the omission of instruction in foreign languages.

The election of Dr. David Starr Jordan of Leland Stanford University to the Presidency of the association was assured tonight when Dr. David B. Johnson of Rock Hill, S. C., withdrew from the contest.

The election will be held on Thursday. There was a very spirited contest for the honor.

BULLOCK QUIZZES MITCHEL.

Puts Thirteen Questions on Snow Removal to the Mayor.

William Bullock, Director of the new Bureau of City Inquiry which is to keep watch upon the City Administration, sent a letter to Mayor Mitchel yesterday as a reply to the statement of Street Cleaning Commissioner Fetherston regarding the contracts for snow removal last Winter. Among a list of thirteen questions Mr. Bullock submitted to the Mayor were these:

Do you persist in saying that the snow-removal contract was well done, when bills of $2,119,000 due contractors were left for preparation to a Dump Inspector and a force of clerks away from supervision by Commissioner Fetherston in a building mainly given over to millinery pursuits, at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street?

Do you think it physically possible, as the Bureau of City Inquiry has informed you, for a truck of less than four cubic yard capacity to make 184.25 cubic yards of snow and travel 29.3 miles in one day, and for a

MRS. H. OELRICHS BALKS CAMERA MAN

Causes Arrest of Newport Photographer Who Snapped Her and Receives Plate.

DINNER AT MARBLE HOUSE

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont Entertains Speakers of Political Equality Meeting—H. P. Whitneys Arrive.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, July 7.—Complaints have been made by the Summer residents and their guests against the newspaper photographers trying to snapshot them in the streets and on the beach. This morning Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs was sitting in her automobile in front of a store near the Casino when a photographer from a Boston newspaper took her picture.

She protested against his action and demanded the plate. The photographer refused and Mrs. Oelrichs called a policeman from the Casino. He escorted the man to the police station, where Mrs. Oelrichs made her complaint, and the plate from the camera was handed to her.

Several of the well-known Summer residents here have approved of Mrs. Oelrich's action and intend to follow her example. The storekeepers are going to seek redress through the police against the photographers because their activities injure their business, they say.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont gave a dinner tonight at Marble House to the women who are to speak during the conference at Marble House tomorrow afternoon of the Political Equality Association. Mrs. Belmont, President of the Equality Association, and her daughter, the Duchess of Marlborough, will also deliver addresses.

Those attending the dinner were the Duchess of Marlborough, Miss Rose Schneiderman, Vice President of the Women's Trade Union League; Miss Mary M. Bartelme, Assistant Judge of the Chicago Juvenile Court; Mrs. Maud Ballington Booth of the Volunteers of America, Miss Katharine B. Davis, Commissioner of Correction at New York; Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, Superintendent of Public Schools in Chicago; Miss Julia C. Lathrop, Chief of the Federal Children's Bureau at Washington; Mrs. Florence Kelley, Secretary of the National Consumers' League; Senator Helen Robinson of Colorado; Miss Kate M. Gordon, President of the Southern States Woman Suffrage Conference; Mrs. Oelrichs, Mrs. James J. Brown, and Mrs. Marsden J. Perry.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney arrived from Long Island today on the steam yacht Warrior, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, Mrs. Archibald S. Alexander of Bernardsville, N. J., who is to occupy the Whitney residence no. 1 during the Summer, and C. D. Draper of New York. Mr. Whitney came to look over his boats. Mr. Whitney and his guests came to the Casino, where they received hearty welcome back to Newport, as it is Mr. Whitney's first visit in several years. Later Mr. and Mrs. Whitney visited Mrs. Vanderbilt at the Breakers.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels comes to Newport next Monday from Nantucket to deliver an address at the Naval War College.

A. L. Codman of Boston, visiting Col. Charles Hayden; Mr. and Mrs. Ludlow, New York, the guests of Miss C. Ogden Jones; Baron Seldlitz of New York, are at the Stevens villa, and Arthur Scott Burden are registered at the Casino.

Miss Helen Rives and Count and Countess Anton Sigray of Hungary are registered at the Newport Golf Club.

Mrs. Ogden Goelet will spend August and September at Ochre Court.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt will arrive the latter part of the month from England to occupy Oakland Farm.

Commodore and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry and the Misses Gerry, who have been detained in Paris owing to the illness of Mrs. Gerry, are expected here about July 18.

Mrs. William Barclay Parsons gave a dinner tonight at the Pine Lodge, the guests including Mrs. Charles H. Baldwin, Miss Morgan, Mrs. H. G. McVickar, and Miss Fanny L. Johnson.

Mrs. Dudley Davis, Mrs. H. Casimir De Rahm, and the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Roderick Terry, Mrs. Frederick Pierson and Miss Louise Ward McAllister entertained luncheon parties today.

Society attended the open-air pageant given on the grounds of the residence of Mrs. Harry Mck. Twombly this forenoon by the singers of the Hampton Institute in Virginia.

Henry Weldon for Century Opera.

Milton and Sargent Aborn have engaged Henry Weldon Hughes, the American basso, to appear at the Century Opera House next season. He is the son of the late Rear Admiral Aaron K. Hughes, U. S. N., but in his professional career has been known as Henry Weldon. He studied with Pol Plançon in Paris, and has appeared in the leading opera houses of London, Paris, Lyons, Nantes, and Brussels during the six years he has been abroad. He was a member of Hammerstein's company at the London Opera House. Mr. Weldon was a leading member of the original cast of Lord Howard Walden's opera, "The Children of the Don," when that opera was produced in London. He was engaged several days ago by Milton Aborn in Paris.

MARRIED IN LOG CHURCH.

Dr. F. L. Trudeau and Miss Garretson Wed in Adirondacks.

The wedding of Dr. Francis L. Trudeau of New York, a son of Dr. Edward L. Trudeau and Mrs. Trudeau of Saranac Lake, N. Y., and Miss Eleanor Helen Garretson, daughter of the late Supreme Court Justice Abram L. Garretson of Morristown, N. J., took place yesterday in the little log Church of St. John in the Wilderness at Paul Smithe's in the Adirondacks. The Rev. Philemon Sturges of St. Peter's Church, Morristown, performed the ceremony, and a breakfast was served to the bridal party and their guests at Paul Smith's Casino.

It was first planned to have the wedding take place in Morristown, but Dr. Trudeau's father became ill and the plans were changed. The bride is a sister of Mrs. Josephine Garretson and Leland B. Garretson of Morristown.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren E. Dennis and Miss Mildred Dennis are at the Meadow Club, Southampton, L. I., for July.

Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel entertained a party at dinner last night at the Knickerbocker. Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port, also gave a dinner at the hotel, in honor of Count Michael Karolyi of Hungary, who is touring this country with a party of prominent Hungarians.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter H. B. Frelinghuysen and family plan to spend August at Saranac Inn.

Mrs. Richard Nott Dyer of Orange, N. J., and her daughter, Mrs. Harry B. Mingle, and son, R. T. Dyer, sailed last evening on the Mauretania for a two months' trip abroad.

Mrs. W. E. Carter and daughter, Miss Lucile Carter, and son, Master William Carter, of Philadelphia, who have been at the Hotel Gotham, left on the Mauretania for Europe.

Mrs. John Bassett Moore of Washington, D. C., has taken a house at Jamestown, R. I., for the remainder of the season.

Mrs. Charles M. Fay and the Misses Fay of 782 West End Avenue are sailing on the Olympic this week for Europe.

The Summer Cabaret Club held its weekly dance last night at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Harold Grimes of 235 West Seventy-first Street have gone to Monmouth Beach, N. J., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. George P. Brett and Miss Clare Brett of 376 West End Avenue have opened Dennemede, Greenfield Hill, Fairfield, Conn., for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Prime have opened their country estate at North Water Gap, Penn. Mrs. Prime's sister, Mrs. Alexander L. Lucas, is spending part of the Summer with them.

Mr. and Mrs. William Whitehouse Ladd of East Thirty-fourth Street and their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander von Gontard, are at Pool House, Harrison, N. Y., for part of the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Kobbe, Miss Martha Kobbe, and Mrs. William H. Manning have left Short Hills, N. J., for Far Rockaway, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Elliot Warren gave a dinner last evening at their Cedarhurst, L. I., country place for their daughters, the Misses Susanne and Margaret Warren, and afterward motored to town with their guests to the Biltmore for dancing and supper.

Dates Set for Fall Weddings.

The wedding of Miss Sarah Spencer Morgan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Junuis S. Morgan of Princeton, N. J., and Henry B. Gardner, son of Mrs. Alfred W. Gardner of this city, will take place at Princeton on Saturday, Sept. 12. Miss Morgan is a niece of the late J. Pierpont Morgan. Her engagement was announced in June, 1913.

Miss Laura S. Livingston, only daughter of Mrs. Robert R. Livingston of this city, and Howland S. Davis, son of Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer Davis of New York, whose engagement was announced last May, are to be married on Saturday, Sept. 26, in St. Paul's Church at Tivoli, N. Y., with a reception afterward at the Livingston estate, Cheviot-on-Hudson.

Miss Mai Duncan Watson, only daughtre of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Watson of this city, and Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, son of Theodore Frelinghuysen of Tuxedo Park, are to be married on Oct. 3, in the Episcopal Church at Islip, L. I. A reception will follow at Meadow Farm, the country estate of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hollins, which Mr. and Mrs. Watson have taken for the Summer and Autumn. The couple's engagement was announced in May.

Leander Richardson a Bankrupt.

Leander Richardson, press agent for William A. Brady, the theatrical manager, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, giving his liabilities as $789 and scheduling no assets. He has six creditors, and the debts are for money loaned, rent, board, and services. Esther B. Quinn, who obtained a judgment against Richardson in 1908 for services, is the largest creditor.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Edgar MacGregor, who staged the production of "A Pair of Sixes," now playing in the engagement at the Liberty, returned from his Summer stock season in Rochester in order to take charge of the rehearsals of the four companies which are being organized to play Mr. Peple's farce throughout the country.

On their way to Europe as guests of The Fort Worth Record, eleven girls from Texas, winners of the State-wide beauty contest, will arrive from Niagara Falls this morning. The girls will occupy boxes tonight at Hammerstein's Roof Garden.

Frank Sturgis has been added to the Henry W. Savage forces. Mr. Sturgis, who formerly was a New York newspaper and magazine man, gave up journalism three years ago because of his eyesight, and went on the stage. He will be in the operetta "Sari" next season playing Count Estragon.

The one hundredth performance of "The Dummy" will be celebrated today at the Hudson Theatre.

Helen Lowell has been engaged by the Shuberts to play an important role in a new farce which they are to produce early in August.

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Drink MOXIE

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Next Sunday and succeeding Sundays.

MRS. M. SCHUYLER DIES IN 74TH YEAR

President of Dames of the Revolution Succumbs at Her Home in New Rochelle.

HER ANCESTORS NOTABLES

Member of Patriotic Societies and Mother of ex-Minister and Prof. R. L. Schuyler of Columbia.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., July 7.—Katharine Beeckman Schuyler, wife of Montgomery Schuyler, died of cerebral hemorrhage last night after three weeks' illness at her residence, 250 Winyah Avenue, New Rochelle. Besides her husband, who was formerly an editorial writer on THE NEW YORK TIMES, she is survived by two sons, Montgomery Schuyler, Jr., late American Minister to Ecuador, and Prof. Robert Livingston Schuyler of Columbia University, who is in England engaged in historical research for the university. She was President of the Dames of the Revolution.

Mrs. Schuyler had resided in New Rochelle since August, 1897, and had suffered several severe attacks of illness. The immediate cause of her death was a paralytic stroke on June 15. She was born on June 28, 1841.

Katharine Beeckman Livingston, the daughter of Robert Dwight Livingston and Mary A. Armour, was connected by descent with most of the best known Colonial families of New York. She was the seventh in descent from Robert Livingston, first Lord of the Manor of Livingston, who married at Albany, in 1679, Alida, the daughter of Philip Pieterse Schuyler, so that her own marriage, seven generations later, in 1870, to Montgomery Schuyler, also a descendant of Philip Pieterse Schuyler, was not the first union of the two families.

She was descended, on the paternal or the maternal side, from other Colonial notabilities, such as Cornelis Melyn, the first patroon of Staten Island, whose quarrel with Peter Stuyvesant was one of the many sensational incidents of that Governor's administration. On the other hand, Wilhelmus Beeckman, the vicegerent of Stuyvesant on the "South River," meaning the present Delaware, was equally her ancestor. A still more notable ancestor was Jacob Leisler, one of the most picturesque figures in the Colonial history of New York.

When by the energy and devotion of Miss Katherine J. Clinton Carville, a monument to Leisler was set up in New Rochelle, the settlement which he secured for the Huguenot immigration from France, Mrs. Schuyler, in right of her descent, was chosen to unveil the statue, and her son, Prof. Robert Livingston Schuyler, to deliver the principal address.

Mrs. Schuyler's connection with the various patriotic societies of women gave her an ardent interest in the research of ancestry, and she became, in her later years, an accomplished genealogist. She was an early member of the Society of Colonial Dames, in which she succeeded no less than thirty-nine accepted "claims" for eligible "ascendants," a member of the Daughters of the Revolution, of the Daughters of the American Revolution, of the Huguenot Society, of the Mayflower Society, of the Holland Dames, of the Order of Descendants of Colonial Governors, of the Descendants of Founders and Patriots, and of the Dames of the Revolution, a society composed of descendants of commissioned officers of the Revolution, of which she was for years and up to the time of her death the President.

Her interest in genealogy led her to compiling a unique genealogical record, which she leaves in manuscript ready for the press, entitled "Ancestors of My Descendants."

Mrs. Schuyler was once a prominent soprano singer. She was also a painter and sculptor.

FINDS HIM AFTER 30 YEARS.

Mrs. Lotridge's Long Hunt for Brother Crowned with Success.

Mrs. Elizabeth Lotridge of 282 Cooper Street, Brooklyn, heard last night that her brother, Philip Henn, whom she has been hunting for thirty years, had been found by the Cleveland police. He is employed in that city by the Bessemer Gas Engine Company. Mrs. Lotridge and her three brothers, the eldest being 6 years old, were put in an orphan asylum in Richmond, Ind., by their father on the death of their mother. The boys were all adopted by families in various parts of the West.

She remained in the asylum until 19 years of age, when the authorities gave her $75 and sent her out in the world to earn her living. Four years later she found her brother, Nicholas, in Manchester, Ohio, and together they traced the oldest brother, Charles, to Chicago. But they had no word of Philip until yesterday. They plan to have a family reunion in Cleveland next month.

TONIGHT'S BAND CONCERTS.

Franko Will Play at Central Park and Pennoyer at De Witt Clinton.

The programme for Nahan Franko's band concert on the Central Park Mall tonight is as follows:

Kamerun March.....Raida
Overture, "Maritana".....Wallace
Ballet Suite Egyptienne.....Luigini
Selections from "Natoma".....Herbert
Hungarian Rhapsody No. 12.....Liszt
Overture, "Rienzi".....Wagner
Euphonium solo, "Fantasie," by J. J. Perfetto.....Perfetto
"The Sunshine Girl".....Rubens
Procession of the Knights of the Grail, from "Parsifal".....Wagner
Irish Rhapsody, "Innisfallen".....Koppitz

At De Witt Clinton Park tonight Pennoyer and his band will give this programme:

March, "Grandioso".....Seitz
Overture, "Fra Diavolo".....Auber
Concert Waltz, "My Dream".....Waldteufel
Selection from "Aida".....Lampe
Morceau Characteristic, "The Butterfly".....Bendix
Overture, "Morning, Noon, and Night in Vienna".....Suppe
A Novelty Dance, "Frozen Bill".....Bryor
Selection, "Rage in Ireland".....Reeves
Popular Melange, "Remick's Melodies".
Finale, "Revelation".....Chambers

Franko's band will be at Central Park all of this week.

OFF FOR EUROPE TODAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Two Liners—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing today and some of those booked to leave on them are:

LORRAINE, (Havre.)—Mrs. K. E. Bennett, J. M. Burns, J. W. S. Clements, F. T. Dodge, the Rev. J. A. Dillon, Baron and Baroness Fracton, A. D. Ferris, H. H. Gaylord, Mrs. F. W. Harriman, Miss Daisy V. Holland, Dr. and Mrs. P. H. Kearney, the Rev. F. J. Mitchell, C. V. Miller, Mrs. J. D. Prince, Jr., Harvey Phillips, Mrs. D. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Simmons, Comtesse de Siborn, H. W. Sprague, Baronne Trachim, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Tredwell, Mrs. H. L. Welch, Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, Mrs. Ward, and Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Warren.

VERONA, (Naples.)—Miss Julia Byrne, Miss M. A. Brull, Mrs. Katherine Brull, Mrs. R. McVickar, Miss Helen McVickar, Miss Dorothy Root, Miss L. D. Wheeler, and Miss Jeannette V. Marconi.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

VADERLAND, (Antwerp.)—A. Christopher, Miss C. L. Hunter, D. Robertson, Miss J. Taylor, Miss E. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. H. Weber, G. G. Cowie, William Curfel Stanley Baker, and Mrs. Francesca Decker.

UNITED STATES, (Copenhagen.)—Mrs. Malin Alborn, Clarence Alborn, G. Anderson, Alexander Colman, Magnus Colman, Mrs. Mina Colman, H. M. Combes, Mrs. Bertha Frederick, Charles Johnston, Tracey Thomson, and Miss Sylvia Vaughan.

Tourists for Panama.

Among those sailing for Panama today on the Santa Marta are:

H. J. Atherton, A. J. Corbett, Frank Faust, Mrs. M. S. Foster, Mrs. G. Greenfield, J. G. Hallett, H. Hubbard, B. Lockwood, A. H. Gifford, and Mr. and Mrs. William Ladd.

ART EXHIBIT IN HIGH SCHOOL

President De Forest, at Reception, Praises The Times's Reproductions.

A reception was given yesterday afternoon to Robert W. de Forest, President of the Metropolitan Art Museum, at the Municipal Art Gallery in the Washington Irving High School, 40 Irving Place, to celebrate the co-operation of the Metropolitan Art Museum with the Board of Education in providing an art exhibition outside the museum for the people. The walls of the foyer hall of the school, used as an art gallery, were hung with pictures from the museum.

President de Forest told how much the Museum had already co-operated with the school in admitting free on pay days school teachers and children, and in giving them the services of an expert guide.

"There is no way of teaching art or a taste for it," said Mr. de Forest, "but in seeing artistic things. We can teach the history of art, but to learn it we must see it, and if it takes too much time or trouble to go uptown it is well to have art brought down to the people. There is the greatest opportunity for the people of New York to get an art education if they will only use their eyes.

"Art should be in every home. It is not possible for every one to have pictures like these, but they can have beautiful reproductions for as little as five cents. Such pictures as the reproductions in THE NEW YORK TIMES of the paintings of the Morgan and the Altman collections can be used for home decoration, and that art is good."

The collection of Museum pictures will be seen at the Washington Irving Gallery for the next three months. Frank D. Wilsey, Chairman of the special committee of the Board of Education making the arrangements for the exhibit, presided at the exercises, and President Thomas W. Churchill told how gratified he was at the co-operation between the museum and the board.

There is a little illustrated catalogue of the collection which will be on sale at 15 cents. Fifty-two of the sixty-six pictures have been illustrated. The catalogue is brought out through the kindness of a friend of this branch of art educational work. If the catalogues are sold the money will be refunded to him. If they are not sold he bears the loss.

The large pictures are shown on the main floor of the school, and among these is a large Schryer, Edwin Lord Week's "The Last Voyage," "Aurora," by Will H. Low; "The Last Memments of John Brown," by Thomas Hovenden; "The Mystery of Life," Carl Marr; "Venice," Samuel Colman; "The Temple of the Winds," by Louis Loeb, and "Objects of Art," a still life by Blaise Desgoffe. Upstairs in what is called the Wilsey Gallery is the comparatively recent acquisition of the Metropolitan Museum of the brilliant water colors of Winslow Homer, scenes in the Bahamas and Bermuda; English water colors, sketches, &c. A few more pictures are to be added by the Museum to fill in spaces downstairs.

William H. Riggs, who recently presented the Metropolitan Art Museum with his magnificent collection of armor, was present with Dr. Bashford Dean, Curator of Arms and Armor of the Museum; Miss Florence Levy, Durr Friedley, Mr. and Mrs. William McAdrew, Mr. and Mrs. Eben E. Olcott, Hugo Newman, Principal of the Training School for Teachers, and others.

REV. HENRY B. CHAPIN DIES.

Founder of Chapin Collegiate School Held Many Offices.

The Rev. Henry Barton Chapin, D. D., Ph. D., founder of the Chapin Collegiate School of this city, died yesterday at his Summer home, 4 Ridge View Avenue, White Plains, N. Y., in his eighty-seventh year. He was the son of Judge Moses Chapin, class of 1811 of Yale University, and was born in Rochester, N. Y.

Dr. Chapin was graduated from Yale with the class of 1847 and later from the Union and Princeton Theological Seminaries. For several years after graduation he engaged in pastoral work in the missions of this city.

In 1867, Dr. Chapin founded and became the owner of the Chapin Collegiate School. He retired from the school in 1907, after forty years of active service. Dr. Chapin was Chaplain of the Society of the Cincinnati of Rhode Island. He was also Chaplain General of the National Society of the Cincinnati, and for many years was Recording Secretary of the United States Evangelical Alliance and, until he resigned in March of this year, was Chaplain of the Presbyterian Home for Aged Women of this city. Dr. Chapin was a member of the Presbyterian Union, the Yale and Princeton clubs, and was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa and Wolf's Head societies of Yale.

In February, 1854, Dr. Chapin married Miss Harriet A. Smith of this city, who died in March last. He is survived by five sons, the Rev. Dr. Charles D. Chapin, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of South Bethlehem, Penn.; Dr. Henry Dwight Chapin, a physician of this city, and William C., Robert Smith, and Louis Ward Chapin, all in business in New York.

F. K. M. REHN, ARTIST, DIES.

Ex-President of Salmagundi Club Stricken at Summer Home.

MAGNOLIA, Mass., July 7.—Frank Knox Morton Rehn, an artist of New York, died suddenly just outside his Summer home last night. Mr. Rehn, who was born in Philadelphia sixty-six years ago, had received medals and prizes for his marines, landscapes, and portraits in many exhibitions.

Mr. Rehn studied at the Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia and was an Academician of the Academy of Design, on whose juries he served for many years. He was also a member of the American Water Color Society and the Lotos Club and Salmagundi Club, of which he was recently President.

Fourteen years ago, after occupying Suite 112 in the Chelsea Hotel, on West Twenty-third Street, for sixteen years, he signed a lease to run for forty-eight years for the same suite. He said at that time that he was satisfied to spend the rest of his days in those rooms, and gave them the name of "Spion Kop."

Mr. Rehn married Miss Margaret Selby of Philadelphia in 1881. She and a son, Frank K. M. Rehn, Jr., survive him.

Mgr. Gaffre, Egyptologist, Dies.

Mgr. Louis Albert Gaffre, the noted French Dominican priest and Egyptologist, died at Berne, Switzerland, yesterday, at the age of 50. He was for many years one of the most prominent preachers in Montreal and was well known in New York, Boston, and Baltimore. In 1892 he lectured in many cities of the United States. He was the author of a number of works, including "The Law of Love" and "Portraits of Christ." In 1908, during researches in Egypt, he purchased from an old Coptic family which had kept it in obscurity a Greek manuscript of the sixth century, containing what purported to be the actual text of the legendary correspondence between Christ and Abgarus, the King or Toparch of Edessa.

Carnival for Hebrew Sanitarium.

Special to The New York Times.

EDGEMERE, L. I., July 7.—Plans for the week's carnival and circus to be held here for the benefit of the Sanitarium for Hebrew Children have been announced. The opening on July 11 will be attended by Morris E. Connolly, President of Queens, and George E. McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen. Monday night will be Actors' Night, under the management of Lew Fields; Tuesday will be Popular Composers' Night, under the direction of Isidore Witmark; Wednesday, Actresses' Night; Thursday, Professional Dancers' Night, and on Saturday night will be the finals for the Dancers' Cup.

Swift & Company's sales of beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, July 4th, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 13.18 cents; imported beef, 9.00 cents per pound.—Adv.

HOTEL MAJESTIC

THE MAJESTIC is New York's premier Apartment Hotel, not only because it was planned to be, but because it is maintained to be. Favorable Fall Rentals can now be made—as low as $1,200, as high as $10,000 by the year.

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JOHN A. SHIELDS DIES OF PARALYSIS

United States Commissioner Had Been Noted in the Courts for Forty-five Years.

HE SAW THE LAST PIRATE

And the Last Man Convicted of Engaging in the Slave Trade Was Arraigned Before Him.

John A. Shields, United States Commissioner in this district since 1869, and a recognized authority on Federal law, died yesterday at Richfield Springs, N. Y., in his seventy-fifth year. Because of illness he had not been able to attend to his duties since Jan. 10, and six weeks ago he went from his home in Brooklyn to the Springs in the hope of recovering his health.

He was stricken with paralysis on June 27, and two more strokes followed, one on Monday afternoon and another early yesterday morning. At his bedside when he died was his wife, his two daughters, Miss Louise Shields and Mrs. William C. Newman, and his son-in-law, William C. Newman. The funeral will be held at Richfield Springs this evening, and the Commissioner will be buried tomorrow morning.

For forty-five years Commissioner Shields had been a familiar figure in the United States court. Seated every day at his desk in the Federal Building, a tall, slim man with long, white Dundreary whiskers, he became better known than any of the other court officials. Before him had come nearly every one of the well-known criminals who had fallen under the jurisdiction of the Feredal courts in the course of his service, and to all he had handed out even-handed justice. Moreover, in his long experience he had acquired a knowledge of the law of extradition surpassed by none, and he could boast that hardly ever was one of his decisions reversed.

The Commissioner entered the service of the Federal courts when he was 15 years old. He was appointed a messenger, and to add to his small salary, on which he had to support his mother, he made extra money at night by copying the court records. He worked up through the grades of clerk, and was admitted to the bar in 1869. In 1878 he was made Deputy Clerk of the Circuit Court and Clerk in May, 1888, a place he retained until the court was abolished two and a half years ago.

His reminiscences of his early life brought back incidents that seemed strangely allen to the modern world. He could talk of the admiralty cases which had occurred through the blockade running of the civil war, and he could remember the hanging on Bedloe's Island of Albert Hicks, the last pirate convicted in this city.

"One of the earliest cases I remember was that of Hicks, the pirate," he said some years ago. "That was in 1860. Hicks was a great big man, tall and broad-shouldered, and was a sailor before the mast on a schooner, the Three Brothers. When they were on the high seas he killed the Captaain and the balance of the crew of five men and then brought the vessel single handed to this port. Hicks sank the Three Brothers and escaped in a small boat. He got as far as Meridien, Conn., before he was caught. Before Commissioner Shields was arraigned the last man convicted of engaging in the African slave trade in this harbor." He was hanged on Bedloe's Island. Several of the whisky ring cases had preliminary hearings in his court, and he heard preliminary evidence in the Greene-Gaynor and Cassie Chadwick frauds. He was custodian also of the gas company's fund in the 80-cent gas case. When he was intrusted with the 20 cents which the companies would have to repay if the 80-cent gas law was found constitutional, and he found himself personally responsible for a fund which grew until it became $12,000,000. When the Supreme Court decided in favor of the law he had to superintend the distribution of the money among 750,000 consumers.

Mr. Shields has sworn into office every Collector of the Port since Chester A. Arthur held that place, and it is said that he acted in the same capacity for nearly all the Surveyors of the Port and Collectors of Internal Revenue since he became a Commissioner.

George Lethbridge.

George Lethbridge, former President of the Orange Common Council and ex-member of the Orange Board of Education, was found dead in bed of heart disease at his home in Orange, N. J., yesterday.

Born in Portsmouth, England, 77 years ago, Mr. Lethbridge came to this country when 12 years old and settled in New York. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted in the Forty-seventh Regiment, New York Volunteers, and served throughout the war. For nearly half a century Mr. Lethbridge was in the marine insurance business, and was senior member of the firm of Lethbridge & Cronwall of 80 Broad Street. He was one of the oldest members of the Maritime Exchange. Mr. Lethbridge left his wife, two sons, Edgar E. Lethbridge, ex-Speaker of the New Jersey Assembly, and George Lethbridge of Orange, and five daughters.

Benno Neuberger Dies in Germany.

Benno Neuberger of 55 East Seventy-fourth Street died on Monday in Koenigstein, Germany. He was born in Bremen in 1866 and came to New York in 1885. He entered the employ of E. Rosenwald & Co., leaf tobacco dealers, at once, and was taken into partnership in 1887. He was senior partner at the time of his death. Mr. Neuberger was President of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, and was identified with many Jewish charitable and philanthropic organizations. He was a prominent member of the Harmony Club.

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REV. RICHARD G. GREENE.

Editor of Library of Universal Knowledge Dies in His 86th Year.

The Rev. Richard Gleason Greene, editor of the Library of Universal Knowledge, died yesterday at his home at the Beresford Hotel, 1 West Eighty-first Street, in his 86th year. Dr. Greene was born in East Haddam, Conn., and was educated in Philadelphia from 1835 until 1845, and then entered Yale with the class of 1849. Owing to his father's death he was forced to leave the university, although he received an honorary degree of A. M. in 1873.

Dr. Greene was graduated from the Andover Theological Seminary in 1853, and became acting pastor of a church in Springfield, Ohio, until 1854, when he became acting pastor of the Eastern Church in this city, and remained there for two years. He was ordained in the Congregational ministry in 1856, and then became pastor of churches in various cities of the East until 1890, when he went into editorial work.

Dr. Greene was editor also of the International and the Columbian Encyclopaedia.

Milton B. Van Zandt.

Milton B. Van Zandt, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, died yesterday at his home at 165 West Ninety-first Street. He was born in Flushing, L. I., on March 4, 1849, and was descended from Winant Van Zandt, who settled in Manhattan in 1630. The family afterward lived for many years on Van Zandt's Point, now a part of Douglaston, L. I., and was prominent in Colonial times. Milton B. Van Zandt was educated at the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, and after leaving college held a confidential position in the office of his stepfather, William Weatherbee, senior partner of the firm of Weatherbee, Watson & Co., brokers. On Feb. 1, 1872, he entered the service of the Chicago & Northwestern as transfer clerk. In 1906 he was promoted to Assistant Treasurer, and in 1911 to the position which he held when he died. Mr. Van Zandt married Miss Elizabeth Pirsson of Flushing, who survives him with their only child, Dr. William M. Van Zandt.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. C. F. W. SCHOLZ, 93 years old, the last of eight pioneers who came to this country in 1845 for the purpose of spreading the Lutheran faith, died at Secor, Ill., Monday. Mr. Scholz is credited with founding the Missouri and Ohio Synod of the Lutheran Church in American, through his efforts Concordia College at Fort Wayne, Ind., was started.

Mrs. JULIANA FREESE POPPE, wife of John Poppe, died yesterday at her residence, 146 Metropolitan Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 58 years. Mrs. Poppe was born in Hanover, Germany, and had lived in Brooklyn for more than thirty years.

Mrs. BLANCHE STAFFORD FULTON, who died in San Francisco on July 1, was the widow of Capt. Hamilton Fulton, a civil war veteran and for fifty years an employe of the New York Custom House. Mrs. Fulton is survived by her son and daughter and her brother, the Rev. Dr. W. H. R. Stafford of Queens, L. I.

QUIMBY N. EVANS died suddenly yesterday at his home, 371 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, leaving two sons, Ira N. Evans and Dr. Archibald P. Evans. His wife, who died last December, was a prominent patroness of the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers.

EDWARD H. MAGNER, retired haberdasher of Brooklyn, died at his home in Towners, N. Y., on Monday. He was born in Brooklyn 73 years ago, but for the last ten years had made his home in Towners, where he was active in public and charitable affairs. His widow and three daughters survive him.

JAMES F. THOM, for many years employed as clerk in the New York Custom House, died at his home, 885 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, in his fiftieth year. He was a member of New York Lodge, No. 330, F. and A. M., and Royal Arcanum.

FRANK V. SMITH, for many years the proprietor of the Townsend House in Port Jefferson, L. I., died at his home there on Monday in his sixty-second year.

HENRY D. GREEN, 93 years old, a resident of Riverhead, L. I., for almost fifty years, died at his home there yesterday. Mr. Green was born in Atlanta, Ga., and during his residence in Riverhead he served for a number of years as Deputy Treasurer of Suffolk County.

A. GIBSON FELL, Postmaster of Pensacola, Fla., and formerly Superintendent of machinery at the Pensacola Navy Yard, is dead at his home in that city. He served as chief engineer on a newspaper dispatch boat during the Spanish war and was one of the best known marine engineers on the Gulf Coast.

Mrs. ANNA LOUISA DE LISSER, wife of Samuel De Lisser and daughter of former Congressman Thomas W. Cummings, is dead at her home at 105 State Street, Brooklyn.

EDWARD VAN BRUNT KISSAM, a lawyer with offices formerly at 5 Beekman Street, died yesterday in St. Anthony's Hospital, Woodhaven, after an illness of six months.

Capt. WILLIAM COLEMAN, for sixty years a master of sailing and towing vessels on the Hudson, died on Monday at his home at Newburg, aged 80 years. He was employed for several years in the transfer of dynamite from New York for work on the Raritan River. His father and mother and five brothers and sisters had been drowned in river accidents.

GEORGE BLAKISTON, a prominent Baltimore capitalist, died yesterday at his country home near that city, aged 60 years. He was President of the Union Trust Company and the Belvedere Hotel Company.

Mrs. F. M. BARBER, wife of Capt. Barber, U. S. N., retired, died on Monday at Lausanne, Switzerland.

DAVID D. CASSIDY, for thirty years cashier of the Farmers' National Bank of Amsterdam, N. Y., died on Monday in that city at the age of 87.

JOHN S. WELLS, formerly a shoe manufacturer of Lynn, Mass., died there on Monday at the age of 61. He was a well-known fancier of light harness horses.

Sister MARY IRENAEUS, Mother Servant of the Sisters of Charity, is dead at St. Paul's Convent in Brooklyn, of which she was Mother Superior for fifteen years. She was Miss Catherine Redmond, a teacher in the parochial school of St. Charles Borromeo, before taking the vows.

Mrs. ERMINA JANE ADSIT PROAL, widow of Arthur Breese Proal, a well-known New York broker who died on Feb. 3, died on Monday at Aix-les-Bains at the age of 73.

NORMAN M. BURRELL, 35 years old, son of the Rev. David J. Burrell, pastor of the Marble Collegiate Church, New York, died Monday night at Shunpike Farm, the Summer home of the Burrell family, at Madison, N. J.

WILSON UNDERHILL, 44 years old, died from cancer yesterday at the home of his father, W. W. Underhill, in Montclair, N. J. Mr. Underhill formerly was in the insurance business.

Mrs. JENNY ASCH, wife of Dr. J. J. Asch of 780 Lexington Avenue, and formerly a well-known musician of this city, died at her home yesterday at the age of 70.

FORGET THE MARKET

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"King of TableWaters"

Prof. Seth Eugene Meek.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Prof. Seth Eugene Meek, Assistant Curator of the Field Museum of Natural History since 1897, died here last night of an illness brought on by exposure during a recent scientific expedition in Mexico. He was one of the highest authorities on the fish and reptiles of North America, and was formerly a member of the United States Fish Commission. Prof. Meek was born in Hicksville, Ohio, in 1859, and was graduated from Indiana University in 1884, later receiving the degrees of A. M. and Ph. D. from the same institution. He had served on the Faculties of Eureka and Coe Colleges and of the University of Arkansas. He had made many explorations in the streams of the Western States and of Mexico and Central America. Prof. Meek was a member of the A. A. A. S., the Washington Academy of Sciences, and the Biological Society of Washington.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BUHRER.—July 4, Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. A. Buhrer, a daughter.

Engaged.

HINDERMAN—BLOCK.—Mary Block to Harry Hinderman.

Married.

JAEGER—ULMANN.—On Monday, July 6, at 129 West 86th St., Doris M. Ulmann, daughter of Bernhard Ulmann, to Dr. Charles Jaeger.

RHINES—CUMMINGS.—On Monday, July 6, 1914, by the Rev. Thomas B. McLeod, Frances E., daughter of the late Henry R. Cummings, and Isaac Olcott Rhines

FREDDY WELSH DEFEATS RITCHIE FOR TITLE---BASEBALL

RITCHIE BEATEN BY FREDDY WELSH

British Champion Gets Decision Over American in Twenty-Round Bout.

"DECISION WAS NOT FAIR"

So Says Ritchie in Tears After Fight, Though Few Question Referee Corri's Verdict.

AMERICAN'S BLOWS HARDER

Welshman's Footwork Enabled Him to Elude Ritchie's Vicious Swings —Brilliant Crowd at Olympia.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—Freddy Welsh, a Welshman, won the lightweight boxing championship of the world at Olympia tonight by defeating the American champion, Willie Ritchie, on points after their twenty-round bout. It looked from the beginning as though Welsh was going to win on points, if he could avoid Ritchie's famous punching. Thanks also to his extraordinary lightness of foot the Briton escaped several vicious blows which might have done the trick. One point which counted against Ritchie was his habit of holding in the clinches, which is contrary to English ideas, and this probably counted considerably with the referee.

Ritchie got an enthusiastic reception on stepping into the ring so he cannot complain of any racial bias shown in favor of his opponent. A big contingent of Americans present cheered their countryman. If reports are true many of them must have lost heavily over the defeat. One big American sportsman accepted £650 to £400 that Ritchie would win.

One feature of the fight was the appearance of the Rev. Father Bourdier as master of ceremonies in place of the Rev. Everard Digby, who received an intimation from the Bishop of Stepney, he did not approve of his acting in such a capacity.

WELSH AT LAST CHAMPION.

Recap Tells How American Was Beaten by a More Experienced Man.

By WILLIAM H. ROCAP.

LONDON, July 7.—After knocking at the pugilistic door of fame for eight years, Freddy Welsh of Wales won the world's lightweight championship at Olympia tonight.

Referee Eugene Corri awarded the decision over Willie Ritchie, the American champion, after twenty rounds. No one questioned that the verdict was fairly earned. It was experience in ring generalship and aggressiveness. The former won.

Ritchie disappointed his American friends at the ringside, while Welsh set his admirers in a delirium of joy, and he was carried to his dressing room on the shoulders of the Welshmen. The bout was sensational in spots. Ritchie shook Welsh up with stiff rights, but the latter, going away, they often then failed of purpose. These rallies gave the Americans renewed hope, but it was only to be dashed away in the succeeding rounds. Welsh used his left cleverly throughout the fight, doing all the execution with that hand. After Ritchie's lead he stepped inside Ritchie's left and with his right tied the latter up. Referee Corri was often obliged to caution both fighters for holding and clinching. Taking the bout round by round, Welsh had a clear lead in seven, Ritchie earned five, while the honors were even in eight. Welsh landed the greater number of blows and did the superior blocking. He kept his jaw out of the danger zone of Ritchie's vicious right and merited the verdict.

The American, while aggressive, was faulty in his judgment of distance and he missed many left leads and right counters. He was always willing but never backed up his willingness. He took all Welsh handed out although his blows were more effective than Welsh's, the latter showing more marks of punishment at the end of the bout.

Welsh had a damaged left eye, cut nose, lacerated lips, while Ritchie emerged from the fight with bleeding lips, the result of the constant visitation of Welsh's left hand. He also had a swollen right eye which had been the target for the Briton's left hooks.

Ritchie Needed Knockout to Win.

At the end of the sixteenth round, Welsh had a clean lead. Emil Thiery, Ritchie's manager, told the American, he must get a knockout to win and Ritchie did his best to follow orders, but could not land on a vulnerable spot.

The elusive Welshman gave a superior exhibition of generalship. He ducked, blocked and side-stepped, and used the ring to great advantage. He kept Ritchie bewildered all the time.

In only one round, the thirteenth, did Ritchie look like a winner. He caught Welsh with three stiff rights on the jaw without any return, but the clever Welshman was going away, and the blows were robbed of their force. He was obliged to clinch, however, to get his bearings. This was Ritchie's best round.

The bout attracted 10,000 persons, who paid from 5s. to 10 guineas for seats. The Rev. Father Boudier, the master of ceremonies, introduced the fighters, and there were many celebrities and richly gowned women in the boxes at the ringside. The victory was in reality a triumph for the women. A rosy-cheeked Englishwoman who was in charge of Welsh's training quarters at Port Carl, was at the ringside, and she shared in the honor of the victory.

George Munroe, the American lightweight, his hair silvered with age, who seconded Lavigne in London eighteen years ago, also was in Ritchie's corner. Welsh came from Cardiff at 1 o'clock today. Many trains throughout the afternoon brought thousands from Wales. Ritchie left his training camp at Brighton on Monday and remained in London last night. Both fighters were weighed at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Welsh, stripped, tipped the beam at 137 pounds, and Ritchie, with underclothes on, weighed 134¾. The height and reach of each fighter was the same. Both were superbly trained and the best boxer won.

After the bout Welsh said: "It has been the aim of my career to win the world's title. I have been patient and have made every concession to get this battle.

"I would have met Ritchie before, but he said I was a novice. I knew I was his master and I proved it tonight. I will meet any fighter in the world, but I will be the dictator."

Ritchie said: "I am defeated, but not humbled. A good sportsman always wants the best man to win. Welsh earned the decision. I know I disappointed my friends, but I could not get going right. The strong arc light over the ring was too dazzling and I could not measure the distance. I never fought before under such a glare and it affected my judgment. My friends cannot feel the defeat more keenly than I do. I am sure I can beat Welsh. He did not hurt me with a single one of his blows. I can outpunch him, and the result will be different next time."

Ritchie was the favorite until Wales money arrived today, when the odds switched, Welsh being the favorite, 10 to 6 and 2 to 1, when the fight started.

Welsh went right after the title from the beginning, and gained an advantage in the earlier rounds when he carried the fight to Ritchie. He was touted to win on points through his superior defensive tactics, but amazed the big throng by opening up on the American in the early rounds. Ritchie came through strong in the middle rounds and showed a stamina and aggressiveness that seemed would hold him safe and offset the Welshman's lead. But the challenger spurted at the finish and clearly outclassed Ritchie in the closing rounds.

Ritchie hoped to win by a knock-out; in fact, he built his plan of battle around his hope of putting Welsh to sleep with one of the famous uppercuts which brought him into fame as a fighter. Time after time he tried to slip over the knockout punch, only to be foiled by Welsh, who sidestepped, covered up, and made Ritchie look foolish with his missed swings. Once in the seventeenth round, Ritchie got Welsh in a corner of the ring and timed a terrific swing. But Welsh was too quick for him, and came out of the corner neatly, while Ritchie swung hard, missed and jammed into the ropes.

Welsh Leads from the Start.

Commencing with the ninth round Welsh began forcing the fighting. It was the consensus of opinion at the half-way mark that Welsh had clearly outpointed the American in the first ten rounds. Ritchie was anxious and fighting hard all the time, one time missing his opponent and landing on Referee Corri.

In the fifteenth and sixteenth rounds they played safe, Ritchie trying to sneak across a "haymaker" punch, while Welsh warily circled, parried, and covered up against the American's fierce rushes. Then in the seventeenth round Ritchie opened up another notch and smothered the Welshman with a withering volley of rights and lefts to the body and face. Welsh started his spectacular finish in the eighteenth round, when he slowed up Ritchie's fierce attack. In the last two rounds Welsh put on all the steam at his command, came out of his defensive crouches, and waded into Ritchie to clinch the verdict.

Then for the finish. The crowd stood up and the arena was in wild pandemonium. For the last few seconds of the fight Ritchie never had a chance, as Welsh bored in hard and kept his opponent on the defensive. When Referee Corri held up Welsh's right hand as a token of victory the big throng went wild with joy.

Had Ritchie been as aggressive in the opening rounds as he was in the latter part of the fight the battle could well have been called a draw.

Welsh was a favorite in the betting, and more than $500,000 is said to have changed hands after the fight. This was England's first lightweight championship battle since "Kid" Lavigne lifted the title from Dick Burge eighteen years ago. Coming on top of the polo, golf, and relay victories, tonight's verdict added one more win to John Bull's side of the ledger.

Among the notables at the ringside were Lord Lonsdale, Lord Tweedmouth, and Lord Howard de Walden. In the throngs also were Ida Adams, the actress; John McCormack, the tenor, and John Wanamaker, Jr.

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RITCHIE EXPECTED A DRAW.

American Says He Did All the Fighting and Welsh Held On.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, July 7.—Freddy Welsh, the lightweight champion of Great Britain, tonight outboxed Willie Ritchie, the American champion, and on the referee's decision won the lightweight championship of the world.

The fight took place at Olympia and the 8,000 spectators witnessed a fast and clever bout, in which rapid footwork and a good deal of infighting were pronounced. The British victory was cheered to the echo, although there was some dissatisfaction among the American spectators at the decision because neither man showed any real effects of the contest at the finish. Although Welsh scored the greater number of blows, those of the American appeared to be more telling.

It was a fine exhibition of boxing throughout. Neither man went to the floor, and the struggle during the last six rounds was of a hurricane character. Welsh was the quicker man and tapped Ritchie repeatedly on the face, finally drawing blood. The American boxer tried continually for a knockout, but he was short, or Welsh got inside or under the swing.

Ritchie broke down when he lost the decision and was in tears when seen in his dressing room. He refused to talk then, but later, at the hotel where he is stopping, he said:

"I do not intend to make a holler, but I do think the worst I should have got was a draw. Welsh was holding all the time and I was doing the fighting. Therefore I think the decision was not fair to me."

Ritchie hurt his right hand in the bout, but otherwise was not much damaged, except for a few bruises on the face.

All the old-timers are agreed that the contest was one of the fastest and finest exhibitions of boxing witnessed in London in recent years. Some of them expressed the opinion that Ritchie would have come out on top in a finish fight. The Welshman's footwork and dodging were far quicker than the American's and much of the time he showed a preference for close quarters where Ritchie could not use his powerful swings. There was altogether too much holding throughout to please the English audience.

During the last four rounds Ritchie forced the fighting hard for a knock-out, while Welsh was plainly playing to win a decision on points.

The success of the affair is likely to kindle great interest in the coming contest between Gunboat Smith and Georges Carpentier, the French champion. Smith received a warm reception when introduced to-night.

The expected appearance of battalions of women fizzled to a hundred or so. The American contingent included many theatrical people, among whom were William H. Crane, George Tyler, Charles Klein, and Joseph Coyne. Among the others were the Harvard and Union Boat Club crews.

Many members of the nobility sat close to the ringside and there was a goodly sprinkling of clergymen.

Ritchie got a guarantee of $25,000, which was placed in the hands of Billy Gibson, the New York boxing promoter, in New York City several weeks ago, or the privilege of 50 per cent. of the receipts.

A unique feature of the match was the apearance in the ring of a clergyman as Master of Ceremonies.

When the Rev. John Hervey Boudier, Vicar of St. Michael's Church, Islington, who is poularly known as "Father" Boudier, climbed through the ropes shortly before 8 o'clock in his clerical garb he got a good round of applause. He then announced in stentorian tones the names of the contestants in the first of the preliminary bouts. The burly clergyman encourages his parishioners to box and to play football and cricket. When he was a curate at Cardiff in 1902-3 he established a temperance saloon, in which he placed a great crucifix over the bar. The venture was an immense success.

THE FIGHT BY ROUNDS.

How Points Were Scored on Which Referee Based His Decision.

LONDON, July 7.—Welsh entered the ring at 9:58 amid lusty singing of the Welsh hymn "God of Our Fathers" by hundreds of his countrymen. The betting was 7 to 4 on Welsh. George Considine of New York placed $2,000 at these odds. Ritchie appeared at 10:03 amid hearty applause. Mrs. Ritchie reached up and shook hands with the American fighter. Mrs. Welsh, wife of the Welsh fighter, arrived at the ringside.

Welsh won the toss and kept the corner he originally entered. The rounds in detail:

First Round.

Welsh started leading at once and attacked his opponent fircely, but Ritchie clinched without any solid blows having been exchanged. Ritchie led his left and then landed a good right on Welsh's body. The Welshman retaliated with a straight left to the jaw. Ritchie countered with a left hook to the face and bored into his opponent, fighting fiercely for a few seconds. He kept close to Welsh and kept using short arm punches. The latter fought cooly and put up a great defense. Ritchie landed a heavy right on Welsh's jaw just as the bell rang, and there was a great cheer from the American crowd. Ritchie had slightly the better of the round.

Second Round.

Ritchie took the aggressive at the start of this round, but his swings were wild and the Welshman seemed to have little trouble dodging them. Ritchie swung for Welsh's jaw, but the Welshman whipped a short right in under the American's guard and then clinched. Ritchie tried to uppercut in the clinch, but did not land. After this clinch Welsh began to rush the champion, and in a minute or so of slashing infighting the Welshman seemed to have the better of it. He seemed to be quicker than Ritchie, and many of his short blows slipped through the American's guard. The round ended in a clinch. It was Welsh's round by a good margin.

Third Round.

Ritchie led his left to Welsh's jaw, but the challenger dodged and clinched. After the break Welsh landed solidly on Ritchie's body. Welsh began to push the fight, and twice got in close quarters with the American. On both occasions he planted his right on the body and then followed with a left to the jaw. Ritchie was fighting coolly, although getting the worst of it, and at every opportunity hooked his right to Welsh's jaw. Ritchie seemed to have trouble getting through Welsh's superb guard. The men were fighting fiercely in the centre at the bell. It was Welsh's round.

Fourth Round.

Both men tried a little fancy boxing at the start of the round, without landing solidly, and then they clinched. As they broke Welsh landed his left on Ritchie's jaw. Ritchie countered with a left to Welsh's jaw, and then there was a rapid exchange of blows at close quarters, in which Welsh landed frequently on Ritchie's body. Ritchie got in several fine uppercuts. In one of these mixups Referee Corri got in too close and Ritchie accidentally hit him, without doing any damage. The round was even.

Fifth Round.

Ritchie went on the offensive at the opening of the round and landed several swift blows with his left. Welsh tapped Ritchie on the jaw and then clinched. Ritchie uppercut him. Welsh landed a left on Ritchie's chin, but the American came back with a good right to the jaw. Welsh got in a swing to Ritchie's jaw. Welsh was landing hard at close quarters, but Ritchie seemed to be getting stronger and fighting faster. The round was even.

Sixth Round.

Ritchie again pushed the fight and started by landing a right swing on Welsh's head. A fine exhibition of open fighting followed. Ritchie got in a beautiful right, but Welsh was unshaken, and a swift exchange of swings followed. Referee Corri warned Ritchie against holding in the clinches. Ritchie's heavy swings were leaving their mark on Welsh's face, and both men were bleeding slightly. The honors of the round were slightly in favor of Ritchie.

Seventh Round.

Ritchie continued to push the fighting and Welsh seemed to be weakening. The American crowd was yelling to Ritchie for a knock-out. Welsh clinched continually, and Ritchie kept following him around the ring, landing with right and left jabs. Welsh rallied a trifle toward the end of the round. Referee Corri frequently had to order the men to break. The round ended just as Ritchie landed his right in Welsh's jaw. It was Ritchie's round.

Eighth Round.

Once more Ritchie opened with a rush and Welsh clinched. Ritchie kept boring in, while the Welshman danced around trying to evade his blows. The American managed to land several good blows however. They clinched again. They broke, exchanged several blows, and then clinched again. This occurred several times and Ritchie seemed to be tiring. Finally Welsh landed a clean left that seemed to daze the American. Welsh followed up his advantage and attacked the American fiercely, swinging with his left and right to the body. In the rapid exchange of blows Welsh landed more frequently than the American, but his blows seemed to lack power. It was Welsh's round by a slight margin.

Ninth Round.

Welsh forced the fighting, opening with a left to the face, an operation which he quickly repeated, Ritchie's blows continually falling short, while Welsh, setting a furious pace, got several blows to the body and got the best of the infighting. This was Welsh's round.

Tenth Round.

Ritchie appeared to be weakening and Welsh easily landed several leads with both left and right, getting through the American's defense without difficulty. Welsh jabbed the American with his left, but the champion responded with a right swing to his jaw. This didn't seem to bother Welsh and he continued to force the fighting, having slightly the advantage when the round ended.

Eleventh Round.

Ritchie resumed his rushing tactics and landed a right swing to the jaw. Welsh didn't give back an inch, however, and met the American half way. Both were clinching frequently. Both men were fighting hard, but the pace was a fast one, and they were slowing up. Near the end of the round Ritchie swung a left hook to Welsh's eye, breaking the skin. The round was even.

Twelfth Round.

Ritchie kept playing for the cut under Welsh's eye, which he had inflicted in the previous round. The men swapped swings in the middle of the ring. Ritchie seemed to be getting the better of the infighting now, and the battle was slowing up. Nearing the end Welsh made a sudden attack and landed a straight left to Ritchie's face. He followed it with another left and then landed three blows on Ritchie's face in rapid succession. The bell rang with both men fighting fiercely. It was Welsh's round.

Thirteenth Round.

Following the advice of his seconds Ritchie started with a mad onslaught upon the Welshman, rocking his head with clean lefts and rights. He followed with two smashing rights and then a left. The American forced the fighting all through this round and Welsh seemed to be glad to hear the gong. It was Ritchie's round.

Fourteenth Round.

Once more Ritchie started with a rush. Welsh dodged his swings, however, and landed two good blows under Ritchie's guard. Ritchie retaliated with a hard left to the face and a right hook to the jaw. Ritchie was swinging hard and his seconds were yelling to him to put Welsh out. The round was Ritchie's by a slight margin.

Fifteenth Round.

Both men started with a rush and there was a fierce exchange of blows in the centre. Ritchie landed with both left and right. Welsh got a right to the jaw and then swung through Ritchie's guard to his face, cutting his mouth. The men were getting in close and using short-arm blows. The round ended with the men fighting near the ropes. The round was even.

Sixteenth Round.

Both men seemed tired after the fast pace of the previous round and there were frequent clinches. Welsh used his left with great effect, but he seemed to lack the power to hurt Ritchie with his right. Welsh swung a fine left to Ritchie's jaw. Ritchie landed several times on Welsh's face and then made a terrific right swing, but missed. He got several blows to the face, however, but Welsh landed so frequently with his left that he had slightly the better of the round.

Seventeenth Round.

In the intermission between the sixteenth and seventeenth rounds it was the opinion of experts that Ritchie had the better of the bout so far. He seemed much stronger, and his blows were more powerful. The men got into a clinch at the start of this round, and Ritchie landed heavily with his left in the break. He got Welsh in a corner, but waited too long before he attacked. He missed a terrific uppercut. Ritchie chased Welsh all around the ring in this round. Welsh showed no desire to mix it. It was Ritchie's round.

Eighteenth Round.

Ritchie continued forcing the fight, and was encouraged by the jubilant shouts of the many Americans in the arena. His showing in the latter rounds was believed to offset Welsh's advantage in the early part of the bout. "Fight him, Willie," was the continual cry from the Americans. Ritchie was swinging his right and left wickedly, and only Welsh's beautiful guard saved him from a knockout. His face was covered with blood from a blow landed on his nose. Ritchie swung with his right, seeking a knockout, but missed. Welsh was cheered at the end of the round for his gameness.

Nineteenth Round.

Both men rushed from their corners at the gong. It was apparent that Ritchie was trying for a knockout, and followed Welsh around the ring, bombarding him with left and right swings. Ritchie missed a swing to the jaw, but sent solid lefts and rights to the body. Ritchie was following Welsh along the ropes when the round ended. At the last moment, however, Welsh had made a sudden attack and shot several stiff lefts to Ritchie's jaw, which gave him a slight advantage for the round.

Twentieth Round.

Welsh rushed gamely at the opening of the last round, but Ritchie carried the fight to him, swinging as he had in the several previous rounds in the hope of getting a knockout. Welsh made a great rally, swinging several hard rights and lefts to the American's face, which seemed to daze him for a moment. Welsh kept up his good work, and outfought the American in the last couple of minutes.

WELSH'S RECORD.

(Fred Hall Thomas.)

Principal Bouts Only.

1908.

				Rds.
Feb. 21—	"Packy" McF'l'd.	L.	Milw'kee	10
July 4—	"Packy" McF'land.	D.	Los Ang.	25
Nov. 25—	"Abe" Attell...	W.	Los Ang.	15

1909.

Mar. 5—	"Ray" Bronson..	KO.	New Orl.	13
Nov. 8—	"J'ny" Sommers.	W.	England.	20

1910.

May 30—	"Packy" McF'l'd.	D.	England.	20
Dec. 20—	"Jem" Driscoll..	W.	Cardiff..	10

1911.

Feb. 27—	"Matt" Wells...	L.	England.	20
Nov. 30—	"Willie" Ritchie.	W.	Los Ang.	20

1912.

Nov. 11—	"Matt" Wells..	W.	London..	20

1913.

May 16—	"Jack" Redm'd..	ND.	Win'ipeg	12

1914.

Jan. 1—	"Jo'ny" Dundee..	W.	New Orl.	10
Jan. 29—	"Johnny" Kelly..	W.	St. Louis	10
Mar. 17—	"Joe" Rivers...	W.	Los Ang.	20
April 28—	Leach Cross.....	W.	Los Ang.	20

RITCHIE'S RECORD.

(Geary A. Steffen.)

Principal Bouts Only.

1909.

Sept. 14—	"Cal" F. Burns.	L.	Oakland.	6

1911.

Aug. 31—	"Matty" B'dwin.	L.	San Fran	20
Oct. 6—	"Jack" Britton..	W.	San Fran	4
Nov. 17—	"Jerry" Murphy.	W.	San Fran	4
Nov. 30—	"Freddie" Welsh.	L.	Vernon..	20

1912.

Jan. 13—	"Young" Saylor.	ND.	Philadel.	6
Jan. 22—	"Y'kee" Schwartz.	KO.	Clevel'd.	2
Jan. 27—	Harry Trendell..	ND.	Pittsb'gh	6
Feb. 12—	"Young" Erne..	ND.	Philadel.	6
May 11—	"Ad" Wolgast..	ND.	San Fran	4
June 24—	"Joe" Mandot..	ND.	New Orl.	10
Nov. 28—	"Ad" Wolgast..	W.	San Fran	16

1913.

July 4—	"Joe" Rivers....	KO.	San Fran	11
Nov. 10—	Leach Cross....	ND.	New Y'k	10

1914.

Mar. 12—	"Ad" Wolgast...	*W.	Mil'kee.	10
May 26—	"Charley" White..	*L.	Mil'kee.	10

*Newspaper decision.

CREE RETURNS TO YANKEES.

Outfielder Purchased from Baltimore for $5,000 and Bill Holden.

The New York American League Club announced yesterday the purchase of William F. ("Birdie") Cree from the Baltimore Club of the International League. Cree was several years with the Yankees and was considered their star outfielder. His last year in New York was a bad one and he was released to Baltimore last Winter. His work with the Baltimore team has been sensational, and several major league clubs have tried to purchase him. The Baltimore Club paid $2,500 for Cree and the Yankees are said to have paid $5,000 to get him btck.

Cree come to the Yankees in 1908, having been secured from the Tri-State League. In 1912 he was out of the game most of the year with an injured wrist, and this may have caused his slump in 1913. Cree will report to Manager Frank Chance today, it is expected, and will probably take his old place in the outfield immediately.

Outfielder Bill Holden, who has been with the Yankees throughout the season, goes to Baltimore as part of the deal.

The Yankees have also signed Pius Schwert of Buffalo, who captained last year's University of Pennsylvania baseball team. Schwert is a catcher. He joined the Yankees at Philadelphia Monday.

ONE HIT OFF AYERS.

Washington Pitcher Quits Game When St. Louis Is Trounced.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Ayers held the crippled St. Louis team to one hit in seven innings today while his teammates were pounding James and Leverenz for a total of eleven hits, including two doubles and a triple. Washington won 7 to 2. Bentley relieved Ayers in the eighth inning, when the game appeared won. Manager Griffith and Schaeffer, suspended since the forfeited game in Philadelphia on June 26, were reinstated today. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shot'n, cf.	4	0	1	4	1
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	1	3	3
W'mns, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
E.W'k'r,lf.	4	0	0	0	1
Leary, ss.	4	0	0	1	2
How'd, 3b.	3	0	1	2	1
Lavan, ss.	1	0	0	1	2
Wares, ss.	1	1	0	0	0
Agnew, c.	0	0	0	1	1
Rumler, c.	4	0	0	3	0
James, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Lev'enz, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Taylor, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*C. W'lk'r.	1	0	1	0	0
†Miller	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	2	6	24	13

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moel'r, rf.	3	0	1	2	0
Fost'r, 3b.	3	0	2	0	0
Milan, cf.	3	0	0	1	0
Gandil, 1b.	3	1	2	7	0
Shanks, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
M'Gr'n, 2b.	3	2	1	2	3
M'B'de, ss.	1	1	1	0	3
Henry, c.	4	2	2	13	0
Ayers, p.	3	1	0	0	1
Bentley, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	28	7	11	27	7

*Batted for Lavan in eighth inning.
†Batted for Leverenz in eighth inning.
Error—Leary.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	—2
Washington	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	—7

Two-base hits—Pratt, Henry, Foster. Three-base hit—Gandil. Hits—Off James, 6 in one and two-thirds innings; off Leverenz, 5 in five and one-third innings; off Taylor, none in one inning; off Ayers, 1 in seven innings; off Bentley, 5 in two innings. Sacrifice hits—Gandil, McBride. Sacrifice fly—Moeller. Stolen bases—Wares, (2,) Milan, McBride. Double plays—Leary, (unassisted;) McBride, Morgan, and Gandil. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Washington, 5. Bases on balls—Off James, 1; off Leverenz, 3; off Taylor, —; off Ayers, 3. Base on error—Washington, 1. Struck out—By James, 1; by Leverenz, 1; by Taylor, 1; by Ayers, 6; by Bentley, 4. Wild pitch—Bentley. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

AT BUFFALO.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	.—	3	9	0
Pittsburgh	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	1	5	0

Batteries—Anderson and Lavigne; Dickson, Leclair, and Berry.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	.—	7	11	0
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—	1	7	4

Batteries—Moran and Blair; Walker and Kerr.

AT INDIANAPOLIS.

										R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	.—	7	12	2
St. Louis	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—	4	8	1

Batteries—Moseley and Rariden; Willett, Herbert, and Chapman.

AT CHICAGO.

										R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	0	4	3
Chicago	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	.—	5	10	1

Batteries—Adams and Enzenroth; Watson and Wilson.

GIANTS START WITH RUSH, BUT BACK UP

Three New York Pitchers Unable to Check Tide of Pittsburgh Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., June 7.—The New York Giants were today defeated for the first time this season in Pittsburgh, the Pirates capturing the game by a score of 5 to 2. The Giants began the contest with a rush that threatened to keep them in the lead to the finish. Adams was on the rubber for Pittsburgh, and made a wobbly start. Beschер went out to Konetchy unassisted, but Burns got to first base on balls. Fletcher drove the ball into right field and right through Mitchell's legs. It never stopped until it struck the bleacher fence, and the hit was recorded as a three-bagger. Burns scored with ease. Robertson hit the ball to Wagner, who fumbled it, and Fletcher came across the plate. Though in his turn at bat Merkle made a single, the Giants were unable to score another run, not only in that inning but also during the rest of the game.

They were unable to hit Adams, and when they succeeded in connecting with the ball splendid fielding by the Pirates frustrated the schemes of the champions. In the next three innings they could get no more than nine men to bat.

In the fifth inning, however, they apparently were on the high road to success. The first two men up, Meyers and Demaree, each made a single, and each was advanced a base by a single by Burns. The bases were filled, with only one out, Bescher having filed to Carey. But neither Fletcher nor Robertson proved the man of the hour, the former popping up a fly to Konetchy and Murray's successor striking out.

Naturally, the spectators yelled and cheered Adams for the dexterous manner in which he solved a difficult situation.

In the seventh inning the Giants got two more hits in succession, and, although a base was reached on each, he was unable to score. Snodgrass, who batted in place of Demaree, was out, when Bescher hit a savage one to Konetchy, too hot to hold, and Burns followed with a clean single to left. Fletcher hit Wagner, who trod on the second bag, forcing out Burns, and then flung the ball to first base for a double play. Fletcher, however, was too speedy. Bescher had reached third base, where he was left, Robertson sending a fly to Carey.

During all this time the Pirates were counting with due regularity. Marquard was the centre piece for the Giants, and Carey, the first man to face him, whacked the ball along the left field foul line for three bases and scored a moment later on Mowrey's out from Fletcher to Merkle. No more damage was done in that inning, although Marquard presented Wagner with a base on balls.

The third inning saw the end of Marquard and the slipping away of the game. "Rube" found Adams to his liking and struck him out. He evidently was a bit embarrassed by the appearance of Carey, remembering, no doubt, that player's hefty three-base blow in the first inning, and gave him a free pass to first base. Mowrey dropped the ball into short left field, where neither Burns nor Fletcher could reach it, and then Wagner put the ball into left field for three bases, scoring Carey and Mowrey. This was the last of Marquard, who was relieved by Demaree. With Wagner on third base, Viox sent a fly into centre field. Bescher caught the ball and threw to the plate, catching Wagner. It was the only double play in the game.

Although these two runs settled the contest, the Pirates did not stop scoring. In the fourth inning Demaree threw two "dew drops" to Konetchy, the first batter. The first resulted in a strike, but the second was caught by Konetchy and sent to centre field for a single. A sacrifice by Mitchell put Konetchy on second, Kelley's out placed him on third, and a single by Gibson scored him.

The fifth and last run by the Pirates came in the fifth inning. Mowrey was first to bat, and shot a single into centre field, and kept on running to second when Bescher fumbled the ball. A single by Konetchy, after two men were out, brought Mowrey across.

In the seventh inning, Demaree was removed to make room for a pinch hitter, and Fromme pitched the last two innings. Though in each inning the first man up made a safe hit, Carey a single in the seventh, and Viox a double in the eighth, no further scoring was done. Score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	3	2	2	3	0
M'wrey,3b.	4	2	2	1	3
Wagn'r,ss.	3	0	1	2	3
Viox, 2b.	4	0	1	2	1
K'tc'y, 1b.	3	1	2	10	1
Mitch'l, rf.	3	0	0	3	0
Kelly, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Gibson, c.	3	0	1	5	1
Adams, p.	3	0	1	0	1
Total.	30	5	10	27	9

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'sch'r, cf.	5	0	1	4	1
Burns, lf.	3	1	2	0	0
Fl'ch'r, ss.	4	1	2	2	0
R'b'rts'n, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
M'rkle, 1b.	4	0	1	10	2
Doyle, 2b.	4	0	0	0	4
Stock, 3b.	4	0	2	1	0
Meyers, c.	4	0	1	4	1
M'qu'd, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Demaree, p.	1	0	1	1	1
*Snodgr's,	1	0	0	0	0
Fromm'e, p.	0	0	0	0	0
†Thorpe	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	36	2	9	24	16

*Batted for Demaree in seventh inning.
†Batted for Fromme in ninth inning.
Error—Bescher.

New York	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Pittsburgh	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	.—	5

Two-base hit—Viox. Three-base hits—Fletcher, Carey, Wagner. Hits—Off Marquard, 3 in 2 1-3 innings; off Demaree, 5 in 3 2-3 innings; off Fromme, 2 in 2 innings. Double play—Bescher and Meyers. First base on balls—Off Marquard, 2; off Adams, 1. First base on errors—New York, 1. Sacrifice hits—Mitchell, Konetchy. Left on bases—New York, 8; Pittsburgh, 5. Struck out—By Marquard, 1; by Fromme, 1; by Adams, 2. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Hart.

Reds Get No Hits at Dayton.

DAYTON, Ohio, July 7.—A team composed of regulars and substitutes of the Cincinnati Nationals went hitless here today in an exhibition game with the Dayton Central League team, which the latter won by a score of 2 to 1. Fahrer and Wechtel did the pitching for the locals, the former working six innings and the latter four. A pass and an error gave the visitors a run in the first inning. After that period only twenty-seven players faced the Dayton pitchers. Dayton tied the score in the eighth and won out in the tenth, while Yingling was pitching. By a previous agreement, each side used two pitchers. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Dayton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—	2	4	2
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	1	0	2

Braves Get Trouncing in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, July 7.—The Boston Nationals werebeaten by the Buffalo International League team here today, 10 to 2. Verbout held the visitors safe a tall stages, and the minor leaguers hit the ball when hits meant runs. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	1	0	0

TOO STORMY FOR CUP YACHTS' RACE AT NEWPORT---TURF---GOLF

ROUGH SEA KEPT CUP YACHTS IN HARBOR

Eastern Yacht Club Race for Defense Candidates Put Off Until Today.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 7.—There were two reasons for calling off the first trial for cup yachts today. The tug Julia C. Moran, laden with starting signals and course markers for the committee, had not arrived, and there was a thick fog off Brenton's Reef at the hour when the candidates were due to set sail. Incidentally, it was blowing a gale, and the sea was piling up mountain high off shore. The fog lifted almost as soon as the announcement was made and the tug got here late this afternoon, after a stormy voyage from New York, so unless something else turns up there ought to be a race tomorrow. The gale was still blowing at a late hour tonight, but it had shifted around to the southwest and weather "sharps" said it would moderate by morning.

Everything seemed ready for a rough-weather race this morning. Alexander Smith Cochran, owner of Vanitie, came ashore and said he was ready to get down to business, and both Vanitie and Resolute, the Herreshoff candidate, hoisted their jib topsails in stops as if willing to take a chance in the blow. Presently W. Butler Duncan of the America's Cup Committee came ashore and conferred with Henry A. Morss, Chairman of the Eastern Yacht Club's Regatta Committee, and the race was forthwith called off.

The strangest part of it was that nearly everybody concerned was anxious to see the boats go out. A rough-weather test is what everybody has been rooting for since the days of hunting fluky winds on the Sound. N. G. Herreshoff, who designed Resolute, made it known that he did not favor a race under the prevailing conditions, and in the end the safety first principle ruled the day.

Although the wind shifted, it continued to blow with all its fury, and not a ship in the big fleet here stirred from the harbor. The tri-city yacht Defiance, after riding out the gale off the Torpedo Station on Goat Island, shifted her mooring to a more sheltered spot in Brenton's Cove. The others remained straining at their anchor chains, with extra anchors ready in case they began to drag.

It is one of the worst storms that Newport has ever weathered at this season of the year. Trees have been uprooted on shore, and the mackerel fishermen have not been heard from in two days. The Moran tug left New York at 6 o'clock last night and got as far as Cornfield Light, 20 miles this side of New Haven. There the storm was more than the boat could stand, and she turned about and fled for shelter in New Haven. She got here this afternoon after a severe pounding off Point Judith. The press tug, John J. Timmins, left New York at the same time and got here after one of the toughest trips in her career at 4 o'clock this morning.

The chances are about even for a race tomorrow. The southwest wind is expected to die down and bring fair weather. But the sea will be high and will strain the slim racing hulls to their utmost. The Eastern Yacht Club fleet is in the position of the man who is all dressed up and no place to go. The yachts are due at Block Island tomorrow, and at New London Thursday, but as long as this weather keeps up Newport is good enough for them. They will stay here for the race tomorrow and cut out their trip to Block Island.

Chairman Morss said tonight that the official time allowances would be made known just before the race. The changes in the three yachts have altered the allowances, and it is said that Vanitie will gain nearly half a minute thereby. Formerly Vanitie had to allow Resolute 1 minute and 40 seconds in 30 miles. The new allowance, it is said, will be between 1 minute and 15 and 1 minute and 20 seconds.

SALLY XII. WINS ON SOUND.

Only Three Yachts Sail for the Greenwich Cup.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 7.—Sally XII., the property of Lawrence F. Percival, representing the Corinthian Yacht Club of Marblehead, Mass., won the first leg ever sailed for the Greenwich Cup over a 12-mile triangular course on Long Island Sound today. The boat defeated Commodore Clifford D. Mallory's Margaret, representing the Indian Harbor Yacht Club, by 1 minute and 49 seconds. The latter craft in turn was forty-three seconds in front of Joyetta, which belongs to E. G. Draper and Commodore W. H. Childs. Joyetta represented the Stamford Yacht Club. These were the only yachts to start in the series.

The Greenwich Cup is a new trophy presented for the R Class by the Indian Harbor Yacht Club. It is to be an annual fixture in the world of yachts. The conditions state that the crews of all yachts shall consist entirely of Corinthians. Today the boats were sailed by their respective owners, Joyetta being in command of Capt. Draper.

The start and the finish were off Great Captain Island. The Regatta Committee was made up of Richard A. Monks, Chairman; Frank Bowne Jones, and H. Wilmer Hanan. They were on board of Capt. Hanan's Maviet. At the start the wind was west-southwest and was of about twelve miles in strength. It enabled the committee to lay out a good course made up of a beat and two broad reaches.

The second race of the series will be sailed tomorrow. The course will be either to windward or to leeward and return. The summary:

GREENWICH CUP FOR CLASS R.

Start, 12:40. Course, 12 Miles.

Yacht, Owner, and Club.	Elapsed Time.	Finish. H.M.S.	Time. H.M.S.
Sally XII., L. F. Percival, Corinthian Y. C.	2:57:30		2:17:30
Margaret, C. D. Mallory, Indian Harbor Y. C.	2:30:19		2:19:19
Joyetta, Draper & Childs, Stamford Y. C.	3:00:02		2:20:02

Olympian Wins Trial Race.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Olympian today won the second race of the trials to select a challenger for the Richardson Trophy, now held by Canada. Michicago, which won the first race, was second; Valiant was third, and South Shore fourth.

Fort Wayne Pitcher Has Appendicitis

FORT WAYNE, Ind., July 7.—Earl Ainsworth, pitcher on the Fort Wayne Central League Club, a resident of Pittsburgh and at one time a member of the Boston American team, underwent an operation for appendicitis at a local hospital today and probably will be out of the game for the remainder of the season.

GERMANS TO SEND TEAM.

Reconsider Their Withdrawal from Davis Cup Series.

BERLIN, July 7.—The German Lawn Tennis League has again decided to take part in the competitions for the Dwight F. Davis international lawn tennis trophy and will send a team to the United States to meet the Australians.

Early in the year Germany sent in a challenge for the cup, but a few weeks later notified the United States National Lawn Tennis Association that it would withdraw the challenge. This caused much disappointment, and Otto Froitzheim, the German champion, who is in the best of form, is now endeavoring to induce Robert Kleinschroth to accompany him to the United States if Friedrich Rahe and Henry Kleinschroth should be prevented from doing so.

When the Davis Cup Committee met yesterday, with R. D. Wrenn and G. T. Adee present, it was not known whether Germany purposed taking part in the cup competition. The favorable answer to the cable message sent abroad will necessitate changes in the arrangements for the preliminary matches. The dates set for the challenge round, Aug. 13, 14, and 15, at the West Side Club here, will remain unchanged.

A cablegram was received from France, as follows:

Accept Longwood, Decugis, Germot, Poulin, Montariol. Unisports.

This signifies that the Longwood courts are acceptable to the French and that Monariol has been substituted on the team for J. Samezerich.

The Canadian Association notified the committee that its team will practice at the Onwentsia Club, Chicago, for ten days before the matches against the Australasians on July 23, 24, and 25.

BRITONS WIN AT TENNIS.

Belgians Lose Two Singles Matches in Davis Cup Preliminaries.

FOLKESTONE, England, July 7.—England made a good start today in the first round of the competition for the Dwight F. Davis international lawn tennis cup by winning the first two singles matches.

A gusty wind and a slippery court made T. M. Mavrogordato, the Englishman, and P. de Borman, the Belgian Captain, who opened the play, very cautious. De Borman lobbed very well, but his unusual top-spin drive made little impression on his hard-hitting opponent.

Mavrogordato took no chances with the wind. Coming to the net at every opportunity, he scored many aces with beautiful cross volleys, and won the match in three straight sets, 6—1, 6—3, 8—6.

J. C. Parke, who is England's mainstay for the Davis Cup singles, then scored a decisive victory over A. G. Watson, who is regarded as the best of the Belgian team. The score was 6—2, 6—2, 6—3.

The Belgian could make little headway against Parke's famous drives, while his own strokes were handicapped by their obviousness.

RAIN STOPS TENNIS.

Williams and Murray Win Only Match in Westchester Tournament.

Owing to the heavy rains only one match was played in the invitation doubles tennis tournament yesterday on the courts of the Country Club of Westchester. The upper court was the only available one, those on the lower level being too soggy for play. R. Norris Williams, 2d, of Philadelphia and R. Lindley Murray of California defeated Raymond D. Little and George L. Wrenn, Jr., 2 sets to 1, by the score of 5—7, 6—1, 6—4.

Williams and Little showed to advantage in the match. The Philadelphian played decidedly better than in the first match, but Murray displayed overanxiety, and as a result the Californian somewhat handicapped his partner. Little was reliable throughout the match. He was particularly effective in his returns, and met the attack of the opposing pair in excellent style. Wrenn was slow, and missed a number of shots.

It was announced that Maurice E. McLoughlin and Thomas F. Bundy, the national doubles champion, would not reach the East until Sunday. They will compete in the Seabright invitation tournament, both in singles and doubles. William M. Johnston, the schoolboy champion of the Pacific Coast, will arrive in New York tonight or tomorrow and will be a contestant in the singles competition, which will start today.

In the semi-final round R. Norris Williams and R. Lindley Murray will oppose George M. Church and Dean Mathey and Theodore R. Pell and Karl H. Behr will play N. W. Niles and A. S. Dabney. The winners will compete in the final round for the Westchester Cup this afternoon, and it is expected that several matches in the singles will be played. The summary:

Men's Doubles, Country Club of Westchester Invitation.—Second Round—R. Norris Williams and R. Lindley Murray defeated Raymond D. Little and George L. Wrenn, Jr., 5—7, 6—1, 6—4.

Buckhill Falls Tennis Winners.

Special to The New York Times.

STROUDSBURG, Penn., July 7.—The open tennis tournament at Buckhill Falls was finished today. Mrs. C. J. Parks of New York City won the ladies' singles, while William T. Tilden, Jr., of Philadelphia, won the men's singles over E. Hall of Merchantsville, Penn. Mrs. Parks won her way to the finals without any trouble and then defeated Mrs. J. V. Paschall of Philadelphia 6—2, 6—1. She was also victorious in the ladies' doubles, where Miss E. Phillips of Plainfield and Mrs. Parks won over Miss Allison Williams and Mrs. Reeves of Germantown.

Dionne Defeats Groesbeck.

Play in the University Heights lawn tennis tournament yesterday was limited to one match, in which G. A. L. Dionne, Captain of the West Side Lawn Tennis Club, defeated George S. Groesbeck in straight sets by the score of 6—2, 6—0. In order to make up for the delay caused by the rainstorm, the singles and doubles matches will be started early this afternoon.

Dodgers Shut Out Rochester.

ROCHESTER, July 7.—For the second time this season the Brooklyn Nationals today scored a shutout victory over the Rochester Internationals, 4 to 0. Schmutz was invincible with men on the bases. Three hits were made off him in the fourth inning and two each in the third and sixth. Wheat's fielding was the stellar part of the Brooklyn defense. Egan's single and Hummel's homer gave Brooklyn two runs in the first. Walsh's errors and hits by Wheat and Cutshaw accounted for another tally in the fifth. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	10	0
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	3

Batteries—Schmutz, Erwin, and Fisher; Hoff, Duchesnil, and McMurray.

FLYING FAIRY WINS; MAKES THE MUD FLY

Capt. Cassatt's Filly Fleet of Foot in Sloppy Going at Aqueduct.

With the prospect of running over a track that was both sloppy and holding, trainers scratched their horses pretty liberally at the Aqueduct track yesterday, thus about whittling the card in two. A drizzling rain at intervals added to the discomfort of riders and the few "regulars" who faced the elements to have a day with the "ponies."

Borrow, Thornhill, and Impression were all eliminated from the race for the Queens County Handicap, leaving only Flying Fairy, Meridian, and Leo Skolny to run for the stake, which was worth $1,190 to the winner, which proved to be the very useful filly Flying Fairy, who has been running about as closely to form as any horse that has been taking part in the races this season. In spite of her consistent running the layers made Meridian the favorite, partly due to the fact that R. F. Carman and his friends and a coterie of "shrewd ones" backed Meridian to defeat the Cassatt filly. Notwithstanding the mud she plowed through it as readily as she has run over the fast tracks on which she has been performing, and won the prize.

Meridian shot away from the barrier at the start and tried to make a runaway race of it, being a half dozen lengths in front of Leo Skolny by the time the horses moved around the turn, with Flying Fairy a dozen lengths in the rear and Davies at work on her with the whip to make her face the flying mud from the heels of the leaders. She did not like the prospect and refused to extend herself until the trio swung into the stretch, when it was possible to escape the showers of mud and race comfortably. Once she found a clean way to the front she took it and then took her turn at throwing mud in the faces of her rivals. It was a game she liked, for she kept at it to the end of the journey, getting home a couple of lengths ahead of Meridian, who, after faltering at the last sixteenth pole, came again under punishment, and lasted long enough to beat Leo Skolny a length and a half for the place.

Honey Bee and Phyllis Antoinette, in their respective races, made most favorable impressions, for the former beat Naiad out in a drive, and Phyllis Antoinette came off best in a duel with Ratina, the favorite for the race in which they ran, which was conceded to be the best of the bunch that ran against her. Phyllis proved them in the wrong, however, for she stood a drive and finished a bit fresher than did Ratina. Both were so well ridden there could be no fault found on that score.

Gaelic, Heartbeat, and Delegate made the races they won something on the order of processions, as each won away off from the fields behind them. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; $400 added; six furlongs. Time—1:12 2-5.

Phyllis Antoinette, A. L. Aste's blk. f., 4 years, by Jack Point-Raiment, 108 pounds, (Buxton,) 4 to 1 and 7 to 5.....1½
Ratina, Mrs. M. A. Farmer's b. f., 3, 102, (Ryan,) 7 to 5 and 3 to 5.....2
Hermis, Jr., J. J. Korb's ch. g., 5, 110, (McCabe,) 6 to 1 and 2 to 1.....3½

Hypatia, Northerner, Otto Floto, and Lokomis also ran, and finished in the order named.

SECOND RACE.—Handicap, for two-year-olds; $500 added; five furlongs. Time—1:04 1-5.

Gaelic, Brookside Stable's ch. c., by Celt-Balla Fleur, 115 pounds, (Buxton,) 11 to 20 and out.....1
Razzano, Herbert L. Pratt's blk. c., 97, (McCahey,) 5 to 1 and 4 to 5.....2
Miss Fielder, F. D. Weir's ch. f., 110, (Marco,) 16 to 5 and 1 to 3.....3

THIRD RACE.—For mares and geldings, 3 years old and upward; selling allowances; $500 added; one mile. Time—1:44 3-5.

Honey Bee, John Whalen's b. f., 4 years, by Hamburg-Voniton, 107 pounds, (Fairbrother,) 3 to 1 and 4 to 5.....1½
Naiad, Montpelier Stable's b. f., 3, 103, (McCahey,) 11 to 10 and 2 to 5.....2
Mr. Sees, Mrs. A. C. Blumer's ch. g., 6, 103, (McCabe,) 9 to 2 and 6 to 5.....3

Orotund, Dandy Dixon, and Walters also ran, and finished in the order named.

FOURTH RACE.—Queens County Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; $1,000 added; one mile. Time—1:42 4-5.

Flying Fairy, Capt. E. B. Cassatt's br. f., 4 years, by Aronaut-Millie A., 120 pounds, (Davies,) 6 to 5 and out.....1
Meridian, R. F. Carman's b. h., 6, 120, (Turner,) 9 to 10 and out.....2½
Leo Skolny, R. J. Mackenzie's ch. c., 3, 107, (Turner,) 8 to 1 and 7 to 5.....3

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward which have won not more than two races in 1914; selling allowances; $500 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:53 3-5.

Heartbeat, M. Rogers's b. c., 3 years, by Dorante-Stolen Moments, 98 pounds, (McCahey,) 17 to 10 and 1 to 3.....1
Malay, Ernest Sletar's b. c., 3, 98, (Sumter,) 12 to 1 and 3 to 1.....2
Goldy, A. L. Aste's ch. g., 4, 106, (Marco,) 7 to 10 and out.....3

Beethoven and Assessor also ran and finished in the order named.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, 3 years old and upward; $400 added; one mile. Time—1:46 2-5.

Delegate, W. D. Thornton's blk. g., 3 years, by Electioneer-Rose of Gold, 107 pounds, (Fairbrother,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1..1½
Easter Star, F. Ambrose Clark's ch. g., 3, 105, (Karrick,) 4 to 1 and 18 to 5.....2
Miss Cavanagh, David Stevenson's b. f., 3, 105, (Schullinger,) 12 to 1 and 5 to 1..3
Robert L., Sig Levy, Early Morn, Embers, Prince Chilton, and Baltimore also ran and finished in the order named.

Marion Stake at Charter Oak Meet.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 7.—Announcement was made tonight that the Marion Stake, offered by the American Association of Trotting Horse Breeders, to be run at the Charter Oak meeting of the Grand Circuit during Labor Day week, has been accepted by the Connecticut Fair Association. It will be run on Sept. 10, Governor's Day. The stake is in two divisions for three-year-olds, trotters and pacers, and is valued at $8,000. While the entry list has not been made public, it is understood that thirty-one trotters and ten pacers have already been entered.

WANT NEW FERRY RATE.

Motor Truck Users Charge Discrimination.

At a hearing held yesterday before Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith at Pier A, North River, motor truck users and makers, represented by the Merchants' Association, the Motor Truck Club of America, the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce and other bodies, asked for a new basis for determining ferry charges for motor vehicles and brought out figures to show apparent discrimination in rates against the motor truck as compared with the horse-drawn vehicle. It was the contention of the motor vehicle users that the rate reductions covering ferry tickets bought in quantities were not equitable, because the reduction on the lower-priced tickets which covered horse-drawn vehicles was greater than the reduction on the higher priced tickets covering automobiles. It was also brought out that on certain ferries the charge for carrying a large motor truck was greater than that for carrying a three-horse timber wagon which occupied three times as much space. The motor truck users asked a unit for the fixing of rates and a proportionate reduction according to price for tickets bought in quantities. The Trunk Line Association for the railroad ferries asked for an adjournment of the hearing so that it might examine the existing rates as tabulated by the Merchants' Association, and, at the suggestion of Commissioner Smith, the independent ferry companies and the Trunk Line Association arranged to form a committee to present their side of the case at a subsequent date. The general claims made by the Motor Truck Club for a change in existing rates were in part as follows:

Motor wagons and trucks occupy less space than horse-drawn vehicles, permitting a greater number on the boats and therefore a larger amount of revenue.

Motor truck tires are wider than those of horse vehicles, thus distributing the weight more evenly on deck timbers.

Motor vehicle tires are universally of rubber, thus causing less wear and tear upon deck timbers.

When on the boat motor trucks are absolutely stationary, whereas horses are constantly in more or less motion, stamping upon the deck timbers with their cork-shod hoofs, causing unnecessary wear.

Motor trucks while on the ferries have their brakes locked, and there is no liability of accident due to sudden stopping or starting of the boat, as is the case with horses.

Motor trucks move more rapidly in stopping and starting, and the loading and unloading of the ferryboats is therefore subject to less delay from this standpoint.

Motor trucks are never inconvenienced by any incline of the approach to or from the ferryboat due to the falling of the tide, and therefore eliminating the necessity of a power windlass, which has been necessary to aid the horse vehicles.

The deterioration of floor timbers from chemical action resulting from the presence of horses is absolutely eliminated with motor-driven vehicles.

The presence of motor trucks upon the ferries eliminates the necessity of any one man or number of men whose duty it is to clean up the refuse which the presence of horses requires.

* * *

Word comes from San Francisco that the little Sasoon, which left New York on June 4, arrived there on schedule time on Saturday. The car, the smallest and lowest in price to have crossed the continent, went over the route of the Lincoln Highway, averaging nineteen miles an hour in speed and twenty-seven miles to the gallon of gasoline. It was driven by M. A. Croker and Fred Wilkins.

* * *

Motorists who wish to reach Long Island from points in the vicinity of New Rochelle can now use the New Rochelle-Sea Cliff Ferry, which has resumed operations for the season. Boats leave New Rochelle every two hours from 9 o'clock A. M. to 7 o'clock P. M., and Sea Cliff every two hours from 10 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.

NEWS FOR THE ATHLETES.

Petty jealousy among his assistants has caused Ernie Hjertberg, the American who put Sweden on the athletic map, to resign his position as trainer of the Swedish Olympic track and field candidates, according to advices from Stockholm. A friend of Hjertberg in this city yesterday received word from the trainer that his resignation had been placed with the Swedish authorities several months ago, but the committee in charge of Swedish national athletics refused to accept it. When his assistants continued to work against the best interests of Swedish athletics, according to Hjertberg, he again asked to be permitted to resign the position. This was three weeks ago, but the authorities insist that Hjertberg remain in Sweden until the next Olympic Games in Berlin, at least.

The special committee which heard the Xavier A. A.'s case against the Millrose A. A., has reached a decision, it was learned yesterday, but had turned it over sealed to the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. to await the return from Europe of President James E. Sullivan, to whom it was ordered to report before announcing its decision. It could not be ascertained through official sources just what the verdict was. The matter has been hanging fire for three weeks. More than thirty athletes gave testimony in the case, which was heard by a committee of which Frederick W. Rubien was Chairman. The Xavier Club charged that the Millrose organization influenced athletes to jump from other clubs by promising them positions with a big local department store.

A novel athletic carnival will be staged at Ebbets Field on July 18, under the auspices of the Brooklyn Post Office clerks and New York Fire Department baseball teams. Five events will be open to registered amateur athletes—the feature being a one-mile relay scratch race—and a number of others will be closed to Post Office employes and uniformed members of the New York and Brooklyn Fire Departments, as well as employes of the navy yard and U. S. S. Utah. No entry fee will be charged. Entries close next Saturday.

Lawson Robertson has been requested by the Hungarian athletic authorities to sail within the next few weeks to take up his duties as trainer, which will keep him abroad for six years. Robertson asked to be permitted to remain here until after the national championships in Baltimore in September, but his request was not granted. No one has as yet been selected to succeed Robertson as trainer of the Irish-American Athletic Club, though many have applied for the position.

GOULD AND FLAUGH FOR GOLF BATTLE

Clash as Opponents Today in Four-Club Tournament at Van Cortlandt Park.

Those who were successful in gaining places in the three divisions of sixteen each in the four-club tournament at Van Cortlandt Park turned their attention yesterday to the first round of match play. The second round, therefore, will be on the card today and in the match which promises the most interesting developments will be that involving F. M. Gould of the New York Golf Club and Frederick K. Flaugh of the Newspaper Club. Flaugh won the medal in the testing round.

Flaugh had little difficulty yesterday in disposing of Dr. M. A. Bonnefond of the New York Golf Club 4 and 2, but Gould had his hands full with F. J. Brower, a youngster from the Manhattan Golf Club. Gould found himself three down at the end of the meadow holes and had to go some on the hills. Evidently Brower was not used to keen competition, for he faltered on several occasions, so that Gould had worked himself to a hole to the good at the end of the seventeenth. A halve in four at the home hole left Gould a winner by one hole.

There was one match which exceeded the limit, A. C. Murray, the Newspaper Club champion, finding it necessary to go to the twentieth to eliminate E. M. Mendel of the New York Golf Club. The summary:

First Sixteen.—First Round.—J. Ahearn, Scottish-American, beat T. T. Lomas, Scottish-American, 6 and 4; H. A. Linton, New York, beat F. D. Brengel, New York, 4 and 2; Theodore Warner, New York, beat P. B. Lucas, Newspaper, 5 and 4; A. C. Murray, Newspaper, beat E. M. Mendel, New York, 1 up, (20 holes;) Frederick K. Flaugh, Newspaper, beat Dr. M. A. Bonnefond, 4 and 2; F. M. Gould, New York, beat F. J. Brower, Manhattan, 1 up; Percy Platt, New York, beat E. L. Keers, Manhattan, 4 and 2; Albert Hedley, Newspaper, beat R. B. Taft, Scottish-American, by default.

Second Sixteen.—First Round—Henry S. Tilley, New York, beat George F. Ralston, Newspaper, 5 and 3; Dr. A. S. Wilson, New York, beat H. W. Andrus, New York, 2 and 1; J. P. Fitzpatrick, New York, beat G. Winfield Fairchild, Manhattan, 4 and 3; L. J. Dumahaut, New York, beat R. H. Sarver, Manhattan, 3 and 2; William Chapman, Jr., Scottish-American, beat C. F. Laux, Newspaper, 1 up, (19 holes;) C. L. Fletcher, Newspaper, beat J. D. Thomas, Manhattan, 5 and 4; Theodore Mitchell, New York, beat Arthur C. Johnson, Jr., New York, 2 and 1; Dr. Allan Carpenter, New York, beat J. C. Flinn, Newspaper, by default.

Third Sixteen.—First Round—Frank J. Pope, Newspaper, beat H. S. Haskell, Manhattan, 6 and 5; R. Whiteley, Manhattan, beat T. H. Hoyt, New York, 3 and 2; Frank T. Pope, Newspaper, beat P. L. Campbell, Newspaper, 1 up; Frederick L. Hawthorne, Newspaper, beat Michael D'Angelo, New York, 3 and 2; W. J. Haywood, Newspaper, beat B. T. Drake, New York, 4 and 3; A. M. Hobart, Manhattan, beat C. A. Dailey, Newspaper, 2 and 1; Wesley Sisson, New York, beat J. H. Wykes, Newspaper, 2 and 1; C. R. Fertsch, Scottish-American, beat A. H. Wykeham-George, Manhattan, 4 and 2.

Handicaps for Larchmont Yachts.

Handicaps and allowances for the race week regatta of the Larchmont Yacht Club, starting on Saturday, were announced yesterday by the Regatta Committee. Four divisions are named, with a good entry list in each. The second division leads the fleet with thirteen entries, the post of honor going to J. F. Nelson's Mignon. The handicaps follow:

First Division— —, G. P. Granbery; Dorinda, L. H. Dyer, ½; Amada, B. R. Stoddard, 3; Joker, T. H. McCahill, Jr., 0; Ediana, John A. Crowley, 1; Okee, J. A. Mahlstedt, 0; Alert, T. B. Budd, 0; Rohilla, H. J. Diem, 1; Senora, W. H. Farrel, 2½.

Second Division—Sally IX., A. E. Black, 2½; Victory, H. A. Jackson, Jr., 5½; Tillicum II., Donovan & Russell, 6; Nadia, W. J. Clarke, 2½; Clare, P. C. Pfeiffer, 1; Sentana, H. L. Stone, 4; Red Wing, Grace & Loewy, 3; Ariel, T. Price, 5; Kenmuir, V. B. Krauss, 4; Lillian, L. Price, 3½; Mist, H. T. Hornidge, 6; Mignon, J. F. Nelson, 0; Alerion, J. W. Alker, 1.

Third Division—Robin Hood III., G. E. Gartland, 0; Ciphora, F. B. Jones, 2; Twinkle, S. C. Hunter, 1; Amanita IV., A. E. Fountain, 3; Natoma, W. J. McHugh, 0; Peg, H. T. Hornidge, 3.

Fourth Division—Blue Bill, C. & J. Klug, 6; Mediator, J. L. Mitchell, 0; Kenosha, W. H. J. Ehler, 0; Solita, Daniel Bacon, 0; Insurgent, U. D. Cutting, 3; White Cap, Fred Eichelsheimer, 6.

Entries for Aqueduct Racing.

FIRST RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs. Hermis, Jr., 108 pounds; Perthshire, 111; *Loretta Dwyer, 101; *Mary Warren, 93; Rodondo, 105; Sir Calidore, 97; Miss Momenta, 106; Otto Floto, Young Emblem, and *J. J. Lillis, 97 each.

SECOND RACE.—Three-year-olds; selling; one mile. Lily Orme, 104 pounds; *J. J. Lillis, 111; Stars and Stripes, 106; Ben Quince, 107; Manson, 106; Young Emblem, 103.

THIRD RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; high weight handicap; six furlongs. Crossbun, 122 pounds; Springboard, 140; Rolling Stone, 127; Ambrose, 115; Ben Quince, 115; Uncle Mun, 119; Undaunted, 119. Also eligible: Flitaway, 125; Hocnir, 128; Scallywag, 120.

FOURTH RACE.—Two-year-olds: The Tremont; six furlongs. Double Eagle and Trojan, 103 pounds each; Trial by Jury, 106; Lady Barbary, 115.

FIFTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; handicap; selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Oakhurst, 107 pounds; Afterglow, 102; Ella Bryson, 104; Louise Travers, 103; Colonel Holloway, 104; Anyport, 100; Humiliation, 95. Also eligible: Perthshire, 112; Amalfi, 113; Nalad, 104; Wooden Shoes, 97; Impression, 106.

SIXTH RACE.—Four-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a furlong. Anyport, 98 pounds; Rockfish, 100; Captain Swanson, 103; Frog and Tay Pay, 105 each.

*Apprentice allowance of five pounds claimed.

UNKNOWN WINS AT GOLF.

J. B. Edgar Beats Such Cracks as Harry Vardon and Ray.

LE TOQUET, France, July 7.—The French open golf championship was won today by a young, practically unknown player, J. B. Edgar of Newcastle-on-Tyne, whose score was 288 for the 72 holes.

Harry Vardon, the British open champion finished second, with 294; Edward Ray, the ex-open champion of Great Britain, third, with 295; John H. Taylor, British open champion for 1913, fourth, with 296, and James Braid 301.

Dr. H. D. Gillies, with a score of 300, won the special prize donated by President Poincaré for the best amateur ball.

Edgar heretofore has been only on the fringe of first-class company. The feature of his game is his almost mechanical steadiness. His total of 288 for the difficult course is considered a great performance.

L. A. Hamilton Best in Golf Test.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 7.—L. A. Hamilton of the National Golf Links won the qualification round of the advertisers' annual golf tourney here today, as his card of 75 was the only one under 80 in a field of fifty-five players. This figure established a new record for the course this season, and told the story of some remarkably consistent playing. For the two net prizes offered there was a tie in one instance between Don M. Parker of Garden City and J. C. Martin of Huntingdon Valley at 72, while R. Whitton of Chicago captured the first one with a card of 85, 15—70. Prize winners in Class B were W. M. Ostrander, Fox Hills, with an 84 gross, and W. D. Wright, Boston, was low net with 86, 2—84.

Mrs. W. S. Bird, Dunwoodie, lead the women players in the qualifying round of their championship, and Mrs. K. O. Chisholm, Essex County, won the low net.

Class A.—R. L. Whitton, Beverly, 85, 15—70; L. A. Hamilton, National, 75, 4—71; D. M. Parker, Garden City, 82, 10—72; K. C. Martin, Huntington, 84, 12—72; P. R. Mallinson, Fairview, 88, 15—73; A. S. Higgins, St. Andrews, 88, 15—73; S. K. Evans, Knollwood, 84, 9—75; J. J. Hazen, Oakwood, 82, 6—76; J. D. Plummer, Springfield, 89, 12—77; W. C. Freeman, Englewood, 92, 15—77; C. A. Speakman, Siwanoy, 88, 9—79; W. S. Bird, Scarsdale, 94, 15—79; A. S. Sisson, Dunwoodie, 92, 13—79; F. A. Sperry, Westward, 91, 12—79; W. W. Manning, Montclair, 92, 11—81; H. C. Millholland, Oakmont, 97, 15—82; A. J. Watson, Dunwoodie, 96, 2—94.

Class B.—Walter M. Ostrander, Fox Hills, 84, 0—84; W. D. Wright, Woodland, 86, 2—84; F. L. M. Gauss, Siwanoy, 100, 24—85; K. O. Chisholm, Essex County, 98, 11—87; J. Barber, Englewood, 93, 6—87; F. S. Voss, Dunwoodie, 102, 15—87; A. P. O'Brien, New York, 95, 7—88; E. C. Kavanaugh, New York, 93, 5—88; F. E. Mann, South Shore, 94, 9—89; W. H. Rankin, Skokie, 100, 11—89; R. G. Garden, Oakland, 91, 1—90; W. B. Lashar, Brooklawn, 93, 2—91; T. E. Conklin, Scarsdale, 96, 5—91; J. R. Mix, St. Andrew's, 93, 2—91; Roger Hoyt, Upper Montclair, 90, 6—93; C. D. Spaulding, Wykagyl, 108, 15—93; Ralph Holden, Knollwood, 105, 12—93.

Ships to Look Out for Balloons.

ST. LOUIS, July 7.—Robert E. Nolker, President of the St. Louis Aero Club, has requested the owners of steamship lines operating on the great lakes to instruct their ship Captains to keep a sharp lookout for the balloons that will start from here in the national elimination race next Saturday, it was said today. He has received assurance that such instructions will be given. Several of the aeronauts will carry with them lifesavers for use in case their balloons fall into one of the lakes. Two of the balloons will carry water anchors. The withdrawal of Roy F. Donaldson of Springfield, Ill., from the race is announced. This leaves nine entrants.

Princeton Men to Coach Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 7.—T. G. Trenchard, head coach of the University of North Carolina, announced today that Arthur Bleuthenthal, head line coach at Princeton last Fall, and Logan Cunningham, head field coach at Princeton in 1911-12, had been engaged to coach the line and back field at the University of North Carolina this Fall.

Bargains in the way of second-hand automobiles may be picked up any day in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times.—Adv.

PUBLIC GOLF CLUBS BODY.

Association of American and Canadian Clubs Being Organized.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Fifty public golf course clubs of the United States and Canada have signified their intention of joining the Association of Public Golf Clubs, the organization of which is nearly completed, it was announced here today from the headquarters of the Jackson Park Golf Club. There are sixty-three public links in America which have regularly organized clubs. Nearly all have applied for membership, it was said.

The object of the organization is to provide more public links and to improve in every way possible the existing public courses. A championship tournament will be an annual feature. The organization is expected to be completed in time for a team to compete this year in the Olympic competition of the Western Golf Association.

Walthour's Suspension Lifted.

Bobby Walthour will appear tonight at the Brighton Beach Motordrome, in the four-cornered match race against Clarence Carman, Leon Didier, and Menus Bedell, the contest to be run in three heats at ten miles each. The order of suspension from the Belgian cycling officials having been temporarily lifted by Chairman R. F. Kelsey of the Board of Control of the National Cycling Association gives Walthour an opportunity to prove whether or not he is Didier's master over short distance races, as well as the long route.

To Readjust Boxing in San Diego.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 7.—Mayor Charles O'Neall today served notice on local boxing promoters that no more bouts will be permitted until a new ordinance has been passed. The fight game started during the Winter with four-round bouts. Later ten-round bouts became popular, and on July 4 a twenty-round affair was pulled off between Leach Cross and "Red" Watson. A ten-round bout for Friday night has been canceled.

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NEXT SUNDAY
Among the specially interesting magazine features arranged for next Sunday, the article likely to have the largest appeal to women readers is a delightfully entertaining interview with Mrs. Simon Baruch, one of America's most notable representatives of a vanishing type of womanhood which did much toward the building of the republic.
Yves Guyot, the famous French publicist, writes on "The Paradoxes of War and Armaments," and answers the question, "How is it that the expenditures for armaments increase where the causes of war are diminishing?"
Kurt Aram describes in picturesque language and as an eyewitness the awfulness of the Armenian massacres, and the starving misery following the capitulation of Adrianople to the Bulgarians, but adds, in the way of introduction to this, his ninth article on Russia, that the misery of Warsaw is worse than he ever witnessed anywh

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Close Active and Higher —Rumor of Rate Decision Today.

Half of yesterday's 200,000 shares' trading on the New York Stock Exchange was done during the last hour. This movement was accompanied by a brisk advance, but the gains were irregularly distributed and in a number of instances resulted in only small net gains for the day. This was true, however, only of the more active stocks, for in a number of special issues there were wide net movements, most of them on the side of net gains. The financial district was itself at a loss to account for the outburst of activity in the final hour of trading. It fell back for an explanation on the rumor that the long-awaited rate decision would be handed down today, thus coming simultaneously with the Government crop report which is expected to make a highly favorable showing. These two considerations led, it was believed, to extensive short covering.

Buying in of stocks by traders seemed indeed to play a substantial part in the abrupt change in the market toward the close of the day, but this very buying may reasonably be interpreted as reflecting something more than the prospect of today's crop report and such chance as there may be of the rate decision being rendered before the opening of another Stock Exchange session. It has become apparent lately that the financial community was giving a little more thought to the favorable possibilities of the future, and this has engendered a more confident feeling in the stock market. This phase of the matter, however, hardly held prominent place yesterday. The keen regret felt in banking circles over the situation which led to Mr. Warburg's request that his name be withdrawn as a nominee to the Federal Reserve Board brought into fresh relief the concern which the financial community has felt from time to time over political activities which seem to stand in the way of the best interests of business. The fear was being expressed that under the circumstances no way could be found to make good the loss which the Federal Reserve Board suffers in the withdrawal of Mr. Warburg.

The highly favorable Government weekly weather summary published yesterday was particularly important in that it carried the record of satisfactory development of the crops beyond the date as of which today's monthly report of the Department of Agriculture will be made up. The good so greatly outweighed the bad in yesterday's weather summary that it will hardly be necessary to discount the showing to be made in today's monthly crop report. On the basis of yesterday's report the crops must have begun this week in as favorable a position as they occupied on the first of the month. Each week of favorable condition now adds very greatly to the probability of the crops bearing out the hopes which were formed regarding them at the beginning of the season, since when there has been no important impairment. The fulfillment of present crop prospects will necessarily mean a very great deal for the whole country.

It had been known for a week that the French national loan which was put out yesterday would be heavily oversubscribed, but the financial community here had no definite information regarding the extent to which applications were made for this loan. Rentes were a trifle lower yesterday and consols, after having advanced for several days, reacted a quarter of 1 per cent. Our money market was firmer in that call loans renewed at 2½ per cent., compared with the previous day's renewal rate of 2 per cent., but the highest rate on new loans was 2¾ per cent., while on Monday it was 3 per cent.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2¾	2½	2½	2½
A year ago	2½	2	2	2
Since Jan. 1	..10	1½	..	..
Same period 1913	..7	2	..	..

	60 Days.	4 Mos.	6 Mos.
On time	2½@2¾	3@3¼	3¾@4
Commercial paper	3@4 Mos.		6 Mos.
Highest grade names	3¾@4¼		4@4½

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$327,515,706	$53,071,087
Sub-Treasury credit balance		1,198,091
Banks lose since Friday		8,955,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
London	..1⅝@1 15-16	1¼@1½	.....
Paris	..2¾	...	25f 17½c
Berlin	..2¾@2¾	2½	20m 48½pf

Foreign Exchange.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8780	$4.8770	$4.8775
A year ago	4.8685	4.8680	4.8680
Since Jan. 1	4.9010	4.8685	....
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8775	$4.8810
Paris	5.16¾	5.16⅜–1-32
Berlin	95 3-16	95 5-16–1-32
Switzerland	5.16¾—1-32	5.15⅝–1-16
Holland	40.27	40.32
Belgium	5.18¾	5.18⅛–1-32

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.86	$4.85
Paris	5.18⅜	5.18⅛
Berlin	94⅞	94⅝

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.85½	$4.84⅛
Paris	5.19⅛	5.20⅜
Berlin	94⅝	94 7-16
Amsterdam	39.98	39.87

Domestic Rates.

St. Louis	*10c	Montreal	*15⅝
Chicago	*5c	San Francisco	30c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

*Discount.

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 25 15-16d per ounce, up 1-16d.
New York, 56⅝c., up ⅛c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s..March, 1964	101⅛	102¼	101⅛	102¼
4½s..March, 1963	107⅛	107⅝	107⅛	107⅛
4½s..May, 1957	107⅛	107⅜	107⅛	107⅛
4½s..Nov., 1957	107	107⅜	107	107⅛
4½s..May, 1917	101⅛	101⅜	101⅛	101⅜
4½s..Nov., 1917	101⅛	101⅜	101⅛	101⅜
4½s..March, 1930-60	102⅛	102⅜	102⅛	102⅜
4½s..March, 1962	102	102⅛	102	102⅛
4½s..Sept., 1960	102	102⅛	102	102⅛
4s ..May, 1959	100	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
4s ..Nov., 1958	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
4s ..May, 1957	100	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
4s ..Nov., 1956	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜
4s ..Nov., 1955	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜
4s ..Nov., 1958	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜
4s ..1918-1919	99⅝	....	99⅝	....
3½s..Nov., 1954-5	88	88⅝	88	88⅝
3½s..May, 1954	88	88⅝	88	88⅝
3½s..1960-1954	87½	88½	87⅝	88

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was unchanged. Tin was dull and easier. Closing prices for copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Spot	13.45	13.85	Spelter	4.95	5.05
July	13.45	13.85	Lead	3.85	3.95
August	13.45	13.85	Antimony. 7.12½		7.25
			Tin (spot). 31.95		32.20

Copper market in London yesterday was a trifle weak, spot and futures showing declines of 5s. each, at £62 5s. and £62 12s. 6d., respectively. Tin prices also sagged, and spot, at £145, and futures, at £146 10s., reacted £1 each. The market ended steady. Spanish pig lead, £19 5s., unchanged. Spelter, £21 10s., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 61s. 3d.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Rousing Last Hour.

Practically half of yesterday's business in stocks was done in the final hour of trading. In this period the Stock Exchange lobbies on both the Wall and Broad Street sides were empty of brokers whereas good-sized crowds of idle members gossiped during the four preceding hours. A greater breadth of the market would have been appreciated by some who sought commissions after the upturn began, but brokers with orders to fill among the more prominent speculative issues had no complaint to make with the action in evidence around the Steel, Southern Pacific, Amalgamated, Lehigh Valley, American Can, and Union Pacific posts. Various causes were assigned to the increase of buying on the heels of marked dullness. The sentiment aroused by the favorable reception of the French loan by the French people was considered a bullish factor in the local security market, and there was a renewal of speculation about the freight rate decision, many traders and others believing that it would be made before much more time had elapsed.

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Cigar Stores Stock Swings Upward.

Out on the Curb traders were busy with United Cigar Stores shares throughout the day. The strength imparted to the stock on Monday carried over night without diminution, and a further upturn of 3⅜ points swung the quotation well above 93 at the high level of the session. Accompanying the rise were rumors that "something good" for holders of the stock would be announced soon. There has been occasional talk since George J. Whelan affected a combination of cigar stores in England that owners of United stock would ultimately receive the right to subscribe to stock in the new foreign company. Yesterday's rumors were not pinned down to any definite matter to which the traders might fasten hopes for extra profits on their purchases.

***

Impetus Imparted to Allied Stock.

While the Cigar Stores shares were being pushed forward the stock of an allied company shone in the glory reflected from them. This was United Profit Sharing Corporation, an issue which changed hands on its initial transaction a few months ago on a 300 basis and yesterday sold up to 875. The stock has a parity of $1 a share, so the purchaser at the topmost figure paid $8.25 a share. The corporation took over the coupon business of the United Company and other concerns.

***

I. & G. N. Notes Offered Cheaply.

Another reorganization which is not withstanding the test of a poor year is that effected for the International & Great Northern in 1911. A large part of the cash needed to take the property out of the hands of the court was supplied through the sale of $11,000,000 three-year 5 per cent. notes, secured by the deposit of $13,750,000 first refunding mortgage bonds. These notes mature on Aug. 1 next, and the uncertainty over their fate has been reflected in the unwillingness of brokers to make a market for them. A bond house which has been active in International & Great Northern securities yesterday offered the maturing notes at 92 to yield 100 per cent. if paid off in cash on Aug. 1, and omitted any bid price. The State of Texas has worried the management a good deal since the reorganization.

***

Rate Decision Saturday?

About the only definite prediction that can be made about the appearance of the long awaited rate decision is that it is nearer each day. According to yesterday's gossip from Washington there is a very good prospect of the announcement being ready on Saturday, but the commission at no time has made any definite promises in this respect. If the stock market has grown weary to the point of indifference as a result of the many cries of "Wolf!" the same thing cannot be said of manufacturers, who look for an immediate revival in business following the announcement. An equipment manufacturer said yesterday that there was scarcely anything mined, grown, or manufactured that was not consumed by the railroads, and that even a moderate award would stimulate buying in all lines.

***

May on the Railroads.

The Interstate Commerce Commission's summary of the earnings of 157 railroads in May showed large losses in both gross and net. The net revenue of $325 a mile reported for May of last year decreased to $271 this year. The Eastern roads, which were waiting for an increase in rates, were the heaviest losers, their net earnings for the month showing a decline of $90 a mile. On the Western roads the loss was $51 a mile, and in the South $19 a mile. There was an increase in the mileage operated, but the aggregate revenues of these 157 roads fell below last year's by $23,000,000.

$20,000,000 BOND SALE.

Last of Interborough's $50,000,000 Issue Placed by Syndicate.

One of the largest bond transactions recently undertaken was brought to a successful conclusion yesterday when Harris, Forbes & Co., Lee, Higginson & Co., and Kissel, Kinnicut & Co., as syndicate managers, announced that they had completed the sale of $20,000,000 of Interborough bonds recently purchased from J. P. Morgan & Co. This lot makes a total of $50,000,000 of Interborough bonds sold by the syndicate in the past few months.

It was said that the new issue had been widely distributed, going to investors, banks, and trust companies in the United States and Europe. The last $20,000,000 was placed at 99 and interest, an advance of ⅛ of 1 per cent. over the offering price of the first $30,000,000. No more Interborough bonds are expected this year.

SCHIFF OFF BANK BOARD.

Resigns as Director of National City to Comply with Law.

Jacob H. Schiff, senior member of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., has resigned as a Director of the National City Bank, a place he has held for sixteen years. His resignation is in accord with the announcement that all members of the firm would give up their bank Directorships to comply with a provision of the Federal Reserve act prohibiting private bankers from doing business with national banks in which they are represented.

Paul M. Warburg recently resigned as a Director of the National Bank of Commerce and J. P. Morgan left the board of the National City Bank.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Default having been made on the July 1 interest on the first and refunding mortgage 4 per cent. bonds of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis & Western Railway, and the first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of the Indiana, Decatur & Western, both subsidiaries of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, a protective committee has been formed by William A. Read, Chairman; J. A. Barnard, Henry E. Cooper, F. H. Ecker, George K. Johnson, H. F. Whitcomb, A. H. Wiggin, and L. E. Zacher.

Of the funds recently secured by the sale of 6 per cent. notes, the Federal Light and Traction Company will devote $415,000 to extensions and betterments.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Activity and Strength of Special Issues the Particular Market Feature.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 75,011 shares of stock and $101,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 38,531; oils, 823, and mining, 35,657. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Bri-Am. Tob.	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
400	B.-A. T., new.	21¾	22	21¾	21⅞
400	Elkhorn Fuel	24½	25	24¾	25
100	Int.-Con. Ru.	7	7	7	7
1,200	Marconi of A.	2¾	3	2¾	2¾
400	Maxwell Mot.	14½	14½	14¼	14¼
100	Maxwell Mot. 1st pf.	48½	48½	48½	48½
250	Maxwell Mot. 2d pf	17½	17½	17	17
100	Nat. Cloak & Suit pf.	98½	98½	98½	98½
75	Pueb. S. & R.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
4,500	Riker-Hege.	9⅞	10	9¾	9¾
20	Riker-He. old	166	166	166	166
7,000	S. Gum, w. i.	6⅞	7⅛	6⅞	7
185	S.-W. Sp'd'm.	52	52	51¾	52
700	Teb. Prod. pf.	85	87¾	85	87¾
5,700	U. Cig. Stores Co. of Am.	89½	93¼	89½	93
16,000	Un. P. Sh. C.	7⅝	8¼	7⅝	8
376	Willys Ov'l'd.	89	90	89	90
25	Willys Ov. pf.	95	95	95	95
800	World Film.	4¾	4¾	4½	4½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
10	Atlantic Ref.	595	592	592	+ 1
10	Cum. P. Line	55	55	55	..
38	Galena-Sig. O.	175	174	174	..
15	Nat. Transit.	39	39	39	— ½
5	Nor. P. Line.	107	107	107	..
110	Ohio Oil	181	180	181	+ ½
25	Pierce Oil...	76	76	76	+ 1
58	Pierce Oil, new	19¼	19	19	..
55	Prairie O.& G.	449	441	449	+ 7
1	Solar Ref.	300	300	300	+ 1
41	South Penn. O.	287	285	286	..
90	S. Oil of Cal.	325	321	325	+ 4
95	S. Oil of Ind.	474	470	474	+ 4
39	S. Oil of Kan.	415	411	414	+ 2
20	S. Oil of N. J.	408	406	407	— 1
150	S. Oil of N.Y.	217½	215	217½	+ 2½
61	Un. Tank L...	86¼	87¼	87¼	+ 1½
1	Vacuum Oil	221	221	221	+ 1

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

200	Con. Gas rts.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
1,000	Rock Isl. com. new, w. i.	35¼	35¼	35	35
600	Rock Isl. pf. new, w. i.	84½	84½	84	84
100	Rock Isl. rts.	2½	2½	2½	2½
100	Un. Pac. rts.	29	29	29	29

MINING STOCKS.

500	*Atlanta	15½	15½	15½	15½
1,000	*Beaver Con.	26	26	26	26
215	Boston Mon.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
2,400	Braden Cop.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
100	*Caledonia M.	60	60	60	60
100	Can. Cop. C.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
6,500	*Can. G.-S.	9	9	8	8
150	*Caribou Cob.	66	66	66	66
100	Con. Ariz. S.	½	½	½	½
1,500	Crown R.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛
1,500	*Florence	41	41	40	40
400	Goldfield Con.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1⅜	1 7-16
642	Greene-Can.	30¾	30½	28½	29
500	*Inter. Mines.	29	30	27	30
1,550	La Rose Con.	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
200	Mason Val.	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
3,050	*McKinley-D.	61	63	61	62
400	Mines of A.	3	3⅛	3	3⅛
600	*Nevada Hills.	33	33	33	33
100	Nip. M. Co.	6	6	6	6
1,500	*North Star	28	28	27½	27½
100	*Oro	9	9	9	9
200	Pac Smelt	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
850	St. Mi-Lead.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
300	Stewart	1 1-16	1⅛	1 1-16	1⅛
300	Tono. Bel.	6 11-16	6⅝	6 11-16	6⅝
1,900	Tono. Ext.	2⅜	2⅜	2½	2 9-16
3,500	*Tono. Mex.	43	44	43	43
50	Tono. Mining	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
1,700	*Ton. Miz.	24	24	24	24
300	*Ton. Mon.	62	62	61	61
50	Tono. of Nev.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
1,500	*Tono. Vic.	37	37	37	37
1,500	W. E. Con.	65	65	64	65

BONDS.

$90,000	C. P. 6% nts.	103⅞	104	103⅞	104
11,000	C. G. cv. 6s.	115½	115½	115⅝	115⅝

*Sells cents per share.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	..5	Mar. 15, '15	100¼	100⅜	4.30
Am. Locomo.	..5	July, 1915	99½	100⅜	4.60
Am. T. & T. sub	..5	Apr., 1916	100	100¼	4.80
Austrian Gov.	4½	Jan., 1915	100½	100¾	4.05
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1915	99½	100¼	4.35
Beth. Steel	..5	June 11, '15	99½	100	5.00
B'klyn R. T.	..5	July, 1918	99¾	100	5.00
Canadian Pac.	6	Mar. 2, '24	103⅜	104	5.45
Ches. & Ohio	..5	June, 1919	94¾	94⅞	6.20
C. & W. Ind.	..6	Dec., 1915	100	100¼	6.00
Chi. Elev.	..5	July, 1916	97½	98	6.05
Ch. R. & Lt.	..5	June, 1915	98½	99¼	5.50
C. Pr. (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	97	99	6.37
Erie	..5½	Apr., 1917	99¾	99	5.85
Erie	..5	Oct., 1914	100	100¼	5.00
Erie	..5	Apr., 1915	99¾	100	5.00
Fed. Sugar	..5	Nov., 1, '14	98	100	5.00
Gen. Motor	..6	Oct., 1915	100¾	101¼	4.75
Gen. Rubber	..5	July, 1915	97½	98¼	6.25
Har. R. & P.	..5	May, 1915	96¾	97¾	8.00
Hock. Val.	..5	Nov., 1914	100¾	100¾	3.00
Int. & Gt. N.	..5	Aug., 1914	87	92	....
Int. Harv.	..5	Feb. 15, '15	100¼	100¼	4.15
Lack. Steel	..5	Mar., 1915	97	97¾	8.37
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar. 2, '15	100¼	100¾	3.95
Minn. G. El.	..6	J. & D., '17	99	99¾	6.10
Minn.& St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	99	98	7.70
Mo., K. & T.	..5	May, 1915	89	96	12.25
Mo. Pacific.	..6	June, 1915	89	92	14.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	100	100¼	5.40
N. E. Nav.	..6	May, 1917	95½	98¼	7.40
N. Y. Cent.	..5	Sep. 15, '15	100¼	100¾	2.50
N. Y. Cent.	..5	Nov. 5, '14	100¼	100¾	3.50
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	100¼	100¼	3.95
N.Y., N.H.& H.	5	May, 1915	97¾	98¼	6.75
Pac. G. & E.	..5	Mar. 25, '15	99½	99¾	5.20
Pub. S. Corp. N. J.	..5	Mar., 1916	99	99¾	5.30
Seab'd A. L.	..5	Mar., 1916	99¾	100¼	4.95
Southern Ry.	..5	Feb., 1916	99¾	99¾	5.10
Southern Ry.	..5	Mar., 1917	99¾	99¾	5.10
Sulzb. & Sons	6	June, 1916	100	100¼	5.75
U. S. Smelt.	..5	June, 1918	97¾	98¼	5.45
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	97¾	98¼	6.00
United Fruit	..6	May, 1917	101	101¾	5.35
United Fruit	..5	May, 1918	97¾	98¼	5.55
Utah Co.	..6	Apr., 1917	99¼	100¼	5.75
Western Md.	..5	July, 1915	89	96	9.00
W. Power	..6	July, 1917	98¼	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atlantic C. Line	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.60	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4¼	4.50	4.40
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.55	4.40
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'17	4½	4.62	4.50
Chi. & N. W.	1914-'28	4½	4.45	4.35
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-'28	4½	4.88	4.62
Del. & Hudson	1914-'22	4½	4.50	4.40
Erie Railroad	1914-'28	4½@5	4.75	4.60
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4½@5	4.80	4.62
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.45	4.35
Int. Gt. Northern	1914-'23	5	6.50	5.50
Louis. & Nash.	1914-'23	5	4.50	4.38
Mo., K. & T.	1914-'23	5	5.60	5.30
Mo. Pacific	1914-'22	5	5.95	5.10
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1914-'28	4½@5	4.70	4.60
Norfolk & West.	1915-'24	4½	4.45	4.35
Penn. G. Freight	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.42	4.30
St. L. & M. So.	1914-'24	5	5.15	4.85
Seaboard Air Line	1914-'23	5	4.75	4.30
Southern Ry.	1914-'24	4½@5	4.75	4.60
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.40
Virginia Ry.	1914-'19	5	4.95	4.75
Wabash	1914-'21	5	7.00	5.75

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16	16¼	16	16¼
Atlantic Refining	590	595	590	600
Borne-Scrymser	290	300	290	300
Buckeye Pipe Line	137	140	137	140
Chesebrough Mfg.	650	660	650	660
Colonial Oil	95	105	95	105
Continental Oil	220	224	220	225
Crescent Pipe Line	48	50	48	50
Cumberland Pipe Line	54	57	54	57
Eureka Pipe Line	270	283	287	287
Galena-Signal Oil	173	176	173	176
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	145	150	145	158
Indiana Pipe Lines	122	125	122	125
National Transit	38	43	38	40
New York Transit	268	272	268	272
Northern Pipe Line	107	111	107	111
Ohio Oil	180	182	180	182
Prairie Oil & Gas	446	450	438	442
Solar Refining	295	305	295	305
Southern Pipe Line	220	225	220	225
South Penn. Oil	285	290	285	290
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	143	147	143	147
Standard Oil (Cal.)	324	328	322	327
Standard Oil (Ind.)	473	478	472	474
Standard Oil (Kan.)	412	416	408	412
Standard Oil (Ky.)	270	275	270	275
Standard Oil (Neb.)	345	358	345	358
Standard Oil (N. J.)	406	408	407	409
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	215	217	214	216
Standard Oil (Ohio)	410	415	405	415
Swan & Finch	180	190	185	195
Union Tank Line	88	88	85	88
Vacuum Oil	220	222	220	222
Washington Oil	44	48	44	48
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,200	..	3,200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	July 7. Bid.	Asked.	July 6. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	130	135	128	135
American Cigar pf.	98	100	98	100
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	85	90	85	90
Brit.-Am., new	21¾	22	21¾	22
Conley Foil	280	300	280	300
Johnson Tin & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	125	135	125	135
MacA. & Forbes	195	200	195	200
MacA. & Forbes pf.	98	100	98	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	240	250	240	250
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip.	130	140	130	140
R. J. Reynolds	265	270	265	270
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip.	100¼	101½	100¼	101½
Tobacco Products pf.	86½	89	85	86
United Cigar Stores	92¾	93	89¼	90
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	110	115	110	115
Un. Profit Sharing	7⅛	8¼	7⅛	8⅛

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Con. Power	106⅝	106¼	106¼
550	Elkhorn Fuel	25	24¾	24¾
100	Fairmount Gas	30	30	30
7	Fidelity & Deposit	147	147	147
25	Merch. & M. Bank	30¼	30¼	30¼
12	U. S. Fidelity	185½	185½	185½
40	United Ry. & Elec.	27¼	27	27¼

BONDS.

$3,000	Arundel S. & G. 6s.	100	100	100
7,000	City 4s, '61, s. i.	98⅝	98½	98½
7,000	City 3½s, '30	93¾	93¾	93¾
24,000	Con. Coal ref. 5s	90¼	90	90¼
1,000	Con. Coal 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Elkhorn Fuel 5s	95¼	95¼	95¼
5,000	Mt. V.-W. C. D. 5s	34¾	34¾	34¾
1,000	Nfk. Ports. T. 5s	86¾	86¾	86¾
1,000	United Ry. & E. 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾
1,000	U. Elec. Lt. 4½s	93¼	93¼	93¼
1,000	Virginia Mid	104	104	104

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Algomah	90c	90c	90c
38	Allouez	40	39	40
100	Arizona Com.	4¾	4¾	4¾
390	Butte & Superior	37⅞	37⅝	37⅝
158	Calumet & Arizona	65¼	64¾	65¼
6	Calumet & Hecla	415	415	415
98	Copper Range	39¾	38½	39¾
20	East Butte	10	10	10
80	Granby	81	80¾	80¾
50	Island Creek	50	50	50
10	Island Creek pf.	87	87	87
370	Isle Royale	21½	20½	21
10	Keweenaw	3¼	3¼	3¼
25	Mass. Con.	4¼	4¼

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales July 7, 1914	204,997
Same day last year	127,087
Total year to date	88,766,818
Same period last year	46,846,885
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net changes	68.85 +.16
Same day last year	66.35 —.09

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	68.09	June 10
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	68.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
27⅝	27⅞	300	Alaska Gold Mines	27⅛	27⅞	27⅛	27⅞	...
71¼	71¾	10,600	Amalgamated Cop	71½	71½	70¾	71⅝	— ⅛
25½	26	200	Am. Beet Sugar	25⅜	25½	25⅜	25⅝	— ⅛
27⅞	28	5,100	Am. Can	27	28⅜	26½	28	+1
91¼	92	100	Am. Can pf	91⅜	91⅝	91⅜	91⅝	+ ⅜
51⅝	51¾	510	Am. Car & Fdry	50⅞	51¾	50⅜	51	+ ⅞
29⅞	30½	100	Am. Ice Securities	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	+ ¼
31¼	32½	100	Am. Locomotive	32	32	32	32	...
64¼	64⅝	2,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	64	64⅞	64	64⅛	+ ⅛
102½	103	45	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	103	103	103	103	...
112	113½	25	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	113	113	113	113	...
120⅜	120⅞	700	Am. Teleph. & Tel	120½	120⅞	120½	120¼	— ⅛
228	232⅜	400	Am. Tobacco	228½	232	228½	231	+ ½
74	76	110	Am. Woolen pf	74½	74½	74½	74½	...
31¼	31⅜	700	Anaconda Cop. Co	31¼	31½	31¼	31⅜	+ ⅛
90⅜	90⅞	1,910	Atch., Top. & S. F	90¼	90½	90¼	90⅞	+ ⅞
120½	121¼	200	Atlantic Coast Line	120½	120½	120¾	120¾	+ ⅜
47	48	100	Baldwin Loco	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	+ ⅜
92	92¼	3,000	Baltimore & Ohio	91	92½	90⅞	92	+ ⅝
42¼	43	600	Bethlehem Steel	42	42⅝	42	42½	+ ½
91⅜	91⅞	1,100	Bklyn Rapid Tran	91⅜	91⅞	91¼	91⅜	— ⅛
123½	125	320	Bklyn Union Gas	124	124	122	123	— 2
19	20	700	California Petrol'm	19	19	19	19	...
193⅜	193⅞	2,800	Canadian Pacific	193½	194½	193	193⅝	— ⅝
36½	36⅝	5,600	Central Leather Co	36	36⅝	35⅞	36⅝	+ ⅛
102½	104	600	Cent. Leather pf	102½	108	102½	108	+1
52	52¼	1,610	Chesapeake & Ohio	52	52¼	51¾	52	...
14	14¼	500	Chi. Gt. Western	13⅞	14⅛	13⅞	14¼	...
37½	38	500	Chi. Gt. West. pf	37½	37⅝	37½	37⅝	+ ⅛
100	100½	700	Chi., Mil. & St. P	99⅜	100⅜	99½	100⅜	+ ⅜
133½	134	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	134	134	134	134	+ 3
131	131⅜	100	Chi. & Northwest	131½	131½	131½	131½	+ ⅜
41¼	41½	2,000	Chino Copper	41¼	41¾	41	41	— ⅛
101	103½	200	Cluett, Peabody pf	103	103	103	103	+1
129	129⅜	100	Consolidated Gas	129½	129½	129¼	129¼	+ ¾
44	45	100	Continental Can	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	+ ⅛
90½	92	100	Continental Can pf	91	91	91	91	— ⅛
9	9¼	200	Corn Products Ref	9	9¼	9	9¼	+ ⅛
147⅜	148	200	Del. & Hudson	148	148	148	148	+ ¼
10	10⅜	2,000	Den. & Rio Grande	11	11	9¾	10	—1
17	18½	610	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	17½	17¾	16¾	16¾	—1¼
29	29¼	3,300	Erie	28⅜	29⅜	28¾	29¼	+ ⅜
44⅜	44⅝	800	Erie 1st pf	43⅜	44¼	43⅜	44⅛	+ ⅜
149	150	100	General Electric	149½	149¾	149¼	149½	+1
93	94	862	General Motors pf	92⅞	93⅞	92⅞	93½	+1
25¼	25⅜	1,850	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	25½	25⅞	25¼	25¼	— ⅛
124⅜	124⅞	725	Great Northern pf	124½	124⅞	124½	124⅜	+ ⅛
31¼	32	100	G. N. certs.ore prop	32⅛	32⅜	32⅛	32⅛	+ ⅛
53¼	53⅝	1,800	Guggenheim Explor	53⅛	55⅝	53⅛	53¼	...
17½	17⅝	175	Inspiration Copper	17¼	17½	17¼	17¼	+ ⅛
14½	14⅝	900	Inter.-Met. v. tr. ctf	14⅜	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	+ ⅛
62½	63	2,000	Inter.-Met. pf	62⅜	63⅜	62¾	63⅛	+ ⅛
107⅛	107⅝	100	Int. Harvester, N. J.	107	107	107	107	...
28	28⅜	1,800	Kan. City Southern	28¼	28¼	27⅝	28¼	+ ¼
137¼	138	8,600	Lehigh Valley	136¾	138¼	135¾	137⅝	+ ⅛
117	119½	100	Liggett & Myers pf	117	117	117	117	...
62¼	62⅜	4,900	Mexican Petroleum	60¼	62⅜	60¼	62⅜	+1¼
22⅛	22⅜	100	Miami Copper	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	+ ¼
124	125⅛	225	M., St. P. & S. S. M	124⅜	124⅝	124⅝	124⅝	...
131	132	400	M.,St.P. & S.S.M. pf	131	132	131	132	+ ⅜
17	17⅜	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	17½	17½	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
37	38⅜	100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	38	38	38	38	— ½
16¼	16¼	14,700	Missouri Pacific	17½	17½	15⅜	16	—1⅝
49¼	49⅝	200	Montana Power	49½	49½	49⅜	49⅜	— ⅛
13⅞	14	300	Nevada Con. Cop	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
90⅛	90¼	1,700	N. Y. Central	89⅞	90⅜	89⅜	90⅜	+ ⅝
65	65½	2,600	N. Y., N. H. & H	64⅜	65½	64	65	...
23½	23⅝	400	N. Y., Ont. & West	23¼	23½	23	23½	+ ⅛
105	105⅞	250	Norfolk & Western	105⅛	105⅞	105⅝	105¾	— ⅛
111⅞	112	2,125	Northern Pacific	111⅜	112½	111⅜	112	+ ⅛
23	23¼	500	Pe- Ile Mail	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	+ ⅜
112¼	112¾	7,440	Penn. R. R.	111⅞	113⅛	111⅝	112¾	— ⅛
121	122	100	People's Gas, Chi	121¼	121¼	121¼	121¼	— ¼
72	72⅝	200	P., C., C. & St. L	72½	72⅝	72½	72⅝	— ⅜
20¼	20⅞	300	Pitts. Coal	20⅞	20⅞	20⅜	20⅝	— ⅜
90	91	100	Pitts. Coal pf	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	— ⅜
43¾	44	620	Pressed Steel Car	42⅞	43⅝	42⅞	43⅜	+ ⅛
1	2	300	Quicksilver	1	1	1	1	...
27¼	27⅞	100	Railway Steel Sp	27½	27½	27½	27½	— ⅛
21⅞	21⅝	1,000	Ray Con. Copper	21⅝	21⅝	21¼	21¼	+ ⅛
164¾	164⅞	19,500	Reading	163⅞	165⅛	163½	164⅞	+ ⅜
85¼	86½	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	85½	85½	85½	85½	+1½
1¼	1⅝	1,166	Rock Island Co	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
2⅝	2⅞	2,280	Rock Island Co. pf	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝	— ⅛
2½	3	200	St. L. & San Fran	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
4¼	4½	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	4½	4½	4½	4½	...
19	19½	200	Seab. Air Line	19	19	19	19	— ⅛
54⅜	54½	1,800	Seab. Air Line pf	54¼	54½	54	54⅜	+ ⅜
193½	195	710	Sears, Roeb. & Co	192	195	192	195	...
123	124½	10	Sears, R. & Co. pf	125	125	125	125	...
97¼	97⅜	10,421	Southern Pacific	97⅛	97⅝	96¾	97¼	+ ⅛
...	...	156	So. Pacific t. r	106	106	106	106	+1
...	...	54	So. P. t. r. 1st pd	102	102	102	102	...
24⅜	25	300	So. Railway ext	24⅞	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	...
78⅞	80	50	So. Railway pf. ext	78⅝	78⅞	78⅝	78⅝	...
31½	32½	2,700	Studebaker Co	30¼	32	30¾	32	+2
83½	86	100	Studebaker Co. pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	+3½
33¼	33¾	900	Tennessee Copper	33¼	33¼	33¼	33¼	...
142½	144	200	Texas Co	143	143¾	143	143¼	+ ⅜
14½	15½	100	Texas & Pacific	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	+ ⅛
102	103½	118	Twin City R. T	102⅜	102⅝	102⅜	102⅝	+ ⅛
75	76	100	Underw. Typew	75½	75½	75½	75½	+1½
5¼	5⅝	700	Union B. & P. Co	5	5¼	5	5¼	+ ⅛
156⅜	156⅞	16,100	Union Pacific	153½	157	155⅜	156⅜	+ ½
82½	83¼	100	Union Pacific pf	83	83	83	83	— ¼
99	103	100	Un. Cigar Mfrs. pf	100	100	100	100	+1
65	68	100	Un. Dry Goods pf	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾	—3¾
81½	82	400	U. S. Express	81½	82½	81½	81½	+ ½
81½	83	300	U. S. Indus. Alco	82⅜	82⅜	82¼	82¼	— ⅛
60	60¼	2,200	U. S. Rubber	59⅜	60⅜	59⅜	60¼	+ ⅛
102⅞	103⅜	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	+ ⅛
62½	62¾	24,100	U. S. Steel	61⅞	62½	61½	62½	+ ¼
109½	109⅝	300	U. S. Steel pf	109⅝	110½	109¼	109½	+ ¼
58¼	58½	6,400	Utah Copper	58½	58½	57⅞	58⅜	— ⅛
59¼	59⅜	3,220	Western Union Tel	59⅛	59⅜	58¾	59⅛	...
76¼	76⅜	1,200	Westinhg. E. & M	76¼	76½	76	76¼	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	97½
2s, c, 1930	97	98
3s, r, 1918	101	102
3s, c, 1918	101	102
4s, r, 1925	109½	110½
4s, c, 1925	110	111½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96¾	...

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex. 97	100	
Allis-Chal., Pf	10¼	10½
Am Ag C., Pf	41½	43
Am Ag C., Pf	54	55
A B S pf.	75	80
A B S & Fdy.	88¼	94
A C & F pf.	137½	139
Am C pf.	117½	119¼
Am C pf.	62½	65
Am Coal.	87	100
Am C Fr.	83	85
Am Snuff.	163	167
Am Sugar pf.	106½	108
Am St Fdy	31	31½
Am S Ref.	106½	108½
A T & C.	90	...
A Toh pf.	107½	109
Am Wool.	13	17
Am Wr Pa pf.	...	10¼
Assets R.	...	14½
A. T & S F pf.	99½	99⅞
Bald-L pf.	106½	107
B & O pf.	80½	81½
Batop M.	1	...
Beth S pf.	84⅝	85½
Brown Sh.	35	42
Do pf.	86½	90
Bruns Ter.	6	6¾
B, R & P.	100	113½
Do pf.	116¼	135
But'k Co.	28½	29
Calif P pf.	55½	56½
Canada So.	56	...
Case (J I) pf.	83	90
C R of N J.	300	320
C & S A.	T. 104	105
Chi & Alt.	9	9¼
Do pf.	13	25
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C & NW pf.	170	181¾
Chi, St P, M & Om.	128	132
Do pf.	135	150
C, C, C & St L.	29⅞	35
Do pf.	35	48
Cluett-P pf.	65	67
Col F & I.	25¾	26¼
Do pf.	128¾	130
Col & So.	23	23½
Do 1st pf	40	42
Do 2d pf.	33	40
Corn P R pf.	61¼	64
Crex Carp.	60	76
Cub-Am S.	...	30
Do pf.	...	84
D & Co pf	93½	94½
D, L & W.	400	407
D M & Ft D.	3	5
Do pf.	6	...
Det Ed.	112	113½
Det & M.	85	...
Do pf.	85	...
Det U Ry.	...	71
Dist Sec.	15	16
D, S S & A.	4	5
Du P de N Pow pf.	85	90
Erie 2d pf.	36½	38
F M & S.	10	14½
Do pf.	34	37
Gen Ch.	165	180
Do pf.	109½	111¾
Gen M.	91	92½
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	88¼	89
Hav E Ry, L & P.	...	75
Do pf.	...	95
Helme (G W) Co.	159	175
Do pf.	108	115
Homest'ke.	113	117
Ill Cent.	113½	114½
Inger-R.	105	...
Do pf.	92	...
Int Agric.	6	9¼
Do pf.	15⅞	20
Int H pf.	116	...
Int H Cor.	104	105
Do pf.	117	...
Int Paper.	7⅜	8¼
Do pf.	33½	34½
Int St P.	8¼	7
Do pf.	10	12
Iowa Cent.	7	9
Do pf.	13	19
K C, Ft S & M pf.	...	73½
K C So pf.	60¾	61
Kayser (J) & Co.	88	90
Do 1st pf	109	115
K & D M.	4¼	...
Do pf.	38	...
Kresge(S S) Co.	92½	97
Do pf.	101½	103½
Lack Steel.	32	34
Lacl Gas.	93	94
L E & W.	5¼	9
Lig & M.	212	216½
Long Isl'd.	32	36
L-W Bis.	31	32
Do 1st pf	103¼	105¼
Do 2d pf.	90	93
Lorill Co.	170	175
Do pf.	115½	...
Louis & N.	138	139½
M'kay Cos.	81	85
Do pf.	69	70
Man Elev.	130	132
M Dep Sts.	59	60½
Do pf.	99	101
Mer Mar.	2¼	3
Do pf.	10¼	10⅝
Mex P pf.	...	88
Mich Cent.	...	175
M & St L.	12¼	13
Do pf.	26	28
M, St P & S S M 1	79	82¼
M P 1st pf.	103¾	...
M W & pf.	104	120
Mon P pf.	101¼	102
N, O & St L.	139	141
Nat Bis.	130	132
Do pf.	125¾	129¾
Nat Enam.	10¾	11¼
Do pf.	78	88
Nat Lead.	45	48¼
Do pf.	107½	110½
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	27	33
Do 2d pf.	11¼	12¼
N O, M & O pf.	...	25
N Y A Br.	64	65
N Y C & St L.	35	40
Do 1st pf	92	100
Do 2d pf.	62	80
N Y Dock.	5	20
Do pf.	...	26
Nort So.	26½	35
N & W pf.	87	89
North Am.	75	76
N O T & L	61	70
Ont Min.	2¼	3
Pabst B pf.	95	102
Pac Coast.	75	90
Do 1st pf	80	95
Do 2d pf.	75	90
P T & T.	25	25
Do pf.	85	90
Peo & E.	4	8
Pett-Mull.	12	27
Do 1st pf.	...	99
Pheips-D.	175	...
Phila Co.	78	84
Do 6 p c pf.	83	90
P, C, C & St L pf.	85	100
Pitts S pf.	85¾	88
Pr St C pf.	102	102½
Pub S C.	111¼	...
P'man Co.	155	156
Quicksilver pf.	1½	2½
R R Sec I C stk c.	...	75
Ry St Spr pf.	90	95
Rdg 1st pf.	88	90
Do 2d pf.	85	89
R I & S pf.	22½	23
Rumely(M) Co.	10¼	11½
Do pf.	28	29
St L & S F 1st pf.	7	12
St L S W.	21	22½
Do pf.	40	50
S-S S & I.	22	30
Do pf.	84½	96
So P R S.	30	100
Do pf.	80	100
So R. M & O. ctfs.	72	85
Stand M.	36	37
Do pf.	65	66
T P L Tr.	98	105
Third Av.	40	41
T. St L & West pf.	7½	10
Tenn C I.	102	105
T C R T.	102	103½
Do pf.	126¾	...
Und Type pf.	105¾	113
U B & P pf.	21	22¼
Un M St.	47	48
Un Dr G.	25	65
U Rys In.	11½	13½
Do pf.	32	35
U S C P.	8	10
Do pf.	31½	35
U S Ind A.	16	30
U S R & I.	60	61
Vand R R.	...	80
Va-Car Ch	28¾	29
Do pf.	100	102
Va I, C & Coke	40	50
Va R & P.	49	50
Do pf.	95	...
Vulcan Det	6	11
Do pf.	22½	35
Wabash.	...	¾
W F Exp.	93	99
West Md.	18¾	19¼
Do pf.	31	40
W E & M 1st pf.	122	126
Weym-B.	225	300
Do pf.	110	120
W & L E.	3½	4
Do 1st pf	14	16
Do 2d pf.	4	7½
Wis Cent.	39	41
W'th (F W)	97½	98½
Do pf.	116½	117

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reported so far for the fourth week in June show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

Six roads	$4,978,435	+$96,258
Thirteen roads	7,774,257	—939,500
Total (19 roads)	12,752,692	—843,242

BANGOS & AROOSTOOK for May—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Gross	305,068	300,224	4,844
Net	120,288	119,852	435
Sur. aft. chgs.	15,517	15,952	*435
11 mos. gross.	3,487,446	2,979,707	507,739
Net	1,256,977	891,070	365,907
Sur. aft. chgs.	171,229	†144,000	315,518

*Increase. †Deficit.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO for May—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Mileage	2,847	2,324	2,288
Gross	2,994,832	2,944,557	2,808,981
Net	784,412	868,326	863,720
Sur. aft. chgs.	7,574	400,991	.....
11 mos. gross.	33,528,862	32,024,781	31,378,591
Net	10,071,316	9,569,365	10,513,086
Sur. aft. chgs.	2,608,207	2,660,044	.....

GREAT NORTHERN for May—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Mileage	.....	7,756	7,482
Gross	5,887,557	5,007,940	5,667,710
Net after tax.	888,185	1,932,641	1,306,182
11 mos. gross.	69,329,992	71,856,890	60,330,088
Net after tax.	22,817,769	26,683,241	23,416,909

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS for May—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	701,456	702,278	641,049
Net after tax.	105,353	146,963	120,891
Other inc., deb.	10,752	*14,290	15,169
Total income	94,600	161,254	136,060
11 mos. gross.	8,883,983	8,936,979	7,134,330
Net	2,112,746	2,408,377	1,268,967
Other inc., deb	211,988	1,636	*10,279
Total income	1,900,759	2,406,741	1,280,246

*Credit.

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN for May—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	2,624,978	2,784,859	2,549,935
Net after tax.	712,597	910,395	913,813
Other income	38,100	34,772	25,057
Total income	750,697	945,168	938,870
Sur. aft. chgs.	93,459	290,840	362,191
11 mos. gross.	30,648,231	31,656,656	27,770,275
Net after tax.	9,798,122	9,630,694	8,185,652
Other income	387,761	381,991	344,619
Total income	10,185,884	9,992,978	8,530,271
Sur. aft. chgs.	2,724,886	2,947,838	1,971,216

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Receipts and expenditures:

	July 6.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$500,433	$3,227,551	$3,227,551
Int. rev. ord.	581,767	3,811,572	3,811,572
Corp. and inc. tax	117,715	3,109,621	3,109,621
Miscellaneous	244,069	820,750	820,750
Total recets.	1,308,967	10,979,536	10,979,536
Expenditures	1,283,233	10,026,297	10,026,297
Surplus	25,734	953,239	953,239

SUES BANK OFFICERS FOR LOSS IN FAILURE

Controller of Currency Seeks $400,000 for Receiver of the Mt. Vernon National.

FIRST CASE OF KIND IN YEARS

Directors Hereafter to be Held Liable for Neglect of Duty, Attorney Announces.

John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, yesterday brought suit, in the interests of Petro E. Wagner, receiver of the bankrupt Mount Vernon National Bank, against Eugene F. Aucaigne, Frederick H. Denham, Herbert T. Jennings, Arthur H. Jones, H. Moran, Edward H. Patterson, Samuel K. Raymond, John E. Fee, Jacob Norden, and Edward M. Benford, officers and Directors of the wrecked institution, and Clifford G. Ludvigh, trustee in bankruptcy of Jennings, and William Henkel, Jr., trustee in bankruptcy of Jones. He sought to enforce the civil liability of the Directors and officers for the losses of the bank, which amounted to about $400,000. Barber, Watson & Giboney of 165 Broadway were counsel for Mr. Williams.

Stuart C. Gibboney, who filed the papers in the Federal District Court, said the action was the first in many years in which it had been sought in this district to enforce the liability of the Directors of a national bank. He said Controller Williams intended to hold Directors responsible for any neglect of duty.

As the action has been brought in the interests of Mr. Wagner, the receiver, the beneficiaries of the action will be the creditors, stockholders, and depositors of the defunct bank. In the complaint violations of the national banking law by Jennings, the President, and Raymond, the cashier, are instanced, and it is contended that the Directors cannot relieve themselves of the responsibility for them. Both Jennings and Raymond were found guilty of misappropriation of funds in the Federal District Court, before Judge Mayer, on June 7, 1912. Jennings was sentenced to six years' imprisonment, but, on the recommendation of the jury to mercy, sentence was suspended on Raymond.

The Mount Vernon National Bank got into trouble through real estate and building speculation by Jennings. He was a Director in several realty concerns, but the enterprises which caused the failure of the bank were the Broadway & Forty-third Street Building Company and the Hub Building Company. These put up the Fitzgerald Building at Forty-third Street and Broadway and the adjoining office building at Forty-second Street and Broadway.

Jennings went to the bank's funds to finance these two ventures. To do this, it was charged by the Government, he used notes made out by dummies. One of these was F. Killeen, an office boy earning $5 a week, to whom $2,360 was lent, and another was John H. Bihan, janitor of the Fitzgerald Building, to whom it was charged a loan of $6,750 was made.

Jennings was also the Vice President of the First National Bank of Oneonta, N. Y., which also was in difficulties, and when its plight became known a run on the Mount Vernon institution caused it to close its doors on March 24, 1911. Philip Tillinghast, the first receiver, instituted suits against stockholders to enforce their liability for 100 per cent. of their holdings, but this is the first time that bank Directors and officers have been sued for the amount lost through their alleged negligence.

Grant Up-State R. R. Bond Issue.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 7.—An issue of $295,000 5 per cent. first and refunding mortgage bonds of the Empire United Railways, Incorporated, of Syracuse, under a $20,000,000 indenture to the Equitable Trust Company of New York has been authorized by the up-State Public Service Commission. The bonds are to be sold at not less than 65 to net $250,750.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales June 7, 1914	$2,070,500
Same day last year	1,534,000
Total year to date	382,815,500
Same period last year	289,491,200
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	86.85 +.19
Same day last year	86.37 —.13

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3

SAVINGS BANKS.

INCORPORATED 1827

THE BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANK

PIERREPONT and CLINTON STS., New Entrance—300 Fulton St.

INTEREST AT THE RATE OF

4 Per Cent. Per Annum

will be credited to depositors July 1, 1914 (payable on and after July 20th) on all sums entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

CROWELL HADDEN, President.
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Comptroller.
ARTHUR C. HARE, Cashier.
CHAS. C. PUTNAM, Asst. Comptroller.

The Bowery Savings Bank

128 AND 130 BOWERY.

NEW YORK, June 8, 1914.

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of THREE and ONE-HALF Per Cent. per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors on all sums of $5.00 and upward and not exceeding $3,000 which shall have been deposited at least three months on the first day of July next, and will be payable on and after Monday, July 20, 1914.

Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1914.

HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WILLIAM E. KNOX, Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

The Williamsburgh Savings Bank

Broadway and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn.

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 20th day of July, 1914, interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum will be paid to all depositors in this bank who on the 1st day of July, 1914, may be entitled thereto.

Money deposited on or before July 10, 1914, will draw interest from July 1.

ANDREW D. BAIRD, President.
CHARLES J. PASFIELD, Cashier.

BANK OPEN MONDAY EVE'G, 4 TO 7.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK

(INCORPORATED IN 1833)

S. E. Cor. 6th Ave. and 16th St., New York.

TWO-RATE INTEREST DIVIDEND
SIX MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30, 1914.

On all sums from $5 to $3,000 to depositors entitled to interest under the by-laws, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum, on so much of every account as shall not exceed $1,000; and at the rate of

THREE and ONE-HALF PER CENT.

per annum on so much of every account as shall exceed $1,000, payable on and after July 20, 1914.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1, 1914.

JAMES QUINLAN, President.
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treasurer.
FRANCIS M. BACON, JR., } Secretaries.
B. OGDEN CHISOLM. }

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK

40th Street and 6th Avenue

An Interest Dividend (110th Consecutive) has been declared at the rate of

Three and One-half Per Cent. per annum

Credited July 1, 1914, and payable on and after Thursday, July 16, 1914, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws.

Money deposited on or before July 10 draws interest from July 1, 1914.

Alex. P. W. Kinnan, President.
Francis M. Leake, Treasurer.
William G. Ross, Secretary.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK

CHARTERED 1866

81 W. 34th St., bet. 5th and 6th Aves.

97TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

A dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum has been declared and will be credited depositors on July 1, 1914, on sums of $5 to $3,000. Money deposited on or before July 10, will draw interest from July 1.

Bank open 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
Mondays 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.
Saturdays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Adolpho H. Fischer, President
George T. Connett, Secy. and Treas.
Herman F. Dietmann, Asst. Treas.

132nd SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

Union Square Savings Bank

No. 20 Union Square.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the six months ending June 30, 1914, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of

Three and One-Half Per Cent.

per annum on sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 20, 1914.

Deposits made on or before July 10, 1914, will draw interest from July 1.

WILLIAM H. ROCKWOOD, President.
HENRY R. BRINCKERHOFF, Secretary.
FREDERICK C. MILLS, Cashier.

Open 10 to 3; Monday 10 to 7; Saturday 10 to 12. Accounts of Societies Accepted.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION

115 CHAMBERS ST., N. Y.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1914, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the By-Laws, payable on and after July 18th, 1914.

Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, 1914.

H. E. TENNEY, President.
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary.

Maiden Lane Savings Bank

170 Broadway, cor. Maiden Lane,

Has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

4% per annum

Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st. Deposits received from 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays to 1 P. M.

J. Hayden, Sec'y. F. A. Ringler, Pres.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, 299 Broadway, Municipal Building, Park Row, City, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, July 14, 1914, for Contract 145, for roofing with reinforced concrete tiles 40 superstructures along the line of the Catskill aqueduct between the Ashokan and Hill View Reservoirs, a distance of approximately 92 miles. Approximately 25,900 tiles will be required under the contract. The buildings, ready to receive the tiles, are being constructed under other contracts.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract forms can be obtained at the above address, or at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10), in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Chief Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

HUSTIS QUITS TO GO TO BOSTON & MAINE

Howard Elliott to Succeed Him as President of New Haven on August 15.

CHANGES DUE TO PARTITION

Morris McDonald Returns to Presidency of Maine Central—Elliott to Remain Chairman.

James H. Hustis resigned yesterday as President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, to take effect on Aug. 15. He will be succeeded by Howard Elliott, who will continue as Chairman of the board also. Mr. Hustis was elected President of the Boston & Maine by the Directors in Boston yesterday. He will succeed Morris McDonald, who will go back to the Presidency of the Maine Central.

All these changes are incidental to the unmerging process through which the New Haven system is passing. Charles S. Mellen was President of nearly all the companies and ex-officio Chairman of their boards. When he retired on Sept. 1, Mr. Elliott first was elected President of the New Haven and a number of the subsidiaries. As separate operating managements were established for the steamboats, the trolleys, the Boston & Maine, the Maine Central and other units, Mr. Elliott retired as President and became Chairman of their boards, exercising a general supervision over the entire system and leaving their operation to the various Presidents.

The result of the dissolution agreement made with the Department of Justice would have left Mr. Elliott merely Chairman of the board of the New Haven Railroad. His being relieved of the Chairmanship of or any connection with the other principal companies made it possible for him to resume the entire management of the New Haven Railroad. This, in turn, would have left Mr. Hustis out, so he was transferred to the Boston & Maine, and Mr. McDonald, thus displaced, is to return to the Maine Central.

Mr. Hustis went to the New Haven Railroad soon after Mr. Elliott did. He had been Vice President of the Boston & Albany, in which the New York Central is a partner with the New Haven, and first was made Vice President of the New Haven, the purpose being to make him President when Mr. Elliott became Chairman of the entire system. This was done on Oct. 1.

Mr. Hustis began his training as a railroad operating man under the late John M. Toucey, for many years General Manager of the New York Central Railroad. He became Superintendent of the Harlem Division of the Central, and was successively Superintendent of the West Shore, Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg, and the Hudson, Putnam, and electric divisions. In 1907 he was made General Superintendent of the main line between Albany and Buffalo. Later in the same year he became Assistant General Manager and was sent to Boston to run the Boston & Albany. Within a short time he became Vice President of the Boston & Albany.

WALSH SIGNS B. & M. BILL.

Railroad's Separation from the New Haven Now Effective.

BOSTON, July 7.—Gov. Walsh today signed the Fisher-Ellis bill for the separation of the Boston & Maine and the New Haven Railroads.

A message urging the Legislature to save the State $200,000 annually by transferring to the public service corporations the cost of the Public Service Commission, was sent to the House and Senate by the Governor. The public utilities supervised by the Public Service Commission are the telephone, railroad, and street railway companies.

The message, with an accompanying bill, was referred to the Committee on Railroads, which reported that it should be laid over for consideration by the next general court.

Franklin TRUST CO.

Main Office, 166 MONTAGUE STREET
BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN, CITY OF NEW YORK
ACTS IN EVERY FIDUCIARY CAPACITY

6% interest paid on savings if left for 12 months or longer. Our Certificates of Deposit backed by real estate security.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY,
Empire Life Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THE FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK

Cor. 8th Avenue & 42d St.

107th consecutive semi-annual dividend has been declared at the rate of Three and One-half Per Cent. per annum on all sums entitled thereto from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 20, 1914.

Deposits made on or before the 10th of July will draw interest from the 1st.

Amount due depositors..... $23,489,687.20
Surplus, market values..... 1,411,220.63

Wm. G. Conklin, President.
James A. Stenhouse, Secretary.

Harlem Savings Bank,

125TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AV.

The Trustees have declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

3½ Per Cent. Per Annum

on all deposits entitled thereto according to the by-laws, from $5 up to $3,000, payable on and after Monday, July 20, 1914. Money deposited on or before July 10, 1914, will draw interest from July 1, 1914.

WILLIAM E. TROTTER, President.
THOMAS R. EBERT, Secretary.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

The Franklin Society

The Franklin Society announces the usual semi-annual cash dividend at the rate of Four and One-Half Per Cent. per annum on all savings share accounts of $10 to $5,000. This is the Society's

51st Consecutive Dividend

SECURITIES:—First Mortgages on dwellings in New York City and vicinity, non-speculative.

Bank Department Supervision.

Even a dollar starts an account. Thousands of investors, large and small, use our SIMPLE MAILING SYSTEM. Begin now or write for Booklet 49.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
FOR HOME BUILDING & SAVING.
28 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

4½ PER CENT

Eagle Savings & Loan

Income Share Certificates, Denominations $100, $300, $500, $1,000. $5,000. Fully paid for when issued. Dividends paid by check July 1 and January 1. Face of Certificates withdrawable after one year on 60 days' notice. Have declared and paid dividends on these shares at rate of 5% per annum for past 17 years. The business of this company is the making of first mortgage loans on real estate located within the metropolitan district of New York City, repayable by monthly installments. Accounts may be opened and operated by mail. Call or send for booklet. Remsen St., B'klyn, near Borough Hall Subway Station. Accumulated Capital and undivided earnings, over $3,000,000.00.

5% Per Annum

FINANCIAL. | FINANCIAL.

Evansville & Indianapolis Railroad Company

First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds, Due July First, 1924.

First Consolidated Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds, Due January First, 1926.

Default having been made in the payment of the July interest coupons upon the above bonds, it has become essential that the holders of these bonds unite for mutual protection, and the undersigned having been requested by the holders of a large number of each of the above classes of bonds to serve as Committee to that end, have consented so to serve and are causing to be prepared a Protective Agreement which will be ready for distribution in the near future, when copies may be obtained from the Depositary. Holders of bonds of either class are hereby requested at once to deposit their bonds with the Depositary, whose temporary receipts will be issued therefor.

New York, July 3d, 1914.

FREDERICK H. SHIPMAN, Chairman,
Treasurer New York Life Insurance Co.;
WILLIAM B. CARDOZO,
Vice President, The Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.;
ELLIS W. GLADWIN,
Vice Pres. & Sec'y, The Home Life Insurance Co.;
EDWARD H. LADD, JR.,
Of the firm of Ladd & Wood;
RAYMOND M. SMITH,
Of the firm of Megargel & Company,
Committee.

GELLER, BOLSTON & HORAN, Counsel,
22 Exchange Place, New York, N. Y.
EDWIN GIBBS, Secretary,
23 William Street, New York, N. Y.
THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, DEPOSITARY,
22 William Street, New York, N. Y.

To the Holders of the First and Refunding Mortgage Four Per Cent. Fifty-Year Gold Bonds of CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, and of the First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of THE INDIANA, DECATUR & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY:

Default having been made in the payment of the interest due July 1, 1914, on each of the series of bonds above named, the undersigned, at the request of holders of a large amount of both series of said bonds, have agreed to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of all said bondholders who shall become parties to an agreement now in process of preparation.

Holders of said bonds are requested to deposit the same with the EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, at its office, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, the Depositary to be named in said agreement. All bonds so deposited must be in negotiable form and must bear the coupon maturing July 1, 1914, and all subsequent coupons. Certificates of deposit will be issued for the bonds deposited.

In the judgment of the Committee the interests of the said bondholders demand immediate concerted action for their protection, and it, therefore, requests that said bonds be deposited immediately.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained (as soon as the same is completed) from the Depositary or the Secretary of the Committee.

New York, July 7, 1914.

WM. A. READ, Chairman;
J. AUGUSTUS BARNARD,
HENRY E. COOPER,
FREDERICK H. ECKER,
GEORGE K. JOHNSON,
H. F. WHITCOMB,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN,
L. EDMUND ZACHER,
Committee.

F. E. MOWLE, Secretary, 28 Nassau Street, New York City.
CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT, Counsel.
EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

UTAH SECURITIES CORPORATION. Ten-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes.

Pursuant to Article V. of the Trust Agreement dated September 14, 1912, made by Utah Securities Corporation with the undersigned as Trustee to secure the Ten-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes of the said Utah Securities Corporation, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee thereunder, invites proposals in writing for the sale to it of the said notes at not exceeding 101 and accrued interest, for which purpose said Trustee has now on deposit One Million Three Hundred Forty-four Dollars and Three Cents ($1,000,344.03.)

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 13, 1914.

Notice of purchase of notes will be mailed on July 13, 1914, and the notes so purchased must be delivered to the undersigned before the close of business on July 20, 1914, on which date interest will cease.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
A. J. HEMPHILL, President.
Dated June 27, 1914.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the application of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company for an order of the Public Service Commission for the First District authorizing the issue of $202,500 face value of first lien and refunding mortgage 5% gold bonds of New York, Trustee, dated February 1, 1913, for the purpose of reimbursing said petitioner in part for expenditures made for additions and betterments to the property of said company as defined in said mortgage, will be heard by said Commission at its office, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 9th day of July, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated July 1st, 1914.

HUDSON & MANHATTAN RAILROAD COMPANY
By J. S. O'NEALE, Secretary.

New Orleans City & Lake Railroad Company.

NOTICE.—Pursuant to Article Fourth of the mortgage from the New Orleans City & Lake Railroad Company to Columbia Finance and Trust Company, dated November 22, 1893, the undersigned will until the close of business July 31, 1914, at its office in the City of Louisville, Kentucky, receive bids for the surrender and cancelation of CONSOLIDATED FIRST MORTGAGE FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of said Railroad Company, dated January 2, 1893, and maturing January 1, 1943, and secured by the above-mentioned mortgage.

Bids to be acceptable must be at a price not exceeding 110 per cent. and accrued interest.

FIDELITY AND COLUMBIA TRUST CO.,
Louisville, Kentucky.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the H. & K. AMUSEMENT CO., INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 27th day of June, 1914, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the S. T. KING AMUSEMENT CO., INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 27th day of June, 1914, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate issued in duplicate hereby certifies that the FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY of New York, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 29th day of May, 1914, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

[SEAL.] JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Secretary of State.

SOUTH PACIFIC COAST RAILWAY COMPANY.

First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Guaranteed Gold Bonds, due July 1, 1937.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as Trustee under the mortgage made by the South Pacific Coast Railway Company, dated July 1, 1887, will receive bids for the sale to the sinking fund under said mortgage of so many of the bonds of said issue as fifty-five thousand seven hundred and seventeen dollars and sixty-six cents applicable to the purpose will redeem at or under par and accrued interest, and that it will, to the extent of said fifty-five thousand seven hundred and seventeen dollars and sixty-six cents, purchase and redeem such bonds as may be offered at or below the rate above stated, giving preference to the lowest bids received.

Bids should be presented before twelve o'clock noon on the 23d day of July, 1914, and should be inclosed in a sealed wrapper, directed as follows: "Proposals to Sinking Fund of the South Pacific Coast Railway Company, The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York, N. Y."

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee.
By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.
New York, July 1, 1914.

Any ownership certificates which may be necessary under the Income Tax Treasury Regulations should accompany current coupons.

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

To the Holders of Two-Year Six Per Cent. Collateral Notes of Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company issued under and secured by the Loan Agreement dated July 30, 1913, made to Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee.

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING COMPANY hereby gives notice, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of Article Fifth of the above mentioned Loan Agreement, dated July 30, 1913, that it has elected to redeem on August 1, 1914, all Two-Year Six Per Cent. Collateral Notes now outstanding under said Agreement at 102% of the face value and accrued interest. Holders of said Notes are hereby called upon and required to present and surrender the same for payment on August 1, 1914, with all coupons maturing on and subsequent to said date, at the office of Bankers Trust Company, No. 16 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for such redemption and payment. Interest on said notes will cease on August 1, 1914.

Dated, New York, June 30, 1914.

T. W. SIEMON, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE TEXAS & PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS. Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of stockholders of The Texas & Pacific Railway Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, on the 3d day of August, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon for the purpose of considering, voting and acting upon the following matters, namely:

1. The approval and ratification of a proposed agreement between this Company, the New Orleans Pacific Railway Company, and St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company, granting and demising to St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company, the right and estate of using, jointly and equally with this Company, that portion of its railroad from Alexandria to Mile Post 9, or from Ferriday, by way of Addis, to said Mile Post 9, together with the right to purchase that portion of the line of this Company between the town of Ferriday, in the State of Louisiana, and the town of Addis in said State.

2. The approval and ratification of a proposed agreement between this Company, the New Orleans Pacific Railway Company, St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company, The Trans-Mississippi Terminal Company, and Guaranty Trust Company of New York, providing for the use by this Southern Railway Company of the terminals and property of The Trans-Mississippi Terminal Company.

3. The approval and authorization of the guaranty by this Company, jointly and severally with St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company of all First Mortgage Bonds which may be issued from time to time by The Trans-Mississippi Terminal Company, not exceeding $7,500,000, face amount.

4. The approval and ratification of the sale by this Company, at par, of $50,000 par value of the Capital Stock of The Trans-Mississippi Terminal Company, being one-half of the total authorized and outstanding stock of said Company.

5. The approval and authorization of a lease by this Company to the Trans-Mississippi Terminal Company of all the present terminal property and facilities of this Company in the City of New Orleans, including all the rights, privileges, and franchises, tracks, buildings, and warehouses and also all property of this Company on the west bank of the Mississippi River opposite the City of New Orleans, also the transfer boats of this Company and all of its property at Gouldsboro, Gretna, and Westwego, including elevators, docks, and wharves, also the main line tracks and right-of-way of this Company from the west bank of the Mississippi River opposite the City of New Orleans to Mile Post 9, also the assignment to said Terminal Company of all the rights, privileges, and franchises granted to this Company by any and all ordinances by the City of New Orleans and by any and all resolutions of the Board of Commissioners of the Port of New Orleans, the considerations of said lease and assignment to be fixed by the respective officers of this Company and St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company.

6. The approval and ratification of all action heretofore taken by the Board of Directors and by the officers of this Company in the premises, and the approval of any and all further action which may be necessary and proper.

7. Such other matters and things as may lawfully come before said special meeting.

Books for the transfer of stock of the Company will be closed for the purpose of the Special Meeting at 3 o'clock P. M. on the 24th day of July, 1914, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 4th day of August, 1914. By order of the

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
C. W. VEITCH, Secretary.
New York, July 3d, 1914.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN LIGHT AND TRACTION COMPANY,

40 Wall Street, New York City.

July 7, 1914.

The Board of Directors this day declared from the net earnings of the company the regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the PREFERRED stock of this Company, payable Aug. 1, 1914, to stockholders of record of PREFERRED stock at the close of business July 15, 1914.

The Board also declared from the undivided profits of the Company a quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (2½%) on the COMMON stock of this Company, payable Aug. 1, 1914, to holders of record of COMMON stock at the close of business, July 15, 1914.

The Board also declared from the undivided profits of the Company a dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) SHARES OF COMMON STOCK on every ONE HUNDRED (100) shares of COMMON stock outstanding payable Aug. 1, 1914, to stockholders of record of COMMON stock at the close of business July 15, 1914.

The Transfer Books for both PREFERRED and COMMON stock will close July 15, 1914, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will reopen Aug. 1, 1914, at 10 o'clock A. M.

C. N. JELLIFFE, Secretary.

J. G. White & Company, Incorporated,
43 Exchange Place, New York.

The regular quarterly dividend (forty-fifth quarter) of one and one-half per cent. has been declared on the preferred stock of this Company, payable August 1, 1914, to stockholders of record July 22, 1914.

H. S. COLLETTE, Secretary.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1914:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $581,205,) market value		$587,095.00
Private securities, (book value, $7,447,350.12,) market value		7,401,183.92
Real estate owned		2,553,100.84
Mortgages owned		12,590,571.11
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		1,454,376.62
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		7,779,836.16
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		4,397,523.71
Overdrafts		3,313.01
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$2,959,971.28	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	380,569.15	
		3,340,540.43
Specie		3,066,766.74
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		375,566.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$2,345,080.49	
Other cash items	1,873.68	
		2,346,954.17
Other assets, viz.:		
Premiums, examinations, and search fees due	$208,310.78	
Other outstandings	18,145.08	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	445,741.43	
Suspense	1,000.00	
		668,197.29
Total		$46,565,025.00

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$3,000,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$11,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	614,004.73	
		11,614,004.73
Surplus on book values		
Deposits: Preferred, as follows:	$11,654,260.93	
Due New York State Savings Banks	$2,233,830.36	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations and Credit Unions	56,015.49	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	696,064.90	
Not preferred, as follows:	53,317.80	
Deposits subject to check	20,763,907.33	
Deposits not subject to check	1,249,051.44	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	1,136,227.37	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	563,078.90	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,001,076.53	
Other certificates of deposit	667,076.73	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	624,136.36	
Certified checks	323,566.07	
Unpaid dividends	220,055.00	
Total deposits		29,588,104.28
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$103,726.82	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	195,484.48	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	31,751.22	
Estimated unearned discounts	31,953.47	
		382,915.99
Total		$46,565,025.00

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

HUDSON TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1914:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $923,324,) market value		$929,509.00
Private securities, ($237,597.25,) market value		237,597.25
Mortgages owned		222,281.52
Loans secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		130,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		217,525.83
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		871,836.17
Overdrafts		1,115,924.71
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets		2,641.07
Specie		971,457.15
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		206,858.81
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings		18,083.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures		74,425.51
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		7,000.00
		21,654.91
Total		$5,027,264.93

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$600,000.00	
Undivided profits	42,730.67	
		642,730.67
Surplus on book values, $638,- 945.67		
Reserve for contingencies		50,000.00
U. S. Revenue Coll., int. rev.		25.60
Deposits—Preferred, as follows:		
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	$306,523.98	
Deposits by the State of New York	300,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	2,534,054.94	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	112,790.16	
Demand certificates of deposit	82,622.89	
Other certificates of deposit	500.00	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books	92,151.88	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	3,289.59	
Certified checks	1,150.53	
Unpaid dividends	15,318.00	
Total deposits		3,448,393.97
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Tellers' and accepted checks	$259,594.97	
Mortgages on real estate owned	105,000.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	7,877.23	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	13,642.49	
Estimated unearned discounts, $10,600.		
		386,114.69
Total		$5,027,264.93

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

Extra Dividend on Common Stock.

The date of payment of the extra dividend on the common capital stock of this Company, declared on January 8, 1914, has been postponed from July 1 to July 20, 1914, subject to such further postponements as shall be deemed necessary or advisable by reason of litigation.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
165 Broadway, FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY,
New York, N. Y., Treasurer.
June 23, 1914.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NUMBER 9.

June 10, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½%) PER CENT. on the Common Capital Stock, payable Sept. 1, to stockholders of record at close of business August 10th. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.

H. T. PARSON, Secretary.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets,
Philadelphia, June 10, 1914.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable July 15, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1914. Checks will be mailed.

LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MUTUAL ALLIANCE TRUST CO.

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1914:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $1,000,000.00,) market value		$1,000,000.00
Private securities, (book value, $5,001.00,) market value		5,001.00
Real estate owned		190,000.00
Mortgages owned		27,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		113,848.18
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		4,520,810.80
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		3,500,641.09
Overdrafts		6,388.40
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$1,863,015.86	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	911,319.75	
		2,774,335.61
Specie		673,933.73
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		196,850.00
Cash items, viz.:		27,716.06
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$11,404.16	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	894.89	
		12,299.05
Total		$13,049,323.92

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$375,000.00	
Undivided profits	78,675.26	
		453,675.26
Surplus on book values, $318,042.67.		
Deposits: Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State Savings Banks	$45,589.46	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	36,851.10	
Deposits by the State of New York	608,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	5,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	6,551,945.97	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	2,744,580.36	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	33,240.50	
Demand certificates of deposit	200,127.05	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books	1,063,310.58	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	178,385.41	
Certified checks	240.93	
Unpaid dividends	15,000.00	
Extend total deposits		11,482,251.36
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$32,500.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	15,635.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	2,976.38	
Estimated unearned discounts	62,285.92	
		113,397.30
Total		$13,049,323.92

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE STATE BANK

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1914:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $748,920.00;) market value		$748,920.00
Private securities, (book value, $3,060,560.00;) market value		3,043,560.00
Real estate owned		1,413,834.10
Mortgages owned		1,679,502.27
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		522,856.89
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		2,566,605.99
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		10,510,664.06
Overdrafts		4,735.14
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$575,000.00	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	606,892.11	
		1,181,892.11
Specie		5,133,643.33
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		1,027,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings		729,632.74
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$40,196.06	
Safe deposit vaults	52,984.00	
		93,182.06
Total		$28,656,129.59

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$500,000.00	
Undivided profits	742.64	
		500,742.64
Surplus on book values, $350,742.64.		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	$147,008.56	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	7,866,584.41	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	252,815.22	
Demand certificates of deposit	146,797.66	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books	18,036,635.73	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	158,320.56	
Certified checks	166,874.81	
Total deposits		26,774,536.95

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...4@4½ per cent. for the best names
Monday.....4@4½ " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

New Waterproofing Device.

From Bradford, England, comes a report by Consul Ingram there of a new waterproofing for fabrics of all kinds which has been placed on the local market. Among the advantages claimed for it are that it requires no special machinery, stands any heat for finishing purposes—even the Schreiner finish—and it does not alter the feel of the material while rendering it impervious to moisture. Samples of cloth treated by the process may be had from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

Exports of a Week.

General exports, exclusive of specie, from the Port of New York last week were valued at $12,301,269, compared with $14,397,055 the week before and $11,990,039 the week before that. The total value of this year's exports to date is $483,486,183 against $489,358,782 in the corresponding period of 1913. Exports of domestics and cotton duck from New York last week were valued at $241,295, against $380,613 the week before and $407,818 the week before that. The greatest amount shipped to a single country, $64,721 worth of cotton goods, went to China. The week before the British East Indies led with $128,672.

Watch Crystal Combine Now.

A few factories in Europe make all the watch crystals used in the world. These comprise five in Lorraine, two in France, two in Switzerland, one in Alsace, and one in Bohemia. The annual output is about 800,000 gross. All the factories have, after some years of price cutting, entered into an agreement for a uniform scale of prices. The advance, according to Consul Jewett of Kehl, Germany, is from 60 to 90 per cent. But the prices will still be relatively low, as ordinary watch crystals were selling as low as 4 francs a gross or about half a cent a piece. Hand labor is employed to great extent in making the crystals, and the wages paid are very small.

In the Gray Goods Market.

The gray goods market showed a trifle more activity yesterday. Prices held about the same as on Monday. Quotations for 38½-inch 64-60s were 4⅞ cents, while 38½-inch 64 squares was quoted at 5¼ cents. A few sales on both of these styles were made for nearby deliveries at these prices. Some fair-sized sales of 38½-inch 60-48s were made at 4½ cents for July and August delivery. A better call developed for sateens and twills. Sheetings and drills remained quiet. Quotations for 36-inch 48-52s, 4-yard sheetings were at 5½ cents with a quiet market. Narrow print cloths are quiet, with 27-inch 64-60s quoted at 3 5-16 cents. The demand for Bedford cords for next season holds up well with good-sized contracts being placed.

Coal Trade Situation.

"Coal trade matters," the Coal Trade Journal will say today, "are gradually drifting along to a better condition. Aside from any improvement in business there are two reasons for this: The fact that buying was practically at a standstill during a few weeks in the Spring and the steady advance of the season with only a few weeks now remaining before the opening of the Fall trade when, as is generally known, the necessitous buyer is at a distinct disadvantage. These circumstances explain in large measure such improvement as there has been in the soft coal trade, anthracite continuing on the usual basis with the situation a shade better than it usually is at this time of the year, due to the effect of a steadily growing demand upon a stationary supply."

Style Guarantees Condemned.

The Executive Committee of the recently formed Credit Men's Division of the Silk Association of America, at a meeting held yesterday, passed a resolution advising its members to scrutinize carefully such cloak manufacturers who are making a practice of guaranteeing styles and shipping goods subject to return. Due to the uncertainty regarding styles this season certain houses in the cutting up trade have agreed with their customers that merchandise not readily salable up to a specified date because of a change in the fashions might be returned. According to the credit men, such a practice would work havoc in the trade, as it has in others, and the above action was taken to put a stop to it. A copy of the resolution will be forwarded to the Cloak Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association.

Cheap Goods Not in Great Demand.

Little success is reported on the lines of cheap men's wear fabrics that have already been opened. These goods consist of three-quarter lengths selling around 27½ cents. One seller reports that the largest order so far received has been for nine pieces, one of which was canceled. The apathetic demand that exists for this class of merchandise cannot, however, be taken as an indication of how the other lines will fare. If prices are right on the serges to be opened shortly, that is, if advances are not too high over those of last Spring at the outset, buyers should be favorably disposed. The idea that goods are bound to be higher has become generally known in the cutting-up trade and little difficulty should be experienced on this score when sellers are in a position to do business.

Preparing for the Jobbers.

Conditions in the cotton dress goods market are reported as very quiet at the present time. The season on spring fabrics opens in about three weeks, and is expected to be in full swing within a month after the opening. Representatives of commission houses said yesterday they have little or no idea how the season will shape up as regards orders. Interest is being focused on the semi-annual meeting of buyers to be held at the Waldorf-Astoria July 18. The meeting will bring together a large number of jobbers and these are expected to visit the local market and give an impetus to the Spring buying. The local houses are getting ready to show the visiting buyers the best in their stocks and hope for good business, although in some instances in past seasons the visitors, after inspecting the offerings here, departed for home, where they made their purchases.

The Leather Men's Convention.

Members of the National Leather and Shoe Finders' Association gathered yesterday morning at the Waldorf-Astoria for their tenth annual convention. Mayor Mitchel, who had expected to open the convention, was unable to be present and sent his regrets. In his absence Gen. Theodore A. Bingham, former Police Commissioner and now Consulting Engineer of the Bridge Department, delivered the address of welcome on behalf of the city. A short business session followed, after which the members devoted themselves to sightseeing. Today there will be a sail up the Hudson ending with an old-fashioned Rhode Island clambake at Donnelly's Grove, College Point. A banquet will be held at the hotel tomorrow evening, the speakers to include Collector of the Port Malone, Congressman Henry M. Goldfogle, County Court Judge Louis D. Gibbs of the Bronx, and possibly Gov. Glynn. The concluding business session will be on Friday morning.

Novelties in Sheer Materials.

Jobbers in white goods believe that voiles will make a large gain in popularity during the 1915 season. The argument is that they already are established as a staple and possess the advantage of lending themselves well to the styles that are being mentioned favorably for next year. The opinion is expressed that voile yarns will be used both for close and open weaves and that their present popularity will be materially increased. According to well-informed persons in the trade, open weaves are certain to be well represented in many collections that include a line of novelties. Another factor in the situation likely to enhance the use of voiles is the many uses to which stripes are being put. The indications are that they will be quite generally used as embellishments of sheer weaves. While it is too early to form an idea of which construction will meet with the largest sale in sheer materials, trade authorities are convinced that both foreign and domestic manufacturers must bring out something new if the demand for white goods is to be maintained.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 7.—Incorporated today:

Public Clock Co., advertising clocks, motion pictures, photographer, $25,000; F. F. Weiss, J. U. Barr, C. Rose, 1,177 Bway.

Girard Boulevard Corpn., Kenmore, realty, $65,000; L. K., G. V. and F. B. Eberhardt.

S. A. Muller, Inc., ladies' garments, $40,000; F. Abramson, J. B. Baer, S. A. Miller, 498 West End Av.

Great Western Furniture Corpn., $25,000; J. S. and W. H. Lobel, 220 E. 12 St.

Marshall Ward & Co., realty, $25,000; I. Rich, S. S. Goldberg, Maurice M. Cohn, 350 Bway.

Ray Film Co., $15,000; C. F. Ray, F. T. Reeve, G. H. Borst, 600 E. 4 St.

R. H. Belt Co., $10,000; G. Herbert, F. S. Radlauer, S. Copstein, 11 Walker St.

Empire Cutlery Co., N. Y. C., $10,000; G. Kraub, J. B. Hackle, J. Stein, 285 Park Av., Newark, N. J.

Commonwealth Fruit Products Corpn., $10,000; F. B. Stockelbach, W. A. Walsh, W. E. Burns, 184 5 Av.

Tallman Printing Corpn., Ogdensburg, $6,000; C. E. Ralph and H. L. Tallman.

Erkan Co., realty, $5,000; S. C. Craig, Ray H. Reeve, T. L. Walsh, 1,491 Union St.

New Lots Co-Operative Pasteurizing Co., farm products, food supplies, farm machinery, $14,000; J. Mantel, R. Rubinofsky, S. Fish, 295 Hinsdale St., B'klyn.

C. A. Harris & Co., realty, $50,000; R. V. Matthews, C. S. Skinner, C. A. Harris, 164 Mortense St., B'klyn.

Walker-Baylis Co., advertising, $10,000; S. McLanahan, W. Baylis, D. Strother Walker, 140 W. 42 St.

International Case Co., jewelry, $10,000; S. Gertler, B. and B. Cohn, 709 Lafayette Av., B'klyn.

Wyonbay Holding Co., realty, $10,000; I. and A. Tapp, R. Mehrick, 318 E. 8 St.

Frank B. Maloney Co., confectionery, delicacies, tobacco, $10,000; M. U. Gabbler, J. A. Dibbler, F. B. Maloney, 423 16 St., B'klyn.

Freiman-Franklin Costume Co., realty, $15,000; W. Freiman, A. Hamilton Franklin, I. B. Reinhardt, 291 B'way.

Capital increase: Department Store Press, New York, $25,000 to $50,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Neptune Live Poultry Market, B'klyn.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, July 7.—Charters filed today: W. J. Howley Land Co., N. Y.; real estate; $100,000; H. F. Kleist, J. F. Curtin of N. Y. Capital increase: The Cities Service Co. of N. Y., from $50,000,000 to $65,000,000.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

After declining ½ to ⅝c., the wheat market rallied, and during the afternoon showed a very steady undertone, closing at ¼c. net lower to ⅛c. higher. In the local cash market new No. 2 hard Winter was quoted at 86½c. and new No. 2 red at 87⅛c., both July shipment, cost, insurance, and freight. No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.01¼, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.00, free on board, afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
July	90	89	90	90	97¼
Sept.	87 15-16	86 15-16	87 11-16	87 5-16	96
Dec.	..	..	90¾	90¼	99

CHICAGO PRICES.

July	80¼	79	80	79⅝	88
Sept.	79⅜	78¼	79⅛	79¼	88⅝
Dec.	82⅝	81½	82	82⅛	92¼

CORN.

The corn market developed renewed strength on active coverings, especially in the July position, and at the close final prices were ½@1⅛c. net higher. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 76c., cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
July	68	66½	67⅛	66⅜	60¾
Sept.	64⅝	63⅝	64½	64	61⅞
Dec.	54⅞	53⅜	54½	53⅞	58⅜

OATS.

The oats market was fairly active and firmer in sympathy with corn. The local cash market was quiet. Standard white was quoted at 43¼ to 44c; No. 2, 43¼ to 44½c; No. 3, 43 to 43½c; No. 4, 42½ to 43c; ordinary clipped white, 43 to 45c; fancy clipped white, 44½ to 46c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
July	36⅜	36⅛	36⅜	36⅛	40¼
September	35⅝	35⅛	35¼	35⅛	41⅝
December	37⅛	36½	37⅛	36⅝	43

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was only moderately active and irregular. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 12,000, estimated for Wednesday 27,000; Kansas City received 9,000 and Omaha 7,500.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
Lard—					
July	10.12	10.05	10.05	10.10	11.60
September	10.25	10.20	10.20	10.22	11.72
Ribs—					
July	11.85	11.85	11.85	11.87	11.90
September	11.85	11.77	11.77	11.82	11.90
Pork—					
July	21.75	21.65	21.75	21.70	21.20
September	20.30	20.15	20.30	20.25	21.05

COTTONSEED OIL.

During the late session prices declined quite rapidly, and at the close were 5@10 points net lower.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.22@7.30	7.30
July	7.27	7.25	7.24@7.26	7.26
August	7.43	7.37	7.36@7.37	7.44
September	7.53	7.46	7.41@7.47	7.55
October	7.30	7.26	7.25@7.27	7.31
November	6.93	6.91	6.85@6.87	6.95
December	6.80	6.80	6.76@6.80	6.86
January	..	..	6.76@6.80	6.85
February	..	..	6.77@6.82	6.86

COTTON.

The cotton market showed renewed weakness yesterday, with prices not only losing the gains of Monday, but selling into new low ground for the movement on most of the active positions. The close was steady, but last prices still showed a net loss of from 8@12 points.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 13.25c for middling uplands; sales nil.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	12.44	12.35	12.40@12.42	12.52
August	12.34	12.30	12.30@12.31	12.45
September	12.22	12.22	12.21@12.23	12.29
October	12.28	12.12	12.20@12.21	12.29
November	..	..	12.16@12.18	12.25
December	12.30	12.23	12.31@12.33	12.40
January	12.30	12.14	12.21@12.22	12.31
March	12.35	12.19	12.26@12.27	12.36
April	12.52	12.40	12.43@12.45	12.52
May	12.59	12.40	12.45@12.46	12.55

COFFEE.

In the coffee market prices showed further weakness, closing at the bottom, with net losses of 5 to 10 points. The Havre market closed at a decline of ½ franc, while Hamburg was ¾ to ⅞ pfennig lower.

The local spot market was inactive and unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 6¾c.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	8.40	8.40	8.40@8.41	8.45
August	8.50	8.48	8.40@8.47	8.53
September	8.61	8.55	8.56@8.59	8.65
October	..	..	8.66@8.67	8.73
November	..	..	8.75@8.76	8.82
December	8.90	8.84	8.85@8.86	8.93
January	..	..	8.88@8.89	8.97
February	..	..	8.90@8.91	8.99
March	..	..	8.92@8.93	9.01
April	..	..	8.95@8.96	9.03
May	9.00	8.97	8.98@8.99	9.06

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts for week, 78,170 packages; receipts last week, 75,255 packages; imports from Europe, 70 packages. Trade moved along very moderately during most of the week, and gradually accumulating stocks caused a weaker feeling, with a decline of ½c at the close. Creamery, extras, 29¼@29½c; firsts, 24½@28c; seconds, 23@24c; thirds, 21@21½c; State dairy, finest, 25½@26c; good to prime, 23@25c; common to fair, 20@22c; process, extras, 23@23½c; firsts, 20½@21½c; lower grades, 17½@19½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 21@22c; ladles, current make, firsts, 20@20½c; seconds, 19½c; lower grades, 17@18½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 19c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 18½c; lower grades, 16@18c.

EGGS.—Receipts for week, 88,320 cases; imports, 220 cases. There has been very little change in the market during the last week. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 23@25c; extra firsts, 22@22½c; firsts, 20½@21½c; seconds, 18@20c; thirds and poorer, 15@17½c; dirties, No. 1, 16@18c; No. 2 and poorer, 10@14c; checks, good to prime, dry, 12@16c; undergrades, 8@14c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, as to size and quality, 25@29c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 22@27c; Western, gathered whites, 21½@23½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 24@26c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 20@22c; duck eggs, State and near by, Indian Runner, 22@26½c.

DUTIES ON HAT IMPORTS.

Cases Follow a Ruling by the Customs Appeals Court.

Acting in harmony with a decision of the Court of Customs Appeals made some time ago, the Board of General Appraisers is taking a large number of importers' protests from the suspended files and deciding the issues according to the preponderance of evidence in the case of the individual importations. These protests raise the question of the classification under the old tariff of hundreds of importations of women's trimmed or untrimmed hats entered at this and other ports for several years back.

The test case, which stands as a criterion for the protests being released from the board's files, stood in the name of Lord & Taylor. In that case the board held that trimmed hats the bodies of which were composed wholly or in chief value of straw or one of the other materials or substances of which the hats provided for in Paragraph 438 must be made, were properly dutiable under the provision therein for trimmed hats, irrespective of the value of the trimming as compared with the value of the hat without the trimming. On appeal the board was affirmed by the court.

On the authority of that decision, Judge Howell is now holding in the cases before him that, if on reliquidating the entries, it appears that any of the bodies of the hats in question are wholly or in principal value of straw, or of the other materials referred to in the paragraph named above, such hats are properly dutiable at the rate of 50 per cent. ad valorem, as claimed by the importers.

On the other hand, the Collector's assessment of 60 per cent. on the hats, as composed of chief value of silk or ornamental feathers, is being affirmed where the Government is able to prove that the hat bodies are only partly composed of straw or other substances. In other words, if the bodies are in chief value of silk or feathers, they must stand the 60-per-cent rate as manufactures of silk or feathers.

Among the protests disposed of by the board were those of E. H. Fielding & Co., L. A. Consmiller, J. & H. Rosenberg of this city, the Jordan Marsh Company, Boston; the William Hengerer Company, and J. N. Adam & Co., Buffalo.

London's Wool Sale.

LONDON, July 7.—The wool auction sales were started here today with offerings of 11,121 bales. There was a large attendance of buyers, including Americans. The offerings were principally crossbreds and the demand was good at firm prices. Fine greasy advanced from 5 to 7½ per cent., while other grades were unchanged. Americans purchased fine and medium. The merinos brought forward were not sufficient to test prices. The sales follow: New South Wales 200 bales, greasy 9½d@10¼d; Victoria 100 bales, scoured 1s 3½d@2s 1d, greasy 6¼d@8d; West Australia 100 bales, greasy 10d@1s ½d; New Zealand 7,700 bales, scoured 1s 1½d@2s, greasy 7½d@1s 3½d; Cape of Good Hope and Natal 700 bales, scoured 1s 10d@1s 10½d, greasy 7d@8d; Punta Arenas 2,800 bales, greasy 7d@1s ½d.

West Side Merchants Organize.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 7.—The West Side Retail Merchants' Association has been incorporated to interest west side (Manhattan) retail merchants in local, State, and national legislation affecting them in any way, and in all public movements. The Directors are R. M. Kolisch, P. D. Connell, H. Cracovaner, H. Brode, B. Silver, H. Gutterman, J. Meyers, and J. Fischl, all of Manhattan.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

M. & J. MICHEL.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max and Joseph Michel, who compose the firm of M. & J. Michel, dealers in jewelry at 276 Sixth Avenue, by these creditors: D. Lisner & Co., $534; E. & J. Bass, $87, and C. Wolfson & Co., $36. It was alleged that they admitted in writing inability to pay their debts. They have been in business nine years, and were previously in Brooklyn. On Feb. 27 they were damaged by fire, and received, it was said, about $12,000 insurance.

CENTURY BOTTLING WORKS OF NEW YORK.—A petition has been filed against Aaron Wolpert, trading as the Century Bottlings Works of New York, at 390 Grand Street, by the Frank Brewery, a creditor for $889. It was alleged that he has transferred assets worth $7,000; that he transferred bottles and boxes to the Pan-American Bottling Company of 390 Grand Street; gave $200 to a relative, and made a preferential payment of $400 to his brother-in-law.

WRIGHT & GEIS.—A petition has been filed against William A. Wright and Nicholas J. Geis, who composed the firm of Wright & Geis, grocers, at 521 Amsterdam Avenue, by these creditors: Gerson Neuwirth, $40; Eugene Rubsam, $855, and Henry Bargfred, $290. Liabilities are over $2,000.

PHILIP HOLTZ.—A petition has been filed against Philip Holtz, dealer in furnishing goods, at New Rochelle, by these creditors: M. A. Friedman & Brother, $93; K. Siegel & Son, $111; Lederman, receiver in bankruptcy for Dellman Brothers, $40; Malcolm Sondheimer, receiver in bankruptcy for I. Novick & Co., $19; Rubinowitz Brothers & Kaplan, $93, and Max L. Rosenstein, $152. He made an assignment on Monday.

JOHN MONAGHAN, residing at 1,042 Morris Avenue, Bronx, has filed a petition, with liabilities $10,040 and no assets. The Northern Bank is a creditor for $2,080 on a judgment, and the liabilities are two bail bonds for $300, given in 1908.

LEANDER RICHARDSON, a press agent, of 137 West Forty-eighth Street has filed a petition with $798 liabilities and no assets. He has six creditors for money lent, rent, board, and services. Esther B. Quinn holds a judgment for $267 obtained in 1908.

The REVERE MARKET, INC., of Peekskill, N. Y., has filed a petition with liabilities of $2,122 and assets of $750, consisting of fixtures, $250, and accounts, 500, of little value, also a horse and wagon, value not stated.

JAMES F. THOMPSON, carpenter, of Peekskill has filed a petition with liabilities of $936 and assets of $32 cash, also an automobile, value not stated, subject to charges for repairs.

HUDSON RIVER PLUMBING SUPPLY COMPANY.—Schedules of the Hudson River Plumbing Supply Company of Newburg show liabilities of $17,138 and assets of $17,531. Among the creditors are the Columbia Trust Company, $7,500, secured, and the Somerville, N. J., Iron Works, $1,109.

SIMON BLATT, wholesale fur dealer, of 123 Fifth Avenue has filed schedules which show liabilities of $7,193 and assets of $4,042.

BARNETT & KELENSON, manufacturers of furs at 46 East Tenth Street, have filed schedules which show liabilities of $2,848 and assets of $2,187.

Discharge in Bankruptcy.

KURTZ & WECHSLER.—Judge Hand has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Kurtz & Wechsler, manufacturers of hair goods at 106 Spring Street, also doing business as the June Waist Company, whose liabilities were $25,668.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio.—William Byrne, a furniture dealer of Dayton; petition in bankruptcy filed; liabilities, $59,255; assets, $31,108. The assets include $17,000, which is due Mr. Byrne from 500 creditors.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Allen, Edgar—N. Y. Tel. Co., $138.

Am. Baginette and Baby Carriage Co.—G. J. Leitch, $270.

Brown, Daniel—People of the State of N. Y., $500.

Board of Education of the City of N. Y.—A. D. Stetson, $7,029.

Bell, Frank—W. Bean, $1,806.

Bianchi, Giovanni, and Vincenzo Liquori—People of the State of N. Y., $1,000.

Coon, Louis—R. J. Hickson, $287.

Cohen, Ida—Phenix Mfg. Co., $379.

Egan, Michael—F. Forman, $239.

Eckel, Julius—T. Wolf et al., $134.

Frank, Marie, and Abraham M.—G. Kahn et al., trustees, $2,561.

Farrington, Chas. L.—F. E. Boehmcke et al., $145.

Frank, Emil—A. Andre et al., $222.

Gaigano, James, Barney Mufucci, and David W. Calvary—F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Co., $310.

Garfinkle, Chas.—H. White, $423.

Gannerich, Henry W.—E. C. Turnbull, executor, $1,837.

Gilmer Roofing Corporation—McDermott & Manigan, Inc., $2,582.

Hamburger, Barnett—J. M. Rosenberg, $202.

Hammer, Abraham—L. Levin, $224.

Herscher, Samuel—H. Grootsinger et al., $115.

Herzig, Simon—J. H. Joseph, executor, $2,987.

Jacobs, Charles Pelton—E. D. Biardot et al., $491.

Huferschmidt Mfg. Confectioners, Inc., Abraham Kuferschmidt and Louis B. Samuels—P. H. Hassel, $886.

Liberman Dairy Co.—H. Lavalee, $206.

Levine, Jacob—J. Cohen, $293.

Lease, Gaetano—P. Pastane & Co., Inc., $264.

Meyer, Edward, Felix M. Straternemeyer, Jr., Moyse, and Hugh F. McElroy—M. J. Rothschild, $148,102.

Marigliano, Nicola and Rosa—F. & H. Schaefer Brewing Co., $310.

Malvin, Samuel—Bank of U. S., $2,590.

Myres, Carrie M.—National Discount Co., $142.

McCann, James F.—W. Sansom, $126.

National Insole Co.—W. F. B. Rouquette, $104.

Oidak, Herris—M. Rubin, $112.

Pennell, J. Frederick—Temple Malleable Iron and Steel Co., $883.

Printz, David—A. Abrahams, $308.

Paulsen, Emil—Church E. Gates & Co., $122.

Porter, Ella—H. A. Flurscheim et al., $430.

Richardson, G. Dexter—R. E. Johnston, $170.

Rumberg, Wolf—H. Monness et al., $306.

Rowle, Francis Pirit—S. L. Pakes, $124.

Sears, Judah H.—John Wanamaker, New York, $106.

Satinsky, Morris—H. Axelrod, $230.

Silverman, Harry, Samuel, and Yetta—J. H. Loffler, $161.

Schulman, Simon—R. C. Blancke, $779.

Sneteker, Theodore N.—H. L. La Bon et al., $238.

Sigmond, Charles A.—C. S. M. First, $100.

Turner, Walter T.—Brooklyn Varnish Manufacturing Co., $206.

Wayside Inn Operating Co.—H. Ahrendt, Jr., $107.

Workman's Educational Association of the Borough of the Bronx—W. Frost, Treasurer, $621.

Whitman Co.—Thomas Addis Emmet Realty Co., $317.

Whitmore, B. Thomas—H. T. Hagaman, $1,798.

Westcott, Arthur—United States Rubber Co., $261.

Willard, E. Augustus—Gem Realty Co., $104.

Wells, Lillian—W. S. Howell et al., $185.

Waterbury, Lawrence—C. N. Peal et al., $168.

Warner, Florence D. and Frank N.—A. Arencibia, $402.

Wimer Milling Co.—J. Leonovitch, $294.

Whitney, Charles M.—A. Beirig, $2,203.

In Bronx County.

Arnold, Paul—George F. Wagner Co., Inc., $318.

Isegar, Abraham and Meyer, and Ettar Realty Co.—Hudson Woodworking Co., $473.

Kleban, Louis E.—J. Lesser et al., $329.

Lese, Louis—W. E. Appleby, $2,186.

Same—Same, $2,201.

McLaughlin, Thomas J.—W. R. Appleby, $2,185.

Same—Same, $2,201.

St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes—G. H. O'Shea, $29,314.

Worth, Charles J.—G. W. Storm et al., $325.

Williams, Eleanore M.—D. C. Hanfeld, $1,586.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when the judgment was filed:

Burton, Washington—L. A. Underhill, April 21, 1914, $106.

Bronx Taxicab Co. and Harry Hill—J. Peterson, April 30, 1914, $500.

Fries, Raymond J.—D. E. S. Coleman, March 26, 1914, $104.

Feldman, Harry—G. Becker et al., Oct. 24, 1914, $224.

Fifth Ave. Coach Co.—B. Mulvey, June 26, 1914, $700.

Goldan, S. Ormond—O. Rhodes et al., June 4, 1914, $7,878.

Leach, George, and Thomas H. Hoagland, executors—H. W. Baird, June 14, 1914, $365.

Laitin, Isaac—N. Fine, June 6, 1910, $5,802.

N. Y. Consolidated R. R. Co.—N. Gershanoff, by guardian, June 22, 1914, $750.

Nichlish, John—J. F. Duffy Co., March 23, 1911, $139.

Newcomb, Josiah T.—Gage & Perry, May 12, 1913, $139.

Same—Bristol Realty Co., May 23, 1913, $453.

Sonnach, Becky—M. P. Finkelstein, May 8, 1909, $284.

In Bronx County.

Gilmer, Charles V.—New Amsterdam Casualty Co., March 31, 1914.....$442

BUSINESS NOTES.

Nathan Coleman has retired from the firm of Stein, Doblin & Co., manufacturers of embroideries, Broadway, Twenty-second Street and Fifth Avenue. Mr. Coleman was a member of the firm from its inception in 1905.

T. S. Morgan, resident buyer, has moved from 70 Fifth Avenue to 1,170 Broadway.

Daniel A. Daly, for many years connected with the John Rapp Company, and at present associated with the United States Metal Products Company, has organized and is Secretary and General Manager of the Standard Steel Sections, Inc., 608 to 612 East 136th Street.

Mathew M. Shulman has resigned as President of the Keeler Manufacturing Company, ladies' and children's dresses, 2,304 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, and 1,181 Broadway, Manhattan.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY.—F. L. Arker & Co.; F. L. Anker, cloaks, suits; Wallick.

ALTOONA.—W. F. Gable & Co.; F. B. Woodward, furn. goods; 2 Walker.

ATLANTA.—American Hat Mfg. Co.; J. T. Clark, hats; B'way Central.

ATLANTA.—American Hat Mfg. Co.; J. C. Feinberg Clark, hats; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. H. Reed, carpets, rugs; 214 Church; Prince George.

BOSTON.—Gilchrist Co.; H. E. Rust, embroideries, umbrellas; Knickerbocker. H. A. Cook, underwear, corsets, petticoats; Vanderbilt. D. R. Haskell, representing; 55 White.

BALTIMORE—Hechschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss Armstrong, waists; Miss New, ladies' wear; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. M. Gorman, muslin underwear; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; S. Trautman, millinery; 354 4th Av.

BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Mrs. Milliken, infants' haberdashery; Miss Murphy, infants' dresses; Mr. Dutch, infants' and millinery; Mr. Phillips, coats, bathing suits; Miss Jones, infants' caps; Miss J. Griffin, ladies' waists; Miss Leck, misses' underwear, kimonos, (basement buyers); Mr. Silverman, skirts; Mrs. S. Kasanof, neckwear, gentlemen's belts; C. E. Bradley, men's, boys' clothing; A. C. Smith, infants', children's coats, dresses, silk petticoats, corsets; Mr. Child, millinery; H. Levy, waists; 116 West 32d.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; Mrs. Bunting, millinery; Miss Scanlon, jobs books, stationery; Mrs. E. A. Malle, furs; J. Waters, ready to wear; Miss Rice, ladies' underwear, hosiery; Miss Finn, jobs dresses, coats; Miss Levy, silverware; Miss Plummer, embroideries, ribbons; Mr. Kahn, men's furn. goods; Mr. Beghart, silks, dress koods; 31 Union Square.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; Mr. Hitchcock, men's clothing; Mr. Morrison, men's hats; 31 Union Square.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; H. J. Gibbs, men's furn. goods; 60 W. 33d.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; J. Moffatt, van, domestics, flannels, blankets; B. C. Burlingame, linens, white goods; E. C. Truxes, neckwear, laces, embroideries; 214 Church.

BUFFALO—Sinclair, Rooney & Co.; C. Van Tassel, silks, ribbons; J. A. McCall, millinery; C. O. Rourke, hats; 621 Broadway.

BUFFALO—J. M. Adam & Co.; J. Moffatt, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; A. S. Daglish, millinery; 214 Church.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss A. B. Nielson, wash goods; 214 Church.

BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; H. F. Wilson, linens, white goods; 38 W. 32d.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; T. Moffat, men's furnishing goods; 5 W. 34th.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; W. W. Robinson and Mr. Wood, linens, white goods; 113 Worth.

CHICAGO.—Chicago Embroidery Co.; J. F. Avery, laces, women's neckwear; Hoffman House.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; F. O. Streich, silks, velvets; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO.—F. Dessaner & Co.; F. Dessaner, dry goods, furn. goods; Woodstock.

CHICAGO—L. & M. Frank; M. Frank, notions, furn. goods, hats, shoes; Wallick.

CINCINNATI—Felix M. Stratemeyer, Joseph L. Moyse, and Hugh F. McElroy—M. J. Rothschild, $148,102.

CINCINNATI—The Fair; D. R. Peck, men's furnishing goods; 5 W. 34th.

CINCINNATI—Sach & Co.; Mrs. Bunting, millinery; 621 B'way.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros.; F. L. Harwood, wash skirts, dresses; 220 5th Av.; McAlpin.

CLEVELAND—Clawson & Wilson Co.; R. A. Thompson, linens, white goods; 38 W. 32d.

CLEVELAND.—Bailey Co.; W. C. Graff, hats, caps; W. K. Scott, clothing; 71 W. 23.

CLEVELAND—Reed Bros. & Co.; F. C. Reed, millinery; 621 Broadway; Herald Square.

CLEVELAND.—Halle Bros. Co.; W. C. Waits, general mdse.; 220 5 Av.

CLEVELAND—William Taylor, Son & Co.; Miss Binder, representing; 51 Leonard.

CLEVELAND—J. Volk Co.; J. Volk, clothing, furn. goods; Wallick.

COLUMBUS, O.—Morehouse, Martens Co.; C. L. Maas, women's ready-to-wear; 60 W. 33.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Emery Dry Goods Co.; J. S. Emery, general merchandise; 116 W. 32d.

DALLAS.—Baron Bros. Millinery Co.; I. Baron, millinery; 621 Bwy.

DALLAS.—Dealers' Mercantile Co.; L. O. Daniels, silks, laces, millinery; Imperial.

DETROIT.—I. L. Hudson Co.; Mrs. D. J. Springer, children's, juniors' garments; 550 Union Square.

DOUGLASS—Levy Bros.; B. Levy, cloaks, suits, millinery; 170 5th Av.

DULUTH.—F. A. Patrick & Co.; M. J. Gochey, hosiery, gloves, underwear; 43 Leonard; Navarre.

GALVESTON—Mistrout & Adoue; R. G. Lyon, white goods, dress goods, silks, linings; 229 Broadway.

HANOVER, Penn.—Nace-Rhodes Co.; A. G. Nace, hosiery, underwear; J. E. Rhodes, notions, pants; B'way Central.

HARTFORD—Brown, Thomson & Co.; F. W. Bluvelt, furn. goods, hosiery, umbrellas; 258 Church.

INDIANAPOLIS—Griffith Co.; C. T. Griffith, millinery; Claridge.

KANSAS CITY—Hirsch-Wolff Millinery Co.; J. Hirsch, ribbons, braids, piece goods; 621 Broadway.

KANSAS CITY—P. Kessel, millinery; 15 E. 26th.

LOS ANGELES.—Coulter D. G. Co.; Mrs. A. W. Noack, cloaks, suits, infants' wear; 60 5 Av.

LOS ANGELES.—Cooper, Coate & Casey D. G. Co.; W. E. Palmer, notions; 377 Bwy.; York.

LOUISVILLE—Carter Dry Goods Co.; E. B. Clark, furnishing goods, shirts, overalls, underwear; 43 Leonard; Albert.

MACON—Dannenberg Co.; J. M. Dennis, shoes; 1,133 B'way.

MAHONEY CITY, Penn.—Kline Bros.; Mr. Kline, ladies' ready to wear; 15 E. 26th.

MILWAUKEE.—Gail & Frank Co.; C. H. Schroeder, hosiery, gloves, underwear; Cumberland.

MINNEAPOLIS—Bradshaw Bros.; D. Bradshaw, millinery; 621 Broadway.

MINNEAPOLIS—Minneapolis Dry Goods Co.; C. Bertram, upholstery goods;

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:35|Sun sets..7:38|Moon rises..8:49

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:13	8:22	2:05	2:10
Governors Island	8:42	8:48	2:36	2:45
Hell Gate	10:32	10:38	4:16	4:25

Arrived—Tuesday, July 7.

SS Vaderland, Antwerp, June 27.
SS United States, Christiansand, June 27.
SS San Juan, San Juan, July 1.
SS Pastores, Colon, July 1.
SS Saratoga, Havana, July 3.
SS Santiago, Cienfuegos, July 1.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston, July 1.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah, July 1.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville, July 4.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Olympic	Southampton	July 1
Lucia	Palermo	June 20
Parnassus	Lisbon	June 23
Santa Catharina	Rio Janeiro	June 17
Themistocles	Patras	June 20
El Mundo	Galveston	July 1
Delaware	Shields	June 24
Prinz Eitel Friedrich	Kingston	July 1

DUE TOMORROW.

Principello	Rotterdam	June 25
Bermudian	Bermuda	July 7
Metapan	Kingston	July 4
Belvedere	Palermo	June 24
Eocene	Port Eads	June 24
Colorado	Hull	June 24
Russia	Libau	June 21
Lux	Barcelona	June 25
Parima	Demerara	June 28
Stampalia	Naples	June 27
Taurus	Rio Janeiro	June 16
El Cid	New Orleans	July 4
Florizel	St. John's	July 4

DUE FRIDAY.

Lusitania	Liverpool	July 4
France	Havre	July 4
Bovic	Liverpool	June 28
Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	June 27
California	Teneriffe	June 28
Charlois	Rotterdam	June 28
City of Bristol	Oran	June 24
Exeter City	Swansea	June 26
Carolina E. de Perez	Seville	June 24
Vestris	Barbados	July 3
El Sud	Galveston	July 4
City of St. Louis	Savannah	July 7

DUE SATURDAY.

Cedric	Liverpool	July 2
New York	Southampton	July 4
Maylands	Messina	June 23
Manchester Port	Huelva	June 26
Napoli	Palermo	June 27
Kasala	Palermo	June 27
San Giorgio	Naples	June 27
Perugia	Palermo	June 26

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Maracaibo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Marta, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verona, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Alamo, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Progreso, Cardenas	——	12:00 M.
Momus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Carpathia, Gibraltar	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Graecia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Tapajos, Rio Janeiro	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Saramacca, Belize	1:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Adriatic, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica	——	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Seguranca, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Valle, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Highland Laird, Bahia	5:30 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
U. S. S. Culgoa, Vera Cruz	7:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Juan, Bocas del Toro	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Guantanamo, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Welsh Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Santa Lucia, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Santo Domingo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Oranje Nassau, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Olympic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pastores, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
*George Washington, Bremen	——	1:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Minnehaha, London	——	10:30 A.M.
Canada, Marseilles	——	3:00 P.M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Niagara, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Sabine, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
El Oriente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Borinquen, San Juan	——	12:00 M.

*Mails close at 9 P. M. Friday.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JULY 7.

SS Olympic, Southampton to New York, was 300 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 8th, forenoon. White Star Line.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool to New York, was 1,730 miles E. at 12:10 A. M.; due 10th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SS Graf Waldersee, Hamburg to New York, was 880 miles E. at 6 P. M.; due 10th, forenoon. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Parima, St. Thomas to New York, was 885 miles S. at noon 6th.

SS Caracas, San Juan to New York, was 660 miles S. at 8 P. M. 6th.

SS Creston Hall, Callao to New York, was 370 miles S. of Cape Henry at noon.

SS Millinocket, Stockton to New York, passed Rockland at 7 P. M.

SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 10 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, passed Martin's Industry at 8 P. M.

SS Lampasas, Galveston to New York, was 23 miles S. of Jupiter at 7 P. M.

SS Comal, Mobile to New York, was 100 miles E. of Mobile Bar at 7 P. M.

SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 219 miles S. at noon.

SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, was 115 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 15 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS El Cid, New Orleans to New York, was 237 miles S. W. of Hatteras at noon.

SS San Lorenzo, Puerto Mexico to New York, was 228 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Kingston to New York, was 99 miles S. at noon.

SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, was 180 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS El Occidente, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 6:25 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Aquitania, at Liverpool, July 7.
SS Oscar II., at Copenhagen, July 7.
SS Minneapolis, at London, July 6.
SS Royal Prince, at Yokohama, July 6.
SS Drumlanrig, at Rotterdam, July 5.
SS New York, (tank,) at Rotterdam, July 5.
SS Roseria, at Suez, July 7.
SS Hermione, at Sheerness, July 7.
SS Byron, at Montevideo, July 6.
SS Raithwaite, at Campana, July 4.
SS Duala, at Lagos, July 1.
SS Zeeland, at Antwerp, July 7.
SS Kandahar, at Cebu, July 7.

Sailed.

SS Ultonia, from Gibraltar, July 7.
SS Lutetian, from Plymouth, July 5.
SS Californian, from Santos, July 6.
SS Muncaster Castle, from Shanghai, July 6.
SS Bermudian, from Bermuda, July 7.
SS Sateuma, from Perim, July 4.
SS Pannonia, from Patras, July 7.
SS Saxonia, from Fiume, July 7.

Passed.

SS Denbigh Hall, New York for Manila, passed Perim.
SS Chicago, New York for Bristol, passed Fastnet.
SS Canning, New York for Manchester, passed Brow Head.
SS Roscommon, New York for London, passed Brow Head.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. July 9, SS St. Paul.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. July 10, SS George Washington and SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria.
France—Close at 5 P. M. July 9, SS St. Paul.
Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. July 9, SS Carpathia.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. July 10, SS Vaderland.
Greece—Close at 12 M. July 11, SS Themistocles.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. July 9, SS Carpathia.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. July 30, SS Phineas.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. July 13, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. July 14, SS United States.
Norway—Close at 11:30 A. M. July 14, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. July 15, SS Moltke.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Sado Maru.....July 9
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia.....July 10
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Tenyo Maru.....July 13
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Seattle Maru.....July 16
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Tahiti..July 17

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, June 6; Shanghai, June 10; Yokohama, June 10, and Honolulu, June 29—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Manchuria, were dispatched east on July 5, and are due in New York on the morning of Friday, July 10.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BURNIER, JOSEPHINE, (June 21;) $1,100 personalty to Marie C. Burnier, daughter.

FRIEDMANN, BABETTA, (June 26;) more than $1,000 personalty in equal shares to Jacob Friedmann, son, and Esther Krass, daughter.

HOENNINGER, CHARLES J., (June 25;) more than $1,000 realty and more than $15,000 personalty; $1,000 to Theresa Hoenninger, niece; residue in equal shares to John and Anthony Hoenninger, brothers, and Katie Weis and Emma M. Burns, sisters.

KELLY, JAMES, (May 21;) less than $500 realty and less than $850 personalty to Bridget Kelly, wife.

MITCHELL, WILLIAM J., (June 22;) $4,000 personalty; $2,500 to Nora Manning, sister; residue to Margaret Mitchell, sister.

SEAMAN, EGBERT B., (June 27;) less than $10,000 realty and about $150,000 personalty in life estate to Maria T. Seaman, wife; remainder in equal shares to Egbert B. Seaman, Jr., son, and Frances P. S. Oakley and Carrie L. Eldlitz, daughters.

EDUCATION NOTES.

P. S. 32 on Sept. 1 will cease to be an annex to P. S. 12, Stapleton, and will become an annex to P. S. 15, Tompkinsville.

At its meeting today the Board of Education will probably appoint 381 holders of License 1 to be elementary School teachers, will transfer 355 elementary school teachers, will appoint seventeen assistants to Principals in the elementary schools, will promote five elementary school teachers, will appoint fifty-seven high school teachers, will transfer eighteen high school teachers, and will promote nine high school teachers from assistants to first assistants.

An annex to the High School of Commerce will be opened in the old Fire Headquarters Building in East Sixty-seventh Street.

Sidney M. Fuerst has been nominated as Principal of P. S. 58, B'klyn.

"OLYMPIC"
LONDON—PARIS
JULY 11
Ten A.M.
Aug.8
Aug.29
Sept.19
Oct.10
LARGEST BRITISH STEAMER
WHITE STAR LINE
9 Broadway, New York.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
TO
BOSTON, PROVIDENCE
AND NEW ENGLAND SUMMER RESORTS

FARE Boat and Rail BOSTON, $2.75 ROUND TRIP, $5.30 | PROVIDENCE, Direct, $1.75 ROUND TRIP, $3.30.

First class service, palatial steamers, excellent cuisine, clean, comfortable staterooms (all outside rooms). The only independent line between New York and New England. Wireless equipment.

Leave Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39 N. R., foot West Houston St.
Phones Spring 9491 and 9492. Write for booklet
Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St.
Study your comfort and plan your Trips by this Route.

Sail on the
"Mandalay"
Day and Night Trips
Up the Hudson
$1.00 Round Trip
BALLROOM BEAUTIFUL
DANCING FREE.
The company reserves the right of withdrawing the privileges of the dance floor in its absolute discretion.
32 BROADWAY---ROOM 700.
Get full information by
Phones 179 and 3263 Broad—
3884 Morningside.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
(ALBANY DAY LINE.)
All steamers daily, except Sunday. Ideal one-day outings. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.
Str. "Washington Irving"
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays
Str. "Hendrick Hudson"
Leaves Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays.
Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M.; landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.
Str. "Robert Fulton"
Leaves Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M. for West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, returning same day in sunset and twilight.
Str. "Albany"
Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings. Leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. Daily, except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by steamer "ROBERT FULTON," $1.00, or by rail, $1.10.
Telephone 4141 Spring.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
George Washington
SAILS SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1 A. M.
Berlin
Via Plymouth and Boulogne S/M.
SAILS SATURDAY, JULY 18, 10 A. M.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie
SAILS TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1 A. M.
From Bremen Oct. 3 S.S. COLUMBUS (New) From N.Y. Oct. 15
The North German Lloyd landed more passengers, First Cabin, Second Cabin and Steerage, in the port of New York during 1913 than any other line, repeating its marvellous record of 1912.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts., 5 Broadway, New York
The Key to Europe

NEXT SAILINGS
—TO—
PARIS—LONDON—HAMBURG
FROM NEW YORK
"KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA"
JULY 11, 1 P. M.
"IMPERATOR"
JULY 18, 12 NOON
"VATERLAND"
AUGUST 1, 12 NOON
World's Largest Steamers
Fastest to the Continent
FROM BOSTON
"CLEVELAND"
JULY 21, 10 A. M.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
PHONE 1900 RECTOR

Boston
AND
NEW ENGLAND POINTS
Fall River Line
Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA
Leave New York, Pier 14, North River, foot Fulton St., 5:30 P. M. daily. Due Boston 8:22 A. M. Returning, leave Boston, South Station, at 6:00 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.
Providence Line
Steamers PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH
Leave New York, Pier 14, North River, foot of Fulton St., 6:00 P. M., daily, except Sundays. Due Boston 7:15 A. M., or 9:29 A. M. Returning, leave Boston, South Station, at 6:00 P. M., daily, except Saturday. Due New York 7:00 A. M.
$1.00 and $2.00 Outside Staterooms. Inside Staterooms have Outside Ventilation and are always cool and comfortable.
Tickets, Staterooms and information at City Ticket Offices, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt Street; also at N. Y. Transfer Offices, Tourist Offices and at Piers.
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OLD DOMINION LINE
Most delightful short sea trip out of any American port, affording week end vacations in Historical Virginia
OLD POINT COMFORT, NORFOLK and RICHMOND
Special 4-Day, All Water Tour 888 miles of all water travel $18.00 Including all expenses afloat and ashore.
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PARIS — LONDON — HAMBURG
WORLD'S LARGEST SHIPS
"IMPERATOR"—"VATERLAND"

KAIS'R AUG. VIC	July 11,	1 P. M.
†BATAVIA	July 15,	11 A. M.
IMPERATOR	July 18,	12 Noon
†§GRAF WALDERSEE	July 18,	3 P. M.
CLEVELAND (From Boston)	July 21	
†§KRONPRINZESS'N CEC.	July 25,	6 P. M.
PRESIDENT GRANT	July 30,	10 A. M.

†Second cabin only. §Hamburg direct.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE FROM NEW YORK
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA
Steamers leave from Piers foot of 33d Street, South Brooklyn.

S. S. MOLTKE	July 15,	3 P. M.
S. S. HAMBURG	Aug. 6,	11 A. M.
S. S. MOLTKE	Aug. 27,	11 A. M.
S. S. HAMBURG	Sept. 12,	11 A. M.

Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
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BERMUDA
Average Summer Temperature 79°.
Authorized by Dept. Bermuda Gov't.
Very Low Summer Rates
Calling at St. Georges and Hamilton.
Sailings Weekly—Tickets Interchangeable.
Twin Screw S. S. Bermudian
10,518 Tons Displ. Holds speed record, N. Y. & Bermuda, 39 hrs. 20 min. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agts., 29 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1760 Rector,
S. S. Caribbean
Largest steamer in the trade. The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co., Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agts., 22 State St., N. Y. Tel. 2360 Broad.
For Booklets apply to above S. S. Co.'s or to Thos. Cook & Son, 245 & 2081 B'way & 264 & 561 5th Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Av., or Any Ticket Agent.

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Overlooking Harbor and quaint old town of St. Georges. Service and food the best. Special Summer rates. Address M. Dallman.

AUSTRO AMERICAN LINE
Fast Trip to Naples and Beyond
ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA
Kaiser Franz Joseph I. Aug. 19 Sep. 23 Oct. 28
MARTHA WASHINGTON, Aug. 8, Sept. 19, Nov. 7
AND OTHER
SAILINGS SATURDAYS OR WEDNESDAYS 3 P.M.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., G.A., 17 Battery Place, N.Y.
EVERY TRIP A TOUR.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
21-24 State St., N. Y.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 1 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—ROTTERDAM.
†New Amsterdam..July 14 *Ryndam.....July 23
*Noordam.....July 21 *Rotterdam.....Aug. 11
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth and Boulogne.
New York to Rotterdam
A few choice rooms available on the
S. S. Principello, Sailing July 16
$45.00 and up
Uranium Steamship Co., 13 Broadway, N.Y.
Popular SIGHT SEEING Yacht Clifton
A Fascinating Sail Around Manhattan Isle. Lv. foot West 42d St., Weekdays & Suns., 10:30 and 2:30; 40 miles; 3 hours; lecturer, music. Sight Seeing Yacht Co., 173 5th Av., Flatiron Bldg. Tel. 5441 Gramercy.
LLOYD ITALIANO
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Taormina.....July 22 Cassard.....Aug. 13
Rates: $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
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New York Office, 501 Fifth Avenue.

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S. S. "AQUITANIA"
Great Britain's Largest ship. Fitted with every device for safety and aid to navigation. Motor lifeboats with wireless telegraph apparatus. Restaurant and Grill Room a la Carte without extra charge. Swimming Pool. Garden Lounges. Gymnasiums and Verandah Cafes in both saloon and second cabin.
LIVERPOOL SERVICE
LONDON—PARIS—BERLIN—VIENNA
Via FISHGUARD
NEXT SAILINGS

"LUSITANIA"	July 14	6:00 P.M.
"AQUITANIA"	July 21	4:00 P.M.
"LUSITANIA"	Aug. 4	6:00 P.M.
"MAURETANIA"	Aug. 11	6:00 P.M.

*Carmania,	July 29 3 P.M.	Aquitania,	Aug. 25 4 P.M.
*Laconia,	Aug. 19 3 P.M.	Mauretania,	Sept. 2 1 A.M.

*Calls at Queenstown East Bound.
Mediterranean—Adriatic Service
Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Patras, Trieste, Fiume. Sailings noon. See itinerary.
CARPATHIA....July 9 | SAXONIA.....Aug. 1
ULTONIA.....July 25 | PANNONIA.....Aug. 11
Round the World Trip, $474.85 & up.
Special through rate to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and South America. Independent tours in Europe, etc.; send for booklet Cunard Tours.
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Columbia....July 11, noon | Caledonia..July 25, noon
Cameronia..July 18, noon | Columbia...Aug. 8, noon
FIRST CABIN, $75 and Upward.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
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HENDERSON BROTHERS, 21-24 State St.
FABRE LINES
The Southern Route to the Azores, Lisbon, Barcelona, and Marseilles, and to Algiers Naples, Nice and Marseilles.
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Our Tours represent the fullest development of Pleasure Travel de Luxe.
Special features are leisurely travel in small groups, cultured leadership, exclusive service of 160 Offices all round the world.
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12 DAY ALL EXPENSE NORTHERN CRUISE $60 AND UP
including all essential expenses, visiting Halifax, Nova Scotia, the land of Evangeline, and St. Johns, Newfoundland, the Norway of America.
This cruise to these foreign lands on the new steamers STEPHANO and FLORIZEL of the Red Cross Line will prove the most novel, delightful and health-giving vacation you ever experienced. The ships are built especially for tourists; are fitted with every device to insure safety. Splendid cuisine, orchestra and sea sports. No hotel bills or transfers. You live on the ship.
Reduced rates on superior accommodations during Sept. & Oct.
Send now for handsome book 32.
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DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS, (FRANCE.) Departures from New York Wednesday, 10 A. M., from Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.

*La Lorraine	July 8	*La Savoie	July 29
†France (new)	July 15	*La Lorraine	Aug. 5
*La Touraine	July 22	*La Provence	Aug. 12

*Twin screw steamer. †Quadruple screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING, 3 P. M.
1 Class Cabin (IL) & 3d Class Pass'rs Only.
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SUMMER TOURS
Ten Days and Longer
To Great Lakes, Niagara Falls, White Mountains, Adirondacks and famous resorts of New England and Canada. Delightful routes. Frequent departures.
A PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOUR through beautiful New England.
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BERMUDA, WEST INDIES, PANAMA?
LOW'S "LIST OF SAILINGS" FREE.
TICKETS & ROOMS ALL STEAMERS.
Attractive Rates. No Charge for our Service.
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PANAMA and West Indies Cruises. New Steamers built especially for Tropical Travel. Sailings Wednesdays and Saturdays. Send for booklets. United Fruit Company, 17 Battery Place, N. Y.

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AMERICANS VISITING EUROPE
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THE FAVORITE RESORT OF ALL AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

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1 AND 2 DAY TRIPS
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Hotel and all expenses included. Elegant, Comfortable Touring Cars. Write, 'phone or call for information.
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CALIFORNIA TOURS $145 AND UP
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TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE.
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CLARK ORIENT CRUISE
17th Annual, Feb. 14, SS. Betterdam. 65 days, $400 up, including shore excursions. Europe and Round World Tours; small groups. Frank C. Clark, Times Bldg., New York.

VACATION Tours and tickets. Send for 80 page booklet, mailed free. Marsden Tours, 1246 Broadway, N. Y. City.

HIGHLAND LAKE AND BEAR MOUNTAIN
45 Miles INTERSTATE PARK UP THE HUDSON
Fast Steel Str. HIGHLANDER
Lvs. Battery, 9:30; W. 23d St., 10; W. 131st St., 10:30; Yonkers, 11 A. M.; Round Trip Daily, 50c.; Children, 25c.; Sundays & Holidays, 75c.; Children, 50c. Yonkers, 50c. Music, LARGE DANCING FLOOR. Refreshments. All outdoor sports 3½ hours at Mt. DAILY TRIPS TO
Inter-State Park Landings
(ALONG THE HUDSON RIVER)
Enjoy a Pleasant Day Under the Palisades. Stop at Ridge St., Nyack, Sp. Pier, daily 9:30 A. M., 2, 5 P. M. FARE 35 CTS. ROUND TRIP. Children Free. McAllister St'd Co.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.50 BOSTON $2.25
Via Boat and Trolley, $3.25.
Worcester, $2.50; Providence direct, $1.50.
STATEROOMS $1.00, $1.50, & $2.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M., from Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway;
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St., N. Y.
CONEY ISLAND AND ROCKAWAY BEACH TODAY
Including West 23d St.
STEAMERS ROSEDALE & SYLVESTER
LEAVE W. 129th St. 9:15 and 10:15 A. M.
LEAVE W. 23d St. 9:45, 10:45, 2:30, 3:30.
BATTERY, 10:15, 11:15, 3:45, 3:45.
CONEY ISLAND, 2:00, 6:00, 7:00.
ROCKAWAY, 12:15, 1:15, 5:15, 6:15.
Sight-Seeing Yachts
Lvs. Battery Pier Daily, 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.

Hudson Navigation Company
Regular Service Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Lake George and the North. Buffalo and the West.
Most magnificent river steamers in the world, "Berkshire," "C. W. Morse," "Trojan" and "Rensselaer" leave Pier 32 N. R. daily at 6:00 P. M.; West 132nd Street, 6:30 P. M. Orchestra, Dinner Dances, Dining service a la carte.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON SAILS
West Point and return "Adirondack" Pier 32 N. R. 2 P. M.; West 132nd Street 2:45 P. M. Returning 10:30 P. M. Round trip fare 50 cts.
MOONLIGHT SAILS,
July 8th, 9th, and 10th. "Adirondack," Pier 32 N. R. at 8 P. M.; West 132nd St., 8:45 P. M. Four hours on the Hudson. Fare 50 cents.
Sunday Daylight Service
"Trojan" Pier 32 N. R. at 8:45 A. M.; West 132nd Street 9:30 A. M. for Yonkers, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, and returning by Steamer "Rensselaer." Fare $1.00,—Poughkeepsie and return, Kingston Point, Albany and Troy.
"Adirondack" at 10:00 A. M. from Pier 32 N. R.; West 132nd St. 10:45 A. M. for Yonkers, Newburg, Poughkeepsie and return.
Round trip fare, Poughkeepsie and return, $1.00.
'Phone day or night—Spring 9400
"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."

Delightful Afternoon Trip to WEST POINT
Steamer "Albany"
Leaves Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M., returning by Str. "ROBERT FULTON," $1, or by rail, $1.10. Daily except Sunday. Orchestra, restaurant, and a perfect afternoon's outing. See Parade, Museum, Public Buildings, etc.
BEST TRIP FOR SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND AND SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tues. and Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sat., 1:00 P. M.
HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

"Hudson River by Searchlight."
MANHATTAN LINE
$1.00 To ALBANY
$5.90 to Silver Bay and Return
$8.10 to Cliff Haven " "
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Excellent Dining Service a la Carte.
Steamers leave daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; W. 131st St., 6 P. M. Tel. 3236 Spring.

GLEN ISLAND BOATS
50 Mile Sail. All Amusements.
Lvs. Battery Daily 10, 11 A. M.; 1:30, 2:30, 3:30 P. M.; E. 24th, ½ hour later; E. 138th, 11 A. M., 1½, 3:30, 3:30, 4:30 P. M. Sundays hourly, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Iron Steamboat Co
SPECIAL NOTICE
Patrons are cautioned that ONLY tickets purchased at IRON STEAMBOAT CO.'S BOX OFFICES are good on boats operated by this Co.
NO LANDING AT W. 23D ST.
FULL TIME TABLES TO
CONEY ISLAND
Fishing Banks, Str. "Taurus"
Rockaway Beach
Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"
are on inside of the back cover of the Telephone Directories, at all hotel and ticket offices, or will be mailed on request. Tel. Rector 872.

ALBANY, TROY AND THE NORTH
The comfortable way.
PEOPLES LINE.
Steamers "Berkshire" (new) and "C. W. Morse," Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal Street, 6:00 P. M. West 132d St., 6:45 P. M. daily.
CITIZENS LINE.
Steamers "Trojan" and "Rensselaer," Pier 32, N. R., 6:00 P. M. West 132d St., 6:30 P. M. Sunday day trips, 8:45 A. M. West 132d St., 9:30 A. M.
Dinner Dances on all steamers. Concerts.
Phone day or night—9400 Spring.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
For CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE and way landings. Direct connection with Catskill Mountain Railroads, for CAIRO, PALENVILLE, OTIS SUMMIT, HAINES FALLS, TANNERSVILLE, and
All Points in the Catskill Mountains and the Berkshires
Luxuriously appointed steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., N. Y., at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily except Sunday.
25c.—NEW YORK TO YONKERS—25c.
Time tables giving full information mailed on request, or can be obtained at all hotels and railway ticket offices. 'Phone 1097 Spring.

TONIGHT
Special dancing deck.
Lunch counter or dinner a la carte. Cafe.
Orchestra and Pennsylvania Boy Scout Band—25 pieces.
Adirondack
Pier 32 N. R., Ft. of Canal St....8:00 P. M.
West 132nd St. Pier.....8:45 P. M.
Popular because everybody always has a good time. 50 cents.
MOONLIGHT
"The sail worth while."

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—JOHANNA AXELINA HELLSTROM, Plaintiff, against JOHN FERDINAND HELLSTROM, Defendant.—Summons.—Action to Annul a Marriage. To the above-named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The storm that was off the Middle Atlantic Coast Tuesday night passed north to the St. Lawrence Valley and has diminished greatly in intensity.

It caused general showers in the Middle Atlantic States and New England and strong easterly winds on the New England Coast.

Showers are also reported from the South Atlantic Coast and from widely scattered parts of the Mississippi Valley and the Rocky Mountain region.

Temperatures have fallen considerably in the upper lake region, and they have risen in the Far Northwest.

Moderate temperatures for the season continue in the Atlantic States, while the weather is quite warm in the Lower Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys and Tennessee.

Indications are that the weather will be partly cloudy with local showers Wednesday and Thursday in the East Gulf, South Atlantic and Middle Atlantic States, and Wednesday in the North Atlantic States.

In other parts of the country the weather will be generally fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Temperature will be somewhat lower Wednesday over the south portion of the region of the great lakes, the Ohio Valley, and Tennessee, while moderate temperature will prevail generally in other parts of the country east of the Rocky Mountains during Wednesday and Thursday.

Winds for Wednesday Thursday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate variable, mostly southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate south; South Atlantic Coast, moderate east to south.

FORECASTS TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Local showers Wednesday. Thursday, partly cloudy.

Southern New England—Partly cloudy Wednesday, probably showers at night or Thursday.

New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, and Northern New England—Partly cloudy Wednesday, probably followed by local showers Wednesday night or Thursday.

Western New York—Partly cloudy and not quite as warm Wednesday. Thursday, probably fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
8 A. M.	61	55	4 P. M.	76	67
9 A. M.	69	56	6 P. M.	75	63
9 A. M.	65	59	9 P. M.	71	65
12 M.	70	61	11 P. M.	65	67

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 61; for the corresponding date last year it was 66; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 73.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 58; at 8 P. M. it was 66. Maximum temperature, 68 degrees at 5 P. M.; minimum, 54 degrees at 1 A. M. Humidity, 85 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 77 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.84 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.97 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.
4:47—Front of 1,415 Stebbins Av.; Edison Co. ..... Loss. Slight
11:20—42 E. 14 St.; Childs Restaurant.. Slight
11:40—241 Henry St.; — Zuckerman.... Slight

P. M.
2:10—114 W. 82 St.; Dr. Shears..... Slight
8:40—1,003 3 Av.; Herman Kudin.... Slight
8:55—103 Crosby St.; Unique Box Co... $1,000
9:50—1,161-1,175 Bwy.; Kent & Brodie. Slight
10:20—127 Greene St.; B. J. Stork & Co. $2,000

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers: Lt. G. W. Maxwell, 28 to 69; Sergts. C. J. Saich, 4 to 80; P. J. O'Riordan, 80 to 4; Patrol. W. J. Mills, 158 to 164; assigned as station house attendant, E. J. O'Brien, 162 to 146; assigned to clerical duty, J. F. Canavan, 4 Insp. Dist. to 36; A. C. Doody, 4 Insp. Dist. to 146; M. J. Dobson, 4 Insp. Dist. to 169; J. E. Urianek, 5 Insp. Dist. to 36; J. P. M. Ganno, Com'r's office to 61.

Temporary assignments: Lts. W. J. McGrath, 28, to command 13, for 20 days; B. R. Sackett, 28, to 4 Insp. Dist., for 10 days; C. G. Mead, 77, and Maurice Hannon, 279, to Traf. and Marine Div., duty investigating prob. patrol., for 30 days; J. M. Wheelwright, 279, to command 290, for 20 days; P. F. Clifford, 285, to Traf. and Mar. Div., duty investigating prob. patrol., for 30 days; Sergt. J. L. McGrath, 29, to C. O., duty in Special Squad No. 2, for 10 days; Act. Det. Sergt. M. A. Batto, Det. Bu., to Dist. Att'y's office, Bronx, for 5 days; Patrol. J. J. DeMartino, 3, and Frank Max, 89, to 2 Insp. Dist., for 10 days; M. B. Friedlander, 12, and Max Lowe and Nathan Whitman, 15, to 1 Insp. Dist., for 10 days; D. J. O'Hanlon, 22; S. J. Brady, 24, and A. C. Fleischer, 275, to 4 Insp. Dist., for 10 days; T. B. Randall, 31, to C. O., duty in Special Squad No. 2, for 10 days; David Katz, 39, to 5 Insp. Dist., for 10 days; J. F. X. Day, 62, to Traf. and Marine Div., for clerical duty, for 30 days; G. M. Bliaffer, 278, to 12 Insp. Dist., for 10 days. To Det. Bu.: W. J. Blanch, 22; C. H. Eason, 149, and T. J. Weber, 168, for 10 days; Patrick Kehoe and C. A. Harden, 278, for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Att'y's office, Queens. For 10 days, from prects. indicated: Italo Cassetti, 15; Matthew Murray, 276; Isaac Mindheim, 253; J. L. Massale, Jr., 68; J. P. Hopkins, 276; M. J. Hagney, 4; C. B. Montayne, 38; Walter Corbitt, 31; F. W. Miller, 68. For 5 days, detailed to Dist. Att'y's office, New York, prect. indicated: E. E. Gompers, 17; Henry Kommers, 25; J. J. McManus, 21; Abraham Snydecker, 156. Matron Maude M. Leslie, 16, to C. O., duty in Special Squad No. 2, for 10 days. Prob. Patrol. James Dalton, 80, to Det. Bu., for 10 days.

Leaves with pay: Capts. W. H. Scoble, 16, 5 days; D. F. O'Connor, 13, 20 days; Patrick Corcoran, 290, 20 days; Patrol. J. G. Kirk and W. H. McCarthy, 89, 4 days, per Circular No. 2, s. o. Without pay: Lt. E. C. Moger, 165, 1 day; Patrol. R. T. Irwin, Jr., 1, 1 day; V. R. Raynor, 143, 1 day; G. T. Webster, 144, 1 day; J. A. Cody, 148, 1 day.

Application for full pay approved: Patrol. B. J. Lester, 276, from May 6 to May 8, while on sick report.

Granted full pay while on sick report: Patrol. Frederick Schaefer, 31, from June 12 to June 23; C. B. Montayne, 38, from June 29 to July 11; Gustav Thomsen, 88, from June 19 to June 23; Thomas Hackett, 40, from June 12 to June 26.

Death reported: Patrol. C. J. Driscoll, 13, on July 4.

Fire Department.

Fined: Lieut. J. A. McKiever, Eng. 157; violation of Section 103; 10 days' pay.

Transfers: Lieut. Eusebius Murphy, Eng. 76, to Eng. 90; Lieut. Daniel A. Sullivan, (No. 1,) Eng. 90, to Eng. 76.

Leaves without pay: M. Kjelsen, Eng. 73, for 96 hours; James F. Conlon, Eng. 66, for 24 hours.

INSTRUCTION.

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SURROGATE NOTICES.

PURSUANT OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMMA WALLACH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business at the office of Maxwell Davidson, their attorney, No. 170 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 8th day of July next.

Dated, New York, the 18th day of January, 1914.
SIGMUND M. SCHIELE,
LOUIS SCHIELE,
SIMON C. BERNSTEIN,
Executors.
MAXWELL DAVIDSON, Attorney for Executors, 170 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

ELIGIBLE TO TEACH.

Lists of Successful Evening High School Candidates.

The following eligible lists for the evening high schools in the positions and with the ratings indicated are announced:

SPANISH.—Manuel Munis, 100; Joseph L. Ferrier, 100; Lawrence A. Wilkins, 100; Alfredo Elias, 99.75; Alfred Houston, 99.5; Jose M. Fernandez, 99; Douglas Macduff, 99; Joseph M. Smith, 99; Arthur E. Finney, 98.5; John M. Pittaro, 98.25; S. N. Cacarse, 98; James B. Clarke, 98; Joseph E. Martin, 98; Rodrigo Bonilla, 73.5; David E. Grant, 84.5; Jacob Flatow, 80; Julio Morcado, 75.

SPANISH. (Women's List.)—Kathleen L. Mullins, 100; Herlinda G. Smithers, 100; Grecia L. Fernandez, 99; Marie J. A. Figueroa, 99; Rosalia del Pilar Cuevas, 98.5.

STAINED-GLASS DESIGN.—Rene T. de Quelin, 98.75.

STEAM ENGINEERING.—Louis J. Gersent, 99.75; Harold H. Ball, 77.5; Gilbert R. Sackman, 75; J. E. O'Shea, 64.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.—Howard D. Chestnut, 100; James H. Donohue, 100; Charles S. Findlay, 100; William R. Finnegan, 100; Charles L. Frank, 100; John Groener, Jr., 100; Mark J. Katz, 100; Frank McNally, 100; Edward H. Moore, 100; Conrad J. Saphier, 100; Benjamin Shapiro, 100; John J. Shea, 100; Robert J. Shearer, 100; Arthur M. Sugarman, 100; Lewis Trinkenbrodt, 100; Matthew H. Tully, 100; Elden M. Van Dusen, 100; Daniel O'C. Walsh, 100; Isadore Finkler, 99.75; Armin Ausiander, 99.5; Louis Brand, 99.5; Alexander Brody, 99.5; Herbert Cole, 99.5; John G. Dunbar, 99.5; Charles J. McKenna, 99.5; William L. Bainton, 98.25; David R. Bernstein, 99.25; Julius Gross, 99.25; Alexander H. Law, 99.25; Sylvester J. McNamara, 99.25; Gerald Van Casteel, 98.25; Samuel Buchbinder, 99; J. S. Elmsoln, 99; Samuel J. Goldberg, 99; Emanuel Grabson, 99; Louis Greenglick, 99; Forrest G. Hanerich, 99; Isidore Jaffe, 99; William Moskowitz, 99; Charles Schekeler, 99; Eugene Sheridan, 99; Edwin Stodola, 99; Bernard J. Donovan, 98.75; William Flanagan, 98.75; Max Serg, 98.5; John W. Brady, 98.5; John Forster, 98.5; Elias B. Gold, 98.5; Solomon Grossman, 98.5; Augustus Ludwig, 98.5; Andrew J. McElhinney, 98.5; Isaac Price, 98.5; Charles M. Smith, 98.5; Sidney S. Bobbe, 98; Morris Citrin, 98; Louis B. Cohen, 98; Alexander Denenholz, 98; Samuel Fleischman, 98; Aaron Germann, 98; Joseph Jacobs, 98; Abraham I. Kaplan, 98; M. H. Mandel, 98; Fred. B. Margolies, 98; John W. Meade, 98; Francis P. Mooney, 98; Henry J. Newman, 98; Nathan Simon, 98; Samuel Weiser, 98; Wallace Clark, 97; Archibald A. Dodds, 96; Victor H. Mardfin, 96; Joseph Scadron, 96; Ernest L. Grandy, 95.75; Bernard Rosenberg, 95.5; Isidor Seiwirth, 95; Sidney Arnstein, 95; Henry J. Foley, 79.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING (Women's List.)—Agnes R. Bannon, 100; Jeannette G. Brila, 100; Mary F. Bush, 100; Mary F. Cahill, 100; Anna V. Clune, 100; Frank L. Davis, 100; Annie L. Gallagher, 100; Beatrice C. Glaser, 100; Ethelyn G. Hartley, 100; Nannie R. Nevins, 100; Mary H. Prescott, 100; Jane H. Schapiro, 100; Elizabeth Schaefer, 100; Adelaide L. Schenone, 100; Elizabeth Schoen, 100; Theresa M. Cook, 99.75; Annie Cowan, 99.75; Carol C. Gee, 99.75; Marguerite Mitchell, 99.75; Estelle E. Bushnell, 99.5; Vera D. Keating, 99.5; Emilie M. Le Bel, 99.5; Madeleine G. W. Mechlin, 99.5; Mary J. Moore, 99.5; Mary A. Mulcahy, 99.5; Katherine R. Sullivan, 99.5; Cleora B. Swift, 99.5; Wilna Chapman, 99.25; Julia R. Driscoll, 99.25; Henrietta Hall, 99.25; Florence M. Kilburn, 99.25; Grace B. Levy, 99.25; Amelia Scherer, 99.25; Augusta C. Beaton, 99; Mary C. Breen, 99; Sara R. Cohen, 99; Anna H. Fink, 99; Mrs. Susan G. Goldstein, 99; Margaret Graham, 99; Elizabeth Johnson, 99; Esther B. McLaughlin, 99; Christina Mackay, 99; Annie Mann, 99; Mabel L. Perry, 99; Elsie Rosenberg, 99; Sarah M. Shapiro, 99; Bertha R. Stone, 99; Edith S. Baker, 98.75; Mary A. Herrington, 98.75; Amy N. Martin, 98.75; Grace A. C. Bradburn, 98.5; Etta M. Canning, 98.5; Katharine Dufty, 98.5; Lillian Horwitz, 98.5; Clara R. Salem, 98.5; Ray Bennett, 98.25; Ida M. Catron, 98; Alma Courtois, 98; Jennie Kahn, 98; Ruth J. Langdon, 98; Harriett S. Millspaugh, 98; Mabel B. Rice, 98; Marion G. Richardson, 98; Teresa M. Scully, 98; Emilia F. Sinopoli, 98; Margaret O'Hargan, 97; M. C. Kloss, 96.25; Elizabeth M. McLoughlin, 95.5; Mabel M. White, 77.

TEXTILE DESIGN.—William G. Reith, 99.25.

TOOL BOY.—Morris Goldenberg, 100; Henry Marshall, 100; William M. Schmucker, 100; Robert Colsten, 98.5; George E. McKay, Simon Marshall.

TRADE DRAFTING.—Sidney Diamant, 100; Fred B. McDuffie, 100; Edmund, W. Baggot, 97; Clinton Haver, 94.

TRADE DRAFTING, (Wowen's List.)—Amanda Langdon, 100.

TRADE DRESSMAKING.—Mary D. Conlough, 99.75; Sarah V. Clark, 99; Mary A. Paquette, 98.5; Irene A. Rendich, 98.5; Mary C. Fagan, 98.25; May E. Hogan, 79.5; Molly M. Spora, 77; Mary V. Doran, 76; Anna D. Schroder, 76; May MacHale, 74.5; Lulu M. Zanerra, 74.5; Mrs. Sarah T. Hardisty, 70.5.

TRADE MATHEMATICS.—Renwick J. Hartung, 99.75; Morris E. Siegel, 99.5.

WOODTURNING AND PATTERN MAKING.—Charles W. Ledley, 75.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Promotions and assignments of inf. officers announced: C. H. Barth, Lt. Col., unassigned, assigned to Col. 27 Inf.; W. H. Chatfield, Lt. Col. 27 Inf., to Col. 27 Inf.; W. F. Martin, Maj. 5 Inf., to Lt. Col., unassigned, and J. McA. Palmer, Capt. 15 Inf., to Maj. 24 Inf., report to Chief of Staff, this city, Aug. 1, for duty.

Col. H. G. Kirby, 3 Inf., is relieved from assignment to that regt.

Col. R. N. Getty, inf., to detached, and Col. C. M. Truitt, inf., from detached and assigned to 22 Inf.

Maj. J. C. Castner, 21 Inf., to Q. M. C., Sept. 1, vice Maj. E. C. Carnahan, relieved, Aug. 31. Maj. Castner will proceed to Ft. Snelling, Minn., for duty as Q. M. In addition to his duties at Ft. Snelling he will assume charge of construction work at that post, relieving Maj. G. H. Penrose, Q. M. C., who will go to Phila. as asst. to the Depot Q. M. there.

Brig. Gen. R. K. Evans, accompanied by his aids, to Laredo, Texas, and command of the Second Brigade.

Maj. C. A. Hedekin, cav., to detached, and Maj. R. A. Brown, cav., from detached.

1st Lt. G. H. Paine, F. A., to Sparta, Wis., Aug. 8, for duty attending the next service target practice of Battery D, 5 F. A., then return to proper station.

1st Lt. W. S. Sturgill, F. A., to Tobyhanna, Penn., Aug. 24, report to commanding officer, 2 Battalion, 3 F. A., for duty until Aug. 30, then return to his station.

These officers of the Gen. Staff Corps relieved from detail as a member of that corps to take effect on the date set opposite his name and is assigned to the regiment indicated: Col. W. A. Mann, inf., July 6, to 3 Inf.; Col. R. St. J. Greble, F. A., Aug. 31, to 6 F. A.; Lt. Col. H. C. Hodges, Jr., inf., Aug. 31; Lt. Col. H. T. Allen, cav., Aug. 31, to 11 Cav.; Maj. R. A. Brown, cav., Aug. 31, to 14 Cav.; Maj. S. G. Jones, cav., Aug. 31, to 12 Cav.; Lt. Col. J. E. McMahon, F. A., Sept. 7, to 1 F. A.; Lt. Col. H. C. Benson, cav., Feb. 6, 1915; Capt. R. O. Van Horn, inf., Nov. 20.

The officers who are assigned to regiments will proceed at the proper time to join those regiments. Lt. Cols. Hodges and Benson and Capt. Van Horn will proceed at the proper time to join the regiments to which they may be assigned later.

Leave—1st Lt. A. D. Budd, 3 days' extension.

Navy Orders.

Jr. Lt. J. C. Latham, Nav. Acad., practice squadron, to Nav. Hosp., New York.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Sylph, at Washington; Perkins, at Charleston; North Carolina, at Hampton Roads; H-2 and H-3 at Bremerton.

Sailed—Recket, Norfolk for Indian Head; Prairie, Philadelphia for Annapolis; Tacoma, Vera Cruz for Puerto Mexico; Lamson, Monaghan, Roe, Smith, Terry, and Walke, Charleston for Newport.

The Maine was placed in full commission at Philadelphia July 4 and detached from duty with the Atlantic reserve fleet and relieved as receiving ship at Philadelphia.

The Nebraska assigned temporarily as receiving ship at Boston and the Ohio at Philadelphia.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following eligible lists of promotion to the positions indicated are announced:

CHIEF INSPECTOR, (Gr. 3.)—Highways, Queens—Augustus E. Gent, rating 84.50; Joseph Hayes, 81.95.

FOREMAN OF MECHANICS, (Gr. 2.)—Parks, Queens—George J. Hanlon, 86.50. Department of Parks, Brooklyn—Elnar Madsen, 77.47.

TRANSITMAN, (Gr. D.)—Sewers, Queens—John W. Greenwood, 87.10. Design and Survey, Manhattan—Walter J. S. McGrane, 87.90; Joseph T. P. McPeak, 84.60; Max Berliner, 79.25. (Gr. C.)—Engineering Construction, Richmond—Hugh M. Goodwin, 82.61. Sewers, Brooklyn—Emil J. Olsen, 82.50; Theodore P. Cole, 72.55. Topographical Bureau—Otto E. Hgun, 82.80; Joseph P. Hawkes, Jr., 80.10. Design and Survey, Manhattan—John A. Godfrey, 87.90; J. Walter Byrne, 77.18. Engineer So. Aqueduct—Philip T. Coffey, 79.85; Irving M. Bernstein, 77.90. Engineer City Aqueduct, Manhattan—Bernard J. Gilroy, 76.80. Engineer, Reservoir—Daniel A. Murphy, 75.48. Engineer, City Aqueduct, Bronx—John B. Law, 80.05. Parks, Queens—Charles T. Zegers, 80.00.

United States.

A competitive examination will be held for record examiner, for men only, on July 21, at the N. Y. Custom House, to fill vacancies in the Dept. of Agriculture at salaries ranging from $1,500 to $1,800 a year. It is desired to obtain eligibles capable of making independent examinations of land titles in connection with the acquisition of forest lands by the Government.

Competitors will be examined in practical questions on examining titles, general and legal education and training, general legal experience, and experience in examining titles. Only those persons who have been admitted to practice before the highest court of a State or Territory or the District of Columbia, and who can also show legal experience in connection with the laws of one or more of the States of Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Alabama will be considered. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first year but not their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Forecast:

N. and S. Car. and Ga.—Local thunder showers Wed. and probably Thurs.; moderate s. e. and s. winds.

Fla.—Local thunder showers Wed. and Thurs.; moderate e. and s. e. winds.

Ala., Miss. and La.—Cloudy Wed. Thurs. local showers; light to moderate variable winds.

E. Tex.—Fair in the s.; cloudy and not so warm in n. Wed. Thurs. fair; light to moderate s. winds.

W. Tex.—Cloudy Wed., probably showers in w. Thurs. fair.

Utah, Ia., Okla., Mo., Neb., and Kan.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Ark.—Cloudy Wed. Thurs. fair.

Tenn. and Ky.—Cloudy and not so warm Wed. Thurs. probably fair.

Ohio.—Cloudy Wed.; cooler at night. Thurs. probably fair; moderate variable winds, becoming n.

Ind.—Cloudy and cooler Wed. Thurs. probably fair; moderate n. winds.

Ills.—Cloudy and cooler Wed. Thurs. fair, moderate n. winds.

L. Mich.—Cloudy and cooler Wed. Thurs. probably fair; moderate n. winds.

U. Mich.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.; moderate variable winds.

Wis.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; moderate n. winds.

Minn.—Cloudy Wed.; probably local showers in w. Thurs. cloudy; moderate variable winds

N. and S. Dak.—Thunder showers Wed. Thurs. fair.

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Sanitary Saranac Lake, (Adirondack Mts., N. Y.) Information, Sec. Board of Trade.

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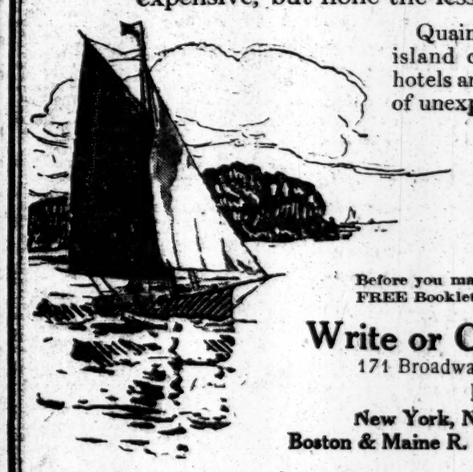

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OPEN ALL THE YEAR. CAPACITY 600. INDOOR SEAWATER SWIMMING POOL.
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Ocean front, in the heart of Atlantic City. Absolutely fireproof. Family and Transient. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. Grill; orchestra; dancing; garage. MACK LATZ & CO. The only hotel having its own ocean pier for free use of guests.

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Cottage System and New Hotel Now Open.
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35 minutes from Broadway, will give you room with private bath and first-class board, for two, $18.00 to $20.00; for one, $10.00 to $15.00. Call or 'phone 2085 Orange.

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Altitude 1200 feet; 49 miles from city; 7 miles nearby; hotel rooms, single, ensuite, with bath; cottages, housekeeping or hotel service, season or month; music, dancing, picturesque 9-hole golf course, 2100 yards; tennis, boating, fishing, automobile service; long distance 'phone. Booklet. HARRY A. GOFF, HIGHLAND MILLS, N. Y.

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Most exclusive summer coast resort, opposite Casino on the ocean front.
Guests have privilege of using the Casino and swimming pool.
Management, J. G. VENETOS, Owner Mohawk Hotel, B'klyn, N. Y.
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FREE Guide of ATLANT

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Deal Pending for West End Avenue Corner at Eighty-eighth Street—Fortieth Street Improvement Near Fifth Avenue—$18,000 for Broadway Store Lease—Leasing Market.

The realty market remained in a quiet state yesterday. No deals of importance were announced, but a transaction which is reported as being nearly closed involved the southwest corner of West End Avenue and Eighty-eighth Street, consisting of a vacant plot of four lots, 100.8 on the avenue by 80 on the street, and the four-story private house at 302 West Eighty-eighth Street, 20 feet front, making a total street frontage of 100 feet. The property is owned by the Huner estate, having been in the family ownership for sixty-one years.

The property has recently been placed in the market. The prospective buyer is said to be a prominent builder who contemplates improving the entire plot with a high-class apartment house of a type similar to the large buildings of that character which have been erected in West End Avenue within the last few years.

Private Dwellings Sold.

The Madden estate sold to Ennis & Sinnott, operators, 202 West 142d Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 16.9 by 99.11, adjoining the corner of Seventh Avenue. W. J. Huston & Son were the brokers in the transaction.

Max H. Scharf has purchased from Mary I. J. Campbell 515 West 169th Street, a two-story frame dwelling on a lot 25 by 81.

Fortieth Street Improvement.

An important business improvement is contemplated for the three old altered buildings at 6, 8, and 10 West Fortieth Street, fronting 62.6 feet, just west of Fifth Avenue and opposite the Public Library. The tenants in the structures have received notice to vacate by September. The property is owned by Paul Starrett, but no details regarding the nature of the projected structure have yet been divulged.

A Recent Buyer.

Stephen C. Clark is the buyer of the dwellings 136 and 138 East Seventy-first Street, reported sold last week. The property was taken in exchange for the residence 38 East Sixty-eighth Street.

$18,000 a Year for Broadway Store.

S. W. Steel & Co., a suit and cloak house on East Fourteenth Street, has leased from the United Drug Company the Broadway store adjoining Liggetts in the Hotel McAlpin, Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street. This store, which has a frontage of twenty-seven feet, was held at $18,000 a year. The Cross & Brown Company, in conjunction with Albert B. Ashforth, negotiated the lease.

Long Island City.

A builder has purchased from a client of Joseph A. Stern the plot 75 by 93 feet on the southeast corner of Beebe and Von Alst Avenue, Lond Island City.

Long Island.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for William T. Pratt to a builder for improvement with stores the vacant plot 65 by 100 on the northeast corner of Atlantic Avenue and Elm Street, Morris Park.

The M. Morgenthau Jr. Company held yesterday a partition sale of twelve lots located at Union Course, Town of Jamaica, under the direction of William C. Beecher, Esq., referee and Justus W. Smith, attorney for the plaintiff. The lots were sold as follows: Three lots on the east side of Snedeker Avenue between Fourth and Fifth Streets, $450 each to F. A. Ross; two lots on the east side of Snedeker Avenue between Fifth and Sixth Streets to the same buyer for $425 each; one lot on the north side of Sixth Street between Snedeker and Shaw Avenues, $485 to Catherine Grant; two lots on the south side of Sixth Street between Snedeker and Shaw Avenue, $450 each to Catherine Grant; one lot on the east side of Snedeker Avenue, between Seventh and Eighth Streets, $400 to J. W. Smith; two lots on the south side of Seventh Street, between Snedeker and Shaw Avenues, $425 each to Catherine Grant, who also purchased the small strip 8.4 by 100 on the east side of Snedeker Avenue, twenty-five feet north of Eighth Street for $25.

Another Dwelling Leased for Trade

Barnet House now located at 10 West Fortieth Street has leased from the Curtis Estate the five-story residence, at 1 East Fifty-third Street. The property will be remodeled for a dressmaking establishment.

Dwellings Leased.

Pease & Elliman have leased for A. Bargent the three-story and basement house, on a lot 17 by 100, 267 West Seventy-first Street to Mrs. Dorothy Patterson and for the Paterno Construction Company, the four-story residence 510 West End Avenue, to Mrs. R. de Robles Sampler.

Leroy Contrey has leased for the Eighty-sixth Street and West End Avenue Company for a term of years premises 631 West End Avenue, a four-story dwelling on a lot 20 by 100.

John F. Scott has leased for Stuyvesant Fish Morris, Jr., his country place at Hewlett, L. I., and for Van Emburgh of the New York Stock Exchange firm of Van Emburgh & Atterbury.

Fish & Marvin have leased the Cowperthwait property at Orienta Point, Mamaroneck, consisting of seven acres with large dwelling, stable, and outbuildings to Leon P. Feustman for the Summer.

Lexington Avenue Store Lease.

Unger & Watson has leased for Carrie Schwab three stores in the building on the northwest corner of Fifty-seventh Street and Lexington Avenue to Charles J. Schloss. The three stores will be altered into one large store for market purposes.

Building Decrease in the Bronx.

A comparative report of building operation in the Bronx was issued yesterday by Robert J. Moorehead, Superintendent of the Bureau of Buildings. The report covers the six months ended June 30, 1914, and shows a substantial decrease in the estimated cost of new buildings, with a corresponding decrease in the number of plans from the figures for the same period in 1913. The estimated cost of new buildings is over $5,300,000 less than in 1913. On the other hand a gain of more than $120,000 is noticed in the figures for alterations. The large reduction is accounted for by the fact that in 1913 the figures for brick tenements, the estimated cost of which totaled $12,177,351, while in 1914 the total for the same class of buildings is only $7,438,000.

For the six months of 1914 ended June 30 plans were filed for 435 new buildings to cost $10,003,142, while for the same time in 1913 the new building plans were 581, costing $15,371,750.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

75th St, 100 West, s w corner of Columbus Av, 20x to 396, 18.6x76.8, five-story tenement and stores and one-story store; adjourned to July 14.

141st St, 105 to 111 West, n s, 100 ft w of Lenox Av, 100x99.11, six-story apartment house; Rental Mortgage Securities Corporation against Inter-City Land & Security Co. and others; H. S. Mansfield, attorney; J. F. Curnen, referee; due, $10,863.41; taxes, &c., $3,000; subject to two mortgages aggregating $120,000; to the plaintiff for $130,6.18.

Park Av, 1,444, w s, 75.11 ft s of 107th St, 25x75, five-story tenement; Amalia De Vries against N. C. Seedorf and others; Edgar Pitske, attorney; W. H. Klenke, referee; due, $12,757.12; taxes, &c., $158.05; to the plaintiff for $12,600.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

131st St, 63 and 65 West, n s, 185 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x111, five-story flat; Manhattan Savings Institution against Mathilde Klotz and others; Rapallo & K., attorneys; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $42,556.46; taxes, &c., $1,634.45; to the plaintiff for $35,000.

131st St, 67 and 69 West, n s, 135 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x99.11, five-story flat; Manhattan Savings Institution against Mathilde Klotz and others; Rapallo & K., attorneys; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $42,556.46; taxes, &c., $1,628.45; to the plaintiff for $35,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

East Broadway, 280, n s, 211 ft e of Montgomery St, 21.2x59.3, 21.5x59.5, four-story tenement and stores; F. G. Echeverria against Abr. Kommel and others; W. F. Clark, attorney; Benjamin Jackson, referee; due, $14,071.63; taxes, &c., $1,064.84; to the plaintiff for $14,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

Pike St, 66, w s, 94.5 ft s of Monroe St, 25.3x62.3x25.5x61.5, six-story tenement and stores; Hebrew Orphan Asylum against Henrietta Lewis and others; Hoadly, L. & J., attorneys; L. S. Greenbaum, referee; due, $20,187.72; taxes, &c., $625; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

26th St, 335 West, n s, 142 ft e of 9th Av, 22x98.9, three and four story shop; H. B. Piester against Stanley Golliek Co. and others; Arrowsmith & D., attorneys; A. E. Baxter, referee; due, $5,358.48; subject to a prior mortgage of $11,000; to William N. Croxton for $15,080.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

154th St., 418 West, s s, 189.4 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 18.9x99.11, three-story dwelling; W. H. Jeffers against Josephine Miller and others; Rose & P., attorneys; J. A. Donegan, referee; due, $1,741.04; taxes, &c., $693.70; subject to a first mortgage of $12,500; to the plaintiff for $18,194.

By Samuel Marx.

18th St, 348 West, s s, 225 ft e of 9th Av, 25x92, five-story tenement; adjourned to July 17.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

163d St, n s, between Prospect Av and Stebbins Av., 391.7x182.7x irregular; also Stebbins Av., s w corner of 163d St, —x—x 17.9x144.4, two-story dwelling and vacant; M. B. Dun and others, executors, against M. R. Chisholm and others; Alexander & G., attorneys; J. C. Connell, referee; due, $39,165.34; taxes, &c., $5,710.30; subject to mortgage of $33,000; to the Douglas Robinson-Charles S. Brown Company for a client for $103,000.

Garrison Av, w s, 212.11 ft s of Lafayette Av, 25x96; vacant; Kabee Realty Co. against Barnet Lipinsky and others; Bertram Rothenheimer, attorney; W. J. McKeown, referee; due, $682.79; taxes, &c., $682.49; to the plaintiff for $1,500.

By J. H. Mayers.

183d St., 107 West, n s, 74.1 ft e of Loring Place, 30.3x84.11x35x84.11, two-story dwelling; withdrawn.

By George Price.

Morris Av, 651-655, s w corner of 153d St, 75x100, two-story dwelling and one-story stores; M. D. Gerard against Michi Santangelo and others; Bowers & S., attorneys; Ely Neumann, referee; due, $20,936.74; taxes, &c., $1,382.07; to Isidor Hershfield, a party in interest, for $20,000.

By Samuel Marx.

Bowland Av, w s, 41 ft s of Frisby Av, 75x95; North Side Mortgage Corporation against M. J. Daily and others; Clocke, K. & R., attorneys; T. W. McKnight, referee; due, $4,074.66; taxes, &c., $500; to the plaintiff for $4,500.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

123d St, 449-453 West, n s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 75x100.11; six-story apartment house; E. A. Kerbs against New York Real Estate Security Co. and others; Bandler & H., attorneys; M. Sulzberger, referee; due, $108,505.05.

19th St, 417 East, n s, 216 ft e of 1st Av, 20x92, four-story tenement and stores; Mary Stern against Frederick Ohlrogge and others; J. Ullman, attorney; J. H. Auchincloss, referee; due, $6,490.89; taxes, &c., $11,870.

139th St, 134 West, s s, 333.4 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11; three-story dwelling; trustees of Robert College of Constantinople against A. K. Taylor and others; Geller, R. & H., attorneys; D. A. Spellissy, referee; due, $9,278.96; taxes, &c., $288.50.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By J. H. Mayers.

Middletown Rd, n e corner of Mulford Av, 53.11x114.5x71.7x103.4; John Stobbe and others against Paul Arnold and others; Maerkle & M., attorneys; J. Rosenberg, referee; due, $1,317.81; taxes, &c., $222.48; subject to a first mortgage of $1,800.

By Joseph P. Day.

Van Nest Av, s e corner of Hancock St, 25x100; W. L. Brown against John McNulty and others; C. B. Augustine, attorney; Neilson Olcott, referee; due, $2,437.58; taxes, &c., $756.65.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

230th St, n s, 205 ft e of Barnes Av, for a two-story brick dwelling, 21x55; B. Luizzo, 467 East 183d St, owner; N. Serracino, 1,170 Broadway, architect; cost, $4,000.

McGraw Av, s s, 257 ft e of Pugsley Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 25x36; Lucy W. Hefter, 2,164 Westchester Av, owner; John Schwalbenberg, 2,160 Willis Av, architect; cost, $4,500.

Claremont Av and 125th St, s e corner, 100x36.7, for a three-story brick building, with stores in basement and first floor and dwellings on second and third floors; Nathaniel A. McBride, owner, 5 East 42d St; Thomas F. Dunn, 953 Woodycrest Av, architect; cost $35,000

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Houston St, 253 East, and 171 Suffolk St, to a one and four story moving picture theatre, club rooms, and dwellings, to be altered to moving picture theatre, billiard parlor, and meeting rooms, one and three stories; Louis Krellberg, 299 Broadway, owner; Samuel Sass, 32 Union Square, architect; cost, $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JULY 7.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 146th St, 99.11 x100; Pauline D. Riggs and another to Broadway and 146th Street Corp'n, 501 West 157th St, April 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

COLUMBIA ST, w s, 150 ft n of Delancey St, 50x100; Benjamin J. Weil to Mathilda Kassewitz, Newark, N. J., July 7; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St.....$100

MITCHELL PLACE, (49th St,) 10, n s, 162 ft e of 1st Av, 18x80.10; Bella Lewis to Gussie Geringer, on premises, (mtg $5,000,) all liens, July 7; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway $100

STANTON ST, 66, n s, 76.4 ft e of Eldridge St, 25.4x100; Nathan and Emma Kirshanbaum to Harry Schuler, 217 Madison St, (mtg $25,000,) July 6.....$100

STANTON ST, n s, 45 ft e of Allen St, 21x65; John G. Phell, referee, to Katie Graff, 1,404 Madison Av, June 30; attorney, A. Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St.....$13,975

2D AV, e s, 50.3 ft n of 60th St, 25.1x100; Hy Stauf and others, executors of Katherine Hoffmann, to William H. Stauf, 804 West 18th St, June 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $17,000

47TH ST, 260 West, n s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, 25x100.5; William P. Rooney to Mary E. Rooney, 562 West 113th St, (mtg $24,000,) July 6; attorney, E. V. Thornall, 50 Church St $1

51ST ST, n s, 340 ft e of 3d Av, 36.8x100.5; Katie Hahn to George Schuck, 25 Adrian Av, June 30, (mtg $20,000;) attorneys, Hummel & H., 1,511 3d Av.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; George Schuck to Anton Hahn, 21 Adrian Av, July 6, (mtg $20,000;) attorneys same.....$100

68TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of West End Av, 25x100.5; Herman Kubler to Benenson Realty Co., 407 East 53d St, (mtg $15,000,) all liens, July 2; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway $1

69TH ST, 333 West, n s, 450 ft w of West End Av, 25x100.5, (foreclosure, May 11;) James C. Brady, referee, to Mary N. Agnew, at Sparkill, N. Y., (mtg $12,000,) all liens, July 7; attorneys, Worcester, W. & S., 30 Broad St $2,000

73D ST, s s, 154.2 ft w of 2d Av, 29.2x102.2; Benjamin J. Well to Bertha Kaufmann, 1,490 Lexington Av, July 7; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St, ...$100

82D ST, s s, 253 ft w of 3d Av, 22x102.2; Jacob H. Schiff to Theresa, his wife, 965 5th Av, July 2; attorneys, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., 52 William St $1

87TH ST, n s, 101.8 ft e of 3d Av, 50.10x102.2; Sadie N. Fleck to Edwin J. Anhalt, Greenburg, N. Y., May 22; attorney, L. de F. Brandon, 80 Wall St.....$1

88TH ST, 320 West, s s, 321.11 ft w of West End Av, 19.1x100.8; Eugenia and Jacob F. Dunn to George S. Runk, 10 West 77th St, (mtg $13,000,) all liens, June 18; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.....$100

2ND ST, 160 East, s s, 200 ft w of 3d Av, 24.11x100.8; Hy. Grenhart to Dorothy W. Straight, at Roslyn, L. I., (mtg $7,000,) July 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

92D ST, 162 East, s s, 175 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100.8; Ferdinand N. Neumann and others to same, June 15; same attorney.....$100

114TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; David Knopp to Maseba Realty Co., 299 Broadway, June 30, (mtg $19,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

116TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of Manhattan Av, runs s 100.11x w 25x n 75.8x w 25x n 25.2 to street x e 50 to beginning; George M. Davis to Harrie M. Blair, 506 West 138th St, (mtg $36,000,) July 1; attorneys, Brooks & M., 115 Broadway $100

122D ST, 136 West, s s, 374.9 ft w of Lenox Av, 17.6x100.11; Fannie V. Malone to Otto A. Offerman, 1,911 Davidson Av, Bronx, quitclaim, C. A. G., (mtg $18,000,) Jan. 7; attorney, W. S. Risley, 30 Church St...$100

SAME PROPERTY; Otto A. Offerman to Wallace S. Risley, 31 Reservoir Av, Jersey City, C. A. G., (mtg $17,725,) all liens, April 28.....$1

122D ST, n s, 160 ft w of 3d Av, runs w 20x n 97.4x e 11.2 to centre line of old post road x n — x e 8.8x s 100 to beginning; Lexington Av, 1,992, w s, 84.2 ft n of 121st St, 16.8x61.9; Charlotte D. Duchardt and others to Penworth Corporation, 7 East 42d St, June 22; attorney, E. M. Strong, 18 East 34th St $100

Bronx.

CLINTON AV, 1,820, e s, 19.5x90.2; Emanuel B. Cohen, referee, to Marion E. Ireland, 10 Manhattan Av, June 30; attorney, Hy. S. Mansfield, 27 Cedar St.....$100

COLUMBUS AV, s e corner of Wallace Av, 25x100; Rosa Nathan and others to Alcott Realty Co., 300 Bway, May 13; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St.....$2,500

COMMONWEALTH AV, e s, 175 ft s of Mansion St, 50x100; Violet J. Graham to Hugh P. Cogan, 111 East 102d St, July 1; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av $100

CROTONA PARKWAY, n e corner of 176th St, 147.1x irregular; David J. Lyons to S. O. Construction Co., Inc., 574 St. Nicholas Av, June 29, (mtg $4,000;) attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway $100

EAGLE AV, 638, w s, 19.11x99.5; Rudolph Ffister and another to Bertha Bohling, 680 Eagle Av, June 15, (mtg $6,400;) attorney, Bertha Bohling, 683 Eagle Av.....$100

FRANKLIN AV, n e corner of 170th St, 28.4x99.11x14.2x101; Herbert Fischer to Bertha Holland, 412 Suydam St, Brooklyn, Sept. 24, 1913, (mtg $30,000;) attorney, R. Dudensing, Jr., 156 Broadway.....$100

LOT 19, Map 1,061, made by Charles A. Mapes; George T. Baxter to William A. Sprague, 1,420 Williamsbridge Road, July 1, (mtg $2,433;) attorney, L. G. Mapes, 1,469 Williamsbridge Road $1

LOTS 22 and 23, map of Bronxdale Manor; Henry Doscher and others, executors, to Julius Brilla, 3,209 Barker Av, April 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$5,600

LOTS 1 to 4, 9 to 12, map of Section 2, Bronx Terrace; Bertram L. Marks to Josephine Hill, 980 Prospect Av, July 15, 1913, (mtg $7,500;) attorneys, Hilliquit & L., 30 Church St $100

LOTS 1 to 4, 9 to 12, map of Section 2, Bronx Terrace; Josephine Hill to New York & Westchester Suburban Land Co., 33 West 42d St, July 2, (mtg $7,500;) attorneys, Hilliquit & L., 30 Church St.....$100

LOT 38, map of Pearsall estate; Theresa Lemmon to Joseph E. Marx, 3,609 Broadway, June 25; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $100

MARMION AV, e s, 20 ft s of Fairmount Place, 35x106.10x34.10x103.4; Charles G. Meier to Rehsom Realty Corporation, 135 Broadway, July 1, (mtg $20,000;) attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $100

PLOT begins at n s of Lot 47, distant 162.6 ft e of road to Yonkers, 75x150, part of Lots 46 and 47, map of Hudson Park; John H. Thorn to John J. O'Connell, 3,136 Corlear Av, July 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

VAN NEST AV, s s, 20 ft e of Wallace Av, strip 4x95; Philip Wellins to Alcott Realty Co., 309 Broadway, May 15; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St.....$100

3D AV, n s, west half of Lot 650, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Myron Sulzberger, referee, to Michael Brennan, Inc., a corporation, 3,617 White Plains Road, July 1; attorney, F. A. Bennett, Mount Vernon, N. Y. $2,000

145TH ST, 328 East, s s, 25.3x90.5; Philip Fasser to Jacob Erdenbrecher, 2,880 3d Av, July 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

216TH ST, s s, 302 ft w of 4th St or Av, 50x114; Pasqualina Guarino to Ellen Barrett and another, 740 East 216th St, July 6; attorneys, Williamson & B., 364 Alexander Av.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 146th St, 99.11x 100; Broadway and 146th Street Corporation to Pauline D. Riggs, 11 Rue Boissiere, Paris, France, June 30, 1 year; attorney, Guy Van Amringe, 31 Nassau St.....$112,500

FORT WASHINGTON AV, e s, 165.7 ft n of Overlook Terrace, 112x90; Jonas M. Libbey to Henry M. Sanders, 9 East 39th St, July 7, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$22,500

WATER ST, 341, s s, 25x200; Elizabeth F. Harper and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, June 23, due as per bond.....$66,000

WILLIAM ST, 194, s e s, 17.4x74.7; John E. Bullwinkel to Matilda A. Sanderson, 258 Emerson Place, April 3, due Oct. 3, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. J. Bullwinkel, 533 Washington Av., Brooklyn.....$1,000

2D AV, e s, 50.3 ft n of 48th St, 25.1x100; William H. Staup to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, July 6, 5 years.....$10,000

2D AV, s w corner of 48th St, 21.6x99.6; Timothy J. Tobin to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, July 6, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$18,000

2D AV, e s, 98.10 ft s of 42d St, 24.7x70; Philip M. Schell to Charles Ludwig, 555 3d Av, July 6, prior mtg $15,000, due as per bond; attorney, Moses J. Falk, 99 Nassau St.....$2,000

11TH AV, w s, 92 ft n of 49th St, 20.10x100; Ellen H. McAleer to Anna Pekowsky, 450 Audubon Av, July 3, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. V. Schaurien, 44 Court St., Brooklyn $500

35TH ST, n s, 199.11 ft w of 9th Av, 25x—; Max Heller to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, June 15, 5 years.....$15,000

88TH ST, s s, 137.9 ft e of Lexington Av, 29.10x100; Joseph Laemmle to Louisa Stief and another, 1,593 3d Av, due as per bond, July 1, prior mtg $15,000; attorney, Frederick A. Stroh, 38 Park Row.....$5,000

Bronx.

BELMONT AV, w s, 50 ft n of 186th St, 25x87.6; Maria Di Cristina, wife of Kate Griffen, 683 Lexington Av, prior mtg $4,000, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$500

CROTONA PARKWAY, n e corner of 176th St, 147.1x irregular; S. O. Construction Co., Inc., to David J. Lyons, 147 Donaldson Av, Rutherford, N. J., prior mtg $4,000, July 6, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. J. Lenahan, 192 Broadway $5,000

HOFFMAN ST, w s, being north half of Lot 106 and south half of Lot 107, map of heirs of William Powell, 50x100; Michelina Morrone and another to Annonziata Tramonte, 95 Park St, June 6, 1908, 3 years; attorney, Louis Canale, 35 Park St.....$1,000

PLOT begins at n s, of Lot 47, 162.6 ft e of road to Yonkers, 75x150; John J. O'Connell to John H. Thorn, Spuyten Duyvil Parkway, west of Riverdale Av, July 6, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,800

VAN NEST AV, s e corner of Wallace St, 24x95; Alcott Realty Co. to Elizabeth K. Dooling, 179 East 80th St, prior mtg $9,000, July 6, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St $4,000

WEST QUARTER of Lot 337, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Benedict Luizzo and another to Alice C. Howes, 1,524 Commonwealth Av, June 30, due as per bond; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St...$3,500

3D AV, n s, being west half of Lot 650, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Michael Brennan, Inc., to Mary Rafferty, 327 South 6th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 1, 3 years; attorney, F. A. Bennett, 16 East 1st St, Mount Vernon, N. Y. $2,000

3D AV, e s, 126.3 ft s of 152d St, 25x88.5; Charles O. Fendrych to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av, July 7, 5 years; attorneys, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St...$22,000

145TH ST, 328 East, s s, 25x100; Jacob Erdenbrecher to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, July 2, due as per bond; July attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

151ST ST, w s, 3.16 ft n of Walton Av, 23.8x 91.8; Mary A. Beacon to John B. Sutfern, 3,128 Park Av, prior mtg $2,000, July 6, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$500

216TH ST, s s, 302 West 4th St, 50x114; Ellen Barrett and another to Pasqualina Guarino, 3,687 White Plains Av, July 6, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Robert C. Orlando, Williamsbridge, N. Y.....$1,700

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

ALLEN ST, 48, basement, store; Herman Weiner to Jacob K. Vogel and another, 48 Allen St, 2 11-12 years, from June 1, 1914; attorneys, Vogel & P., 48 Allen St....$1,400

AVENUE D, 117, store and basement; Broome Clinton Co. to Jacob Gelbstein, 512 West 132d St, 4 9-12 years, from Aug. 1, 1914; attorney, A. Prigotzy, 222 New Jersey Av, Brooklyn $1,600

2D AV, 1,106 and 1,108, all; Benjamin Goldberg to Joseph Nechols, 418 West 39th St, 3 years, from July 1, 1914; attorney, Hy. Nechols, 418 West 39th St.....$3,672

4TH ST, 251 and 253 East, all; Samuel Feinberg to Samuel Ettlinger, 332 East 13th St, 3 years, from July 1, 1914; attorney, G. Eichhorn, 309 Broadway.....$6,390

103D ST, s s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 75x100.11, all; Phebe P. Lahens to Nathan Glassheim, 468 Riverside Drive, 10 years, from July 1, 1914; attorneys, Duer, S. & W., 43 Wall St $3,700

Bronx.

WILLIAMSBRIDGE ROAD, 1,420, all; Louisa Sprague to George J. Baxter and another, 1,068 Country Club Av, 5 years from July 1, 1914; attorney, L. G. Mapes, 1,469 Williamsbridge Road $780

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MORNINGSIDE AV, 171; La Sosa & Prosgahsta against Jennie Lederer, owner; Charles B. Jorkesgren, contractor.....$19

MORNINGSIDE AV, 171; Gabriele Valente against Jennie Lederer, owner; Charles B. Jorkesgren, contractor $87

SAME PROPERTY; Adam Vorndran and others against same.....$60

SAME PROPERTY; Mackenzie Wood Working Co., Inc., against Jennie Lederer, owner; C. Peterson and Charles B. Jorkesgren, contractors $110

SHERMAN AV, n e corner of 204th St, 400x 100x irregular; Progressive Painting and Decorating Co. against Vermilyea Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$211

4TH ST, 386 and 388 East; Samuel Tessler against Meyer Deutsch, owner and contractor $181

44TH ST, 14 East; Prusansky, Sidelsky & Kantrowitz against H. Taylor Sherman and L. Pierre Valigny, owners; James G. Payne, contractor $490

53D ST, 417 and 419 West; Morris Leibe against Abraham J. Beniam, owner and contractor $80

207TH ST, s s, whole front between Post and Sherman Avs; Progressive Painting and Decorating Co. against Charles Hensle Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$388

Bronx.

BERGEN AV, 597 and 599; Nimis & Nimis against Samson Lachman and Abraham Goldsmith, owners; Royal Theatre Co., contractor $297

TRINITY AV, 902, Joseph Levenson against Mrs. Emily P. Bantly, owner and contractor $20

VAN NEST AV, 506 and 508; Bronx Tilesmith Supply Co. against Carlo Totaro, owner and contractor.....$34

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, w s, 50 ft s of 221st St, 50x100; J. Marcus Wood Working Co. against Bolte Brothers, owner and contractor $122

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

ACADEMY ST, 201st St. and Harlem River, block, &c.; Fuller Brothers & Co. against United Electric Light and Power Co. and others, June 25, 1914.....$2,756

BROADWAY, s e corner of 81st St, 102.1x 220.4; N. Reisler Iron Works, Inc., against estate of Adolph Berthelmer and others, June 24, 1914, (by bond).....$6,363

SAME PROPERTY; Northern Waterproofing Co. against same; June 28, 1914, (by bond.) $171

45TH ST, 7 to 11 West; Fordham Corners Works, Inc., against Forty-fifth Street Realty Co. and others, May 9, 1914, (by bond) $271

Bronx.

HOME ST, 936; Mugler's Iron Works against Keilbert Construction Co., Inc., and others, June 18, 1914.....$508

HOME ST, 936; the Realty Marble and Tile Co. against Keilbert Construction Co., Inc., June 11, 1914.....$507

WEBSTER AV, 2,246, 2,248, and 2,250; Charles Shapiro against Graystone Holding Co., Jan. 28, 1914.....$16

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

JAMES ST, 45; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Martin Garone and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins.

7TH ST, 229 and 221 East; Harris Scal against Mary Rosen, (action to set-aside conveyance;) attorney, P. Hellinger.

7TH AV, s w corner of 113th St, 75.11x100; German Savings Bank in the City of New York against Mathilde L. Martens and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Auerbach.

106TH ST, 127 East; Franklin Trust Co. against Port Jervis Land and Improvement Co., Inc., and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, McKeen, Brewster & Morgan.

131ST ST, 48 and 50 West; Wilson M. Powell against Thomas P. Kelly and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Fowell, Jr.

112TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 50x 100.11; German Savings Bank in the City of New York against Mathilde L. Martens and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Auerbach.

Bronx.

LOT 4, Parcel 24, map of estate of William B. Ogden; Francis S. Whitehouse against E. Van Rensselaer Ketchum and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. Seymour.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w s, 450 ft w of St. John's Av, 50x115; Mary M. Trageser against Sag Harbor Estate and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. S. Levine.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 75 ft s of 169th St, 25x89.7; Mildred P. Sundel against Ettie Rothenberg and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Feltenstein & Rosenstein.

19TH ST, s s, 330 ft e of 5th Av, Wakefield, 25x114; Herman D. Junge against Frank M. Hill and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attoneys, Frees & McEvecty.

141ST ST, s s, 859 ft e of Willis Av, 37.6x 100; Eliza Dunham against Lena Fahls and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. B. Chamberlin.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Established in 1853

Horace S. Ely & Company

Entire management of Estates for owners and trustees is our specialty, as well as the purchase, sale and appraisal of properties in the Boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx.

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Brooklyn's Beautiful MAPLETON PARK

Semi-detached 7room brick homes $5500. Only $25.17 a month covers everything. 20 YEARS TIME GIVEN. All improvements from gas and electricity to shower bath and parquet floors. Large porch, lawn and garden. Souvenir Booklet —

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Floral Park Home For $18 a Month.

Only 30 minutes from N. Y. or Brooklyn; all kinds of stores, &c.; take your family where they will be happy and save money; cottage 7 large, airy rooms; bay window in dining room; gas, electricity, heat, range, tubs, fine cellar; title guaranteed; only $150 cash needed. Address

FLORAL PARK ESTATES,
243 W. 34TH ST. PHONE 1700 GREELEY.
B'klyn office 171 Flatbush Av., (open until 8 P. M. evenings.)

FOUR KEW HOUSES

FOR SALE in best restricted section, five minutes station; 9 rooms, two baths, sleeping porch, large living room, open fireplace, parquet floors, white enameled woodwork, mahoganyfinished doors — copper weather strippings, bronzed window screens, shades, decorations, etc., $8,900 and up. Apply Builder, John K. Turton, 201 Abingdon Road. Phone 39 Richmond Hill; or 101 Park Av., N. Y. Phone 6028 Murray Hill.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Chicken Farm. $150 Cash Will Start You.

balance $3 weekly, will buy a poultry farm, with well-built house, six rooms, range, and stationary tubs in kitchen; large, dry concrete cellar; in greatest poultry country; population 7,000; trolley and railroad, one hour from city; two miles from station and beautiful harbor; healthful climate; good markets right in town; all kinds of factories; plenty of work all year; soil just suited for poultry and farming. Address Poultry, Box 67 Times Downtown.

"STAY-A-WHILE"

The Bungalow Colony Fronting on the Atlantic Ocean, Opposite Bay Shore, L. I. BUNGALOWS $1,200 UP. SITES $350 UP. We still have a few for rent. Send for Booklet "A" and Visit the Property at Our Expense. STAY-A-WHILE BEACH ESTATES. 391 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Phone 4050 Main.

LIVE IN THE PINES and enjoy the wonderful tonic air at Brentwood, Long Island. Bungalows, Cottages and Plots on easy terms. BRENTWOOD REALTY CO. 1 West 34th St., New York.

Desirable WATER FRONT Home on North Shore of Long Island. 22 miles out; 10 minutes from station. Nine-room house; 3 baths. Garage, dock, bathhouse. Price reduced to $17,500; mortgage $12,500. Cheapest property on Long Island. Good sandy beach. Deep water. A. OSGOOD PIERCE & CO., Agents, 34 Pine St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. BOSTON, MASS.

Boston Waterfront TO LET

Constitution & Battery Wharves

(NOW OCCUPIED BY MERCHANTS & MINERS' TRANSPORTATION CO.)

Together or Separately, from January 1, 1915.

These adjoining wharves are located on Commercial, opposite Hanover Street. They have a large frontage on Commerc

Real Estate
Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

Will exchange apartment, 182d St., near Audubon, equity $20,000, for country residence; Montclair preferred. Full particulars H 269 Times Downtown.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale at a Bargain.—25 very fine lots, situated in Westchester Park subdivision, Town of East Chester, Westchester County, State of New York; fronting on Lincoln Av., Marbledale Road, Maple Av., Glenn Road, and Hall Place. For further particulars apply to THE HOUSE OF BROWNE, LIMITED, Browne Building, Montreal, Canada.

New Rochelle.

Bargain.—Dwelling, living room type, 10 rooms; plot 90x200; garden, trees; excellent location. Allen 282 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

South Shore farm, one hour out; cosy 5-room house; plenty of land for chicken or vegetable farming; handy to station and Bay; very high land; near three big towns; must be sold at once below value; price $1,850; need $150 cash; balance $12 a month. STORE, 171 Flatbush Av., B'klyn, open until 8 P. M.

Shore-front lot; best bathing, always cool. Owner, Box 846, Northport, L. I.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Ridgewood, N. J.—Thirty minutes from New York. I have built and offer two attractive, small houses; also few choice lots, upon which I will assist buyer seeking permanent home to finance and build. I have set out shade and fruit trees, hedges, bushes, and small fruits. These lots, being adjacent to my residence, will be restricted as to character of improvements. F. J. Heiderich, Accountant, 80 Broadway, New York. (Tel. 4704 Rector,) and Ridgewood, N. J.

Executors of an estate have authorized me to sell for just half its cost of $26,000 a farm of 125 acres, every acre under cultivation. It is considered the best piece of land in the whole fertile valley of the Musconetcong River. Rare chance for a practical farmer. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Cottages and semi-bungalows; fine location; 5 minutes from station; large plots; all improvements; guaranteed to please; one visit will convince; may be rented with purchase option. Send for photos. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Nature Lovers' Retreat.—Bungalow on mountainside; overlooking river; established bungalow colony; commutation 13c; open fireplace; 52-foot porch; $650. Unusual value. 66 Times Downtown.

Real Opportunity.—To rent, at $35, new nine-room semi-bungalow, 5 minutes station; large plot, fine section; every improvement. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Farm for sale, 45 acres; 12 acres tillable land; six-room house; within driving distance of Asbury Park; $2,800. Frank Hurley, Farmingdale, N. J.

Westfield.—New houses on large plots; $4,300; free tickets. HOME AND GARDENS CO. H. C. Lockwood, Agent, Woolworth Building, New York.

Fertile farm land for commuters of 1 to 10 acres, without buildings, near R. R. station, hour out; $250 up. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL. Furnished cottages for rent. W. C. Burroughs, Asbury Park, N. J.

Fanwood the Beautiful.—Send for pictures of houses. H. C. LOCKWOOD CO., Woolworth Building, New York.

New York State—For Sale or To Let

If you wish to purchase country property, a stock, dairy, poultry, or fruit farm at a reasonable price call at our office and permit us to show you the list of desirable farms that we have for sale in Orange, Ulster, and Dutchess Counties; catalogues mailed free. Birdsall's Farm Agency, 51 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 1986.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—In Honesdale, Penn., factory building, 70x100. Ideal location for silk or knitting mill. Labor conditions exceptionally good. Cost of living low. Honesdale proper has population of 3,000, mostly American born; borough, 5,000. Honesdale has seven cutglass factories, three shoe factories, one silk mill, two knitting mills, two flour mills, two acid factories, paper box factory, cooperage plant, and large elevator works. Address C. P. Searle, Honesdale, Penn.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.—140 acres; magnificent view of Long Island Sound and surrounding country; worth investigating. Write for information, Pease Realty Company, Inc., Bridgeport, Conn. Dealers in country property.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

Bungalow in the Berkshire Hills; superb views; 2,000 ft. elevation, with farm of 100 acres, barn 36x80; all for $1,200. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Mortgage Loans.
Thirty-five cents a line.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS
$20,000—Divide to suit—City or Suburban. Owners and Builders only. Address W. S. WELDON, 320 Broadway, City.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

BARGAIN—For rent immediate possession, completely furnished private residence on West End Av.; 11 rooms and 3 baths; thoroughly modern. Apply E. R. Reis, 889 Broadway. Phone 10 Gramercy.

To Let for Business Purposes.
Thirty cents a line.

20 East 69th, (corner Madison Av.)—Attractive suite for doctor, dentist, or any high-class business; $80 monthly.

Dentist's office; fully equipped; fine location; reasonable rent. 153 West 73d.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted, private garage, space for two private Packards; not over 4 blocks from 79th St. and Broadway. F. E. H., 399 Times.

Loft wanted, about 50x100, storing of furniture; location 1st to 10th Avs., 34th to 50th Sts.; $75 per month. M 41 Times.

Apartments to Let
Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA
380 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS,
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.

Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $36, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

A.—RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NOS. 120-125, northeast corner 84th.—Handsomely furnished apartments, 8 and 11 rooms, three baths; also unfurnished; low Summer rates. STEWART. See Supt.

121st, 509 West.—Columbia grounds opposite; near Subway, parks, Drive; several choice furnished apartments to sublet; elegant building; restaurant; roof garden. See Mr. Yetman.

52 WEST 89TH STREET.
Large second floor, 2 rooms and bath; delightfully cool; electricity; telephone extension.

Two-room apartment and bath at Bretton Hall, 86th St. and Broadway; $50 a month until Oct. 1. Apply Bretton Hall.

Great Summer reductions; high-class furnished elevator apartments; 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms. Windermere, 343 St. Nicholas Av., cor. 127th.

East Side.

Astounding rates; two beautiful rooms and bath, $9 to $12 weekly; every inducement; southern exposure; full hotel service. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished
Thirty cents a line.

Four bachelors wish to sublet apartment of about five rooms near Riverside Drive. Write full particulars, E. F. Graham, 130 West 91st St.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

144TH STREET, 541 WEST.
Newly decorated four and five-room apartments; steam; hot water; telephone operator; rents, $26 to $36. Inquire Superintendent on premises.

41 Convent Av.—To sublet, elevator apartment, seven outside rooms, till Oct. 1 for $100; immediate possession. A. G. Lynn, care of Liggett & Myers, 212 5th Av.

Apartments 1, 2, 3 rooms and bath, 26 West 43d St. Apply D. R. Jamieson, 500 5th Av.

1084, 112 West.—High-class 4 rooms; electricity; telephone, Subway, "L," $32, $30.

East Side.

Fine floor in private house, unfurnished or partly; reference. 145 East 96th St.

160th, 234 East.—Five rooms, bath; private house; modern; possession October; $50.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Country Board
Thirty cents a line.

Staten Island.

Private family will receive two paying guests; beautiful home; extensive grounds; tennis court; references required. H 277 Times Downtown.

Long Island.

EUREKA HOUSE—S. TALLEY, PROP.
CEDAR AVENUE—FAR ROCKAWAY.
Perfect home; spacious grounds; table best; boating, fishing. Refined people only. Moderate terms.

ARVERNE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOMS
for the season, $30 to $175. 2 Stratton Av., Stratton Av. Station.

New York State.

Wanted.—A few boys between 7 and 12 years of age for the Summer; country place in Riverdale; every attention given by a college woman and one experienced in the care of boys; references furnished and required. 253d St. and Albany Post Road. Telephone Marble 739.

Pleasant View House, Dover Plains, Dutchess County.—100 acres; excellent board; modern; $8-$9. Ahrens, 32 Union Square, N. Y.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH HOTEL,
Corner Arlington Av. and Williams St., East Orange, N. J.
"30 Minutes from Broadway."
Spend the Summer in Beautiful East Orange; pure air, delightful water, oiled streets, and shady lawns; a parlor, bedroom, and private bath for two persons, with unexcelled table board, only $25 per week; only a few suites left for the Summer booking; take the Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange Station; many trains per day; write for booklet. 2620 Orange. W. T. Reade, Prop.

LAKEWOOD FARM AND COTTAGES.
Elevation 3,000 ft.; private lake, bass fishing; excellent cuisine; magnificent scenery; refined patronage; references given and required; booklet and terms on application. A. B. Shaver, Mgr., Roscoe, Sullivan County, N. Y.

South Orange, N. J., 117 Scotland Road.—Refined family; beautiful home and location; near Lackawanna and field club; rooms and bath; couple or gentlemen.

New England.

Enjoy perfect rest; cuisine Parisienne; permanent; week ends. Rosemary Cottage, Fairfield, Conn.

Country Board Wanted
Thirty cents a line.

WANTED from about July 15 to Sept. 1, near New York and on shore, room and board for family of five; two young children. K. D. McDurrick, 14 Wall St. Phone 8194 Rector.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (Near 5th Av.)—Desirable large, small rooms; private bath; reasonable.

35TH ST., 39 EAST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; elevator; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 965, near 70th.—Large and small rooms; electricity; phone; table guests.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

53D, 57 WEST.—First-class rooms; board; excellent transportation; reduced rates; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single, double rooms; Summer rates; references.

56TH, 332 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent board; telephone; table guests; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautiful room, or entire floor, with double balconies, private baths; Steinway piano; house elegantly furnished throughout; also smaller room, adjoining bath.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Room with bath; single rooms; table guests; Summer rates.

70TH, 151 WEST.—Second floor; private bath; hot water; room telephone; references.

72D, 265 WEST.—Double rooms; private bath; single rooms; congenial surroundings; Southerners accommodated.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large, front, cool room; table guests; refined neighborhood; references.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Small; large, cool, airy rooms; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large and small, cool, airy rooms; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Desirable cool rooms; excellent table; reasonable.

77TH, 266 WEST.—Attractive rooms; conveniences; excellent table board; Summer prices; references.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Large and small rooms; transients; Southerners; superior board; table guests.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST, (Riverside Drive, Central Park.)—Cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable, cool, quiet rooms; electricity; ideal location; generous table.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable, cool, quiet rooms; electricity; ideal location; generous table.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Second floor; private bath; large and small rooms; table board.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Desirable room; private bath; breakfast or table board. Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; cool, quiet; permanent, transients; table excellent.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Desirable rooms; electricity; ideal location; parlor dining; table guests.

87TH, 70 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; references; table guests

92D ST., 117-119-121 WEST.—Delightfully cool, well-furnished rooms, with excellent board, opposite St. Agnes's grounds; parlor dining room; Summer rates; telephone; references.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Well-furnished, cool rooms; Park, "L"; board optional; telephone.

93D ST., 189 WEST.—Delightful double and single rooms; first-class accommodations; rates moderate.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with all home comforts; excellent board. Strauss.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Rooms with board, near Park; reference. Tel. 7442 Riverside.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large and small airy rooms; Southern cooking; Summer rates.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Large, cool room; elevator apartment, private family; exceptional meals. Peters.

122D, 520 WEST.—Double and single rooms; Summer rates; excellent board. Kerker.

138TH, 608 WEST.—Lady having beautiful home can accommodate a few paying guests for the Summer; meals; all modern improvements. 4914 Audubon.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; rooms, with or without private baths; electricity.

152D, 476 WEST.—Detached house with porch; pleasant location; Summer rates.

160TH, WEST, (Broadway,) 25 Fort Washington Av.—South rooms; references.

ALLIANCE HOTEL, 258-260 West 44th, offers comfortably furnished rooms and board, moderate prices; quiet place for quiet people; special rate to permanent guests.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, (near 137th St. Subway.)—Room and board; home cooking. Apartment 34.

ROCKHURST.—Country in city limits; high, cool, shady piazzas; grounds; country club opposite. Lesley, (Kingsbridge 104 M.) Spuyten Duyvil.

THE WOODBURY, 855 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds. Audubon 4412.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (facing Washington Square.)—Large, cool rooms, single and en suite; excellent table.

Board Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

ROOM AND BOARD wanted in refined family by young man, between 70th and 80th Sts., near Subway and L; not over $10 per week. Permanent, Box S 38 Times.

YOUNG SINGLE MAN would like nicely furnished room, good board, private family, west side, uptown; German cooking preferred. M 39 Times.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Splendid rooms, bath, toilet; suitable doctor; breakfast optional; reference.

17TH, 108 EAST.—Large room, elegantly furnished; closet; private bath; telephone; $7.

19TH, 151 EAST, (Fairfax Arms.)—Elegant rooms; high-class elevator house; bath, telephone; all night service; light and airy; refined surroundings; moderate rates.

34TH, 128 EAST.—Large, cool front room; private bath, electricity, telephone; reasonable.

40TH, (278 Madison Av.)—Handsomely furnished double, single rooms; private baths; kitchenettes, telephone; $3, $7, $9, $10; transients.

43D, 130 EAST.—Beautifully furnished room in private family for business lady or gentleman; connecting bath; separate entrance; near Grand Central; references. Gammond's bell.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room, with piano; single rooms; private bath; Summer rates; telephone.

57TH, 23-25 EAST.—Handsomely furnished double, single suites; electric light; kitchenette; telephone; $3, $4, $7, $8, $10.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 180, (34th.)—Small and large rooms; desirable studios; Summer rates.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite; single; perfect ventilation; like country; references.

12TH, 61 WEST.—Elegantly furnished front room; Summer rates. Phone 6327 Chelsea.

218T ST., 234 WEST, (Huntington.)—Large, airy rooms, modern apartment; private family; all conveniences; excellent accommodations; kitchen privileges; moderate. Baumann.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; room and suites, with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

43D ST., 113 WEST.—Neatly furnished, airy, large and small rooms; phone.

46TH ST., 338 WEST.—Large front room, suitable gentlemen or couple; telephone; reasonable.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; every convenience; telephone; reasonable; select.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Fine, large, single front room; every convenience; reasonable; select household.

47TH, ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. Bryant 4589.

49TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience; moderate.

52D, 238 WEST.—Single hall rooms; running water; bath. Walter, Columbus 7,099.

55TH, 326 WEST.—Nicely furnished, clean, small; all conveniences; telephone; private family.

55TH, 101 WEST.—Corner; Apt. 2; attractive rooms; running water; references.

66TH, 306 WEST.—Doctor, dentist, or refined couple; exceptional parlor floor, attractively furnished; best location, near Broadway; reasonable.

58TH, 21-23 WEST.—Elegant suites, single and double rooms; kitchenettes; telephone; $4, $7, $8, $10; transients.

68TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly furnished room with bath; also single; Summer rates; Subway, "L"; all conveniences.

68TH, 25 WEST.—Well-appointed, luxurious house; every improvement; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; large single; running water; references.

71ST, 151 WEST.—Large, small rooms; Summer rates; refined business people; 72d Subway, "L"; telephone; reference.

71ST, 104 WEST.—Large, bright, well-furnished room; private family.

73D, 153 WEST.—Large, small, attractively furnished, well-kept rooms; running water; electricity; telephone; private bath; Summer rates.

73D, 115 WEST.—Handsomely appointed rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath; also single room; reference.

73D WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Desirable rooms for gentlemen; private family. 2 322 Times.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large or small; private baths; reasonable; references.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Large room; private bath; also single room; electricity; telephone; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms; one private bath; suitable physician; Summer rates.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Large cool room, attractively furnished, suitable two; refined home.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; all conveniences; Summer rates; references.

78TH, 160 WEST.—Inspection invited, newly furnished renovated house; sanitary; large, small rooms; private baths; extremely low rates.

214 WEST 78TH ST.
COOL ROOMS ALL WITH PRIVATE BATHS.

78TH ST., 136 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; private bath; light housekeeping; $3-$10.

89TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive rooms, well furnished; breakfast optional; Summer rates; references.

81ST, 204 WEST.—Pleasant, cool sitting room and bedroom; twin beds; bath; refinement; cleanliness; subway, L; telephone. Sharples.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Large room; piano; private bath; small room; telephone; "L."

82D ST.—Outside rooms; private bath; high-class apartment; breakfast optional; convenient locality; gentleman. M 53 Times.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; private bath, electricity, piano; Summer rates.

82D ST., 68 WEST.—New house; near Central Park; large, small rooms; Summer rates.

82D, 174 WEST, (The Little House.)—Homelike, ideal Summer location; references; board optional.

82D, 80 WEST.—Large, well-furnished light room; bath; telephone; $8.50. Anderson.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Cool outside rooms, overlooking Central Park; homelike; Summer rates.

84TH ST., 29 WEST.—Attractive, cool room; desirable apartment; references; moderate. Ochs.

85TH, 128 WEST.—Large and medium-sized rooms; also hall room; telephone; reference.

86TH, 341 WEST.—A small furnished room; exclusive neighborhood; near Subway and Riverside.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Cool outside rooms; private baths; block Subway; private house.

89TH ST., (594 West End Av.)—Attractive square rooms, single, en suite; board optional.

92D, 45 WEST.—Large, small rooms; conveniences; near park; cars; southern desired.

93D, 107 WEST.—Large and small attractive, homelike rooms; private baths; reasonable.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Large connecting rooms, adjoining bath; front basement; Summer rates.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; attractive room; large closets; bath; telephone; gentlemen.

99TH ST., 260 WEST.—Beautiful large room; telephone, shower; exceptionally clean; private family; breakfast optional. Brown.

99TH ST., 248 WEST.—Handsome, large, cool room, facing Broadway; running water. Freeman.

101ST, 16 WEST.—Elegant two-room suite; housekeeping apartment; telephone, electricity; $6, $7; large room, $4; smaller, $2.50. McNamara.

112TH ST., 505 WEST.—Small outside room and lavatory; telephone; bath; $2.75. Wilford.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—PARLOR, KITCHENETTE APARTMENT, PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY; OTHER ROOMS; REASONABLE.

118TH, 400 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Three large, attractive, corner rooms, overlooking park; glorious view; bath; kitchen; celebrated restaurant; $15.

118TH, 414 WEST, (Near Columbia.)—Comfortable room; front; piano; breakfast, dinner. Henderson.

118TH, 417 WEST.—DELIGHTFULLY COOL, CLEAN ROOMS; RESTAURANT; ELEVATOR, ELECTRICITY. DAMERON.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Large, small outside rooms; reasonable. Apartment 21 and 61.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; near Subway, parks, Drive; Columbia grounds opposite; beautiful double front room, with kitchenette; single room also; restaurant; roof garden; see Mr. Yetman.

122D, 540 WEST.—Breezy, attractive rooms; elevator; references. 4,680 Morningside, Apt. 65.

122D, 522 WEST.—Single and double; $8 up; teachers specially accommodated. Sherman.

122D ST., 500 WEST.—Outside double, overlooking park; large single; elevator; near Columbia. Whyte.

123D, 545 WEST.—Two prettily furnished rooms; near Columbia; ladies only; references; kitchen privileges. Schapiro.

127TH, 64 WEST.—Well-furnished large rooms, running water, bath; select house.

186TH, 315 WEST.—Large room; running water, bath; private house; near L; also hall room.

139TH, 601 WEST.—Outside, cool room; next to bath; reasonable; elevator. Apt. 31.

144TH ST., 513 WEST.—Pleasant room; clean, quiet house; running water; bath, shower, telephone; near Subway; gentlemen only; references.

A SUITE, PRIVATE BATH, OR SINGLY; CULTURED CHRISTIAN PEOPLE. CALL RIVERSIDE 2067.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

LARGE, cheerful room, view of Hudson; running water; minute to Subway, also Columbia University; Broadway cars and Riverside bus; reasonable. Apartment 81. M 38 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528, (opposite Claremont.)—Attractive, outside large, cool, sunny room; two windows; shower bath; immaculate; gentleman; $5.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 39 WEST.—Parlor, first floor, overlooking park; suitable studio; also bedroom with kitchen, bath; telephone.

Brooklyn.

PROSPECT PLACE, 203.—Desirable rooms, convenient subway and Prospect Park; private family.

Long Island.

MYRTLE AV., 59, Jamaica.—20 minutes from 34th St.; large single room in private family for gentleman wishing to commute; breakfast.

Help Wanted, Female
Twenty cents a line.

A WOMAN of 35 to 40 years of age of experience with children wanted, preferably with kindergarten or playground training, to take complete charge of a small group of children in a Jewish orphan asylum of the very highest class. Apply personally Wednesday, between 5 and 6 P. M., 470 West 145th St., New York City.

B. ALTMAN & CO.

are now prepared to consider, in anticipation of the Autumn season, applications from ambitious young women, competent to act as buyers' assistants and heads of stock in various departments; also from saleswomen experienced in women's, misses' and children's ready-to-wear apparel, underwear, infants' wear, etc.

Apply by letter only, giving full information.

Fifth Avenue,
Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth Sts.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; penmanship lessons by appointment, and improvement guaranteed; Summer session; see catalogue. WALWORTH INSTITUTE, (founded 1858,) Broadway, at 72d St.

DESIGNERS WANTED ON POPULAR LINE OF CHILDREN'S WHITE LAWN DRESSES. FORSTOT DRESS CO., 71 GRAND ST., CITY.

DESIGNER for tailored dresses; French or Italian preferred; must have good references. Call at 5 P. M., Traina Brothers, 158 West 23d St.

DESIGNER.—Female designer, experienced in a $9 waist line only; guaranteed yearly position; salary no object; mention all particulars and references. S 41 Times.

INTELLIGENT SOLICITORS AND BOOK SALESMEN to introduce to business managers of large manufacturing and jobbing concerns for to increase their sales, NEW RATE BOOK showing FREIGHT, EXPRESS, PARCEL POST, PASSENGER, TELEGRAPH and TELEPHONE RATES to 8,000 points in the United States and Canada; reference required; commission. Apply Room 808, 96 Warren St., City.

TEACHERS.—Two teachers for Summer work; salary; Mrs. Jarvis-Inslee, Room 1014, 225 5th Av.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and office assistant; neat, intelligent, grammatical. G 10 Times Annex.

TWO CAPABLE YOUNG WOMEN wanted, who can give references as to reliability, to obtain orders in New Jersey and Long Island for coast places for silk skirts and petticoats; the articles are of first-class manufacture and will command a ready sale among private purchasers, and women of good character and ready address can find the proposition remunerative on a commission basis. Address B 29 Times Annex.

WANTED.—A well-educated woman, over 25; moderate salary to start. Mr. Clayes, 711-110 West 34th St.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

Three months' course, Summer rates. Students subject to probation; graduates registered. Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St. V. M. WHEAT, Director.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Special Summer session. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

Several young ladies to learn moving-picture acting; positions open; rapid advancement for competent. Apply immediately, Director, Suite 630, 1,400 Broadway.

Help Wanted, Male
Twenty cents a line.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Two first-class, qualified men, either certified public accountants or chartered accountants, wanted immediately by large accounting firm. State fully experience, qualifications, and salary desired. H 276 Times Downtown.

B. ALTMAN & CO.

are now prepared to consider, preparatory to the opening of their new addition, applications from ambitious, energetic young men, qualified to act as buyers' assistants, heads of stock, and floor managers in the various departments.

Apply by letter only, giving full information.

Fifth Avenue,
Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth Sts.

BOOKKEEPER.—Is there a clean-cut man under 40 in New York who has a record of sobriety and business ability that wants a position with a small manufacturing company as bookkeeper? $15 per week, with prospects, if efficient. Answer by letter. Hy., 2,291 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER by leading banking institution; opportunity for advancement; experience in bookkeeping necessary. Write, giving references and particulars, Machay & Mullally, 60 Broadway.

BOY.—Bright American boy for office work. Address in own handwriting, giving age, experience, references, &c. Advance, 161 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR for position in country; single man; must be temperate, careful driver, and practical mechanic; state references, experience, and salary expected. Address C. E. W., Post Office Box 961, New York City.

CHAUFFEUR WANTED.—First-class chauffeur for high-class machine; in answering give full references, experience, and service. Box X 208 Times Annex.

CREDIT MAN wanted with large and varied experience in general dry goods trade, to take charge of credit office. State experience, age, and salary expected. H 267 Times Downtown.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Fully experienced in making full-size details of high-class furniture and interior woodwork. Apply D. S. Hess & Co., 453 5th Av.

MAN and wife wanted, under forty years of age and without children, to take charge of a group of thirty boys in a Jewish institution near New York; $70 per month and board; advancement for the right people. Address School, X 206 Times Annex.

MAN.—Have first-class steady position bringing big earnings for good man who can furnish from $300 to $500 cash security. Call John S. Noel Co., Room 18, Garfield Bldg., Brooklyn.

PAINT SALESMAN.—We have an opening for a man who can show a successful sales record in Greater New York with paint, stoves, roofers, plumbers, and metal supply houses; salary and expenses. Confidential, Box X 210 Times Annex.

PAINT SALESMEN.—Salary and expenses; only men with successful records and having following with best paint trade considered; state territory. Confidential, Box X 211 Times Annex.

PRIVATE SECRETARY WANTED; MUST BE BETWEEN 25 AND 30, OF GOOD APPEARANCE, STRONG PERSONALITY; GOOD SALARY; FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. S 39 TIMES.

SALESMAN; at least three years' wholesale experience; Greater New York and suburbs; stationery, toys, and novelties; credentials necessary; salary and commission. Frank Levy, Inc., 9 East Broadway.

SALESMAN to sell shirts for established concern; must be able to control a good jobbing trade; all communications treated confidentially; commission. X 213 Times.

Help Wanted, Male
Twenty cents a line.

SALESMAN, experienced, with first-class references, to handle a line of toilet articles. Only those knowing the trade need apply. Opportunity, 154 Times.

SALESMAN, live wire, to sell dress suit cases on commission; trade experience essential; give particulars. H 283 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, handle fur trimmings for millinery, hats, waists, dresses, and suits; commission basis only. Room 529, 621 B'way.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced in selling children's and junior coats; salary or commission. Taubin, 23 Great Jones St.

SALESMAN.—First class, on electric specialty; commission. Room 216, 1,547 Broadway.

SPRINKLER ENGINEER.—Give full particulars. Box P 329 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN for proven industrial. We can offer one strictly high-grade stock salesman with clientele and proven ability the opportunity of earning quick commissions. If you are a producer answer in strict confidence by mail. 27 N. Edgewood St., Philadelphia, Penn.

SUPERVISOR OF BOYS wanted at the Jewish Orphan Asylum in Cleveland, Ohio; salary $60 and maintenance; young men of education and character please send references to Jewish Orphan Asylum, Cleveland, Ohio.

YOUNG MAN wanted, between ages 25-35, to devote a few evenings a week to elevating work, whereby he can double his income. Address Equitable, 199 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted with mechanical engineering training, preferably college graduate. Apply in person at once, Green Fuel Economizer Co., 90 West St.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

Three months' course, Summer rates. Students subject to probation; graduates registered. Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St. V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Agents Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

USE YOUR SPARE TIME to build up a mail order business of your own; we help you start for a share in profits; 27 opportunities; particulars free. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

ACCOUNTANT, stenographer, typewriter, seeks position as secretary or office manager. L 161 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced, knowledge stenography; competent, trustworthy; unquestionable references; $15. H 256, Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; exceptional ability, punctual, refined; small salary. B. 1,701 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 East New York.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, trial balance; modern methods; controlling accounts; $12-$15. C. F. 86 Times.

COMPANION.—Young woman, artistic, literary, and musical tastes, wishes post with woman, or in household, as companion; not above practical usefulness. M 28 Times.

DEMONSTRATOR AND SALESLADY.—Open for position; now employed large department store, Brooklyn; best references. M 32 Times.

DESIGNER.—Female designer, experienced in a $9 waist line only; guaranteed yearly position; salary no object; mention all particulars and references. S 41 Times.

GENERAL OFFICE WORK by girl of 19; four years' experience; good penman; accurate at figures; references. (L) F. B., 162 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 906.

GIRL for stenography and general office work; competent. (J) F. B., 162 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 906.

GOVERNESS.—Young German lady, 19 years old, educated in a Swiss-French-Swiss pension, speaks fluently German and French, seeks place as governess in a family or companion for elderly lady. Address Dr. Louis Aff, Piqua, Ohio.

MASSEUSE.—Graduate of Stockholm, Sweden, with hospital experience, wishes position as masseuse and nurse for invalid lady; highest reference. Djerf, 242 East 50th St.

NURSE.—GRADUATE NURSE, YOUNG LADY, (28,) EDUCATED, REFINED, GOOD EXPERIENCE, POSITION AS LADY'S NURSE OR COMPANION FOR SUMMER OR PERMANENT; CITY OR COUNTRY; HIGHEST REFERENCES. H 270 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NURSE GIRL, aged 17, wants position in the country. Apply to Anna Hannapin, 744 Greenwich St.

NURSE.—Situation wanted to care for children; speaks German and French; sewing; best reference. Becker, 126 East 108th St.

OFFICE WORK.—Young lady wishes steady position as office work; is neat and capable worker; good penman; can reach place in time every morning. Ruth Rossi, 2 Sampson St., Jamaica, N. Y. Tel. Jamaica 1077.

OFFICE WORK.—High school girl desires office work for Summer months. B., 162 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 906.

SECRETARY.—Five years' experience; good grammarian; charge correspondence; accurate. M 54 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, number years' experience, accustomed responsibility; A1 reference; refined, enthusiastic, intelligent, efficient; would substitute. Matthews, H 237 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; beginner; American; good penman; intelligent; neat appearance; no agency; $8. H 264 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Business School graduate, takes notes quickly, transcribes accurately; moderate salary. Mary Kearns, 693 Madison Av. Phone 1799 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, (18,) experienced, efficient, good correspondent; high school graduate. Miss Kainowitz, 464 Ralph Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. — Brainy, miscellaneous dictation; charge correspondence; hard worker; $10-$12. R. T. 97 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Sensible, natty, good grammarian, speller; accurate transcriber; $8-$10. D H. 77 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—A trial will prove my ability; not afraid hard work; good character. S 989 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 6 months' experience. Estelle, Room 808, 1 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER. — Accurate beginner; excellent school record; American; $6. H 265 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined, neat, intelligent beginner; business school graduate; $6. H 249, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, wishes extra work from transient people; reasonable. H 273 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; versed office routine; $10; references. H 255, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, high school training, wishes position busy office. E 347 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, desires position in architect's or builder's office; $12. M 47 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; familiar filing, billing, &c.; $12. H 254, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge bookkeeping; 4 years' experience; reasonable salary. A. C., 91 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate, understanding all office details; experience. C. E., 93 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; refined; experience limited; $8. B. D., 92 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Well-trained beginner; understands office work; $6. F. K., 94 Times.

TEACHER, experienced, desires Summer engagement; fluent French, German, Italian, Swedish; thorough knowledge Europe; good traveler; best references, Miss L., 30 West 71st St. Columbus 9374.

WOMAN wishes position for day's work; first-class references.

CAN'T TALK OVER BOMB MEN'S BODIES

Board of Health Refuses to Extend Time for Burying Those Who Wrecked Tenement.

PLAN TO CARRY THEIR ASHES

But Police Are Expected to Block Any Attempt to Eulogize Dead Anarchists in Public.

The bodies of the three anarchists killed in the explosion that wrecked the tenement at 1,626 Lexington Avenue on last Saturday morning will not be paraded through the streets of New York next Saturday afternoon as the anarchists led by Alexander Berkman had planned. An application for a permit to keep the bodies until Saturday was made late yesterday afternoon to Health Commissioner Goldwater. The application was denied and the undertaker who had made the application was told that the bodies of Caron, Berg or Fischer, and Hanson must be buried or cremated by 10 o'clock this morning, which ends the four-day period for which the law allows bodies to be kept.

The undertaker applied then for a permit to take the bodies to Fresh Pond on the boat leaving East Thirty-fourth Street at noon today. At Fresh Pond the bodies will be cremated and the ashes put in urns and brought back to New York to be deposited either in the office of Mother Earth, the anarchist publication, at 74 West 119th Street, or the rooms of the Francisco Ferrer Association in East 107th Street, near Third Avenue.

Police Commissioner Woods with his secretary, Guy Scull, and four detectives, went to Harlem last night in an automobile and spent some time in the district in which the funerals will take place today. The machine was first seen coming up Fifth Avenue. It went by the undertaking establishment of N. Z. Morris, who will have charge of the burials, and then turned west into 120th Street, drawing up beside the curb of Mount Morris Park under a large overhanging tree that hid its occupants.

One man, supposed to be a detective, got out of the machine and was gone about twenty minutes. He returned with Morris, and the undertaker and the Commissioner talked together. Later the Commissioner went to the West 123d Street Station. He said that there was nothing new in the bomb case.

After they had learned that they would not be allowed to have the bodies for the Saturday afternoon demonstration, Alexander Berkman, Leonard Abbott, and other anarchists, met last night and decided to attempt to have the demonstration over the urns containing the ashes of the dead men. Berkman said after the conference that the meeting would be called in Union Square at 2 o'clock. He, Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, Carlo Tresca, Leonard Abbott, Charles Plunkett, Becky Edelson, and others would try to deliver eulogies, he asserted. The speakers and mourners will wear black crepe bands with red centres on their arms.

Another conference would be held tonight, Berkman said, to arrange for a parade to follow the Union Square meeting. The police are not likely to permit the parade and meeting, but Berkman did not seem to know this.

A score or more of the friends of the dead men would attend the cremation of the bodies, Berkman said.

Alexander Berkman and Louise Berger, the half-sister of the dead Hanson, were subpoenaed yesterday by the District Attorney, and when they arrived at the Criminal Court Building they were questioned at length by Assistant District Attorney Duel, who is in charge of the investigation of the bomb explosion. The examination did not develop anything new in the case, and the witnesses repeated in the main the testimony they gave at the West 104th Street Police Station on Saturday. Louise Berger asserted again that she believed the bomb had been sent to the apartment by an enemy of the organizations with which the dead men were affiliated.

It was reported yesterday that among the effects of the dead anarchists the police had found a list of names in which were those of many prominent persons, and the inference was created that the persons so listed had been marked for death by the anarchists. At police headquarters it was denied that any such list had been found. Police Commissioner Woods said no such report had reached him and that if it was true he certainly would have heard about it.

The police are still without information that might lead to the arrest of Michael Murphy, the only one of the four agitators who escaped alive from the I. W. W. flat at 1,626 Lexington Avenue on Saturday. The police believe that Murphy is not in New York and that he is with anarchist or I. W. W. sympathizers who are hiding him.

A conference was held yesterday afternoon in Mayor Mitchel's office between the Mayor, Chamberlain Bruere, Police Commissioner Woods, and Tax Commissioner George V. Mullen, at which the I. W. W. situation was discussed.

At the conclusion of this conference Mayor Mitchel was asked if the administration had adopted a new policy in regard to the I. W. W. and its demonstrations. Mayor Mitchel replied that there was nothing definite to give out at this time, but that a statement might be made in a short time. Afterward the Mayor had a talk with Commissioner Woods as to the proposed meeting in Union Square on Saturday afternoon.

CHARITY AGENTS ON TRIAL.

Saloon Keeper Charges Two Investigators with Bribery.

Jay B. Budsworth and George F. Daw, formerly investigators for the Joint Application Bureau of the Charity Organization Society, were put on trial in General Sessions yesterday on a charge of bribery made by Thomas H. Wilson, a saloon keeper, of 271 Bowery. Wilson alleges that he paid $30 to them and promised to pay $20 more on their agreement not to appear against him at a trial in Special Sessions for a violation of the liquor tax law.

According to Wilson, Daw said that he would be in Camden on the day when the case came up for trial.

INDICTED PLUMBERS PLEAD.

Anti-Trust Trials of the 36 Set for Dec. 8 in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Iowa, July 7.—Pleas of not guilty were today entered in the Federal court before Judge Smith McPherson for each of the thirty-six officials and members of the National Association of Master Plumbers recently indicted on charges of conspiracy in restraint of trade in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. None of the defendants appeared in court in person, the pleas being tendered by counsel.

Judge McPherson set the cases for trial on Dec. 8. All of the defendants are at liberty on bond.

Prince Guy de Faucigny Dead.

PARIS, July 7.—Prince Guy de Faucigny-Lucinge died today.

Prince Guy de Faucigny-Lucinge came of an old French family and was prominent in society in France and in Continental Europe. His wife was Miss Natividad Terry, a daughter of the late Antonio Terry, whom he married in Paris on July 7, 1902. His wife was related by marriage to Count Stanislaus de Castelane, the latter having married Miss Nathalie Terry. The Prince was 36 years old.

The history of our times in summarized form. Easy of access. Complete and reliable work of reference. The New York Times Index gives the world's news and locates every item by date and page. Issued quarterly. Next number out shortly. $8 a year—$2 a volume. The New York Times Index, Times Square, New York.—Adv.

CAR HIT PONY CART; 5 HURT

Driver Avoided Collision with Auto, but Trolley tSruck Carriage.

Four young children escaped serious injury by a narrow margin last night while riding in a pony cart, in which James Lasalla of 226 East Twenty-ninth Street takes all juvenile comers for "a ride round the block for one cent." Lasalla was coming east through Sixty-second Street and, just as he was crossing Columbus Avenue, saw an automobile bearing down on him. He whipped up his Shetland to get out of the way, and the machine took the curve west into Sixty-second Street on two wheels to avoid running him down.

The pony's plunge had, however, carried the cart almost into the path of a northbound Columbus Avenue car. Lasalla met the second emergency by pulling the pony's head north. The motorman of the car was grinding his brakes to stop, but the car and the carriage met. It was a glancing blow, but it knocked driver and passengers out, while the bottom fell out of the carriage and the pony was set free to run away. He was caught several blocks away by Sergt. Courtney of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station.

Dr. Psaki of Polyclinic Hospital and Dr. Bruno of Roosevelt Hospital answered ambulance calls and went in. Their patients were Elizabeth Hayes, 8 years, of 165 West Sixty-second Street, who was suffering from hysteria; Anne McVey, 6 years, of 109 West Sixty-second Street, bruises of the leg; John Lasalla, 9 years, brother of the driver, cut lip, and Catherine McManus, 6 years, of 109 West Sixty-second Street, bruises of the leg. The elder Lasalla hit an elevated pillar when he was thrown out. His cuts were dressed at Roosevelt Hospital.

FRANK C. STORCK WEDS.

Red Bank Piano Man, Recently Divorced, Marries Miss Mae Meyers.

RED BANK, N. J., July 7.—Much surprise was expressed here today over the announcement of the marriage of Frank C. Storck, who recently obtained a divorce from Mrs. Prunetta Storck Knecht, to Miss Mae Rose Meyers, daughter of Dr. D. P. Meyers of Lockhaven, Penn. The marriage took place last Friday at the home of the bride. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Williamson, pastor of the Lockhaven First Presbyterian Church.

Mrs. Storck Knecht was married several months ago to Otto Knecht of Newark, whom Mr. Storck in his divorce proceedings named as corespondent. In her suit for alimony before the divorce suit was started Mrs. Knecht used the name of the present Mrs. Storck, who, it is said, was a frequent visitor at the Storck home at that time.

Mr. and Mrs. Storck were passengers on the Vaterland, which sailed from Hoboken today. They will visit the principal cities abroad, and will return in September.

Mr. Storck conducts piano stores at Red Bank, Freehold, and Long Branch. He is Commodore of the Red Bank Motor Boat Club and one of the best-known citizens here.

JERSEY POLICEWOMAN QUITS

Miss McAdie of Bayonne Tired of Spying on Spooners.

Miss Ruth McAdie, the 23-year-old policewoman of Bayonne, N. J., turned in her shield yesterday. She had given notice of her resignation on June 10.

Miss McAdie was secretary of the Playgrounds Commission, and as such wrote to Mayor Daly in April asking him to give the members of the commission police powers in parks and playgrounds. The Mayor did so, and as the letter was signed "R. McAdie," he did not know that he had a woman on the police force for some time.

At first Miss McAdie confined her activities to the usual work of looking after the conditions on playgrounds, but on June 3 she announced that hereafter spooning in the parks must stop. She had electric lights put in a number of the dark spots, and stated that she intended to keep the benches clear of loyers hereafter. There was consternation among Bayonne's younger fresh-air enthusiasts, but one week later their spirits were revived by Miss McAdie's announcement that she was going to resign. She didn't like the notoriety, she said, and, furthermore, she had become convinced that keeping an eye open for spooners was not a dignified occupation.

CAPTURE TWO FLAT THIEVES

Detective Sprains His Ankle in Chase in Ninth Avenue.

Acting Captain Daniel A. Kerr and Detectives Devanney and Randolph of the Fourth Police Inspection District arrested on suspicion late yesterday afternoon Albert Lanson of 533 West Forty-fifth Street, who is known to the police as "Kid Alba, King of the Flat Thieves," and Charles Pizzarto of 453 West Eighty-ninth Street, after a chase in which one of the detectives fired his revolver to stop the fugitives, and Detective Devanney sprained his ankle.

According to the police Lanson is suspected of having been concerned in twenty-three flat burglaries. When Detective Randolph saw Pizzarto at Forty-fifth Street and Ninth Avenue yesterday he followed him down to Forty-second Street, where he was joined by Lanson. Acting Capt. Kerr, who was near the corner, saw the men start to jump on a surface car, and he and Randolph ran to intercept them. Devanney in jumping on the car turned his ankle, but Capt. Kerr and a patrolman caught the alleged thieves. According to the police Lanson confessed to many burglaries.

DR. FINLEY SAILS.

Departs for The Hague for International Education Conference.

Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education, sailed yesterday on the Cunarder Mauretania to represent the United States at the International Conference on Education to be held at The Hague at the request of the Dutch Government. He was accompanied by the Rev. M. V. Bartlett and Richard Cleveland, son of Grover Cleveland, who will be delegates to the conference with Dr. Finley.

The State Commissioner took with him a large leather case filled with papers dealing with the appeal of Dr. Maxwell in the Teachers' License No. 1 case. In all probability there will be no decision in the matter until the Fall, Dr. Finley said.

During his stay abroad the State Commissioner will spend some time in Germany investigating educational administration in Berlin, Frankfort, Cologne, Hamburg, Dusseldorf, and other large cities.

FREED AFTER 34 YEARS.

President Pardons Indian Sentenced for Murder, but Adjudged Insane.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—After thirty-four years behind the bars under sentence of murder, Spopee, a Blackfoot Indian, was unconditionally pardoned today by President Wilson. He will be released at once from the Federal Hospital for the Insane here to return to his daughter at Browning, Mon., whom he has not seen since she was a baby.

A party of Blackfeet, sightseeing in Washington months ago, happened upon Spopee, grown gray with his long imprisonment. They established his tribal identity by an Indian song, and one of the interpreters recognized in Spopee the hero of an old legend who had disappeared years before into some white man's jail. Blackfoot mothers for years have been singing their children to sleep with a song about him. Officials of the Indian office began an investigation which resulted in his pardon.

Spopee was charged with the murder of a white man near the Canadian boundary. He and another Indian, Good Rider, asked a white man for food. The white man attacked Spopee with an axe. The Indian declares he fired in self-defense, and his story is credited by the Department of Justice.

After Spopee's conviction at Fort Denton and sentence to death he maintained absolute silence, having resolved to make no effort to be released. His conduct was so unusual that he was adjudged insane, and after two years was removed to the Federal Hospital here. Spopee is regarded as an intelligent Indian by physicians who recently examined him.

COURT DEALS A BLOW TO 'SILENCE' PICKETS

Judge Crain, in General Sessions, Upholds Conviction and Sentence of Their Leader.

COURTESY PLEA REJECTED

No Citizen Has Right to Rebuke Another by Ridicule or Insult, Says Decision.

Judge Crain in General Sessions yesterday upheld the conviction and sentence of Upton Sinclair, who was tried before Magistrate Simms last April on a charge of disorderly conduct growing out of his attempt to establish a "Free Silence" picket line in front of the office of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., at 26 Broadway.

The decision was regarded at Police Headquarters as establishing that practically all meetings of agitators were unlawful and might be handled under the laws covering disorderly conduct.

A large part of Judge Crain's decision reviewed Sinclair's contention that his personal conduct was courteous and that his intentions were peaceable and not intended to provoke the collecting of crowds. This evidence Judge Crain held to be of no value as an excuse since Sinclair's conduct was so obviously that of carrying on an agitation to divert public attention to an occupant of the building in front of which he paraded.

After his release from the Tombs, where he was sent because he refused to pay the $3 fine imposed, Sinclair returned to the headquarters he had established near 26 Broadway. He had Leonard Abbott, another agitator, ask for a police ruling on his right to resume picketing. Commissioner Woods thought the period was recognized to be one of stress in which the authorities thought it wise to permit free play of public emotion. When Abbott got this assurance from Commissioner Woods Sinclair resumed his picketing and marched to and fro for a month or more unmolested. Pickets who went to the Rockefeller homes in Fifty-fourth Street were not arrested until one of them violated the law as to wearing disguises, by appearing in a black gown with a cowl to conceal his face.

Sinclair, who had studied the law before establishing his picket line, had instructed those who associated with him not to speak to any one, as that might be construed to be inciting to riot, not to expectorate on the sidewalk, as that was unlawful, and never to loiter, as that might be construed to be obstructing traffic. He and his companions boasted that they had devised a "law proof" method of carrying on an agitation.

"No citizen has a right to rebuke another citizen by subjecting him to ridicule or insult," Judge Crain said.

"The defendant intended by his conduct in the presence of others to rebuke the conduct of Mr. Rockefeller. His action was, in the language of the statute, abusive or insulting; abusive because it is injurious and improper; insulting because it is derogatory to the one whose conduct is referred to, and the insult lies in part in the subject matter of the rebuke and in part in the publicity of the infliction. It endangered the peace in different ways. The defendant concedes that he anticipated the possibility and not the probability of trouble occurring from his behavior.

"It is a very different thing to attract a crowd without having done anything to attract it, as in the case at the bar, intentionally drawing a crowd by the employment of unusual dress and behavior, presumably for a public statement as to the significance to be attached to such dress and behavior. It is likewise beside the point whether what he saw to reprobate was or was not reprehensible, or whether the one reprobated by him was or was not responsible for the thing reprobated. Nor was it necessary for the prosecution to establish, as the defendant contends, that the person intended to be reprobated, refused, or insulted, was present at the time when the threatening, abusive, or insulting behavior was used. It is sufficient if it was done in the presence of those who possibly might communicate it to the one against whom it was aimed."

HUNGARIANS VISIT MAYOR.

Court Karolyi and Other Liberals Call at City Hall.

Accompanied by Collector of the Port Dudley Field Malone, Count Michael Karolyi, leader of the Liberal Party in the Hungarian Parliament, which is seeking cash to help along the fight for more democratic conditions in that country, called on Mayor Mitchel at the City Hall yesterday.

With the Count were George Zlinscky, Bela Baraban, Dr. Andreas Rath, Briza Barna, and Stephen Friedrich, all representing the Count's party in the Hungarian Parliament. After Count Karolyi left, the Mayor said the delegation had called to enlist the moral support of the citizens of this country in the movement in Hungary.

"I told them," said the Mayor, "that I thought the object of their visit ought to commend itself to the sympathy of the Hungarian-Americans and to every American."

BLINDED BY GOLF BALL.

Caddie Sues Firm Making Sphere, Which Burst.

For the loss of sight in one of his eyes, Nicholas Kalmes, a boy living in Chicago, Ill., has brought suit through his father, Martin Kalmes, for $50,000 damages in the United States District Court, in Newark, against the St. Mungo Manufacturing Company of 81 Mount Prospect Avenue, Newark, which manufactures golf balls.

In the complaint it was alleged that Kalmes, who was employed as a caddie at the North Shore Golf Club, at Wilmette, Ill., lost the sight of his eye when a golf ball manufactured by the Newark firm burst. It was said that the ball contained sulphuric acid and zinc.

Tercentenary Plea Vain.

The Aldermen, after considerable debate, yesterday refused to appropriate any money for the celebration of the tercentenary of the establishment of commerce in New York.

The committee arranging the celebration, headed by John D. Crimmins, E. P. V. Ritter, and other business men, had asked at first for $100,000, and they hoped that the Aldermen would appropriate at least $25,000.

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Thousands go to Carlsbad to take the waters.

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This Water is World Famous for its curative action in liver, stomach, kidney and rheumatic troubles.

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Leave New York 10 A. M. Arrive Chicago 12:30 P. M.
No Extra Fare.
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Arrive St. Louis, 2:55 P.M. Kansas City, 9:45 P.M.
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DECIDES AGAINST BANKS.

Nolan Entitled to $6,000 Commission as Executor, Referee Reports.

Surrogate Fowler took under advisement yesterday the report of Henry W. Jessup as referee in the matter of the accounting of David Banks, Jr., as executor of the $600,000 estate of his father, David Banks, the yachtsman and law publisher, who died on March 11, 1911.

When David Banks, Jr., filed his accounting objections were made to it by Michael W. Nolan, Mr. Banks's co-executor. Mr. Nolan took exception to this clause:

"The executor, Michael W. Nolan, took no part in the administration of the estate of the decedent."

Mr. Banks contended that Mr. Nolan was not entitled to any executors' commissions.

Mr. Jessup decided that Mr. Nolan was entitled to his share of the executors' commissions because he had been willing to take part in the administering of the estate, but had evidently not received a chance to do so, as Mr. Banks, the referee said, took possession of all the assets of the estate and transacted substantially all its business himself. Nolan's share in the commissions amounts to about $6,000, and Banks, the referee advises, should be surcharged that amount.

Mr. Jessup's report shows also that testimony was given to the effect that Mr. Banks persuaded Isaac S. Jennings, his father's friend, not to act as an executor of the estate, and also tried, but without success, to have Nolan renounce his right to be an executor. The referee recommends that Nolan be paid $500 for legal expenses, in addition to his share in the executors' commissions, which are to be computed on $454,454. Mr. Banks's gross estate was appraised at $605,812.

TEN INDICTED AS 'SLAVERS.'

Fifty Girls Lured from Homes Here, Detectives Say.

The Grand Jury of Bronx County handed to Justice Brady in the Supreme Court yesterday indictments against these persons accused of being "white slavers": Rosina De Fiori, Francesco Machilotte, Luciano Esposito, Michael Guariano, Victor Cota, Crescenzo Carfaro, Anniello Carfaro, Frederick Carfaro, Antonio Daranzo, and Enrico Gressi.

The indictments were found on the testimony of Mrs. Delia Nealy Hanson, who was kept prisoner in a house in East 154th Street, with four girls. According to detectives, fifty girls had been lured from their homes.

In addition to the ten indictments, there were three more against persons whose names were not revealed. It was said that among these three was the leader of a gang. The detectives also said that policy slips were found in the homes of the various members of the gang, and that the investigation might show that a wholesale business was carried on in policy.

Justice of the Peace Louis C. Lewin of Port Chester, who discharged Francesco Machilotte and James D'Anni last February on the charge of running a disorderly resort, testified before the Grand Jury. He said he had discharged the prisoners because of the insufficiency of the evidence.

TOOK OFF SUIT IN COURT.

Alleged Thief Pleads Piteously to Retain Trousers.

"Don't take them away from me. I don't want to look like 'September Morn' before all these people," pleaded Elias Laurie, 24, an actor, of 1,407 Brook Avenue, the Bronx, in New Jersey Avenue Court, Brooklyn, yesterday. Mrs. Louis Brickman of 149 Amboy Street caused his arrest, charging that he robbed her flat several days ago and in court was wearing her husband's best suit of clothes. In court Laurie was ordered to take off the clothes that they might be put in evidence against him. He divested himself of coat and waistcoat. Then he hesitated.

"Go on," ordered the complainant.

"For the love of Mike, be reasonable," he whined.

"You don't deserve reasonable treatment, you mean thief," said Mrs. Brickman. "I want the rest of that suit."

A court attendant took the prisoner into another room and gave him a second-hand pair of trousers. He pleaded not guilty and was held by Magistrate Steers for the Grand Jury.

THIEF POSES AS INSPECTOR.

Takes Woman's Jewels After She Shows Him Through House.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., July 7.—Saying he was an inspector from the Westchester Lighting Company, sent to examine lighting fixtures, a young man entered the residence of Dudley H. Peabody, at Monroe Avenue and Larchmont Court, Mamaroneck, today and took $2,000 worth of jewelry from a bureau drawer in Mrs. Peabody's bedroom.

Mrs. Peabody had accompanied him through the house, and as he was leaving he went back upstairs, saying he would look at a certain fixture again. Mrs. Peabody did not accompany him.

The booty consisted of a gold meshbag, a diamond crescent, and several diamond rings.

OPPOSES CANDIDACY OF COHALAN AIDE

O'Leary Has Not Experience Enough for Surrogates' Court Job, Bar Association Thinks.

FOUR OTHER MEN PRAISED

Tammany Inimical to Surrogate's Secretary Because of His Investigation of John F. Curry's Work.

William D. Guthrie, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the Bar Association, has written a letter to Surrogates Fowler and Cohalan, in which the names of five candidates for the place of Chief Clerk of the Surrogates' Court are mentioned, with the striking points in favor of each one of them. When William V. Leary resigned as Chief Clerk, after a service of thirty years, it was currently reported that Arthur T. O'Leary, private secretary to Surrogate Cohalan, would be appointed to the place. The salary is $10,000 a year, and, while the work is not arduous, it requires the attention of a man familiar with the practice in the courts.

The appointment is in the hands of the Surrogates, but, observing the custom of taking the advice of the Bar Association when any judicial or semi-judicial appointment is to be made, a letter was written to the Judiciary Committee of the association, setting forth the situation and explaining the many important, intricate, and technical duties that are required of a Chief Clerk. The five candidates whose applications are on file with the Surrogates are Jacob Washburn, the Probate Clerk; William Ray Delano, the First Assistant Law Clerk; Henry Wynans Jessup, a lawyer and the author of Jessup's "Surrogates' Practice"; Anthony J. Barrett, the Second Assistant Law Clerk, and Mr. O'Leary.

The letter said of Mr. Delano that he had been employed in the clerk's office for more than twenty years and must therefore be familiar with the practice in the courts. The letter said that Dr. Delano was especially qualified for the vacant clerkship. Speaking of Mr. Barrett, the letter said he was of "conspicuous capacity," that he was familiar with the duties of the transfer tax bureau and was qualified for the vacant place.

The letter mentioned Mr. O'Leary pleasantly also, but its tone was less warm than in the case of the others. It said that since Feb. 1, 1912, he had been Surrogate Cohalan's Secretary, and that he was capable and forceful, but in the opinion of the committee he was lacking in the necessary experience to "warrant his appointment to the important and difficult office of Chief Clerk."

The letter also said that "high character and learning are absolutely essential, the duties of the office are so multifarious as to require still other qualities of which it is difficult to judge in the case of candidates who have not been put to the test of actual service."

O'Leary's failure to get the appointment would please many Tammany leaders. It was Mr. O'Leary who, under orders from Surrogate Cohalan, investigated John F. Curry as Commissioner of Records and recommended the retirement of Deputy Commissioner Culkin and three of the seven laborers in the office. Culkin and the laborers were removed by the Surrogate, but they ignored the order and still retain their places and pay.

LORIMER BANK DIVIDEND.

Receiver Expects to Pay 30 Per Cent. in October.

CHICAGO, July 7.—W. C. Niblack, receiver of the La Salle Street Trust and Savings Bank, said today that he soon would be able to announce a dividend to depositors.

"We are having a little difficulty in collecting on notes," said Mr. Niblack. "Money is coming in rapidly, and I will soon be able to strike a balance and open up the receivership books. I believe I will be ready to pay depositors at least 30 per cent. on account by the first part of October."

Mr. Niblack said he had found that the failure would be much less serious than had been expected.

The first definite action by the Federal Government in connection with the bank's failure was taken yesterday when Judge Landis ordered a special Grand Jury to be convened Monday to consider the case. A special county Grand Jury also is conducting an inquiry.

Old Man a Suicide in Home.

While the 150 inmates of the German Odd Fellows' Home in Westchester Avenue, the Bronx, were at dinner last night Theodore Koenig, 87 years old, stole from the table to the dormitory upstairs. A pistol shot sent the officials hurrying upstairs and the old man was found dead from a bullet wound in his head. Koenig has been a inmate of the institution for five years and has lately been in poor health and despondent.

COMPROMISE BRYANT DEBT.

Surgeon's Executors Assign Real Estate to Col. Lamont's Widow.

Surrogate Cohalan signed an order yesterday permitting Mrs. Annette A. Bryant and Dr. Wisner R. Townsend, executors of the estate of Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, the noted surgeon, to compromise a claim against the Bryant estate held by Mrs. Julia Kinney Lamont, widow of Col. Daniel Scott Lamont, who was Secretary of War in the second term of Grover Cleveland.

Dr. Bryant died on April 7 in St. Vincent's Hospital. In the Spring of 1904 Dr. Bryant wished to purchase some property and in order to accomplish his purpose he borrowed $49,000 from his life-long friend, Col. Lamont. In July of the next year Col. Lamont died. His widow's claim was for the $49,000 loan and also for $19,600 interest.

Dr. Bryant's executors will deed over to Mrs. Lamont the property at 32 West Forty-eighth Street, assigning to her a lease on the property made to Elizabeth P. Monroe. The lease was made on May 1, 1912, the rental being fixed a $8,300 a year. The Forty-eighth Street property is now valued at $66,500.

Dr. Bryant provided in his will that Mrs. Annette A. Bryant, his wife, should receive $25,000 outright and all his household goods, and a life interest in the residuary estate. Dr. Bryant's personalty is estimated at more than $100,000 and his debts are said to be small, probably not exceeding $5,000.

WHITNEYS CAST IN PEWTER.

Tablet of Children Made by Frazer Will Cost $25,000.

A pewter tablet 5 feet high and 6 feet long of Flora and Harry Payne Whitney, Jr., children of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney of New York, has just been completed in the bronze foundry of A. Griffoul & Brothers Company, at 280 Chestnut Street, Newark. The sculptor of the cast is James Earl Frazer of 23 McDougal Alley, New York. It is his intention to show the tablet in the National Academy of Design, and later Mr. Whitney expects to exhibit it in the Paris Salon. The tablet shows the children on their polo ponies, and the picture from which it was taken was made near the Meadow Brook Polo Field.

Three months ago the plaster model was completed by Mr. Frazer and shipped to the Griffoul plant. The work of preparing the casting was then begun. The zinc composition used in the work was obtained from the Island of Magellan in the southern part of South America. The cost of the tablet will be about $25,000. It is said to be the largest casting of its kind ever made in this country, and possibly in the world. After it has been exhibited it will hang in the Whitney home.

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The story of a real live boy in action.
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NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d Street. Evs. 8:15 SHARP. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15
"BETTER THAN THE BEST SHOW EVER WAS."—Eve. Journal
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
After the Performance Don't Fail to Visit
ZIEGFELD DANSE DE FOLLIES,
in the Aerial Gardens (Atop the Theatre.)
GENE HODGKINS & IRENE HAMMOND.
PRIZE CONTEST EVERY SATURDAY.
Reserve Tables in Advance. Phone 3082 Bryant.

HUDSON West 44th St. MAT. TODAY 2:30. Evs. 8:30. DUMMY
A Detective Comedy of Laughs & Thrills—THE

KNICKERBOCKER. Daily 2:15 & 8:15 Sharp
"SURPASSES HUMAN BELIEF"—Amy Leslie, Orchestra CABIRIA Chorus of 50 of 40
GEO. COHAN'S M. B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8.15 Pop. Mat. Today, 50c to $1.50
Potash & Perlmutter
GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Daily 2:30 & 8:30. 25 & 50c. All Seats Reserved.
Universal Motion Pictures present ANNETTE KELLERMANN in NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER

AEOLIAN HALL
29 West 42nd Street
TODAY AT 3 O'CLOCK
"IN MUSIC'S THRALL"
An entertaining one-act comedy with music and clever DANCING
ADMISSION FREE

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th. Matinee Tomorrow. Best Orch. Seats $1 & $1.50. Evenings at 8.
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"OUT-SUMMERS AND OUT-SHOWS ANYTHING SEEN IN NEW YORK."—Times.
39TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8.20. Mat. Today $1.50.
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COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near B'way. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Tues. & Sat. 2:20. KITTY MACKAY
CASINO Aft. 2 and 4. Best Seats, 25c. Eve. 8.30—15c to 50c. PAUL J. RAINEY'S SET OF 1914 AFRICAN HUNT PICTURES
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Mat. Teas DAILY. NIGHTLY CUP CONTESTS AND SURPRISES.
Heavenly Twins Rozaika & Yansci DOLLY Sensational appearances 10th Big Week
In More New Dances with Carlos Sebastian
Mr. & Mrs. Douglas Crane, Dorothy Bentley.
LUNA CONEY I. CASTLES' Summer House Oklahoma Ranch Wild West Now Open
Steeplechase
Coney Island's Refined Funny Place
Greatest in All the World.
Iron Steamboats Take You There.
MOTORDROME BRIGHTON BEACH Tonight
Walthour, Didier, Carman & Bedell in motor-paced race. Bicycle and motor races. 5,000 seats at 25c. Wednesday Ladies' Night.
VITAGRAPH 44th St. & Broadway. 2:20 & 8.30.
"Shadows of the Past" | "Mr. Bingles' Melodrama" | "The Violin of M'sieur"
HAMMERSTEIN'S Roof Adm. & 50c Table, & Dly Mat. 25 & 50c
HOUDINI, Fanny Brice, Lala Salbini, Joe Jackson, Els & French and ten other Big Acts.
MADISON SQUARE ROOF GARDEN 26 St. Entrance Only
3 RING CABARET Dancing Afternoon & Night. Adm. 50c. Amateurs Fri. Night.
Strand Broadway & 47th St. Noon to 11:30 P. M. 10-50c.
MARY PICKFORD, "THE EAGLE'S MATE." Strand Orch. & Soloists. Nxt Wk, "Little Gray Lady"
B. F. KEITH'S PALACE
Joan Sawyer, Belle Baker, Adelaide & Hughes, Ruth Roye, Hines & Fox, etc.
LONGACRE Popular Matinee Today 2:30. W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30. A PAIR OF SIXES
CAVALIERI REPUBLIC THEATRE. 2:30 & 8:30—25c and 50c. MANON LESCAUT.
NEW BRIGHTON Daily, 2:30 & 8.30.
Amelia Bingham, Mabel Berra, Frederick V. Bowers & Co., Jas. J. Morton, etc.

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MARCUS LOEW'S EBBETS FIELD MONSTER ENTERTAINMENT! Every Night Bedford Ave. & Malbone St. Grand Stand Seats.....10c

$35 and $40
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Summer Suits
$25.00
ONCE in a great while you get an opportunity like this—an opportunity that is far greater than the price reduction indicates. These suits were all made to give even more than ordinary Wallach value at their original prices. Here are some other reductions:

$20.00, $22.50 and $25.00 Suits, now $15.00
$25.00, $28.00 and $30.00 Suits, now 19.50
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$40.00 and $45.00 Suits, now - - 30.00
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Wallach Bros.
Two Broadway Stores:
Broadway, corner 29th St.
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Two Harlem Stores:
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"Just about the most attractive store of its kind in New York"—that is what a *stranger* said of our New Store, Broadway below Chambers Street.

Straws ½ Price

All $2.00 Straight Brim Straws $1.00

We never carry over merchandise

THIS is possibly the best reason we can give you for selling our unusual straws at this price.

The same care is taken to see that you get the proper style and fit just as though we made a profit on the hat.

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Truly Warner Hatter to Mr. Goodrosser

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Largest and coolest transient and family hotel in New York City. Overlooking the Hudson River.
All Outside Rooms—
Beautifully and completely furnished housekeeping apartments, five to ten rooms, including refrigeration, electric light with or without full hotel service, by the day, week, month or ye or unfurnished by the year, with or without full hotel service.
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All corridors are ten feet wide and afford perfect ventilation.
Summer Rates—
Single rooms, $2.00 per day; with bath, $2.50 per day. Double rooms and bath, $4.00 per day. Parlor, bedroom and bath, $5.00 per day.
Attractive space on Broadway, suitable for business or broker's offices. Also doctor's office on main floor.
Cuisine unsurpassed, moderate prices.
FRANK W. HARRIMAN, GUSTAVE OBENDORFER, Lessees & Mgrs.

REISENWEBER'S COLUMBUS CIRCLE AND 58TH ST.
Dinner, $1.00 (Every Eve., 6 to 9) Frog Dinner, (In the Grille) $1.25
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CHURCHILL'S Broadway at 49th Street
RECTOR'S Delicious Cold Specialties America's Coolest Ball Room
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